HOUSE ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 538

57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; CREATING THE INDUSTRIAL DECARBONIZATION PRODUCTION CORPORATE INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING THE INDUSTRIAL DECARBONIZATION INVESTMENT CORPORATE INCOME TAX CREDIT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] INDUSTRIAL DECARBONIZATION PRODUCTION CORPORATE INCOME TAX CREDIT. --

Prior to taxable year 2031, a taxpayer that owns or operates a qualified industrial facility and reduces the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of the product produced by the facility to at least forty percent below the industrial benchmark of a comparable product in the same product category may claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's tax liability

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imposed pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act in an amount provided in Subsection B of this section. The tax credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit".

The industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit shall be in an amount equal to eighty-five dollars (\$85.00) per metric ton of net carbon dioxide equivalent that is reduced below the industrial benchmark in a taxable year, up to a maximum of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) per qualified industrial facility per taxable year; provided that if the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines that a qualified industrial facility has a high likelihood of creating new jobs, bringing significant new investment to the state and reducing the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of the product produced by the facility to at least fifty percent below the industrial benchmark of a comparable product in the same product category, that department may certify up to fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) for that facility in a taxable year. industrial benchmark used to measure net carbon dioxide equivalent reduction of a qualified industrial facility shall be used for each consecutive year the facility is issued a certificate of eligibility pursuant to this section, for up to ten years; provided that if a facility is not issued a

certificate of eligibility for the previous taxable year, the current industrial benchmark shall be used.

- C. A taxpayer that seeks to claim the tax credit provided by this section shall apply for certification of eligibility from the energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms and in the manner prescribed by that department. The application shall include evidence that the taxpayer owns or operates a qualified industrial facility and reduces the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of the product produced by the facility to at least forty percent below the industrial benchmark of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of a comparable product in the same product category. The evidence shall include:
- (1) a life cycle assessment of the facility's production prepared and documented in conformance with the requirements of Section 45Q of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, and standards of the international organization for standardization;
- (2) an industrial benchmark of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of a comparable product in the same product category as the taxpayer's product; and
- (3) any other evidence required by the energy, minerals and natural resources department.
- D. If the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines that a taxpayer meets the requirements to .231205.1

claim a tax credit pursuant to this section, that department shall issue to the taxpayer a dated certificate of eligibility providing the amount of the tax credit for which the taxpayer is eligible, the taxable year in which the credit may be claimed and the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions reduced. The energy, minerals and natural resources department shall provide the taxation and revenue department and the department of environment with the certificates of eligibility issued pursuant to this subsection in an electronic format at regularly agreed-upon intervals.

- E. A taxpayer shall not be eligible to claim the industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit if the taxpayer claims in the same taxable year for the same facility a federal carbon dioxide sequestration tax credit pursuant to Section 45Q of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered.
- F. The total annual aggregate amount of industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credits that may be certified in a calendar year is thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) in 2026, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) in 2027 and one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in each year thereafter. Completed applications shall be considered in the order received. The energy, minerals and natural resources department shall publish on that department's website on a regular basis the number of industrial decarbonization

production corporate income tax credits that have been certified in each calendar year.

- G. To receive a tax credit provided by this section, a taxpayer shall claim the credit on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department within twelve months following the calendar year in which the certificate of eligibility was issued.
- H. A certificate of eligibility issued pursuant to this section may either be submitted by the taxpayer with that taxpayer's return or be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer in a format prescribed by the department.
- I. That portion of an industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the tax credit is claimed shall not be refunded but may be carried forward for three consecutive taxable years.
- J. The department of environment shall determine, publish electronically and periodically update industrial benchmarks and product categories to reflect current emissions data.
- K. The credit provided by this section shall be .231205.1

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included in the tax expenditure budget pursuant to Section 7-1-84 NMSA 1978, including the total annual aggregate cost of the credit.

