SENATE MEMORIAL 23

43rd legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - second session, 1998 INTRODUCED BY

MARY JANE M GARCIA

A MEMORIAL

COMMEMORATING THE FOUR-HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FIRST
GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN THE ALL INDIAN
PUEBLO COUNCIL AND NONINDIAN GOVERNMENTAL REPRESENTATIVES.

WHEREAS, today the all Indian pueblo council is comprised of the pueblos of Acoma, Cochiti, Isleta, Jemez, Laguna, Nambe, Picuris, Pojoaque, San Felipe, San Ildefonso, San Juan, Sandia, Santa Ana, Santa Clara, Santo Domingo, Taos, Tesuque, Zia and Zuni; and

WHEREAS, oral histories teach us that the all Indian pueblo council existed as long ago as six hundred years before Spanish explorers made contact with the ancestors of present-day pueblo people; and

WHEREAS, recorded history first records the convening of the council on July 7, 1598 when the Spaniard Juan de Onate

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met with thirty-eight pueblo leaders of the many pueblos that comprised the all Indian pueblo council at Khe-wa, later referred to as the pueblo of Santo Domingo, to request permission of the leaders of the pueblo nations to settle in their territories; and

WHEREAS, the modern-day operations of the all Indian pueblo council were set in motion on November 5, 1922 at the pueblo of Santo Domingo when the council was organized in a manner recognized by nonpuebloans, with a mission statement for the council and an elected chairman became the official spokesman of the pueblos; and

WHEREAS, the all Indian pueblo council was at one time outlawed and declared unauthorized by the Indian service, now known as the federal bureau of Indian affairs, and repeated attempts have been made throughout the history of that council to undermine its strength and importance; and

WHEREAS, the sovereign members of the all Indian pueblo council have continuously recommitted themselves with devotion, throughout the history of that council, to interact with one another in a harmonious manner, to encourage and support one another in times of need and to go forth on common issues in a unified manner and to pursue a policy of continuing government-to-government communications with the state and other nonIndian governments; and

WHEREAS, the nineteen pueblo sovereigns further clarified . 121888. 2

the authority of the all Indian pueblo council on October 16, 1965 when their governors unanimously approved the all Indian pueblo council constitution; and

WHEREAS, because the pueblo people have followed the spiritual and traditional teachings of their ancestors, they have survived a multitude of governmental policies designed to destroy their traditional religions, lifestyles and governments; and

WHEREAS, the unification policy and actions of the all Indian pueblo council have also been instrumental in the protection and preservation of pueblo lives, traditions and cultures; and

WHEREAS, the all Indian pueblo council is a traditional Indian organization whose heart and soul has been given life by the pueblo peoples' ancestors through their spiritual processes; and

WHEREAS, July 7, 1998 marks the four-hundredth anniversary of the all Indian pueblo council since it first appeared in the journals of those who accompanied Don Juan de Onate and his group of nonIndian settlers and the four-hundredth anniversary of the first government-to-government communications between pueblo leaders and nonIndian government representatives; and

WHEREAS, the celebration and official commemoration of this four-hundredth anniversary is an important moment in the .121888.2

history of the pueblo nations, the state of New Mexico, the United States of America and the world; and

WHEREAS, commemoration of the four-hundredth anniversary of the first government-to-government meeting of the leaders of the pueblos and leaders of the nonIndian settlers seeking a home in New Mexico should include an assessment of how government-to-government interactions can be made more effective and should establish a process that can be used to ease tensions and resolve issues that arise between the pueblo sovereigns and the state; and

WHEREAS, the statement of policies and procedures adopted on July 8, 1996, was a good beginning to reassessment of the manner in which government-to-government discussions should proceed, it is clear that many state agencies and some legislators would be more comfortable if the process to implement the policies were more clearly defined; and

WHEREAS, the history of the all Indian pueblo council in promoting and pursuing government-to-government interactions with nonIndian government representatives indicates the perseverance of the all Indian pueblo council as it has sought throughout the last four hundred years to maintain and improve government-to-government interactions between the pueblos and the state and the all Indian pueblo council encourages development of a process that the state and tribes of New Mexico can implement to ensure improved and effective

government-to-government communications in the future;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the all Indian pueblo council be recognized and honored on the four-hundredth anniversary of the first government-to-government meeting between the leaders of twenty-six pueblo nations and Don Juan de Onate and his group of settlers; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the senate acknowledge and honor the consortium of pueblo governments that existed at least two hundred years prior to the pueblos' first contacts with Europeans; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the senate encourage and support the efforts of the all Indian pueblo council to continue its four-hundred-year tradition of advocating for the traditions, cultures and governments of the pueblo nations and participating in government-to-government discussions with the state: and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the senate encourage the all Indian pueblo council to engage in government-to-government discussions with other tribes and the state to develop a process to implement the statement of principles and policies adopted on July 8, 1996; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the governor be requested to issue a proclamation designating July 7, 1998 as "Government-to-Government Communications Day"; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be transmitted to the governors of the nineteen member pueblos of the all Indian pueblo council, the chairman of the all Indian pueblo council, the governor of the state, the New Mexico state cabinet secretaries, the president of the United States and the director of the division on indigenous people's rights at the United Nations.

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1	FORIY-IHIRD LEGISLATURE
2	SECOND SESSION, 1998
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5	February 16, 1998
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7	Mr. President:
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9	Your RULES COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred
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11	SENATE MEMORIAL 23
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13	has had it under consideration and reports same with
14	recommendation that it DO PASS.
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22	Gloria Howes, Chairman
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Adopted_____Not Adopted_____ (Chief Clerk) (Chief Clerk) Date _____ The roll call vote was $\underline{5}$ For $\underline{0}$ Against Yes: No: Excused: Aragon, Gorham, Stockard Absent: None SMO23RU1 . 121888. 2

underscored material = new