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HOUSE BILL 535

42ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 1996

INTRODUCED BY

BEN LUJAN

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FOR THE REVENUE STABILIZATION AND TAX POLICY COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR CARRIERS; PROVIDING FOR REGULATION BY THE STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION ON SAFETY AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES; CREATING A FUND; ESTABLISHING FEES: PROVIDING ADMINISTRATIVE AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

[NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 1 Section 1. through 37 of this act may be cited as the "Motor Carrier Act".

[NEW MATERIAL] TRANSPORTATION POLICY. -- It is Section 2. the policy of this state to foster the development, coordination and preservation of a safe, sound and adequate motor carrier system, vital to all the states, by protecting the public safety, promoting financial responsibility on the part of motor

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carriers, providing for economic regulation of motor carriers of passengers and household goods and promoting uniformity and reducing redundancy of state regulation of motor carriers.

Section 3. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Motor Carrier Act:

- A. "antitrust laws" means the laws of this state relating to combinations in restraint of trade;
 - B. "base state" means either:
- (1) the registration state for an interstate motor carrier subject to regulation by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency if New Mexico is participating in the single state registration system for such motor carriers and means New Mexico otherwise; or
- (2) the registration state for an interstate motor carrier transporting commodities exempt from regulation by the interstate commerce commission if New Mexico is participating in a single state registration system for such motor carriers and means New Mexico otherwise;
- C. "broker" means a person who is not a bona fide employee or agent of an authorized motor carrier, but who, as principal or agent, sells or offers for sale any transportation services subject to the Motor Carrier Act or negotiates for or holds itself out by solicitation, advertisement or otherwise as one who sells, provides, furnishes, contracts or arranges for such transportation services;

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- D. "cancellation" means the voluntary, permanent termination of a certificate;
- "certificate" means the operating authority issued by the commission to intrastate common motor carriers of passengers and household goods;
- F. "certificate of registration of insurance" means the operating authority issued by the commission to intrastate motor carriers of property;
- "change in a certificate" means cancellation, change in a motor carrier agreement, change in a rate or tariff, change in ownership other than by operation of law, endorsement, lease, subsequent transfer from a transferee by operation of law, transfer or voluntary suspension of a certificate;
- "change in name" means a change in the legal name H. of the holder of an operating authority or in doing business as the name of the transportation business, but does not include a change in ownership;
- Ι. "change in ownership" of a certificate means the occurrence of any change:
- (1) in the officers, directors or holders of more than ten percent of the voting stock of the corporation, if the certificate is held by a corporation;
- in general partners or limited partners contributing ten percent or more of the total value of contributions made to the limited partnership or entitled to ten

percent or more of total profits earned or other compensation by way of income paid by the limited partnership, if the certificate is held by a limited partnership; or

- (3) in the trustees or partners or owners of more than ten percent interest in the entity, if the certificate is held by a legal entity that is not a corporation or limited partnership;
- J. "commission" means the state corporation commission:
- K. "common motor carrier" means a person offering compensated transportation by motor vehicle to the general public whether over regular or irregular routes or under scheduled or nonscheduled service;
- L. "contract motor carrier" means a person offering compensated transportation by motor vehicle under individual contracts or agreements with particular customers or shippers;
- M "endorsement" means a permanent change in the
 scope of an existing certificate;
- N. "equipment interchange agreement" means an agreement between two motor carriers holding operating authority from the commission concerning the use of equipment;
 - $0. \quad \hbox{"fund" means the motor transportation fee fund;} \\$
 - P. "household goods" means:
- (1) personal effects and property used or to be used in a dwelling when they are part of the equipment or supply

of the dwelling, including property moving from a factory or store, that has been purchased by a householder with intent to use in his dwelling and the transportation is requested by and paid for by the householder;

- (2) furniture, fixtures, equipment and the property of stores, offices, museums, institutions, hospitals or other establishments when a part of their stock, equipment or supply, but does not include the stock-in-trade of any establishment, whether consignor or consignee, other than used furniture and used fixtures, except when transported as incidental to the moving of the establishment, or a portion thereof, from one location to another; and
- (3) articles, including objects of art, displays, exhibits and other similar articles that, because of their unusual nature or value, require the specialized handling and equipment usually employed in moving household goods, but does not include any article, whether crated or uncrated, that does not, because of its unusual nature or value, require the specialized handling and equipment usually employed in moving household goods;
- Q. "interested parties" means all motor carriers operating over the routes or in the territory involved in any application for a certificate or a permit, or all persons affected by a rule proposed for adoption by the commission, and any other parties the commission may deem interested in the

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particular matter;

- R. "interstate motor carrier" means a person providing compensated transportation in interstate commerce, whether or not the person is subject to regulation by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency;
- S. "intrastate motor carrier" means a person providing compensated transportation in intrastate commerce;
- T. "involuntary suspension" means the temporary termination of all or part of an operating authority ordered by the commission for cause for a stated period of time or pending compliance with certain conditions;
- U. "irregular route" means that the route to be used by a motor carrier is not restricted to any specific highway within the area the motor carrier is authorized to serve;
- V. "lease of a certificate" means a contract by which the owner of a certificate grants to another the exclusive right to use the certificate for a specified period of time in exchange for payment;
- W. "lease of equipment" means a contractual arrangement whereby a motor carrier obtains equipment owned by another for use by the motor carrier in the exercise of its operating authority;
- X. "license" means the operating authority issued by the commission to a broker;
 - Y. "motor carrier" means a person offering

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| compensated transportation by motor vehicle, | whether | i n |
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| intrastate or interstate commerce: | | |

- **7**.. "motor carrier agreement" means a tariff applying to two or more common motor carriers;
- AA. "motor carrier association" means any organization established or continued under a motor carrier agreement for the purpose of arriving at rate and tariff agreements or representing motor carriers that are parties to such agreements;
- BB. "not-for-profit" means an organization exempt from federal income taxation in accordance with Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or a not-forprofit motor club;
- CC. "operating authority" means a certificate, permit, license, registration receipt, ticket, temporary authority or emergency authority issued by the commission to a motor carrier or broker;
- "permit" means the operating authority issued by DD. the commission to intrastate contract motor carriers of passengers or household goods;
- "property" means any commodity having value but EE. does not include household goods;
- FF. "public highways" has the same meaning as is defined in Section 67-2-1 NMSA 1978;
 - GG. "registration receipt" means the document issued

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annually to a motor carrier operating in interstate commerce evidencing that proof of financial responsibility and safety has been filed with the base state and that the annual per vehicle fees have been paid for that registration year;

- HH. "registration year" means the period from
 January 1 to December 31;
- II. "regular route" means a fixed course to be traveled by a motor carrier's vehicles rendering service to, from or between various points in this state;
- JJ. "revocation" means the involuntary, permanent termination of all or part of an operating authority ordered by the commission for cause;
- KK. "school bus" means a motor vehicle operating under the authority of the state board of education or private school or parochial school interests that is used to transport children, students or teachers to and from schools or to and from any school activity, but not including any vehicle:
- (1) operated by a common motor carrier, subject to and meeting all requirements of the commission but not used exclusively for the transportation of pupils;
- (2) operated solely by a government owned transit authority, if the transit authority meets all safety requirements of the commission but is not used exclusively for the transportation of pupils; or
 - (3) operated as per capita feeder as provided

in Section 22-16-6 NMSA 1978;

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"ticket" means the operating authority issued by LL. the commission for a single trip by a charitable organization in a school bus:

"transfer" means a permanent sale of all or part MM of a certificate:

"transfer by operation of law" means that the ownership of or interest in a certificate passes to another by application of established rules of law, as upon inheritance, bequest, order in bankruptcy or insolvency, execution sale, repossession upon default in performance of the terms of a lease or executory sales contract or otherwise than by voluntary transfer:

- 00. "transportation services" means any service performed for compensation by a broker or by a motor carrier in motor vehicles operated by, for or in the interest of any motor carrier, irrespective of ownership;
- PP. "voluntary suspension" means the temporary nonuse of all or part of a certificate at the request of the certificate holder for a stated period of time or pending compliance with certain conditions; and
- "wrecker service" means the use of specialized **QQ**. equipment to transport:
- (1) wrecked, damaged, disabled or abandoned motor vehicles and their cargo;

| 2 | to repair wrecked, damaged, disabled or abandoned motor |
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| 3 | vehi cl es; |
| 4 | (3) vehicles whose driver has been declared |
| 5 | unable to drive by a duly authorized law enforcement officer; or |
| 6 | (4) vehicles repossessed, confiscated or seized |
| 7 | by any lawful authority. |
| 8 | Section 4. [NEW MATERIAL] POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF |
| 9 | COMMISSION |
| 10 | A. The commission shall: |
| 11 | (1) issue operating authorities for brokers and |
| 12 | motor carriers operating in New Mexico; |
| 13 | (2) require that tariffs for all intrastate |
| 14 | common motor carriers of passengers and household goods be filed |
| 15 | and approved before being put into effect; |
| 16 | (3) authorize changes in the certificates of |
| 17 | intrastate common motor carriers of passengers and household |
| 18 | goods; |
| 19 | (4) establish reasonable requirements with |
| 20 | respect to a uniform system of accounts, records and reports and |
| 21 | preservation of records for brokers and motor carriers; |
| 22 | (5) establish minimum requirements for |
| 23 | financial responsibility for brokers and motor carriers; |
| 24 | (6) establish safety regulations for intrastate |
| 25 | motor carrier motor vehicles and drivers with a gross vehicle |

vehicles to replace or parts and equipment

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weight above ten thousand pounds not inconsistent with motor transportation division of the taxation and revenue department regulations;

- (7) have the authority to adopt definitions not inconsistent with, or more stringent than, the terms defined in the current Section 390.5 of the Code of Federal Regulations;
- determine who shall be allowed to intervene (8) and protest an application for a certificate, permit or license and under what circumstances and to conduct default proceedings if no interested party intervenes after proper notice;
- expend money as may be necessary for the administration and enforcement of the single state registration and certificate of registration of insurance programs;
- establish and enforce vehicle and (10)equipment specifications for wrecker services;
- regulate all rates and charges of intrastate common motor carriers of passengers and household goods;
- (12)determine all matters of public convenience and necessity relating to motor carriers;
- (13)subpoena witnesses and enforce their attendance before the commission through a district court or the supreme court of New Mexico and through such court to punish for contempt;
 - (14)remove an order to the supreme court for

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failure of a person subject to such order to comply with it;

- hold public hearings as required; (15)
- adopt rules to implement its (16)constitutional powers; and
- require tariffs for wrecker services to be (17)filed and approved if the wrecker service performs the transportation without the prior written consent or authorization of the owner or operator of the motor vehicle as provided under Section 14501 of the ICC Termination Act of 1995.

