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SENATE BILL 91

42ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 1996

INTRODUCED BY

TIMOTHY Z. JENNINGS

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH; REQUIRING A PERSON FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY COMMITTING CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION TO UNDERGO A TEST TO IDENTIFY THE HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TEST ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 24-2B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-2B-2. INFORMED CONSENT. -- No person shall perform a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody without first obtaining the informed consent of the person upon whom the test is performed, except as provided in Section 24-2B-5, [or] 24-2B-5.1 or 24-2B-5.2 NMSA Informed consent shall be preceded by an explanation of 1978. the test, including its purpose, potential uses and limitations

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and the meaning of its results. Consent need not be in writing provided there is documentation in the medical record that the test has been explained and the consent has been obtained."

Section 2. A new section of the Human Immunodeficiency
Virus Test Act, Section 24-2B-5.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"24-2B-5.2. [NEW MATERIAL] INFORMED CONSENT NOT

REQUIRED--TESTING OF PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY

COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES--RESPONSIBILITY TO

ADMINISTER AND PAY FOR TEST. --

A. A test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody may be performed, without his consent, on a person who is formally charged for allegedly committing any state criminal offense:

- (1) involving contact between the penis and the vulva;
- (2) involving contact between the penis and anus;
 - (3) involving contact between the mouth and
- (4) involving contact between the mouth and vulva; or
 - (5) involving contact between the mouth and
- B. When consent to perform a test on an alleged offender cannot be obtained pursuant to the provisions of

penis;

anus.

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Section 24-2B-2 or 24-2B-3 NMSA 1978, the alleged victim of a criminal offense described in Subsection A of this section may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender. The petition and all proceedings in connection therewith shall be under seal. When the alleged victim of the criminal offense is a minor or incompetent, the parent or legal guardian of the alleged victim may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender. The court shall order and the test shall be administered to the alleged offender within ten days after the petition is filed by the victim, his parent or guardian. The results of the test shall be disclosed only to the alleged offender and to the alleged victim or the alleged victim's parent or legal guardian. When the alleged offender has a positive test result, both the alleged offender and the alleged victim shall be provided with counseling, as described in Section 24-2B-4 NMSA 1978.

- C. The court's order shall direct the department of health to be responsible for the administration of and payment for the test and the lawful distribution of the test results.
- D. A prosecuting attorney may not introduce into evidence in a criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged offense the fact that a test was administered to the alleged offender pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- E. The administration of a test to an alleged offender pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not

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preclude the subsequent administration of another test pursuant to the provisions of Section 24-2B-5.1 NMSA 1978."

Section 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1996.

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[bracketed material] = delete

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE **SECOND SESSION, 1996**

JANUARY 22, 1996

Mr. President:

Your **COMMITTEES' COMMITTEE**, to whom has been referred

SENATE BILL 91

has had it under consideration and finds same to be **GERMANE**, PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE MESSAGE NUMBER FOUR, and thence referred to the JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

Respectfully submitted,

SENATOR MANNY M ARAGON, Chairman

<u>Underscored material = new</u>
[bracketed_material] = delete

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FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE **SECOND SESSION, 1996**

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February 2, 1996

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Mr. President:

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Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred

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SENATE BILL 91

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has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it **DO NOT PASS**, but that

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SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 91

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DO PASS. **19**

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Respectfully submitted,

Janice D. Paster, Chairman

	Adopted_	Not Adopted	
		(Chief Clerk)	(Chief Clerk)
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6	The roll	call vote was <u>5</u> For <u>0</u> Against	
7	Yes:	5	
8	No:	0	
9	Excused:	Carraro, Cisneros, Sanchez, Vernon	
10	Absent:	None	
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SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 91

42ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 1996

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH; REQUIRING A PERSON FORMALLY CHARGED FOR
ALLEGEDLY COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES TO UNDERGO TESTS
TO IDENTIFY SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES AND THE HUMAN
IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS; PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR UNAUTHORIZED
DISCLOSURE OF TEST RESULTS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF
THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. A new Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.2. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED

