. 129430. 2

2	44th legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 1999
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Billy J. McKibben
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO EDUCATION; CREATING A JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION
12	PROGRAM, PROVIDING BEGINNING STUDENTS BROADER EDUCATIONAL
13	OPPORTUNITIES; ENACTING THE JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT;
14	ENACTING AND AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	Section 1. A new section of the Public School Code is
18	enacted to read:
19	"[NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLESections 1 through 10 of
20	this act may be cited as the "Jumpstart in Education Act"."
21	Section 2. A new section of the Public School Code is
22	enacted to read:
23	"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT
24	DEFINITIONSAs used in the Jumpstart in Education Act:
25	A. "child" means an individual who is five years

SENATE BILL 7

of age at 12:01 a.m. on August 31 of the school year in which program participation is sought and for whom a parent has the legal authority to make decisions;

- B. "parent" means the natural or adoptive parent, the guardian or legal custodian of a child;
- C. "program" means the jumpstart in education program authorized pursuant to the Jumpstart in Education Act; and
- D. "voucher" means a written instrument issued by the department of education that may be used to pay education expenses of a child enrolled in a private school kindergarten."
- Section 3. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT-ELIGIBILITY.--A child is eligible to participate in the
program if the child was not receiving special education
services pursuant to rules of the state board in the previous
school year and if, in the current school year, the child is
eligible for enrollment in kindergarten."

Section 4. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--REQUIREMENTS

FOR PARTICIPATION IN PROGRAM BY PRIVATE SCHOOL KINDERGARTEN-
LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF PARTICIPATING STUDENTS. -- To

participate in the program, a private school kindergarten shall:

- A. before October 15 of the prior school year, notify the state superintendent and local school board of the school district in which the private school kindergarten is located of its intent to participate in the program and of the anticipated number of children participating in the program for which it will have space in the current school year;
 - B. comply with the provisions of 42 USCA 2000d;
- C. meet all health and safety laws and codes that apply to a public school kindergarten;
- D. not discriminate between students participating in the program and other students;
- E. accept students participating in the program on a random basis; and
- F. comply with all program requirements for participation of a private school kindergarten established by rules of the state board."
- Section 5. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--APPLICATION

FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM --

A. A parent with whom a child resides may submit an application for participation in the program on a form provided by the state superintendent. The application shall . 129430. 2

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

be submitted to a participating private school kindergarten chosen by the applicant, and a copy shall be sent to the The application shall be submitted department of education. by delivery or mail and shall be considered received when delivered or three days after mailing. An application must be received no earlier than March 1 and no later than May 1 prior to the beginning of a school year. The application shall contain at least the following information:

- (1) the child's name and address;
- the parent's name and address; (2)
- the child's social security number; (3)
- **(4)** the school district in which the child resides and the child's public school attendance zone;
- **(5)** whether the child speaks a language other than English as his principal language; and
- other information required by the state **(6)** board to be included in the application.
- Within sixty days after receiving the В. application, the private school kindergarten shall notify the applicant, in writing, that the application has been accepted or rejected and in the latter event shall state the reasons The state board shall require by rule a random for rejection. selection process.
- If the private school kindergarten rejects an application because it has too few available spaces, the . 129430. 2

applicant may transfer the application to a participating private school kindergarten that has available space by submitting the application to that school and notifying the department of education in writing of the transfer no later than five days after its submission. The school to which the transferred application is submitted shall notify the applicant of acceptance or rejection within thirty days of receipt of the application.

D. Within five days after receipt of notification of acceptance of a child from the private school kindergarten the applicant shall notify the state superintendent in writing of the fact of acceptance."

Section 6. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--ISSUANCE OF VOUCHER.--No later than five days after receipt of notification of acceptance from an applicant, the state superintendent shall issue a voucher to the applicant. The voucher shall be presented to the private school kindergarten within ten days after receipt by the applicant."