В. The commission may:

- designate inspectors who may inspect the books and records of all motor carriers subject to the Motor Carrier Act and who shall have the powers of a commissioned peace officer in this state with respect to any law or rule that the commission is empowered to implement or enforce, excluding the powers granted to the taxation and revenue department in Section 65-1-6 NMSA 1978;
- (2) institute civil actions in its own name in the district court of Santa Fe county to enforce the Motor Carrier Act, its orders, rules and assessments of administrative fines, except for actions removable to the supreme court of New Mexico under Article 11, Section 7 of the constitution of New Mexico: and
- adopt rules to implement its additional (3)powers and effectuate the purpose and transportation policy of

the Motor Carrier Act.

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Section 5. [NEW MATERIAL] OPERATING AUTHORITIES IN GENERAL. - -

- A person shall file an application for an operating authority with the commission. The commission may approve an application in whole or in part or may deny the application.
- Applications for operating authorities shall be made in writing to the commission, shall be verified under oath and shall be in a form and contain information and be accompanied by proof of service on interested parties as the commission shall by rule require.
- Every applicant for an operating authority shall file with the commission an appointment in writing of a resident agent for service of process. Service upon the appointed agent of any order of the commission or of any lawful process of any court shall have the same effect as if service had been made personally upon the authorized entity within this state.
- D. Interstate operating authorities shall be effective from the date issued and shall remain in effect until terminated. Registration receipts for interstate motor carriers shall be effective only for the registration year for which they Tickets for a single trip shall be effective only are issued. for the trip for which the ticket is issued.
 - **E**.. No motor carrier shall furnish free

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transportation to passengers except to bona fide owners, officers or employees of the motor carriers and their dependents. Stockholders of incorporated motor carriers shall not be considered owners for purposes of this section.

F. All motor carriers shall carry their operating authority in every vehicle operated in New Mexico.

Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] CERTIFICATES FOR INTRASTATE

COMMON MOTOR CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS. --

- A. It is unlawful for a common motor carrier to provide compensated intrastate transportation of passengers without first having obtained a certificate from the commission.
- B. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall issue a certificate to a person authorizing that person to provide compensated intrastate transportation as a common motor carrier of passengers if, after notice and a public hearing, the commission finds that:
- (1) the person is fit, willing and able to provide the transportation to be authorized by the certificate and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission:
- (2) the person is in compliance with the safety and financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- (3) the transportation to be provided under the certificate is or will be required by the present or future

public convenience and necessity.

- C. The commission shall give special consideration to providing and maintaining service to small and rural communities.
- D. The commission shall not issue a certificate to an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers if it finds from the evidence that the service furnished by existing transportation companies in the territory for which a certificate is sought is reasonably adequate.
- E. Every certificate issued to an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers shall specify the service to be rendered; the territory to be served; the terminals between which service is to be provided; and, for regular route service, the routes, schedules and intermediate and off-route points on the route.
- Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] CERTIFICATES FOR INTRASTATE
 COMMON MOTOR CARRIERS OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS. --
- A. It is unlawful for any common motor carrier to provide compensated intrastate transportation of household goods without first having obtained a certificate from the commission.
- B. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall issue a certificate to a person authorizing that person to provide compensated intrastate transportation as a common motor carrier of household goods if, after notice and a public hearing, the commission finds that:

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- (1) the person is fit, willing and able to provide the transportation to be authorized by the certificate and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission:
- the person is in compliance with the safety **(2)** and financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission: and
- on the basis of evidence presented by persons supporting the issuance of the certificate, the service proposed will serve a useful public purpose, responsive to a public demand or need. For purposes of this requirement, the service proposed will be deemed to serve a useful public purpose, responsive to a public demand or need if the application is for authority to provide transportation:
- to any community not regularly served by an authorized intrastate common motor carrier of household goods:
- (b) for services that will be a direct substitute for abandoned rail service to a community if such abandonment results in the community not having any rail service and if the application is filed within one hundred twenty days after the abandonment has been approved by the commission or by the United States interstate commerce commission or its successor agency; or
 - for the United States government of (c)

used household goods that is incidental to a pack and crate service on behalf of the defense department.

- C. The commission shall not issue a certificate to an intrastate common motor carrier of household goods if it finds, on the basis of evidence presented by persons objecting to the issuance of a certificate, that the transportation to be authorized by the certificate is inconsistent with the public convenience and necessity.
- D. Before granting a certificate to an intrastate common motor carrier of household goods, the commission shall take into consideration the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act and the effect that issuance of the certificate would have on existing carriers; provided, however, the commission shall not find diversion of revenue or traffic from an existing carrier to be, in and of itself, inconsistent with the public convenience and necessity.
- E. Every certificate issued by the commission to an intrastate common motor carrier of household goods shall specify the service to be rendered; the territory to be served; the terminals between which service is to be provided; and, for regular route service, the routes, schedules and intermediate and off-route points on the route.

Section 8. [NEW MATERIAL] RATES. --

A. Every intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker services providing

intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 shall observe just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory rates and practices for the transportation services it provides, in furtherance of the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act. Reduced rates for students traveling between their homes and their schools and for persons sixty-five years of age or older shall not be considered discriminatory within the meaning of this section.

- B. Intrastate common motor carriers of passengers or household goods or wrecker services providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 shall establish with each other reasonable through routes and joint rates, charges and classifications. Participating carriers shall have the duty to establish just and reasonable practices in connection with such joint transportation and just, reasonable and equitable divisions of the joint rates adopted so as not to unduly prefer or prejudice any participating carrier.
- C. In proceedings to determine the reasonableness of rates for an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or for a wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 or a group of intrastate common motor carriers of passengers or household goods or a

group of wrecker services providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC

Termination Act of 1995, the commission shall authorize revenue levels that are adequate under honest, economical and efficient management to cover total operating expenses, including the operation of leased equipment and depreciation, plus a reasonable profit. The rules adopted by the commission to implement this section shall allow carriers to achieve revenue levels that will provide a flow of net income, plus depreciation, adequate to support prudent capital outlays, assure the repayment of a reasonable level of debt, permit the raising of needed equity capital and attract and retain capital in amounts adequate to provide a sound motor carrier transportation system in the state.

D. No intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 shall charge, or permit its bona fide agents or employees to charge, a greater or lesser or different compensation for transportation, or for any service rendered to or for the user of the service, other than the rates specified in the approved tariffs in effect at the time. The rates of an otherwise valid tariff are not applicable when payment for services is directly paid by a medicaid or medicare program.

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E. No intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 shall refund or remit in any manner or by any device, directly or indirectly, any portion of the rates specified in its approved tariff or extend to any user any privileges, facilities or services or do or perform any service or give, remit or refund anything of value except in accordance with tariffs and schedules approved by the commission.

F. A person may make complaint in writing to the commission that any rate, classification or practice is in violation of the Motor Carrier Act. Whenever, after hearing upon a complaint or after an investigation on its own initiative, the commission finds that an individual or joint rate demanded or collected by an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 or any classification or practice of any intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 affecting the rate is unjust, unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory, preferential or prejudicial, it shall determine and prescribe

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the lawful rate of the maximum or minimum rate to be observed or the lawful classification or practice to be made effective.

Section 9. [NEW MATERIAL] MOTOR CARRIER AGREEMENTS. --

An intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods may enter into an agreement with one or more other intrastate common motor carriers of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 concerning rates, charges between common motor carriers, compensation paid or received for the use of facilities and equipment, allowances, classifications, division or related practices or procedures for jointly considering, initiating or establishing them. laws do not apply to parties and other persons with respect to making or carrying out motor carrier agreements made in accordance with this section.