DISEASES--TESTING OF PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY

COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES. --

A. A test designed to identify any sexually

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transmitted disease may be performed on a person, upon the filing of a complaint, information or an indictment alleging that the person committed a state criminal offense:

- involving contact between the penis and the (1) vul va;
 - **(2)** involving contact between the penis and anus;
- (3) involving contact between the mouth and penis;
- **(4)** involving contact between the mouth and vul va: or
 - involving contact between the mouth and anus. **(5)**
- В. If consent to perform a test on an alleged offender cannot be obtained, the victim of the alleged criminal offense described in Subsection A of this section may petition the court, through the prosecuting office or personally, to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender; provided that the same test is first performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. The test may be performed on the alleged offender regardless of the result of the test performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. If the victim of the alleged criminal offense is a minor or incompetent, the parent or legal guardian of the victim of the alleged criminal offense may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender.
 - C. The court may issue an order based on a finding of

good cause after a hearing at which both the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender have the right to be present. During the hearing, only affidavits, counter affidavits and medical reports regarding the facts that support or rebut the issuance of an order shall be admissible. The hearing shall be conducted within seventy-two hours after the victim petitions the court for the order. The petition and all proceedings in connection therewith shall be under seal. The court shall issue an order and the test shall be administered to the alleged offender within ten days after the petition is filed by the victim of the alleged criminal offense, his parent or guardian.

- D. The results of the test shall be disclosed only to the alleged offender and to the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the victim's parent or legal guardian. When the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the alleged offender has a positive test result, both the alleged offender and the victim of the alleged criminal offense shall be provided with counseling.
- E. A prosecuting attorney may not use in a criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged criminal offense the fact that a test was administered to the alleged offender or the results of the test.
- F. The provisions of this section shall not affect the rights and remedies available to the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender in any civil action.
 - G. The administration of a test to an alleged offender

pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not preclude the subsequent administration of another test pursuant to the provisions of Section 24-1-9.1 NMSA 1978."

Section 2. A new Section 24-1-9.3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

- "24-1-9.3. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-MANDATORY COUNSELING. -- No positive test result for a sexually
 transmitted disease shall be revealed to the person upon whom the
 test was performed without the person performing the test or the
 health facility at which the test was performed providing or
 referring that person for individual counseling about:
 - A. the meaning of the test results;
 - B. the possible need for additional testing;
- C. the availability of appropriate health care services, including mental health care, social and support services; and
- D. the benefits of locating and counseling any individual by whom the infected person may have been exposed to the sexually transmitted disease and any individual whom the infected person may have exposed to the sexually transmitted disease."
- Section 3. A new Section 24-1-9.4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "24-1-9.4. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-CONFIDENTIALITY. -- Except as provided in Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978,
 no person or the person's agents or employees who require or

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administer a test for sexually transmitted diseases shall disclose the identity of any person upon whom a test is performed or the result of such a test in a manner that permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:

- A. the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative, guardian or legal custodian;
- B. any person designated in a legally effective release of the test results executed prior to or after the test by the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative;
- C. an authorized agent, a credentialed or privileged physician or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health care facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues and the agent or employee has a need to know such information;
- D. the department of health and the centers for disease control and prevention of the United States public health service in accordance with reporting requirements for a diagnosed case of a sexually transmitted disease;
- E. a health facility or health care provider that procures, processes, distributes or uses:
- (1) a human body part from a deceased person, with respect to medical information regarding that person;

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- (2) semen for the purpose of artificial insemination;
- (3) blood or blood products for transfusion or injection; or
- (4) human body parts for transplant with respect to medical information regarding the donor or recipient;
- F. health facility staff committees or accreditation or oversight review organizations that are conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service reviews, as long as any identity remains confidential;
- G. authorized medical or epidemiological researchers who may not further disclose any identifying characteristics or information; and
- H. for purposes of application or reapplication for insurance coverage, an insurer or reinsurer upon whose request the test was performed."
- Section 4. A new Section 24-1-9.5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "24-1-9.5. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. -- No person to whom the results of a test for
 sexually transmitted diseases have been disclosed may disclose the
 test results to another person, except as authorized in Sections
 24-1-9.4 and 24-1-9.6 NMSA 1978. Whenever disclosure is made, it
 shall be accompanied by a statement in writing that includes the
 following or substantially similar language:

"This information has been disclosed to you from records whose confidentiality is protected by state law. State law prohibits you from making any further disclosure of such information without the specific written consent of the person to whom such information pertains, or as otherwise permitted by state law. A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of this information is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."."

Section 5. A new Section 24-1-9.6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.6. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-DISCLOSURE. -- A victim of an alleged criminal offense who receives
information pursuant to Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978 may disclose the
test results as is reasonably necessary to protect his health and
safety or the health and safety of his family or sexual partner."

Section 6. A new Section 24-1-9.7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.7. [NEW MATERIAL] PENALTY.--A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of the results of a test designed to identify a sexually transmitted disease is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 7. Section 24-2B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-2B-2. INFORMED CONSENT.--No person shall perform a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody without first obtaining the informed consent of the person upon whom the test is performed, except as provided in Section 24-2B-5, [er] 24-2B-5.1 or 24-2B-5.2 NMSA 1978. Informed consent shall be preceded by an explanation of the test, including its purpose, potential uses and limitations and the meaning of its results. Consent need not be in writing provided there is documentation in the medical record that the test has been explained and the consent has been obtained."

Section 8. A new section of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act, Section 24-2B-5.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"24-2B-5.2. [NEW MATERIAL] INFORMED CONSENT NOT

REQUIRED--TESTING OF PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY

COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES--RESPONSIBILITY TO ADMINISTER

AND PAY FOR TEST.--

A. A test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody may be performed, without his consent, on a person upon the filing of a complaint, information or an indictment alleging that the person committed a state criminal offense:

involving contact between the penis and the vulva;

- (2) involving contact between the penis and anus;
- (3) involving contact between the mouth and penis;
- (4) involving contact between the mouth and vulva;

 \mathbf{or}

- (5) involving contact between the mouth and anus.
- B. If consent to perform a test on an alleged offender cannot be obtained pursuant to the provisions of Section 24-2B-2 or 24-2B-3 NMSA 1978, the victim of the alleged criminal offense described in Subsection A of this section may petition the court, through the prosecuting office or personally, to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender; provided that the same test is first performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. The test may be performed on the alleged offender regardless of the result of the test performed on the victim of the alleged offense. If the victim of the alleged criminal offense is a minor or incompetent, the parent or legal guardian of the victim of the alleged criminal offense may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender.
- C. The court may issue an order based on a finding of good cause after a hearing at which both the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender have the right to be present. During the hearing, only affidavits, counter affidavits and medical reports regarding the facts that support or rebut the issuance of an order shall be admissible. The hearing shall be conducted within seventy-two hours after the victim of the alleged

criminal offense petitions the court for the order. The petition and all proceedings in connection therewith shall be under seal. The court shall issue the order and the test shall be administered to the alleged offender within ten days after the petition is filed by the victim of the alleged offense, his parent or guardian.

- D. The results of the test shall be disclosed only to the alleged offender and to the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the victim's parent or legal guardian. When the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the alleged offender has a positive test result, both the alleged offender and the victim of the alleged criminal offense shall be provided with counseling, as described in Section 24-2B-4 NMSA 1978.
- E. The court's order shall direct the department of health to be responsible for the administration of and payment for the test and the lawful distribution of the test results.
- F. A prosecuting attorney may not use in a criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged criminal offense the fact that a test was administered to the alleged offender, or the results of the test.
- G. The provisions of this section shall not affect the rights and remedies available to the victim of the alleged criminal offense and alleged offender in any civil action.
- H. The administration of a test to an alleged offender pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not preclude the subsequent administration of another test pursuant to the

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provisions of Section 24-2B-5.1 NMSA 1978."