Section 7. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--REDEMPTION

VALUE OF VOUCHER--REDEMPTION OF VOUCHER BY SCHOOL. --

A. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection C of .129430.2

this section, the redemption value of a voucher is the sum of:

- (1) the amount of money that would be generated by the child through the state equalization guarantee distribution pursuant to the Public School Finance Act if the student attended a public school kindergarten within his attendance zone, excluding size, training or experience adjustment for the school district or the public school:
- (2) a proportionate allocation for the local school district's at-risk funding; and
- (3) a proportionate per child amount for transportation expenses that would be generated by the child if he attended a public school kindergarten within his attendance zone.
- B. The department of education shall calculate the redemption value of a child's voucher. The parent shall pay to the private school kindergarten any amount by which the tuition and fees exceed the redemption value of the voucher. Payment shall be made in accordance with the agreement of the parent and the private school kindergarten.
- C. The redemption value of a voucher shall not exceed the tuition and fees charged by the participating private school kindergarten for children not participating in the program unless the cost of educating the child presenting the voucher is greater than the tuition and fees charged, in

which case the value of the voucher shall not exceed those costs. The state board shall establish a method of determining costs of educating participating children and that method shall be used in determining the redemption value of a voucher.

- D. Within fifteen days after receiving a voucher, a private school kindergarten shall certify enrollment of the child named on the voucher and shall certify the amount of tuition and fees charged by the private school kindergarten to the department of education.
- E. A private school kindergarten or school district shall redeem the value of the voucher from the department of education in the following installments: twenty-five percent of the value in September, twenty-five percent of the value in November, twenty-five percent of the value in February and twenty-five percent of the value in May. The installments shall be paid on the first day of the applicable month.
- F. If a participating child voluntarily withdraws from a private school kindergarten and is enrolled in another participating private school kindergarten or in a public school kindergarten during the school year, the parent shall notify the department of education. Upon receipt of proof of enrollment in another private school kindergarten and certification of tuition and fees charged by the new private

school, the unredeemed voucher installments shall be made to
the new private school kindergarten. Upon proof of enrollment
in a public school kindergarten, the remaining redemption
installments shall be made to the school district in which the
public school is located."
Section 8. A new section of the Public School Code is

Section 8. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--DUTIES OF STATE SUPERINTENDENT. -- The state superintendent shall:

- A. recommend to the state board those procedures and rules that are necessary to fully implement the Jumpstart in Education Act;
- B. be responsible for administering the program; and
- C. ensure parents are informed annually of the private school kindergartens participating in the program pursuant to this section."

Section 9. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT-TRANSPORTATION. -- The parent of a participating child shall be responsible for transportation of the child to and from the private school kindergarten."

Section 10. A new section of the Public School Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JUMPSTART IN EDUCATION ACT--STANDARDS FOR PARTICIPATING PRIVATE SCHOOL KINDERGARTENS. --

- A. A private school kindergarten participating in the program shall submit annually to the department of education a performance audit of the private school kindergarten prepared by an independent qualified performance auditor that demonstrates that the school meets at least one of the following standards:
- (1) at least seventy percent of the childrenin the program advance to grade one each year;
- (2) the private school kindergarten's average attendance rate for the children in the program is at least ninety percent;
- (3) at least eighty percent of the children in the program demonstrate significant academic progress; or
- (4) at least seventy percent of the families of children in the program meet parental involvement criteria established by the private school kindergarten.
- B. The state superintendent shall monitor the performance of the children participating in the program. If the state superintendent determines in a school year that the private school kindergarten is not meeting at least one of the standards set forth in Subsection A of this section, that private school kindergarten may not participate in the program in the following school year.

8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

C. A private school kindergarten may not require a
student attending the school pursuant to the Jumpstart in
Education Act to participate in a religious activity if the
parent submits to the school's principal a written request
that the student be exempt from those activities."

Section 22-2-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Section 11. Chapter 16, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

- "22-2-2. STATE BOARD--DUTIES. -- Without limiting those powers granted to the state board pursuant to Section 22-2-1 NMSA 1978, the state board shall perform the following duties:
- properly and uniformly enforce the provisions of the Public School Code;
- В. determine policy for the operation of all public schools and vocational education programs in the state;
 - C. appoint a state superintendent;
- purchase and loan instructional material to students pursuant to the Instructional Material Law and adopt rules relating to the use and operation of instructional material depositories in the instructional material distribution process;
- designate courses of instruction to be taught in all public schools in the state;
- F. assess and evaluate all state institutions and those private schools that desire state accreditation;
- G. determine the qualifications for and issue a . 129430. 2

certificate to [any] a person teaching, assisting teachers, supervising an instructional program, counseling, providing special instructional services or administering in public schools, according to law and according to a system of classification adopted and published by the state board;