- No motor carrier agreement shall be effective В. without the prior approval of the commission, following notice The commission may impose such terms and and a public hearing. conditions upon approval of the agreement as the public interest may require.
- The commission shall not approve any motor carrier agreement unless:
- the agreement is in furtherance of the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act;

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- (2) any agreement between or among common motor carriers of different classes is limited to matters relating to transportation under joint rates or practices;
- (3) the agreement contains reasonable quorum standards to be applied for meetings of a motor carrier association:
- (4) each common motor carrier that is a party to an agreement files with the commission such information as the commission may by rule require; and
- (5) a motor carrier association approved in accordance with this section complies with the following requirements:
- (a) the motor carrier association may allow any member motor carrier to discuss any rate or practice proposal docketed; provided, only those motor carriers with authority to participate in the transportation to which the proposal applies may vote upon the proposal;
- (b) the motor carrier association may propose general rate increases or decreases or rate or practice restructuring of any motor carrier association tariff approved by the commission;
- (c) the motor carrier association shall not interfere with a common motor carrier's right to establish its own rates or practices and shall not change or cancel any independently established rate or practice;

| (d) the motor carrier association shall |
|--|
| not file a protest or complaint with the commission against any |
| tariff item independently published by or for the account of any |
| common motor carrier; |

- (e) the motor carrier association shall not permit one of its employees or an employee committee to docket or act upon any proposal effecting a change in any tariff item published by or for the account of any of its member motor carriers:
- (f) upon request, the motor carrier association shall divulge to any person the name of the proponent of a practice or rate docketed with it, shall admit any person to any meeting at which practices or rates will be discussed or voted upon and shall divulge to any person the vote cast by any member motor carrier on any proposal before the motor carrier association;
- (g) the motor carrier association shall not allow a motor carrier to vote on behalf of one or more other motor carriers without specific written, notarized authority from the motor carrier being represented; and
- (h) the motor carrier association shall make a final disposition of a practice or rate docketed with it by the one hundred twentieth day after the proposal is docketed, except that if unusual circumstances require, the motor carrier association may extend the period subject to review by the

commission.

- D. In any proceeding in which a party to the proceeding alleges that a motor carrier voted, discussed or agreed on a rate or allowance in violation of this section, that party has the burden of showing that the vote, discussion or agreement occurred. A showing of parallel behavior shall not satisfy that burden by itself.
- E. Each motor carrier association shall be subject to all the accounting, record keeping, reporting and inspection requirements of the commission's rules.
- F. The commission may, upon complaint or upon its own initiative, investigate and determine whether any agreement previously approved by it in accordance with this section is not in conformity with the requirements of this section or with the terms or conditions upon which approval of the agreement was granted. The commission may modify or terminate its approval of any agreement found not to be in continued conformity.

Section 10. [NEW MATERIAL] TARIFFS. --

A. It is unlawful for any intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 to commence operations or perform any new service under its certificate until rates and tariffs for the services to be performed have been approved by the commission after notice and

a public hearing.

- B. Every interstate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 shall file with the commission proposed tariffs showing all the rates and conditions for transportation and related services between points on its own routes and those of any common carrier by railroad or express when a through route and joint rate have been established. The rates shall be stated in terms of dollars and cents.
- C. It is unlawful for an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods or wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 to:
- (1) give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular persons, port, gateway, locality or region, district, territory or description of traffic in any respect; or
- (2) subject any particular person, port, gateway, locality, region, district, territory or description of traffic to any unjust discrimination or any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect; provided, this paragraph shall not be construed to apply to discrimination, prejudices or disadvantages to the traffic of

any other motor carrier.

Section 11. [NEW MATERIAL] TIME SCHEDULES. --

- A. Intrastate common motor carriers of passengers providing scheduled service to the general public shall file proposed time and service schedules with their application for a certificate. The time schedule shall be approved by the commission and filed for public inspection.
- B. Proposed changes in scheduled service shall be filed with the commission for approval not less than thirty days prior to the proposed effective date of the changed schedule. The commission may prescribe a lesser time within which the schedule may be made effective.
- C. Failure by an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers to operate the service on each day as scheduled shall result in appropriate penalties as the commission in its discretion shall determine.
- D. Time schedules shall in no instance be designed to require the operation of a motor vehicle between any given terminals or between any way stations at a rate of speed greater than the maximum speed allowed under the laws of this state.

Section 12. [NEW MATERIAL] CHANGES IN CERTIFICATES. --

- A. No change in a certificate, rate, tariff or motor carrier agreement shall be effective without the prior approval of the commission.
 - B. The commission may, after notice and a public

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hearing, authorize the following changes in all or part of any certificate at the request of the person holding the certificate if it finds:

- (1) for cancellation of a certificate, that the public convenience and necessity will not be harmed;
- (2) for a change in a rate or tariff or a change in a motor carrier agreement, that the proposed rates are just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory;
- (3) for a change in ownership other than by operation of law, that the new owner is fit, willing and able to provide the authorized transportation services and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission;
- (4) for endorsement of a certificate as a common motor carrier of passengers that:
- (a) the applicant is fit, willing and able to provide the transportation services to be authorized by the endorsed certificate and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission;
- (b) the applicant is in compliance with the safety and financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- (c) the transportation to be provided under the endorsed certificate is or will be required by the present or future public convenience and necessity;
 - (5) for endorsement of a certificate as a

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common motor carrier of household goods that:

the person is fit, willing and able (a) to provide the transportation to be authorized by the certificate and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission:

- the applicant is in compliance with the safety and financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- on the basis of evidence presented by persons supporting the issuance of the certificate, the service proposed will serve a useful public purpose, responsive to a public demand or need:
- for lease of a certificate as a common motor carrier of passengers or household goods that the lessee is fit, willing and able to provide the authorized transportation services and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission:
- (7) for voluntary suspension of a certificate that it is reasonably necessary;
- (8) for transfer of a certificate as a common motor carrier of passengers or household goods, and for subsequent transfer of a certificate as a common motor carrier of passengers or household goods from a transferee by operation of law, that:
 - the new owner is fit, willing and (a)

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| 4 | (b) the transfer if |
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| 5 | equi pment; |
| 6 | (c) the transferor |
| 7 | part of the certificate to be transferred |
| 8 | reasonably continuous and adequate service |
| 9 | application for transfer; |
| 10 | (d) all accrued tax |
| 11 | employees and all other indebtedness perta |
| 12 | certificate, or part of the certificate, p |
| 13 | transferred has been paid; |
| 14 | (e) the transfer wi |
| 15 | of destroying competition or creating a mo |
| 16 | (f) the transfer wo |
| 17 | inconsistent with the public interest; and |
| 18 | (9) for transfer by opera |
| 19 | commission shall approve the application u |
| 20 | believe that the transferee by operation o |
| 21 | willing and able to provide the authorized |
| 22 | services and to comply with the rules of t |
| 23 | Section 13. [NEW MATERIAL] PROTESTS |
| 24 | CERTIFICATE OR FOR A CHANGE IN A CERTIFICA |
| 25 | CARRIER OF PASSENGERS OR HOUSEHOLD GOODS |

able to provide the authorized transportation services and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission;

- includes operating
- of the certificate or has rendered e prior to the
- xes, rents, wages of nining to the proposed to be
- ll not have the effect onopoly; and
- ould not be
- ation of law, the inless it has reason to of law may not be fit, l transportation he commission.
- S OF APPLICATIONS FOR A ATE AS A COMMON MOTOR

| 1 | A. No contract motor carrier may protest an |
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| 2 | application for a certificate or for a change in a certificate. |
| 3 | B. No common motor carrier may protest an |
| 4 | application for a certificate or for a change in a certificate |
| 5 | unl ess: |
| 6 | (1) it possesses authority to handle, in whole |
| 7 | or in part, the traffic for which authority is applied; |
| 8 | (2) it is willing and able to provide service |
| 9 | that meets the reasonable needs of the shippers involved; and |
| 10 | (3) at least one of the three following factors |
| 11 | is true: |
| 12 | (a) it has performed service within the |
| 13 | scope of the application during the previous twelve-month period |
| 14 | or has, actively and in good faith, solicited service within the |
| 15 | scope of the application during such period; |
| 16 | (b) it has pending before the commission |
| 17 | an application filed prior to the application being considered |
| 18 | for substantially the same traffic; or |
| 19 | (c) the commission grants leave to |
| 20 | intervene upon a showing of other interests that are not |
| 21 | contrary to the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act. |
| 22 | Section 14. [NEW MATERIAL] PERMITS FOR CONTRACT MOTOR |
| 23 | CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS OR HOUSEHOLD GOODS |
| 24 | A. It is unlawful for any contract motor carrier to |

provide compensated intrastate transportation of passengers or

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household goods without first having obtained a permit from the commission.

- B. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall issue a permit to a person authorizing that person to provide compensated intrastate transportation as a contract motor carrier of passengers or household goods if, after notice and a public hearing, the commission finds that:
- the person is fit, willing and able to provide the transportation to be authorized by the permit and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission:
- the person is in compliance with the safety and financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- the transportation to be provided under the (3) permit is or will be consistent with the public interest and the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act.
- C. Before granting a permit to an intrastate contract motor carrier of passengers, the commission shall consi der:
- (1) the number of customers to be served by the carri er;
- the nature of the transportation proposed (2) to be provided;
 - whether granting the permit would endanger (3)

or impair the operations of motor carriers protesting the application for a permit to an extent contrary to the public interest;

- (4) the effect that denying the permit would have on the person applying for the permit and its customers;
 and
- (5) the changing character of the requirements of the applicant's customers.
- D. The commission shall not issue a permit to an intrastate contract motor carrier of passengers unless it is established by competent evidence that the authority sought will not impair the efficient public service of any certificated intrastate common motor carrier of passengers then adequately serving the same territory.
- E. Before granting a permit to an intrastate contract motor carrier of household goods, the commission shall consider:
- (1) whether granting the permit would endanger or impair the operations of carriers protesting the application for a permit to an extent contrary to the public interest; and
- (2) the effect that denying the permit would have on the person applying for the permit and its customers.
- F. Each intrastate contract motor carrier of passengers or household goods shall file with the commission each contract under which it intends to operate. The commission

shall approve a contract and authorize operations if it finds that the contract is consistent with the public interest, the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act and the provisions of this section.