As used in this section:

- "industrial benchmark" means the average carbon dioxide equivalent emissions intensity of the relevant product category;
- (2) "product category" means a set of products that serve substantially similar end-use applications in construction, manufacturing or other industrial processes;
- "qualified industrial facility" means an (3) industrial facility located in New Mexico that produces:
- (a) concrete, cement, asphalt, iron, steel, glass, hydrogen, paper, ammonia or a critical mineral as designated by the United States department of the interior; or
 - (b) a product through refinement; and
- "refinement" means a chemical or physical (4) process to remove impurities from a substance or form."
- SECTION 2. A new section of the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] INDUSTRIAL DECARBONIZATION INVESTMENT CORPORATE INCOME TAX CREDIT .--

Prior to taxable year 2031, a taxpayer that owns or operates a qualified industrial facility that makes qualified expenditures for the facility may claim a tax credit .231205.1

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against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act in an amount provided in Subsection B of this section. The tax credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "industrial decarbonization investment corporate income tax credit".

- В. The industrial decarbonization investment corporate income tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the lesser of ten percent of the cost of qualified expenditures made by the taxpayer in a taxable year for a qualified industrial facility or five million dollars (\$5,000,000) per facility; provided that if the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines a qualified industrial facility has a high likelihood of creating new jobs, bringing significant new investment to the state and reducing the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions of the product produced by the facility to at least fifty percent below the industrial benchmark of a comparable product in the same product category, that department may certify up to seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000) for that facility in a taxable year.
- C. A taxpayer that seeks to claim the tax credit provided by this section shall, within twelve months of claiming an industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit provided pursuant to Section 1 of this 2025 act, apply for certification from the energy, minerals and

natural resources department on forms and in the manner prescribed by that department. An application for certification shall include information required by the energy, minerals and natural resources department to determine eligibility for the tax credit, including evidence that the taxpayer is a qualified industrial facility, substantiating qualified expenditures and that the equipment purchased with the qualified expenditures was installed and a certificate of eligibility for an industrial decarbonization production corporate income tax credit provided for the same taxpayer and facility pursuant to Section 1 of this 2025 act.

D. If the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines that a taxpayer meets the requirements of this section, that department shall issue to the taxpayer a dated certificate of eligibility providing the amount of the tax credit for which the taxpayer is eligible, the taxable year in which the credit may be claimed and the net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions reduced. Only one certificate of eligibility shall be issued for all activities performed at a qualified industrial facility, regardless of ownership of the facility. The energy, minerals and natural resources department shall provide the taxation and revenue department and the department of environment with the certificates of eligibility issued pursuant to this subsection in an electronic format at regularly agreed-upon intervals.

- E. The total annual aggregate amount of industrial decarbonization investment corporate income tax credits that may be certified in a calendar year is thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) in 2026, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) in 2027 and one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in each year thereafter. Completed applications shall be considered in the order received. The energy, minerals and natural resources department shall publish on that department's website on a regular basis the number of industrial decarbonization investment corporate income tax credits that have been certified in each calendar year.
- F. To receive a tax credit provided by this section, a taxpayer shall claim the credit on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department within twelve months following the calendar year in which the certificate of eligibility was issued.
- G. A certificate of eligibility issued pursuant to this section may either be submitted by the taxpayer with that taxpayer's return or be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer in a format prescribed by the department.
- H. That portion of an industrial decarbonization
 .231205.1

investment corporate income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the tax credit is claimed shall not be refunded but may be carried forward for three consecutive taxable years.

- I. The credit provided by this section shall be included in the tax expenditure budget pursuant to Section 7-1-84 NMSA 1978, including the total annual aggregate cost of the credit.
 - J. As used in this section:
- (1) "industrial benchmark" means the average carbon dioxide equivalent emissions intensity of the relevant product category;
- (2) "product category" means a set of products that serve substantially similar end-use applications in construction, manufacturing or other industrial processes;
- (3) "qualified expenditure" means an expenditure made on or after January 1, 2025 and prior to January 1, 2031 for the purchase of that portion of the costs of equipment dedicated to and necessary for producing a qualified industrial facility's product in a way that reduces the product's net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions;
- (4) "qualified industrial facility" means an industrial facility located in New Mexico that produces:
- (a) concrete, cement, asphalt, iron, steel, glass, hydrogen, paper, ammonia or a critical mineral as .231205.1

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(5) "refinement" means a chemical or physical process to remove impurities from a substance or form."

SECTION 3. DELAYED REPEAL.--Sections 1 and 2 of this act are repealed effective January 1, 2033.

SECTION 4. APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

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