Section 9. Section 24-2B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 7) is amended to read:

"24-2B-7. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. -- No person to whom the results of a test have been disclosed may disclose the test results to another person except as authorized by the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act. Whenever disclosure is made pursuant to that act, it shall be accompanied by a statement in writing [which] that includes the following or substantially similar language: "This information has been disclosed to you from records whose confidentiality is protected by state law. State law prohibits you from making any further disclosure of such information without the specific written consent of the person to whom such information pertains, or as otherwise permitted by state law. A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of this information is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 10. Section 24-2B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 8) is amended to read:

"24-2B-8. [SELF] DISCLOSURE.--Nothing in the Human

Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act shall be construed to prevent a

person who has been tested from disclosing in any way to any other

person his own test results. Any victim of an alleged criminal

offense who receives information pursuant to Section 24-2B-5.2 NMSA
1978 may disclose the test results as is reasonably necessary to
protect his health and safety or the health and safety of his
family or sexual partner."

Section 11. A new section of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act, Section 24-2B-9 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"24-2B-9. [NEW MATERIAL] PENALTY.--A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of the results of a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 12. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1996.

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<u>. . . </u>

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

February 2, 1996

Mr. President:

Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred

SENATE BILL 91

has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it **DO NOT PASS**, but that

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 91

DO PASS.

Respectfully submitted,

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SJC/SB 91
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3	Janice D. Paster, Chairman
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6	Adopted Not Adopted
7	(Chi ef Clerk) (Chi ef Clerk)
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10	Date
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13	The roll call vote was <u>5</u> For <u>0</u> Against
14	Yes: 5
15	No: 0
16	Excused: Carraro, Cisneros, Sanchez, Vernon
17	Absent: None
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SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 91

42ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 1996

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH; REQUIRING A PERSON FORMALLY CHARGED FOR
ALLEGEDLY COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES TO UNDERGO TESTS
TO IDENTIFY SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES AND THE HUMAN
IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS; PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR UNAUTHORIZED
DISCLOSURE OF TEST RESULTS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF
THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. A new Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.2. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED

DISEASES--TESTING OF PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY

COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES. --

A. A test designed to identify any sexually

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transmitted disease may be performed on a person, upon the filing of a complaint, information or an indictment alleging that the person committed a state criminal offense:

- involving contact between the penis and the (1) vul va;
 - **(2)** involving contact between the penis and anus;
- **(3)** involving contact between the mouth and penis;
- **(4)** involving contact between the mouth and vul va: or
 - involving contact between the mouth and anus. **(5)**
- В. If consent to perform a test on an alleged offender cannot be obtained, the victim of the alleged criminal offense described in Subsection A of this section may petition the court, through the prosecuting office or personally, to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender; provided that the same test is first performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. The test may be performed on the alleged offender regardless of the result of the test performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. If the victim of the alleged criminal offense is a minor or incompetent, the parent or legal guardian of the victim of the alleged criminal offense may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender.
 - C. The court may issue an order based on a finding of

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good cause after a hearing at which both the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender have the right to be present. During the hearing, only affidavits, counter affidavits and medical reports regarding the facts that support or rebut the issuance of an order shall be admissible. The hearing shall be conducted within seventy-two hours after the victim petitions the court for the order. The petition and all proceedings in connection therewith shall be under seal. The court shall issue an order and the test shall be administered to the alleged offender within ten days after the petition is filed by the victim of the alleged criminal offense, his parent or guardian.

- D. The results of the test shall be disclosed only to the alleged offender and to the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the victim's parent or legal guardian. When the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the alleged offender has a positive test result, both the alleged offender and the victim of the alleged criminal offense shall be provided with counseling.
- E. A prosecuting attorney may not use in a criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged criminal offense the fact that a test was administered to the alleged offender or the results of the test.
- F. The provisions of this section shall not affect the rights and remedies available to the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender in any civil action.
 - G. The administration of a test to an alleged offender

pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not preclude the subsequent administration of another test pursuant to the provisions of Section 24-1-9.1 NMSA 1978."