- G. Every permit issued by the commission shall specify the business of the intrastate contract motor carrier, the scope of the authority granted to it and the terms, conditions and limitations of the authority.
- H. The commission shall not limit any intrastate contract motor carrier of passengers or household goods to a fixed number of contracts.
- I. Intrastate contract motor carriers of passengers or household goods shall dedicate equipment for use in providing transportation services under any contract.

Section 15. [NEW MATERIAL] PROTESTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR A PERMIT AS A CONTRACT MOTOR CARRIER OF PASSENGERS OR HOUSEHOLD GOODS. -- No motor carrier may protest an application to provide transportation as an intrastate contract motor carrier of passengers or household goods unless:

- A. it possesses the operating authority to handle, in whole or in part, the traffic for which application is made;
- B. it is willing and able to provide service that meets the reasonable needs of the shippers involved; and
- C. it has performed service within the scope of the application during the previous twelve-month period or has,

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- D. it has pending before the commission an application filed prior in time to the application being considered for substantially the same traffic; or
- E. the commission grants leave to intervene upon a showing of other interests that are not contrary to the transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act.
- Section 16. [NEW MATERIAL] CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF INSURANCE. --
- A. It is unlawful for a motor carrier to provide compensated intrastate transportation of property without first having obtained a certificate of registration of insurance from the commission.
- B. The commission shall issue a certificate of registration of insurance to a person if the commission finds that the person is in compliance with the:
- (1) financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission;
- (2) safety requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- (3) requirement that it file a tariff if the person is a wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995.

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- C. No certificate of registration of insurance may be transferred or leased to another person.
- D. Notice and a hearing shall not be required prior to the issuance of a certificate of registration of insurance except in the case of a wrecker service providing intrastate transportation of motor vehicles as defined in Section 14501(c) of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 and then only for approval of the tariff filed by the wrecker service under this subsection.
- E. The commission shall promulgate rules that allow for the electronic filing of an application for a certificate of registration of insurance and for electronic payment of the application fee.

Section 17. [NEW MATERIAL] LICENSES. --

- A. It is unlawful for a person to operate as a broker in this state without having first obtained a license from the commission.
- B. The commission may waive the requirements for notice and a hearing and issue a license to a person authorizing that person to act as a broker if the commission finds that:
- (1) the applicant is fit, willing and able to provide the services to be authorized by the license and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission; and
- (2) the transportation services to be provided under the license will promote the public interest and the

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transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act.

- In the execution of an agreement to sell, furnish or arrange for transportation, it is unlawful for a broker to employ any intrastate motor carrier not authorized by the commission.
- No intrastate motor carrier holding a certificate or permit from the commission, or bona fide employee or agent of that motor carrier, is required to obtain a license as a broker from the commission for transportation services to be furnished wholly by the motor carrier or jointly with other motor carriers holding certificates or permits, or with a common carrier by railroad or express.

TICKETS FOR A SINGLE TRIP. --Section 18. [NEW MATERIAL] The commission may, without requiring notice or a public hearing, issue a ticket for a single trip by a charitable organization in a school bus if:

- the commission determines that no intrastate common or contract motor carrier of passengers is available for the trip described in the application for the single-trip ticket:
- B. the school buses are in compliance with all school bus safety requirements established by the state transportation director pursuant to Sections 22-16-2 and 22-16-11 NMSA 1978; and
 - the school buses are in compliance with the

financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission.

Section 19. [NEW MATERIAL] INTERSTATE MOTOR CARRIERS. --

A. It is unlawful for a motor carrier engaged in interstate commerce to provide compensated interstate transportation of passengers or property on state highways without first having obtained a registration receipt from a base state. The commission shall issue registration receipts without requiring notice or a public hearing.

- B. The commission may collect an annual per motor vehicle fee, enter into agreements with state agencies and other state governments and promulgate all rules necessary to enable New Mexico to participate in the single state registration system for interstate motor carriers subject to regulation by the interstate commerce commission pursuant to Section 4005 of the federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 and implementing regulations promulgated by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency.
- C. The commission may collect an annual per motor vehicle fee, enter into agreements with state agencies and other state governments and promulgate all rules necessary to enable New Mexico to participate in the single state registration system for interstate motor carriers transporting commodities exempt from regulation by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency.

| D. The commission shall require an application, |
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| proof of financial responsibility and a registration receipt |
| showing that the annual per motor vehicle fees have been paid |
| for New Mexico from an interstate motor carrier transporting |
| commodities exempt from regulation by the interstate commerce |
| commission or its successor agency in interstate commerce on a |
| state highway, but shall not require payment of duplicate annual |
| per motor vehicle fees from an interstate motor carrier |
| transporting both exempt and regulated commodities. |

E. Compliance by an interstate motor carrier with the provisions of the federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 shall not authorize a motor carrier to provide any intrastate transportation services in New Mexico. An interstate motor carrier wishing to provide intrastate motor carrier services shall obtain the appropriate operating authority from the commission.

Section 20. [NEW MATERIAL] TEMPORARY AUTHORITY FOR

INTRASTATE MOTOR CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS OR HOUSEHOLD GOODS. --

- A. The commission may waive the requirements for notice and a public hearing and grant temporary operating authority to an intrastate motor carrier of passengers or household goods for a period not to exceed ninety days when:
- (1) there is an urgent and immediate need for such service to, from or between a point or points within a territory;

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- **(2)** there is no authorized intrastate motor carrier of passengers or household goods deemed capable of meeting the need;
- the applicant for temporary authority has an application for a certificate, permit or endorsement of a certificate pending before the commission; and
- it would be in furtherance of the (4) transportation policy of the Motor Carrier Act.
- В. Satisfactory proof of urgent and immediate need shall be made by affidavit or other verified proof as the commission shall by rule prescribe.
- After temporary authority has been granted, the commission shall notify any motor carrier already authorized to perform all or part of the service temporarily authorized and, upon application in writing by the motor carrier, shall hold hearings and make such further determination with respect to temporary authority as the public interest may require.
- D. An applicant for temporary authority as a common motor carrier shall file tariffs covering the transportation services for which temporary authority is being sought.
- Ε. Intrastate motor carriers operating under temporary authority shall comply with all financial responsibility and safety requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission.
 - The grant of temporary authority may be extended F.

as deemed necessary by the commission.

G. Issuance of the temporary authority shall create no presumption that permanent authority will be granted.

Section 21. [NEW MATERIAL] EMERGENCY AUTHORITY. --

- A. The commission may, without notice or a public hearing, grant emergency operating authority to a person to provide transportation services for which there is an urgent and immediate need within a territory having no transportation services deemed capable of meeting the need when the commission finds it necessary to protect the public health and safety.
- B. Satisfactory proof of urgent and immediate need for transportation services to protect the public health and safety shall be made by affidavit or other verified proof as the commission may prescribe.
- C. The commission may grant emergency operating authority for a period not to exceed thirty days. The grant of emergency authority may be extended if deemed necessary by the commission.

Section 22. [NEW MATERIAL] EQUIPMENT LEASES AND INTERCHANGE AGREEMENTS. --

A. It is unlawful for intrastate common motor carriers of passengers or household goods to lease or interchange equipment or to operate such equipment without first having obtained approval of each equipment lease or interchange agreement from the commission.

| B. A separate equipment lease or interchange | | | |
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| agreement shall be filed for each motor vehicle to be leased or | | | |
| interchanged. | | | |

- C. The commission shall disapprove a proposed equipment lease or interchange agreement if it finds that the purpose of the equipment lease or interchange agreement is to circumvent any rule of the commission pertaining to the status, service, classification of facilities or rates of authorized motor carriers or the financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the commission's rules.
- D. Leases and equipment interchange agreements shall specify which of the two parties to the agreement are responsible for complying with the financial responsibility and safety requirements of the Motor Carrier Act and the rules of the commission.

Section 23. [NEW MATERIAL] HOUSEHOLD GOODS OPERATIONS. --

- A. Each intrastate common motor carrier of household goods is responsible for all acts or omissions of any of its agents that relate to the performance of household goods transportation services, including accessorial or terminal services, that are within the actual or apparent authority of the agent derived from the common motor carrier or that are ratified by the common motor carrier.
- B. The commission shall adopt rules for the following elements of household goods motor carrier operations:

| 1 | (1) rates; | |
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| 2 | (2) estimates; | |
| 3 | (3) inventory; | |
| 4 | (4) wei ghi ng; | |
| 5 | (5) receipts and bills of lading; | |
| 6 | (6) liability based on value between the motor | |
| 7 | carrier and the shipper; | |
| 8 | (7) joint transportation between motor | |
| 9 | carri ers; | |
| 10 | (8) household goods agents; and | |
| 11 | (9) dispute settlement programs. | |
| 12 | C. In adopting rules for motor carriers of household | |
| 13 | goods, the commission shall take into account at least the | |
| 14 | following: | |
| 15 | (1) the level of performance that can be | |
| 16 | achieved by a well-managed motor carrier of household goods; | |
| 17 | (2) the degree of harm to individual shippers | |
| 18 | that could result from a violation of the rule; | |
| 19 | (3) the need to deter abuses that result in | |
| 20 | harm to consumers; | |
| 21 | (4) service requirements of the motor carriers; | |
| 22 | (5) the cost of compliance in relation to the | |
| 23 | consumer benefits to be achieved from such compliance; and | |
| 24 | (6) the need to encourage motor carriers to | |
| 25 | offer service responsive to shipper needs. | |
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| D. Antitrust laws do not apply to discussions or | | |
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| agreements between a motor carrier of household goods and its | | |
| authorized agents whether or not an agent is also a motor | | |
| carrier, related solely to: | | |
| (1) rates for the transportation of househol | | |
| goods under the authority of the principal motor carrier; | | |

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- (2) accessorial, terminal, storage or other charges for transportation services incidental to the transportation of household goods transported under the authority of the principal motor carrier;
- (3) allowances relating to transportation of household goods under the authority of the principal motor carrier; or
- (4) ownership of a motor carrier of household goods by an agent or membership on the board of directors of any such common motor carrier by an agent.
- E. Antitrust laws do not apply to any charge for a cost estimate for transportation of household goods provided by an intrastate common motor carrier of household goods to a shipper.
- Section 24. [NEW MATERIAL] FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
 REQUIREMENTS. --
- A. It is unlawful for a motor carrier to operate on state highways without having filed with the commission proof of financial responsibility in the form and amounts as the

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commission shall by rule prescribe.

