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## 51st legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - second session, 2014

INTRODUCED BY

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FOR THE LEGISLATIVE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

## AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC HEALTH; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
TO PROMULGATE RULES REGARDING THE USE OF ALBUTEROL TO TREAT
RESPIRATORY DISTRESS AND THE USE OF EPINEPHRINE TO TREAT
ANAPHYLACTIC REACTIONS IN SCHOOLS; REQUIRING THE STOCK SUPPLY
OF ALBUTEROL AND EPINEPHRINE IN SCHOOLS; REQUIRING SCHOOL
POLICIES REGARDING THE USE OF EPINEPHRINE IN SCHOOLS; PROVIDING
FOR IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY FOR GOOD-FAITH COMPLIANCE;
MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

**SECTION 1.** A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 4 of this act may be cited as the "Emergency Medication in Schools Act"."

SECTION 2. A new section of the Public School Code is

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"[NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Emergency Medication in Schools Act:

- A. "albuterol" includes albuterol or another inhaled bronchodilator, as recommended by the department of health, for the treatment of respiratory distress;
- B. "albuterol aerosol canister" means a portable drug delivery device packaged with multiple premeasured doses of albuterol;
- C. "anaphylaxis" or "anaphylactic reaction" means a sudden, severe and potentially life-threatening whole-body allergic reaction;
- D. "emergency medication" means albuterol or epinephrine;
- E. "epinephrine" includes epinephrine or another medication, as recommended by the department of health, used to treat anaphylaxis until the immediate arrival of emergency medical system responders;
- F. "epinephrine auto-injector" means a portable, disposable drug delivery device that contains a premeasured single dose of epinephrine;
- G. "health care practitioner" means a person authorized by the state to prescribe emergency medication;
- H. "respiratory distress" includes impaired oxygenation of the blood or impaired ventilation of the .195409.2

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respiratory system;

- I. "spacer" means a holding chamber that is used to optimize the delivery of albuterol to a person's lungs;
- J. "stock supply" means an appropriate quantity of emergency medication, as recommended by the department of health; and
- K. "trained personnel" means a school employee, agent or volunteer who has completed epinephrine administration training documented by the school nurse, school principal or school leader and approved by the department of health and who has been designated by the school principal or school leader to administer epinephrine on a voluntary basis outside of the scope of employment."

**SECTION 3.** A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] EMERGENCY MEDICATION--ALBUTEROL-EPINEPHRINE--STOCK SUPPLY--STORAGE.--

A. By August 1, 2014, each local school board or governing body of a charter school shall obtain a standing order for and shall provide to schools within its jurisdiction a stock supply of albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers prescribed in the name of the school or school district by a health care practitioner employed or authorized by the department of health. Each school shall store a stock supply of albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers:

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(	(1) in a sec	ure location	that is un	locked and
readily accessible	e to a school	nurse or ar	nother perso	on
authorized by the	department o	of health to	administer	albuterol;

- (2) pursuant to board of pharmacy regulations; and
- (3) within the manufacturer-recommended temperature range.
- By August 1, 2014, each local school board or governing body of a charter school shall obtain a standing order for and shall provide to schools within its jurisdiction a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed in the name of each school by a health care practitioner employed or authorized by the department of health. Each school shall store a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors:
- in a secure location that is unlocked and (1) readily accessible to trained personnel;
- pursuant to board of pharmacy regulations; (2) and
- within the manufacturer-recommended temperature range.
- Each local school board or governing body of a charter school shall dispose of expired emergency medication pursuant to board of pharmacy regulations or department of health rules.

D. A local school board or governing body of a
charter school or a school within its jurisdiction may accept
gifts, grants, bequests and donations from any source to carry
out the provisions of the Emergency Medication in Schools Act,
including the acceptance of albuterol aerosol canisters and
spacers and epinephrine auto-injectors from a manufacturer or
wholesaler."

