1	HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 86
2	57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CRIME; AMENDING THE TIME LIMITATION FOR COMMENCING
12	PROSECUTION OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING; INCREASING THE AGE FOR SEXUAL
13	EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN BY PROSTITUTION TO EIGHTEEN; ADDING
14	HUMAN TRAFFICKING TO THE DEFINITION OF "RACKETEERING"; AMENDING
15	THE ELEMENTS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING; PROVIDING A DEFINITION OF
16	"HARM"; PROHIBITING CERTAIN DEFENSES IN A PROSECUTION FOR HUMAN
17	TRAFFICKING; ADDING VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING AND SEXUAL
18	EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN TO THE VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT;
19	PROHIBITING EARNED MERITORIOUS DEDUCTIONS FOR A HUMAN
20	TRAFFICKING SENTENCE.
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22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
23	SECTION 1. Section 30-1-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963,
24	Chapter 303, Section 1-8, as amended) is amended to read:
25	"30-1-8. TIME LIMITATIONS FOR COMMENCING PROSECUTIONA
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1 person shall not be prosecuted, tried or punished in any court 2 of this state unless the indictment is found or information or 3 complaint is filed within the time as provided: 4 Α. for a second degree felony, within six years 5 from the time the crime was committed; for a third or fourth degree felony, within five 6 Β. 7 years from the time the crime was committed; 8 C. for a misdemeanor, within two years from the 9 time the crime was committed; D. for a petty misdemeanor, within one year from 10 the time the crime was committed; 11 12 Ε. for any crime against or violation of Section 51-1-38 NMSA 1978, within three years from the time the crime 13 was committed; 14 F. for a felony pursuant to Section 7-1-71.3, 15 7-1-72 or 7-1-73 NMSA 1978, within five years from the time the 16 crime was committed; provided that for a series of crimes 17 involving multiple filing periods within one calendar year, the 18 limitation shall begin to run on December 31 of the year in 19 which the crimes occurred; 20 G. for an identity theft crime pursuant to Section 21 30-16-24.1 NMSA 1978, within five years from the time the crime 22 was discovered; 23 H. for a human trafficking crime pursuant to 24 Section 30-52-1 NMSA 1978, six years from when the crime was 25 .231625.1

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reported to law enforcement;

2 [H.] I. for any crime not contained in the Criminal 3 Code or where a limitation is not otherwise provided for, within three years from the time the crime was committed; and 4 5 [I.] <u>J.</u> for a capital felony, a first degree violent felony or second degree murder pursuant to Subsection B 6 7 of Section 30-2-1 NMSA 1978, no limitation period shall exist, and prosecution for these crimes may commence at any time after 8 the occurrence of the crime." 9 SECTION 2. Section 30-6A-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, 10 Chapter 92, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read: 11 12 "30-6A-4. SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN BY PROSTITUTION. --13 Any person knowingly receiving any pecuniary 14 Α. profit as a result of a child under the age of [sixteen] 15 eighteen engaging in a prohibited sexual act with another is 16 guilty of a second degree felony, unless the child is under the 17 age of thirteen, in which event the person is guilty of a first 18 degree felony. 19 Β. Any person knowingly hiring or offering to hire 20 a child under the age of [sixteen] eighteen to engage in any 21 prohibited sexual act is guilty of a second degree felony. 22 Any parent, legal guardian or person having C. 23

custody or control of a child under [sixteen] eighteen years of age who knowingly permits that child to engage in or to assist

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any other person to engage in any prohibited sexual act or
 simulation of such an act for the purpose of producing any
 visual or print medium depicting such an act is guilty of a
 third degree felony.

5 D. In a prosecution for sexual exploitation of children by prostitution, it shall not constitute a defense to 6 7 prosecution that the defendant's intended victim was a peace 8 officer posing as a child under eighteen years of age." 9 SECTION 3. Section 30-42-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1980, Chapter 40, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 10 "30-42-3. 11 DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Racketeering Act: 12 Α. "racketeering" means any act that is chargeable or indictable under the laws of New Mexico and punishable by 13 imprisonment for more than one year, involving any of the 14 following cited offenses: 15 (1) murder, as provided in Section 30-2-1 NMSA 16 1978; 17 (2) robbery, as provided in Section 30-16-2 18 NMSA 1978; 19 kidnapping, as provided in Section 30-4-1 20 (3) NMSA 1978; 21 (4) forgery, as provided in Section 30-16-10 22 NMSA 1978; 23 larceny, as provided in Section 30-16-1 (5) 24 NMSA 1978; 25 .231625.1 - 4 -