- In prescribing minimum requirements for financial responsibility for motor carriers operating on public highways in this state, the commission shall take into consideration:
- the creation of sufficient incentives to motor carriers to maintain and operate their equipment in a safe manner; and
- all other factors necessary to assure that motor carriers maintain an appropriate level of financial responsi bi lity.
- C. The commission may authorize a motor carrier to carry its own insurance if the superintendent of insurance approves the motor carrier's program of self-insurance.
- Notwithstanding any requirement of the New Mexico D. Insurance Code to the contrary, the commission may accept proof of public liability insurance from an insurer not authorized in New Mexico if:
- (1) the insurance is for an interstate motor carrier transporting commodities exempt from regulation by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency participating in the single state registration program for such motor carriers; and
- the insurer is authorized to write public **(2)** liability insurance in at least one other state.
 - Section 25. [NEW MATERIAL] SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR MOTOR

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VEHICLES USED IN COMPENSATED TRANSPORTATION. -- The safety requirements for motor vehicles and the drivers used by motor carriers on state highways are the federal motor carrier safety regulations and the federal hazardous materials regulations found at Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 40, 325, 382, 383, 385, 386, 387, 390 through 397 and 399 with the variances adopted by the motor transportation division of the taxation and revenue department.

Section 26. [NEW MATERIAL] INVOLUNTARY SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF OPERATING AUTHORITIES--REINSTATEMENT.--

The motor transportation division of the taxation and revenue department without notice or public hearing may order immediate involuntary suspension or revocation of an operating authority or may order a motor vehicle to be taken out of service for violation of any requirement of the Motor Carrier Act or the commission rules relating to safety or financial responsibility, if such violation would endanger the public health or safety. A motor carrier may protest such action before the commission only if the motor carrier files a petition and requests a hearing before the commission within ten days of being placed out of service and if it thinks the action was In the alternative, the motor carrier taken without good cause. may be reinstated upon compliance with the motor transportation division director's out-of-service order pursuant to the Motor Carrier Safety Act.

B.

| 2 | commission's own initiative after notice and a public hearing |
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| 3 | may order involuntary suspension or revocation, in whole or in |
| 4 | part, of any operating authority for failure to: |
| 5 | (1) comply with any provision of the Motor |
| 6 | Carrier Act; |
| 7 | (2) comply with any lawful order or rule of the |
| 8 | commission; |
| 9 | (3) comply with any term, condition or |
| 10 | limitation of any operating authority; or |
| 11 | (4) render reasonably continuous service under |
| 12 | a certificate or permit. |
| 13 | C. The commission may approve an application for |
| 14 | reinstatement of an operating authority following involuntary |
| 15 | suspension if it finds, after notice and a public hearing that: |
| 16 | (1) the holder of the operating authority is |
| 17 | fit, willing and able to provide the authorized transportation |
| 18 | services and to comply with the Motor Carrier Act and the rules |
| 19 | of the commission; |
| 20 | (2) the reasons for the involuntary suspension |
| 21 | no longer pertain; and |
| 22 | (3) the person has paid the required |
| 23 | application and filing fees. |
| 24 | Section 27. [NEW MATERIAL] DESIGNATION BY OPERATION OF |
| 25 | LAW OF AN AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS |

The commission upon complaint or on the

A. If a motor carrier or broker holding an operating authority from the commission operates without appointing a resident agent for service of process or the commission has unsuccessfully attempted to serve an order upon the designated registered agent, the motor carrier or broker shall be deemed to have appointed the secretary of state as its resident agent for service of process in any action or proceeding against the motor carrier or broker growing out of any accident, collision or transaction in which the motor carrier or broker may be involved by operating in this state.

- B. If the secretary of state is served with process directed to a motor carrier or broker holding an operating authority from the commission, the secretary of state shall forward the order or process by certified mail to the motor carrier or broker at the address shown on its last change of address report, its last annual report or its last application with respect to its operating authority, whichever is most recent. The secretary of state shall file a certificate of service with the commission, which shall be accepted as prima facie proof of service.
- C. A fee shall be assessed as costs in the proceeding for each process from a court served upon the secretary of state. No fee shall be charged for service of a commission order.

Section 28. [NEW MATERIAL] NOTICE. -- Whenever the

constitution of New Mexico or the Motor Carrier Act requires publication of notice regarding a matter before the commission, such requirement shall be met if notice is published once in a newspaper of general circulation not less than ten days prior to the date set for a hearing on the matter.

Section 29. [NEW MATERIAL] ANNUAL REPORTS-CONFIDENTIALITY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION. --

A. The commission may, in its discretion, require motor carriers and brokers holding operating authority from the commission to prepare and transmit to the commission an annual report of its operations. The report shall be in the form, contain information and be due on a date as the commission may by rule require.

B. Any financial data filed by motor carriers in annual reports shall not be made available for examination by the public.

Section 30. [NEW MATERIAL] ACCESS TO INFORMATION--PRODUCTION OF INFORMATION.--

- A. The commission or its duly authorized agent shall, at all times, have access to:
- (1) all lands, buildings or equipment of motor carriers and brokers used in connection with their operations;
 and
- (2) all pertinent accounts, records, documents and memoranda required to be kept by motor carriers and brokers.

| B. The commission, by order, may require a motor |
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| carrier or broker subject to the Motor Carrier Act, or any of |
| their officers or agents, to produce at such reasonable times |
| and places as it may designate, any books, records, accounts or |
| documents kept in any office or place without or within this |
| state, or certified copies of such documents, whenever their |
| production is reasonably required and pertinent to any matter |
| before the commission, in order that an examination of them may |
| be made by the commission or by a person employed by the |
| commission. |

C. The motor transportation division of the taxation and revenue department shall furnish to the commission all information needed by the commission to carry out its responsibilities when such information is obtainable only in the field by patrolling state public highways, establishing ports of entry, setting up roadblocks or similar activities for the purpose of checking motor carriers.

Section 31. [NEW MATERIAL] FEES--FUND CREATED-DISTRIBUTION. --

- A. The commission shall charge and collect the stated fee for filing an application for:
- (1) a certificate as an intrastate common motor carrier of passengers or household goods, two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);
 - (2) a permit as an intrastate contract motor

| 1 | carrier of passengers or household goods, two hundred fifty |
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| 2 | dollars (\$250); |
| 3 | (3) a certificate of registration of insurance |
| 4 | as an intrastate motor carrier of property or as a not-for- |
| 5 | profit intrastate motor carrier of passengers, ten dollars |
| 6 | (\$10.00); |
| 7 | (4) a license as a broker, one hundred dollars |
| 8 | (\$100); |
| 9 | (5) an intrastate temporary authority as a |
| 10 | common or contract motor carrier of passengers or household |
| 11 | goods, one hundred dollars (\$100); and |
| 12 | (6) a ticket for a single trip, ten dollars |
| 13 | (\$10.00). |
| 14 | B. The commission shall charge and collect the |
| 15 | stated fee for filing an application for: |
| 16 | (1) a change in an intrastate rate or tariff, |
| 17 | two hundred dollars (\$200); |
| 18 | (2) approval of a motor carrier agreement, two |
| 19 | hundred dollars (\$200); |
| 20 | (3) the lease, transfer or change in ownership |
| 21 | of a certificate, two hundred dollars (\$200); |
| 22 | (4) reinstatement of a certificate or permit |
| 23 | after involuntary suspension, one hundred dollars (\$100); |
| 24 | (5) reinstatement of a license after |
| 25 | involuntary suspension, forty dollars (\$40.00); |
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| 1 | (6) each extension of temporary authority, |
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| 2 | fifty dollars (\$50.00); |
| 3 | (7) voluntary suspension of a certificate, |
| 4 | fifteen dollars (\$15.00); and |
| 5 | (8) a change in name, ten dollars (\$10.00). |
| 6 | C. The commission shall charge and collect the |
| 7 | following miscellaneous fees: |
| 8 | (1) for filing an amended application for a |
| 9 | certificate or a permit or for lease or transfer of a |
| 10 | certificate: |
| 11 | (a) fifty dollars (\$50.00) if it is |
| 12 | necessary to vacate and reschedule the hearing and temporary |
| 13 | authority has not yet been issued; and |
| 14 | (b) one hundred dollars (\$100) if either |
| 15 | the hearing needs to be vacated and rescheduled or temporary |
| 16 | authority has been issued; |
| 17 | (2) for filing requests to vacate and |
| 18 | reschedule a hearing, fifty dollars (\$50.00); |
| 19 | (3) for filing proof of financial |
| 20 | responsibility for public liability, fifteen dollars (\$15.00) |
| 21 | per filing; |
| 22 | (4) for filing proof of financial |
| 23 | responsibility for cargo liability, fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per |
| 24 | filing; |
| 25 | (5) for filing a lease or equipment interchange |
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agreement, five dollars (\$5.00) per motor vehicle leased or interchanged;

- (6) for other miscellaneous filings, five dollars (\$5.00) per document;
- (7) for certifying copies of any record, order
 or operating authority, fifteen dollars (\$15.00);
- (8) for copies of written commission documents or records, one dollar (\$1.00) per page, in addition to any applicable certification charge;
- (9) for copies of other commission records, including magnetic tape and computer diskettes, an amount set by the commission, in addition to any applicable certification charge; and
- (10) for registration receipts for interstate motor carriers, ten dollars (\$10.00) per motor vehicle per registration year or portion of a registration year.
- D. The secretary of state shall charge and collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each process from a court served upon the secretary of state as the designated agent for service of process by operation of law. No fee shall be charged for a service of any order of the commission.
- E. The "motor transportation fee fund" is created in the state treasury. All fees shall be collected by the commission or the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department at the time the service is provided, and

shall be remitted to the state treasurer and deposited in the fund. At the end of each month, the state treasurer shall transfer the unencumbered balance in the fund to the state road fund.