**SECTION 4.** A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD OR GOVERNING BODY OF A CHARTER SCHOOL--EMERGENCY MEDICATION--PROTOCOLS AND POLICIES--TRAINING.--

A. By August 1, 2014, each local school board or governing body of a charter school shall develop policies, based on department of health rules and recommendations, for a school nurse or another person authorized by the department of health to administer albuterol to a student who is perceived to be in respiratory distress, regardless of whether the student has been identified or documented as having asthma, has a prescription for albuterol or has supplied the school with albuterol. Such policies shall include procedures to:

- (1) recognize the symptoms of respiratory
  distress;
- (2) immediately call 911 to initiate an emergency medical system;

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(3)	administer	albuterol	using	а	spacer;

- (4) notify the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the student having respiratory distress; and
- (5) continue to monitor the student's condition and deliver any additional treatment indicated until an emergency medical system responder arrives.
- B. By August 1, 2014, each local school board or governing body of a charter school shall develop policies based on the protocols in this section and department of health rules and recommendations, publish the policies on its web site and receive documentation that trained personnel have received training to:
- (1) administer epinephrine to a student who is reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction, regardless of whether the student has been identified or documented as having a severe allergy, has a prescription for epinephrine or has supplied the school with epinephrine autoinjectors; and
  - (2) follow an anaphylaxis action protocol to:
    - (a) recognize symptoms of anaphylaxis;
- (b) immediately call 911 to initiate an emergency medical system;
- (c) administer an epinephrine autoinjector to a student reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction;

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1	(d) notify the parent, guardian or legal
2	custodian of the student having an anaphylactic reaction;
3	(e) continue to monitor the student's
4	condition and deliver any additional treatment indicated until
5	an emergency medical system responder arrives; and
6	(f) take any other necessary actions
7	based on training completed pursuant to the Emergency
8	Medication in Schools Act.
9	C. Each school that receives a stock supply of
10	standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors
11	shall:
12	(1) develop and implement a plan to have one
13	or more trained personnel on the school premises during
14	operating hours; and
15	(2) follow an anaphylactic reaction prevention
16	protocol, as recommended by the department of health, to
17	minimize an allergic student's exposure to food allergies."
18	SECTION 5. A new section of the Public Health Act is
19	enacted to read:
20	"[NEW MATERIAL] EMERGENCY MEDICATION IN SCHOOLS
21	ALBUTEROLEPINEPHRINERULESRECOMMENDATIONS
22	A. By July 1, 2014, the department shall promulgate
23	rules and make recommendations to each school district and
24	governing body of a school for the prevention and treatment of
25	respiratory distress and the administration of albuterol, or

such other medication as the department deems appropriate, by a school nurse or another person authorized by the department.

- B. By July 1, 2014, the department shall promulgate rules and make recommendations to each school district and governing body of a school for the prevention and treatment of anaphylaxis occurring in schools and for the use of epinephrine, or such other medication as the department deems appropriate, by a person who has received training approved by the department and is authorized to administer epinephrine pursuant to the Emergency Medication in Schools Act. The rules shall address:
- (1) the provision or administration of epinephrine, or such other medication as the department deems appropriate, to a person reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction;
- (2) the requirement that one or more trained persons be available on school premises during operating hours to treat a person reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction;
- (3) the maintenance of a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors, or such other medication as the department deems appropriate, pursuant to a standing order prescribed in the name of the school or school district by a health care practitioner employed or authorized by the department;

- (4) the storage of a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors, or such other medication as the department deems appropriate, in a secure location that is unlocked and readily accessible to trained persons and stored pursuant to board of pharmacy regulations; and
- (5) the disposal of expired emergency medication pursuant to board of pharmacy regulations or department rules.
- C. A health care practitioner employed or authorized by the department may prescribe a stock supply of albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers or a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of a school or school district for use in accordance with the Emergency Medication in Schools Act.
- D. A pharmacist may dispense a stock supply of albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers or a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a standing order prescribed pursuant to this section.
- E. A school or school district shall maintain a stock supply of albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers or a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto- injectors for use in accordance with this section.
- F. The department may obtain and receive grants, .195409.2

appropriations, gifts and donations from any source, including the acceptance of epinephrine and albuterol, or such other medication as the department deems appropriate, and albuterol spacers from a manufacturer or wholesaler of such medication."

**SECTION 6.** A new section of the Public Health Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] ADMINISTRATION OF EMERGENCY MEDICATION-EPINEPHRINE--IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.--

A. The prescription, purchase, receipt,
maintenance, provision or administration of epinephrine, or
such other medication as the department deems appropriate, to a
person reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic
reaction:

- (1) shall not result in any liability for damages for any allegedly resulting injuries; and
- (2) does not constitute the practice of medicine.
- B. The immunity provided in this section does not apply to acts or omissions constituting gross, willful or wanton negligence."

SECTION 7. APPROPRIATION.--Four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the department of health for expenditure in fiscal year 2015 to provide albuterol aerosol canisters and spacers for the treatment of respiratory distress and standard-dose and .195409.2

pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors for the treatment of anaphylaxis in schools. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2015 shall revert to the general fund.

SECTION 8. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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