1 fraud, as provided in Section 30-16-6 NMSA (6) 2 1978; 3 embezzlement, as provided in Section (7) 4 30-16-8 NMSA 1978; 5 receiving stolen property, as provided in (8) Section 30-16-11 NMSA 1978; 6 7 (9) bribery, as provided in Sections 30-24-1 through 30-24-3.1 NMSA 1978; 8 gambling, as provided in Sections 9 (10)30-19-3, 30-19-13 and 30-19-15 NMSA 1978; 10 (11)illegal kickbacks, as provided in 11 12 Sections 30-41-1 and 30-41-2 NMSA 1978; extortion, as provided in Section 30-16-9 (12) 13 NMSA 1978; 14 (13)trafficking in controlled substances, as 15 provided in Section 30-31-20 NMSA 1978; 16 (14) arson and aggravated arson, as provided 17 in Subsection A of Section 30-17-5 and Section 30-17-6 NMSA 18 1978; 19 (15) promoting prostitution, as provided in 20 Section 30-9-4 NMSA 1978; 21 (16) criminal solicitation, as provided in 22 Section 30-28-3 NMSA 1978; 23 (17) fraudulent securities practices, as 24 provided in the New Mexico Uniform Securities Act; 25 .231625.1 - 5 -

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1	(18) loan sharking, as provided in Sections
2	30-43-1 through 30-43-5 NMSA 1978;
3	(19) distribution of controlled substances or
4	controlled substance analogues, as provided in Sections
5	30-31-21 and 30-31-22 NMSA 1978;
6	(20) a violation of the provisions of Section
7	30-51-4 NMSA 1978;
8	(21) unlawful taking of a vehicle or motor
9	vehicle, as provided in Section 30-16D-1 NMSA 1978;
10	(22) embezzlement of a vehicle or motor
11	vehicle, as provided in Section 30-16D-2 NMSA 1978;
12	(23) fraudulently obtaining a vehicle or motor
13	vehicle, as provided in Section 30-16D-3 NMSA 1978;
14	(24) receiving or transferring stolen vehicles
15	or motor vehicles, as provided in Section 30-16D-4 NMSA 1978;
16	(25) altering or changing the serial number,
17	engine number, decal or other numbers or marks of a vehicle or
18	motor vehicle, as provided in Section 30-16D-6 NMSA 1978; [and]
19	(26) trafficking cannabis products, as
20	provided in Section 26-2C-28 NMSA 1978; and
21	(27) human trafficking, as provided in Section
22	<u>30-52-1 NMSA 1978;</u>
23	B. "person" means an individual or entity capable
24	of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property;
25	C. "enterprise" means a sole proprietorship,
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partnership, corporation, business, labor union, association or 2 other legal entity or a group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity and includes illicit as well as 3 4 licit entities; and

5 D. "pattern of racketeering activity" means engaging in at least two incidents of racketeering with the 6 7 intent of accomplishing any of the prohibited activities set forth in Subsections A through D of Section 30-42-4 NMSA 1978; 8 provided that at least one of the incidents occurred after 9 February 28, 1980 and the last incident occurred within five 10 years after the commission of a prior incident of 11 12 racketeering."

SECTION 4. Section 30-52-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2008, Chapter 17, Section 1) is amended to read:

> "30-52-1. HUMAN TRAFFICKING .--

Human trafficking consists of a person Α. knowingly:

(1) recruiting, soliciting, enticing, transporting, harboring, maintaining, patronizing, providing or obtaining by any means another person with the intent or knowledge that force, fraud or coercion will be used to subject the person to labor, services or commercial sexual activity;

(2) recruiting, soliciting, enticing, transporting, <u>harboring</u>, <u>maintaining</u>, <u>patronizing</u>, <u>providing</u> or obtaining by any means a person under the age of eighteen years .231625.1

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1 with the intent or knowledge that the person will be caused to 2 engage in commercial sexual activity; [or] 3 (3) benefiting, financially or by receiving 4 anything of value, from the labor, services or commercial sexual activity of another person [with the knowledge] where 5 6 the person benefiting knew or should have known that force, 7 fraud or coercion was used to obtain the labor, services or 8 commercial sexual activity; or 9 (4) utilizing a person's services to compel the repayment of a financial debt or other obligation when the 10 person who holds or enforces the debt or obligation does not 11 12 pay the laborer in accordance with state and local law and has actual or perceived control over the laborer, and the laborer 13 has no reasonable means to terminate the labor arrangement. 14 B. The attorney general and the district attorney 15 in the county of jurisdiction have concurrent jurisdiction to 16 bracketed material] = delete enforce the provisions of this section. 17 underscored material = new C. Whoever commits human trafficking is guilty of a 18 [third] second degree felony; except if the victim is under the 19 age of 20 [(1) sixteen, the person is guilty of a second 21 degree felony; or 22 (2) thirteen] eighteen, the person is guilty 23 of a first degree felony. 24 Prosecution pursuant to this section shall not D. 25 .231625.1

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1 prevent prosecution pursuant to any other provision of the law 2 when the conduct also constitutes a violation of that other 3 provision.