- F. Whenever a fee has been erroneously paid, the person having paid the fee may apply in writing to the commission for a refund no later than sixty days after the payment. Upon approval of the application by the commission, the amount erroneously paid shall be refunded from the fund to the person who made the payment.
- G. All applications shall be fully completed within sixty days or the fee submitted with the application shall be forfeited to the state. If the applicant desires to renew the application, the applicant shall pay another fee in the same amount as the original.

Section 32. [NEW MATERIAL] ACTIONS TO VACATE COMMISSION ORDER. --

A. A party in interest dissatisfied with an order of the commission not removable to the supreme court of New Mexico under the provisions of Article 11, Section 7 of the constitution of New Mexico may commence an action in the district court for Santa Fe county against the commission as defendant to vacate and set aside the order on the ground that it is unlawful or unreasonable. In such proceeding, the court may grant relief by inunction, mandamus or other extraordinary

remedy. In any action, the complaint shall be served with the summons. The person who files the complaint shall, by certified mail, send a copy of the complaint to all persons who participated as parties in the action before the commission.

- B. The commission's answer to the complaint shall be served and filed within thirty days after service of the complaint.
- C. A person not a party to the action but having an interest in the subject may be made a party.
- D. All such actions shall have precedence over any civil cause of a different nature.
- E. Every action to vacate or amend an order of the commission or to enjoin the enforcement of the order or to prevent the order from becoming effective shall be commenced, and every appeal to the courts or right of recourse to the courts shall be taken or exercised, within thirty days after the entry, of the order. The right to commence an action or to take or exercise any appeal or right of recourse to the courts shall terminate absolutely at the end of thirty days.
- F. A substantial compliance by the commission with the requirements of the Motor Carrier Act shall be sufficient to give effect to all rules, orders and acts of the commission, and they shall not be declared inoperative, illegal or void for any omission of a technical nature.
 - G. A party to the action, within thirty days after

service of a copy of the order or judgment of the district court, may appeal to the supreme court, and the cause shall be placed on the calendar of the then pending term and shall be assigned and brought to a hearing in the same manner as other causes on the calendar.

H. In such actions and proceedings in court, all processes shall be served and the practice and rules of evidence shall be the same as in civil actions, except as otherwise provided.

Section 33. [NEW MATERIAL] EXEMPTIONS. -- The Motor Carrier Act shall not apply to the following:

A. school buses, or the use of school buses to provide emergency transportation in accordance with the Emergency Transportation Act; provided, school buses shall be subject to all applicable school bus safety provisions established by the state transportation director pursuant to Sections 22-16-2 and 22-16-11 NMSA 1978;

- B. United States mail carriers operating star routes, unless they are engaged in other business as common or contract motor carriers of passengers or household goods;
- C. hearses, funeral coaches or any other motor vehicle belonging to or operated in connection with the business of a funeral service practitioner licensed by the state;
- D. a county or municipal public transportation system;

| E. intrastate farm carriers transporting u | ınprocessed |
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| farm products from the place of harvesting to market, | to storage |
| or to a processing plant or hauling livestock in lots | of less |
| than twenty-five thousand pounds; or | |
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F. private carriers.

Section 34. [NEW MATERIAL] TRANSITION. --

- A. Certificates and permits issued to intrastate motor carriers of passengers or household goods by the commission under the authority of previous acts shall remain in effect, subject to the provisions of the Motor Carrier Act and the commission's rules.
- B. Certificates and permits issued to intrastate motor carriers of property by the commission under the authority of previous acts are void on the effective date of the Motor Carrier Act.
- C. Warrants issued to intrastate motor carriers of property by the commission pursuant to its rules are void on the effective date of the Motor Carrier Act. The commission shall issue instead a certificate of proof of insurance to intrastate motor carriers of property previously holding warrants, provided the motor carrier has valid and current proof of financial responsibility on file with the commission on the effective date of the Motor Carrier Act.

Section 35. [NEW MATERIAL] EFFECT ON MUNICIPAL POWERS. -- Nothing in the Motor Carrier Act shall be construed to limit or

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restrict the powers of home-rule municipalities except as otherwise provided by law.

Section 36. [NEW MATERIAL] ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES. --

- Whenever, after investigation, the commission finds that any provision of the Motor Carrier Act or any order or rule of the commission is being, has been or is about to be violated, it may make and enter of record an order in the premises, specifying the actual or proposed act or omission that constitutes a real or proposed violation and requiring that the violation be discontinued or rectified, or both, or that it be prevented.
- В. Notwithstanding the existence of any other penalties, the commission may assess administrative fines of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation of any provision of the Motor Carrier Act or of any lawful rule or order of the commission. In case of a continuing violation, each day's violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense.
- C. Notwithstanding the existence of any other penalties, the commission may assess administrative fines of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) against any shipper knowingly using common or contract motor carriers not properly certified by the commission.
- A person shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a first violation

and not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each subsequent violation if that person knowingly engages in or authorizes an agent or other person to:

- (1) falsify the documents used in the transportation of household goods that evidence the weight of the shipment; or
- (2) charge for accessorial services that are not performed or for which the motor carrier is not entitled to be compensated in any case in which such services are not reasonably necessary for the safe and adequate movement of the shipment.
- E. All penalties accruing under the Motor Carrier

 Act shall be cumulative, and a suit for recovery of one penalty

 shall not be a bar to or affect the recovery of any other

 penalty or forfeiture or be a bar to any criminal prosecution

 under the Motor Carrier Act.

Section 37. [NEW MATERIAL] CRIMINAL PENALTIES. --

- A. Any person who knowingly makes a false statement of material fact under oath, whether oral or in writing, as required by the Motor Carrier Act or the rules of the commission, is guilty of perjury, and upon conviction shall be punished as provided for in the perjury statutes of this state.
- B. Any person who willfully makes a false report to the commission or to any member or employee of the commission, and any person who knowingly aids or abets such person, is

- C. Any person who willfully makes a false entry in the accounts or records required by the Motor Carrier Act or the rules of the commission, or willfully destroys, mutilates or by any other means willfully falsifies the accounts or records, or willfully neglects or fails to make full, true and correct entries of all facts is guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be imprisoned for a definite term not to exceed five years.
- D. Any employee of the commission who divulges any fact or information coming to his knowledge respecting an inspection, examination or investigation of an account, record, memorandum, book or paper or of the property and facilities of a motor carrier, except insofar as he is authorized by the commission or a court of competent jurisdiction, is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- E. Weight-bumping consists of the knowing and willful making or securing of a fraudulent weight on a shipment of household goods that is subject to the jurisdiction of the commission under the Motor Carrier Act. Any person who commits weight-bumping is guilty of a felony and upon conviction for each offense shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or

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imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.

- F. Any person who violates or who procures, aids or abets in the violation of any provision of the Motor Carrier Act or of any lawful rule or order of the commission is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment for a definite term of not more than ninety days or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
- It is the duty of any commissioned law enforcement officer of this state or local governmental entity to make arrests and the district attorneys and attorney general to prosecute all violations of the Motor Carrier Act.

Section 38. Section 66-7-413 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 484, as amended) is amended to read:

PERMITS FOR EXCESSIVE SIZE AND WEIGHT--SPECIAL "66-7-413. NOTIFICATION REQUIRED ON MOVEMENT OF MANUFACTURED HOMES. --

The department and local highway authorities may, Α. in their discretion, upon application in writing and good cause being shown, issue a special permit in writing authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle or load of a size or weight exceeding the maximum specified in Sections 66-7-401 through 66-7-416 NMSA 1978 on any highway under the jurisdiction of the state highway commission or local authorities. for the movement of manufactured homes, a permit may be granted, in cases of emergency, for the transportation of loads on a certain unit or combination of equipment for a specified period

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of time not to exceed one year, and the permit shall contain the route to be traversed, the type of load to be transported and any other restrictions or conditions deemed necessary by the body granting the permit. In every other case, the permit shall be issued for a single trip and may designate the route to be traversed and contain any other restrictions or conditions deemed necessary by the body granting the permit. Every permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it refers and shall be opened for inspection to any peace officer. It is a misdemeanor for any person to violate any of the conditions or terms of the special permit.