Section 2. A new Section 24-1-9.3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

- "24-1-9.3. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-MANDATORY COUNSELING. -- No positive test result for a sexually
 transmitted disease shall be revealed to the person upon whom the
 test was performed without the person performing the test or the
 health facility at which the test was performed providing or
 referring that person for individual counseling about:
 - A. the meaning of the test results;
 - B. the possible need for additional testing;
- C. the availability of appropriate health care services, including mental health care, social and support services; and
- D. the benefits of locating and counseling any individual by whom the infected person may have been exposed to the sexually transmitted disease and any individual whom the infected person may have exposed to the sexually transmitted disease."
- Section 3. A new Section 24-1-9.4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "24-1-9.4. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-CONFIDENTIALITY. -- Except as provided in Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978,
 no person or the person's agents or employees who require or

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administer a test for sexually transmitted diseases shall disclose the identity of any person upon whom a test is performed or the result of such a test in a manner that permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:

- A. the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative, guardian or legal custodian;
- B. any person designated in a legally effective release of the test results executed prior to or after the test by the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative;
- C. an authorized agent, a credentialed or privileged physician or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health care facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues and the agent or employee has a need to know such information;
- D. the department of health and the centers for disease control and prevention of the United States public health service in accordance with reporting requirements for a diagnosed case of a sexually transmitted disease;
- E. a health facility or health care provider that procures, processes, distributes or uses:
- (1) a human body part from a deceased person, with respect to medical information regarding that person;

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- (2) semen for the purpose of artificial insemination;
- (3) blood or blood products for transfusion or injection; or
- (4) human body parts for transplant with respect to medical information regarding the donor or recipient;
- F. health facility staff committees or accreditation or oversight review organizations that are conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service reviews, as long as any identity remains confidential;
- G. authorized medical or epidemiological researchers who may not further disclose any identifying characteristics or information; and
- H. for purposes of application or reapplication for insurance coverage, an insurer or reinsurer upon whose request the test was performed."
- Section 4. A new Section 24-1-9.5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "24-1-9.5. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. -- No person to whom the results of a test for
 sexually transmitted diseases have been disclosed may disclose the
 test results to another person, except as authorized in Sections
 24-1-9.4 and 24-1-9.6 NMSA 1978. Whenever disclosure is made, it
 shall be accompanied by a statement in writing that includes the
 following or substantially similar language:

"This information has been disclosed to you from records whose confidentiality is protected by state law. State law prohibits you from making any further disclosure of such information without the specific written consent of the person to whom such information pertains, or as otherwise permitted by state law. A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of this information is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."."

Section 5. A new Section 24-1-9.6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.6. [NEW MATERIAL] SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES-DISCLOSURE. -- A victim of an alleged criminal offense who receives
information pursuant to Section 24-1-9.2 NMSA 1978 may disclose the
test results as is reasonably necessary to protect his health and
safety or the health and safety of his family or sexual partner."

Section 6. A new Section 24-1-9.7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"24-1-9.7. [NEW MATERIAL] PENALTY.--A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of the results of a test designed to identify a sexually transmitted disease is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 7. Section 24-2B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-2B-2. INFORMED CONSENT.--No person shall perform a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody without first obtaining the informed consent of the person upon whom the test is performed, except as provided in Section 24-2B-5, [or] 24-2B-5.1 or 24-2B-5.2 NMSA 1978. Informed consent shall be preceded by an explanation of the test, including its purpose, potential uses and limitations and the meaning of its results. Consent need not be in writing provided there is documentation in the medical record that the test has been explained and the consent has been obtained."