Ε. In a prosecution pursuant to this section, a human trafficking victim shall not be charged with accessory to the crime of human trafficking or for prostitution as provided 7 in Section 30-9-2 NMSA 1978.

8 F. A person convicted of human trafficking shall, 9 in addition to any other punishment, be ordered to make restitution to the victim for the gross income or value of the 10 victim's labor or services and any other actual damages in 11 12 accordance with Section 31-17-1 NMSA 1978.

G. As used in this section:

"coercion" means: (1)

(a) causing or threatening to cause harm 15 to or using physical restraint on any person; 16 (b) using or threatening to use physical 17

force or restraint against any person;

abusing or threatening to abuse the (c) 19 law or legal process; 20

(d) threatening to report the immigration status of any person to governmental authorities; or

(e) knowingly destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating or retaining any actual or purported .231625.1

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1	government document of any person; [and]
2	(2) "commercial sexual activity" means any
3	sexual act or sexually explicit exhibition for which anything
4	of value is given, promised to or received by any person; <u>and</u>
5	(3) "harm" means any harm, whether physical or
6	nonphysical, including psychological, financial or reputational
7	harm, that is sufficiently serious under all of the surrounding
8	circumstances to compel a reasonable person of the same
9	background and in the same circumstances to perform or to
10	continue performing compelled labor, services or commercial
11	sexual activity to avoid or attempt to avoid receiving harm.
12	H. In a prosecution for human trafficking pursuant
13	to this section, evidence of the following facts or conditions
14	shall not constitute a defense to prosecution:
15	(1) the victim's sexual history or history of
16	commercial sexual activity, specific instances of the victim's
17	sexual conduct, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual conduct
18	and reputational evidence of the victim's sexual conduct;
19	(2) the consent of a minor;
20	(3) a mistake as to the victim's age; and
21	(4) that the defendant's intended victim was a
22	peace officer posing as a child under eighteen years of age.
23	I. A person convicted of human trafficking pursuant
24	to this section shall be subject to the Forfeiture Act."
25	SECTION 5. Section 31-26-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1994,
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1 Chapter 144, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 2 "31-26-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Victims of Crime 3 Act: "court" means magistrate court, metropolitan 4 Α. 5 court, children's court, district court, the court of appeals or the supreme court; 6 "criminal offense" means: 7 B. negligent arson resulting in death or 8 (1) bodily injury, as provided in Paragraph (1) of Subsection [B] G 9 of Section 30-17-5 NMSA 1978; 10 aggravated arson, as provided in Section (2) 11 12 30-17-6 NMSA 1978; aggravated assault, as provided in Section (3) 13 30-3-2 NMSA 1978; 14 (4) aggravated battery, as provided in Section 15 30-3-5 NMSA 1978; 16 dangerous use of explosives, as provided (5) 17 in Section 30-7-5 NMSA 1978; 18 (6) negligent use of a deadly weapon, as 19 provided in Section 30-7-4 NMSA 1978; 20 murder, as provided in Section 30-2-1 NMSA (7) 21 1978; 22 (8) voluntary manslaughter, as provided in 23 Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 24 involuntary manslaughter, as provided in (9) 25 .231625.1 - 11 -

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HJC/HB 86 1 Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 2 (10) kidnapping, as provided in Section 30-4-1 3 NMSA 1978; 4 (11) criminal sexual penetration, as provided 5 in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; (12) criminal sexual contact of a minor, as 6 7 provided in Section 30-9-13 NMSA 1978; 8 armed robbery, as provided in Section (13) 9 30-16-2 NMSA 1978; (14) homicide by vehicle, as provided in 10 Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978; 11 12 (15) great bodily injury by vehicle, as provided in Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978; 13 (16) abandonment or abuse of a child, as 14 provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 15 (17) stalking or aggravated stalking, as 16 provided in the Harassment and Stalking Act; 17 aggravated assault against a household (18) 18 member, as provided in Section 30-3-13 NMSA 1978; 19 (19) assault against a household member with 20 intent to commit a violent felony, as provided in Section 21 30-3-14 NMSA 1978; 22 (20) battery against a household member, as 23 provided in Section 30-3-15 NMSA 1978; [or] 24 (21) aggravated battery against a household 25 .231625.1 - 12 -