- The department shall charge and collect, when the movement consists of any load of a width of twenty feet or greater for a distance of five miles or more, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) a day or fraction thereof to defray the cost of state or local police escort. The permit issued and the fee charged shall be based upon the entire movement at one time requiring police escort and not upon the number of vehicles i nvol ved.
- The department shall promulgate regulations in C. accordance with the State Rules Act pertaining to safety practices, liability insurance and equipment for escort vehicles provided by the motor carrier himself and for escort vehicles provided by a private business in this state.
 - If a motor carrier provides his own escort (1)

escort fee but shall provide the motor carrier escort personnel with a copy of applicable regulations and shall inspect the escort vehicles for the safety equipment required by the regulations. If the escort vehicles and personnel meet the requirements set forth in the regulations and if the motor carrier holds a valid certificate of [public convenience and necessity or permit, as] registration of insurance or registration receipt, whichever is applicable, issued pursuant to [Chapter 65, Article 2 NMSA 1978] the Motor Carrier Act, the department shall issue the special permit.

business, the business shall have applied to the state corporation commission for and been issued a [permit or] certificate [to operate as a contract or common motor carrier] of registration of insurance pursuant to [Chapter 65, Article 2 NMSA 1978] the Motor Carrier Act. The state corporation commission shall supply copies of applicable regulations to the business by mail and shall supply additional copies upon request. If the escort vehicles and personnel meet the requirements set forth in the regulations and if the escort service holds a certificate of registration of insurance, the special permit shall be issued and the department shall not charge an escort fee.

(3) The movement of vehicles upon the highways

of this state requiring a special permit and required to use an escort of the type noted in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection is subject to department authority and inspection at all times.

- department shall conduct engineering investigations and engineering inspections to determine which four-lane highways are safe for the operation or movement of manufactured homes without an escort. After making that determination, the state highway and transportation department shall hold public hearings in the area of the state affected by the determination, after which it may adopt regulations designating those four-lane highways as being safe for the operation or movement of manufactured homes without an escort. If any portion of such a four-lane highway lies within the boundaries of a municipality, the state highway and transportation department, after obtaining the approval of the municipal governing body, shall include such portions in its regulations.
- D. Except for the movement of manufactured homes, special permits may be issued for a single vehicle or combination of vehicles by the department for a period not to exceed one year for a fee of sixty dollars (\$60.00). The permits may allow excessive height, length and width for a vehicle or combination of vehicles or load thereon and may include a provision for excessive weight if the operation is to

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be within the vicinity of a municipality.

- E. Special permits for a single trip for a vehicle or combination of vehicles or load thereon of excessive weight, width, length and height may be issued for a single vehicle for a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00).
- F. If the vehicle for which a permit is issued under this section is a manufactured home, the department or local highway authority issuing the permit shall furnish the following information to the property tax division of the department, which shall then forward the information:
- (1) to the county assessor of any county from which a manufactured home is being moved, the date the permit was issued, the location being moved from, the location being moved to if within the same county, the name of the owner of the manufactured home and the identification and registration numbers of the manufactured home:
- (2) to the county assessor of any county in this state to which a manufactured home is being moved, the date the permit was issued, the location being moved from, the location being moved to, the name of the owner of the manufactured home and the registration and identification numbers of the manufactured home; and
- (3) to the owner of a manufactured home having a destination in this state, notification that the information required in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection is being

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given to the respective county assessors and that manufactured homes are subject to property taxation.

- Except as provided in Subsection H of this section, if the movement of a manufactured home originates in this state, no permit shall be issued under Subsection F of this section until the owner of the manufactured home or his authorized agent obtains and presents to the department proof that a certificate has been issued by the county assessor or treasurer of the county in which the manufactured home movement originates showing that either:
- all property taxes due or to become due on the manufactured home for the current tax year or any past tax years have been paid, except for manufactured homes located on an Indian reservation; or
- no liability for property taxes on the manufactured home exists for the current tax year or any past tax years, except for manufactured homes located on an Indian reservation.
- The movement of a manufactured home from the lot H. or business location of a manufactured home dealer to its destination designated by an owner-purchaser is not subject to the requirements of Subsection G of this section if the manufactured home movement originates from the lot or business location of the dealer and the manufactured home was part of his inventory prior to the sale to the owner-purchaser; however, the

movement of a manufactured home by a dealer or his authorized agent as a result of a sale or trade-in from a nondealer-owner is subject to the requirements of Subsection G of this section whether the destination is the business location of a dealer or some other destination.

- I. No permit shall be issued under this section for movement of a manufactured home whose width exceeds eighteen feet with no more than a six-inch roof overhang on the left side or twelve inches on the right side in addition to the eighteenfoot width of the manufactured home. Manufactured homes exceeding the limitations of this section shall only be moved on dollies placed on the front and the rear of the structure.
- J. The secretary may by regulation provide for movers of manufactured homes to self-issue permits for certain sizes of manufactured homes over specific routes; however, in no case may the cost of each permit be less than fifteen dollars (\$15.00).
- K. The secretary may provide by regulation for dealers of implements of husbandry to self-issue permits for the movement of certain sizes of implements of husbandry from the lot or business location of the dealer over specific routes with specific escort requirements, if necessary, to a destination designated by an owner-purchaser or for purposes of a working demonstration on the property of a proposed owner-purchaser. The department shall charge a fee for each self-issued permit

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not to exceed fifteen dollars (\$15.00).

- L. Any private motor carrier requesting an oversize or overweight permit shall provide proof of insurance in at least the following amounts:
 - (1) bodily injury liability, providing:
- $\mbox{(a)} \quad \mbox{fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) for} \\ \mbox{each person; and} \\$
- $\mbox{(b) one hundred thousand dollars} \label{eq:condition} \mbox{(\$100,000) for each accident; and} \mbox{}$
- (2) property damage liability, providing twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each accident.

M Any common motor carrier of manufactured homes requesting an oversize permit shall produce a copy of a [form "e" or other acceptable] registration receipt or certificate of registration of insurance, whichever is applicable, as evidence that the common motor carrier maintains the insurance minimums prescribed by the state corporation commission."

Section 39. Section 66-8-116.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 319, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-8-116.2. PENALTY ASSESSMENT MISDEMEANORS--MOTOR

CARRIER ACT.--As used in the Motor Vehicle Code and the Motor

Carrier Act, "penalty assessment misdemeanor" means, in addition

to the definitions of that term in Sections 66-8-116 and

66-8-116.1 NMSA 1978, violation of the following listed sections

of the NMSA 1978 for which the listed penalty is established:

| 1 | A. GENERAL | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2 | COMMON NAME OF OFFENSE | SECTION VIOLATED | PENALTY ASSESSMENT |
| 3 | Failure to register | | |
| 4 | motor carrier | 65-1-12 | \$100.00 |
| 5 | Failure to carry | | |
| 6 | identification card | 65-1-26 | 50. 00 |
| 7 | Failure to comply with | | |
| 8 | state corporation | | |
| 9 | commission rules and | | |
| 10 | regul ati ons | [65-2-83] <u>Secti</u> | <u>on 4</u> |
| 11 | | of the Motor Ca | <u>rri er</u> |
| 12 | | <u>Act</u> | 50. 00 |
| 13 | Failure to [register | | |
| 14 | interstate motor | | |
| 15 | carrier with state | | |
| 16 | corporation commission | ·] | |
| 17 | <u>carry</u> | | |
| 18 | <u>regi strati on</u> | | |
| 19 | receipt as issued | | |
| 20 | <u>by a base state</u> | [65-2-115] <u>Sect</u> | <u>i ons</u> |
| 21 | | 4 and 19 of the | |
| 22 | | Motor Carrier A | ct 50.00 |
| 23 | Failure to carry | | |
| 24 | <u>certificate of</u> | | |
| 25 | <u>registration of</u> | | |
| | . 109057. 3 | 69 | |

insurance issued

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250.00

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|----------------------|--------------------|
| Underscored material | bracketed material |

| 1 | certificates | 65-5-3 | 100. 00. | | | | | | |
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| 2 | B. VEHICLE OUT-OF-SERVICE VIOLATIONS | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | COMMON NAME OF OFFENSE | SECTION VIOLATED | PENALTY ASSESSMENT | | | | | | |
| 4 | Absence of braking action | 65-3-9 | \$100.00 | | | | | | |
| 5 | Damaged brake lining or | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | pads | 65-3-9 | 50. 00 | | | | | | |
| 7 | Loose or missing brake | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | components | 65-3-12 | 100. 00 | | | | | | |
| 9 | Inoperable breakaway braki | ng | | | | | | | |
| 10 | system | 65-3-12 | 50. 00 | | | | | | |
| 11 | Defective or damaged brake | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | tubi ng | 65-3-12 | 50. 00 | | | | | | |
| 13 | Inoperative low pressure | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | warning device | 65-3-9 | 50. 00 | | | | | | |
| 15 | Reservoir pressure not | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | mai ntai ned | 65-3-12 | 100. 00 | | | | | | |
| 17 | Inoperative tractor | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | protection valve | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 | | | | | | |
| 19 | Damaged or loose air | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | compressor | 65-3-12 | 100. 00 | | | | | | |
| 21 | Audible air leak at brake | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | chamber | 65-3-12 | 50. 00 | | | | | | |
| 23 | Defective safety devices | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | chains or hooks | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 | | | | | | |
| 25 | Defective towing or couplin | ng | | | | | | | |
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| 1 | devi ces | 65-3-9 | 100.00 |
|----|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| 2 | Defective exhaust systems | 65-3-9 | 30.00 |
| 3 | Frame defectstrailers | 65-3-12 | 100.00 |
| 4 | Frame defectsother | 65-3-9 | 100.00 |
| 5 | Defective fuel systems | 65-3-9 | 50.00 |
| 6 | Missing or inoperative | | |
| 7 | lamps | 65-3-9 | 25. 00 |
| 8 | Missing lamps on projecting | g | |
| 9 | l oads | 65-3-9 | 50.00 |
| 10 | Missing or inoperative | | |
| 11 | turn signal | 65-3-9 | 25. 00 |
| 12 | Unsafe loading | 65-3-8 | 100. 00 |
| 13 | Excessive steering wheel | | |
| 14 | pl ay | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 |
| 15 | Steering column defects | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 |
| 16 | Steering box or steering | | |
| 17 | system defects | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 |
| 18 | Suspension system defects | 65-3-9 | 50.00 |
| 19 | Defective springs or spring | 9 | |
| 20 | assembly | 65-3-9 | 50.00 |
| 21 | Defective tiressteering | | |
| 22 | axl e | 65-3-9 | 100. 00 |
| 23 | Defective tiresother | | |
| 24 | axles | 65-3-9 | 30. 00 |
| 25 | Defective wheels and rims | 65-3-9 | 50.00 |
| | | | |