- H. suspend or revoke a certificate held by a certified school instructor or certified school administrator, according to law, for incompetency, immorality or for any other good and just cause;
- I. make full and complete reports on consolidation of school districts to the legislature;
- J. prescribe courses of instruction, requirements for graduation and standards for all public schools, for private schools seeking state accreditation and for the educational programs conducted in state institutions other than the New Mexico military institute;
- K. adopt rules for the administration of all public schools and bylaws for its own administration;
- L. require periodic reports on forms prescribed by it from all public schools and attendance reports from private schools;
- M authorize adult educational programs to be conducted in schools under its jurisdiction and adopt and promulgate rules governing all such adult educational programs;

- N. require [any] a school under its jurisdiction that sponsors athletic programs involving sports to mandate that the participating student obtain catastrophic health and accident insurance coverage, such coverage to be offered through the school and issued by an insurance company duly licensed pursuant to the laws of New Mexico;
- require all accrediting agencies for public schools in the state to act with its approval;
- P. accept and receive all grants of money from the federal government or [any other] another agency for public school purposes and disburse the money in the manner and for the purpose specified in the grant;
- Q. require prior approval for [any] an educational program in a public school that is to be conducted, sponsored, carried on or caused to be carried on by a private organization or agency;
- R. approve or disapprove all rules promulgated by [any] an association or organization attempting to regulate [any] a public school activity and invalidate [any] a rule in conflict with [any rule] rules promulgated by the state board. The state board shall require [any] an association or organization attempting to regulate any public school activity to comply with the provisions of the Open Meetings Act and be subject to the inspection of the Public Records Act. The state board may require performance and financial audits of

[any] an association or organization attempting to regulate [any] a public school activity. The state board shall have no power or control over the rules or the bylaws governing the administration of the internal organization of the association or organization;

- S. review decisions made by the governing board or officials of [any] an organization or association regulating [any] a public school activity, and [any] a decision of the state board shall be final in respect thereto;
- T. accept or reject [any] <u>a</u> charitable gift, grant, devise or bequest. The particular gift, grant, devise or bequest accepted shall be considered an asset of the state;
- U. establish and maintain regional centers, at its discretion, for conducting cooperative services between public schools and school districts within and among those regions and to facilitate regulation and evaluation of school programs;
- V. assess and evaluate for accreditation purposes at least one-third of all public schools each year through visits by department of education personnel to investigate the adequacy of pupil gain in standard required subject matter, adequacy of pupil activities, functional feasibility of public school and school district organization, adequacy of staff preparation and other matters bearing upon the education of the students;

1	U
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1 🔿

W. provide for management and other necessary personnel to operate [any] a public school or school district that has failed to meet requirements of law, state board standards or state board rules; provided that the operation of the public school or school district shall not include [any] a consolidation or reorganization without the approval of the local board of that school district. Until such time as requirements of law, standards or rules have been met and compliance is assured, the powers and duties of the local school board shall be suspended;

X. establish and implement a plan that provides for technical assistance to local school boards through workshops and other in-service training methods; provided, however, that no plan shall require mandatory attendance by [any] a member of a local school board;

- Y. submit a plan applying for funds available

 [under] pursuant to Public Law 94-142 and disburse these funds
 in the manner and for the purposes specified in the plan;
- Z. enforce requirements for home schools. Upon finding that a home school is not in compliance with law, the state board has authority to order that a student attend a public school or a private school; [and]
- AA. develop a systemic framework for professional development that provides training to ensure quality teachers and principals and that improves and enhances student

achievement. The state board shall work with public school
educators, the commission on higher education and institutions
of higher education to establish the framework. The framework
shall include:

- (1) the criteria for school districts to apply for professional development funds, including an evaluation component that will be used by the department of education in approving local school district professional development plans; and
- (2) guidelines for developing extensive professional development activities for school districts, including teaching strategies, curriculum materials, distance learning networks and web sites to ensure that the state board's rules pertaining to content standards and benchmarks are used by New Mexico teachers; and
- BB. determine rules and policies for the operation of the Jumpstart in Education Act."

Section 12. SEVERABILITY. -- If any part or application of the Jumpstart in Education Act is held invalid, the remainder or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.

Section 13. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2000.