Section 8. A new section of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act, Section 24-2B-5.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"24-2B-5.2. [NEW MATERIAL] INFORMED CONSENT NOT

REQUIRED--TESTING OF PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED FOR ALLEGEDLY

COMMITTING CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES--RESPONSIBILITY TO ADMINISTER

AND PAY FOR TEST.--

A. A test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody may be performed, without his consent, on a person upon the filing of a complaint, information or an indictment alleging that the person committed a state criminal offense:

involving contact between the penis and the vulva;

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- (2) involving contact between the penis and anus;
- (3) involving contact between the mouth and penis;
- $(4) \quad i \, nvol \, vi \, ng \, \, contact \, \, between \, \, the \, \, mouth \, \, and \, \, vul \, va;$

 \mathbf{or}

- (5) involving contact between the mouth and anus.
- B. If consent to perform a test on an alleged offender cannot be obtained pursuant to the provisions of Section 24-2B-2 or 24-2B-3 NMSA 1978, the victim of the alleged criminal offense described in Subsection A of this section may petition the court, through the prosecuting office or personally, to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender; provided that the same test is first performed on the victim of the alleged criminal offense. The test may be performed on the alleged offender regardless of the result of the test performed on the victim of the alleged offense. If the victim of the alleged criminal offense is a minor or incompetent, the parent or legal guardian of the victim of the alleged criminal offense may petition the court to order that a test be performed on the alleged offender.
- C. The court may issue an order based on a finding of good cause after a hearing at which both the victim of the alleged criminal offense and the alleged offender have the right to be present. During the hearing, only affidavits, counter affidavits and medical reports regarding the facts that support or rebut the issuance of an order shall be admissible. The hearing shall be conducted within seventy-two hours after the victim of the alleged

criminal offense petitions the court for the order. The petition and all proceedings in connection therewith shall be under seal. The court shall issue the order and the test shall be administered to the alleged offender within ten days after the petition is filed by the victim of the alleged offense, his parent or guardian.

- D. The results of the test shall be disclosed only to the alleged offender and to the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the victim's parent or legal guardian. When the victim of the alleged criminal offense or the alleged offender has a positive test result, both the alleged offender and the victim of the alleged criminal offense shall be provided with counseling, as described in Section 24-2B-4 NMSA 1978.
- E. The court's order shall direct the department of health to be responsible for the administration of and payment for the test and the lawful distribution of the test results.
- F. A prosecuting attorney may not use in a criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged criminal offense the fact that a test was administered to the alleged offender, or the results of the test.
- G. The provisions of this section shall not affect the rights and remedies available to the victim of the alleged criminal offense and alleged offender in any civil action.
- H. The administration of a test to an alleged offender pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not preclude the subsequent administration of another test pursuant to the

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provisions of Section 24-2B-5.1 NMSA 1978."

Section 9. Section 24-2B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 7) is amended to read:

"24-2B-7. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. -- No person to whom the results of a test have been disclosed may disclose the test results to another person except as authorized by the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act. Whenever disclosure is made pursuant to that act, it shall be accompanied by a statement in writing [which] that includes the following or substantially similar language: "This information has been disclosed to you from records whose confidentiality is protected by state law. State law prohibits you from making any further disclosure of such information without the specific written consent of the person to whom such information pertains, or as otherwise permitted by state law. A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of this information is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 10. Section 24-2B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 227, Section 8) is amended to read:

"24-2B-8. [SELF] DISCLOSURE.--Nothing in the Human

Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act shall be construed to prevent a

person who has been tested from disclosing in any way to any other

person his own test results. Any victim of an alleged criminal

offense who receives information pursuant to Section 24-2B-5.2 NMSA

1978 may disclose the test results as is reasonably necessary to

protect his health and safety or the health and safety of his
family or sexual partner."

Section 11. A new section of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Test Act, Section 24-2B-9 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"24-2B-9. [NEW MATERIAL] PENALTY.--A person who makes an unauthorized disclosure of the results of a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus or its antigen or antibody is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a definite term not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both."

Section 12. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1996.

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State of New Mexico House of Representatives

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

February 12, 1996

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Mr. Speaker:

Your **JUDICIARY COMMITTEE**, to whom has been referred

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 91

has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it **DO PASS.**

Respectfully submitted,

Cisco McSorley, Chairman

SJC/SB 9

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

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