| 1 | Defective or missing | | |
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| 2 | wi ndshi el d wi pers | 65-3-9 | 30. 00 |
| 3 | Defective or inoperative | | |
| 4 | emergency exitbus | 65-3-9 | 100. 00. |
| 5 | C. DRIVER OUT- | OF-SERVICE VIOLATIO | NS |
| 6 | COMMON NAME OF OFFENSE | SECTION VIOLATED | PENALTY ASSESSMENT |
| 7 | Driver's age | 65-3-7 | 30. 00 |
| 8 | Driver not licensed for | | |
| 9 | type of vehicle being | | |
| 10 | operated | 65-3-7 | 30. 00 |
| 11 | Failure to have valid | | |
| 12 | commercial driver's lice | ense | |
| 13 | in possession | 66-5-59 | 30. 00 |
| 14 | No waiver of physical | | |
| 15 | di squal i fi cati on | | |
| 16 | in possession | 65-3-7 | 30.00 |
| 17 | Sickness or fatigue | 65-3-8 | 100. 00 |
| 18 | Driver disqualification | 65-3-7 | 500. 00 |
| 19 | Exceeding the 10-hour | | |
| 20 | driving rule | 65-3-11 | 100. 00 |
| 21 | Exceeding the 15-hour on | | |
| 22 | duty rule | 65-3-11 | 100. 00 |
| 23 | Exceeding the 60 hours in | 7 | |
| 24 | days on duty rule | 65-3-11 | 100. 00 |
| 25 | Exceeding 70 hours in 8 | | |
| | | | |

| 1 | days on duty rule | 65-3-11 | 100.00 |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 2 | False log book | 65-3-11 | 100. 00. |
| 3 | D. HAZARDOUS MA | ATERIALS OUT-OF-SER | VICE VIOLATIONS |
| 4 | COMMON NAME OF OFFENSE | SECTION VIOLATED | PENALTY ASSESSMENT |
| 5 | Placarding violations | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 6 | Cargo tank not meeting | | |
| 7 | speci fi cati ons | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 8 | Internal valve operation | | |
| 9 | vi ol ati ons | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 10 | Hazardous materials | | |
| 11 | packaging violations | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 12 | Insecure loadhazardous | | |
| 13 | materials | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 14 | Shipping papers violations | 65-3-13 | 30. 00 |
| 15 | Shipment of forbidden | | |
| 16 | combination of hazardous | | |
| 17 | materials | 65-3-13 | 250. 00 |
| 18 | No hazardous waste | | |
| 19 | mani fest | 65-3-13 | 30. 00 |
| 20 | Bulk packaging marking | | |
| 21 | vi ol ati ons | 65-3-13 | 30. 00 |
| 22 | Cargo tank marking | | |
| 23 | vi ol ati ons | 65-3-13 | 30. 00. " |
| 24 | Section 40. REPEAL | -Sections 13-2-1, 4 | 8-3-19, 65-2-80 through |
| 25 | 65-2-127 and 65-4-1 through | n 65-4-18 NMSA 1978 | (being Laws 1965, |

| new | delet |
|-------------|--------------|
| Ш | II |
| materi al | 1 material 1 |
| Inderscored | hracketed r |

| Chapter 245, Section 1, Laws 1937 |
|------------------------------------|
| Chapter 358, Sections 1 through 3 |
| Laws 1981, Chapter 358, Sections |
| 134, Section 3, Laws 1981, Chapte |
| 1933, Chapter 120, Sections 1 thre |
| repeal ed. |
| Section 41. SEVERABILITY |
| Motor Carrier Act is held invalid |
| other situations or persons shall |
| Section 42. EMERGENCY It |
| health and safety that this act t |
| - |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

| Chapter | 245, | Section | n 1, | Laws | 1937, | Chapte | r 150 , | Section | n 1, | Laws | 1981 |
|-----------|--------|---------|-------|--------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|------|--------|----------|
| Chapter | 358, | Section | ns 1 | throu | ıgh 36, | Laws | 1993, | Chapter | 95, | Secti | on 2 |
| Laws 198 | 31, Cł | apter 3 | 358, | Secti | ons 37 | throug | gh 46, | Laws 1 | 987, | Chapt | er |
| 134, Sec | cti on | 3, Laws | s 198 | 31, Ch | apter | 358, S | ection | s 47 an | d 48 | and I | aws |
| 1933, Cł | apter | 120, \$ | Secti | ons 1 | throu | gh 17 a | and 19 | , as an | ende | d) are |) |
| repeal ed | ł. | | | | | | | | | | |

Section 41. SEVERABILITY.--If any part or application of the Motor Carrier Act is held invalid, the remainder or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.

Section 42. EMERGENCY. -- It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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Underscored material = new | bracketed material = delete

State of New Mexico House of Representatives

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

5

February 7, 1996

Mr. Speaker:

Your TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred

HOUSE BILL 535

has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it DO PASS, amended as follows:

- 1. On page 21, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following new subsection:
- "G. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Motor Carrier Act, a towing company may establish, collect and receive from any notfor-profit motor club rates lower than the rates provided in the established tariff. Notice of the lower rates shall be filed with the commission but shall not be considered a tariff."

The roll call vote on Amendment #1 was <u>10</u> For <u>1</u> Against Yes: 10

FORTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

| HTI | RC/HB 535 | | Page 76 | |
|-----|------------|--|------------------|------|
| 1 | | | | |
| 2 | No: | Parsons | | |
| 3 | | Ryan, Sandoval | | |
| 4 | Absent: | None | | |
| 5 | | Do on o ot for | lle ochwitted | |
| 6 | | kespectru | lly submitted, | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | | | | |
| 10 | | Jerry W. | Sandel, Chairman | |
| 11 | | | | |
| 12 | | | | |
| 13 | Adopted | Not Adopt | ed | |
| 14 | | (Chief Clerk) | (Chi ef Clerk) | |
| 15 | | D . | | |
| 16 | | Date | <u> </u> | |
| 17 | The roll c | all vote was <u>9</u> For <u>3</u> Against | | |
| 18 | Yes: | 9 | | |
| 19 | | Crook, Hawkins, Parsons | | |
| | Excused: | Sandel | | |
| 20 | Absent: | None | | |
| 21 | | | | |
| 22 | | | | |
| 23 | | | . 111894 | l. 1 |
| 24 | H0535TR1 | | | |
| 25 | | | | |
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| | 400000 | | | |

. 109057. 3

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Underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete

FORTY- SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

| ¹ нтв | С/НВ 535 Page 77 |
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| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | EODTV CECOND LECICIATUDE |
| 5 | FORTY- SECOND LEGI SLATURE |
| 6 | SECOND SESSION, 1996 |
| 7 | |
| 8 | February 12, 1996 |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Mr. President: |
| 11 | |
| 12 | Your CORPORATIONS & TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred |
| 13 | |
| 14 | HOUSE BILL 535, as amended |
| 15 | House Bree ooo, as ameriaea |
| 16 | has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that |
| 17 | it DO PASS, and thence referred to the FINANCE COMMITTEE. |
| 18 | |
| 19 | Respectfully submitted, |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 22 | |
| 23 | Roman M. Maes, III, Chairman |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |
| | |
| | Adopted Not Adopted |
| | . 109057. 3 |

FORTY- SECOND LEGI SLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

 1 HTRC/HB 535 Page 78 (Chief Clerk) (Chief Clerk) Date _____ The roll call vote was $\underline{5}$ For $\underline{0}$ Against Yes: No: Excused: Kidd, McKibben, Reagan, Robinson Absent: H0535CT1

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FORTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

| ¹ htr | C/HB 535 Page 79 |
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| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | EODTV CECOND LECICIATUDE |
| 5 | FORTY- SECOND LEGI SLATURE |
| 6 | SECOND SESSION, 1996 |
| 7 | |
| 8 | February 14, 1996 |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Mr. President: |
| 11 | |
| 12 | Your FINANCE COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred |
| 13 | HOUSE BILL 535, as amended |
| 14 | HOUSE DI LE 333, as amended |
| 15 | has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that |
| 16 | it DO PASS. |
| 17 | |
| 18 | Respectfully submitted, |
| 19 | |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 22 | Ben D. Altamirano, Chairman |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |
| | AdoptedNot Adopted |
| | (Chi ef Clerk) (Chi ef Clerk) |
| | . 109057. 3 |

57. 3

<u>Underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

- 79 -

FORTY- SECOND LEGI SLATURE SECOND SESSION, 1996

 1 HTRC/HB 535 Page 80 Date _____ The roll call vote was 8 For 0 Against Yes: No: Excused: Donisthorpe, Duran, Ingle, Kidd, Kysar Absent: None H0535FC1

. 109057. 3

Underscored material = new