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1 member, as provided in Section 30-3-16 NMSA 1978; 2 (22) human trafficking, as provided in Section 3 30-52-1 NMSA 1978; or 4 (23) sexual exploitation of children, as 5 provided in Section 30-6A-3 NMSA 1978; "court proceeding" means a hearing, argument or 6 C. 7 other action scheduled by and held before a court; "family member" means a spouse, child, sibling, 8 D. parent or grandparent; 9 Ε. "formally charged" means the filing of an 10 indictment, the filing of a criminal information pursuant to a 11 12 bind-over order, the filing of a petition or the setting of a preliminary hearing; 13 "victim" means an individual against whom a F. 14 criminal offense is committed. "Victim" also means a family 15 member or a victim's representative when the individual against 16 whom a criminal offense was committed is a minor, is 17 incompetent or is a homicide victim; and 18 "victim's representative" means an individual G. 19 designated by a victim or appointed by the court to act in the 20 best interests of the victim." 21 SECTION 6. Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, 22 Chapter 238, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: 23 "33-2-34. ELIGIBILITY FOR EARNED MERITORIOUS 24 DEDUCTIONS . - -25 .231625.1

1 Α. To earn meritorious deductions, a prisoner 2 confined in a correctional facility designated by the 3 corrections department must be an active participant in 4 programs recommended for the prisoner by the classification 5 supervisor and approved by the warden or the warden's designee. Meritorious deductions shall not exceed the 6 7 following amounts: 8 for a prisoner confined for committing a (1)9 serious violent offense, up to a maximum of four days per month of time served; 10 (2) for a prisoner confined for committing a 11 12 nonviolent offense, up to a maximum of thirty days per month of time served; 13 for a prisoner confined following 14 (3) revocation of parole for the alleged commission of a new 15 felony offense or for absconding from parole, up to a maximum 16 of four days per month of time served during the parole term 17 following revocation; and 18 for a prisoner confined following (4) 19 revocation of parole for a reason other than the alleged 20 commission of a new felony offense or absconding from parole: 21 (a) up to a maximum of eight days per 22 month of time served during the parole term following 23 revocation, if the prisoner was convicted of a serious violent 24 offense or failed to pass a drug test administered as a 25 .231625.1

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1 condition of parole; or

2 (b) up to a maximum of thirty days per
3 month of time served during the parole term following
4 revocation, if the prisoner was convicted of a nonviolent
5 offense.

B. A prisoner may earn meritorious deductions upon
recommendation by the classification supervisor, based upon
the prisoner's active participation in approved programs and
the quality of the prisoner's participation in those approved
programs. A prisoner may not earn meritorious deductions
unless the recommendation of the classification supervisor is
approved by the warden or the warden's designee.

C. If a prisoner's active participation in approved programs is interrupted by a lockdown at a correctional facility, the prisoner may continue to be awarded meritorious deductions at the rate the prisoner was earning meritorious deductions prior to the lockdown, unless the warden or the warden's designee determines that the prisoner's conduct contributed to the initiation or continuance of the lockdown.

D. A prisoner confined in a correctional facility designated by the corrections department is eligible for lumpsum meritorious deductions as follows:

(1) for successfully completing an approved vocational, substance abuse or mental health program, one

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1 month; except when the prisoner has a demonstrable physical,
2 mental health or developmental disability that prevents the
3 prisoner from successfully earning a high school equivalency
4 credential, in which case, the prisoner shall be awarded three
5 months;

6 (2) for earning a high school equivalency7 credential, three months;

8 (3) for earning an associate's degree, four9 months;

10 (4) for earning a bachelor's degree, five
11 months;

12 (5) for earning a graduate qualification,13 five months; and

for engaging in a heroic act of saving 14 (6) life or property, engaging in extraordinary conduct for the 15 benefit of the state or the public that is at great expense or 16 risk to or involves great effort on the part of the prisoner 17 or engaging in extraordinary conduct far in excess of normal 18 program assignments that demonstrates the prisoner's 19 commitment to self-rehabilitation. The classification 20 supervisor and the warden or the warden's designee may 21 recommend the number of days to be awarded in each case based 22 upon the particular merits, but any award shall be determined 23 by the director of the adult institutions division of the 24 corrections department or the director's designee. 25

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1	E. Lump-sum meritorious deductions, provided in
2	Paragraphs (1) through (6) of Subsection D of this section,
3	may be awarded in addition to the meritorious deductions
4	provided in Subsections A and B of this section. Lump-sum
5	meritorious deductions shall not exceed one year per award and
6	shall not exceed a total of one year for all lump-sum
7	meritorious deductions awarded in any consecutive twelve-month
8	period.
9	F. A prisoner is not eligible to earn meritorious
10	deductions if the prisoner:
11	(1) disobeys an order to perform labor,
12	pursuant to Section 33-8-4 NMSA 1978;
13	(2) is in disciplinary segregation;
14	(3) is confined for committing a serious
15	violent offense and is within the first sixty days of receipt
16	by the corrections department; or
17	(4) is not an active participant in programs
18	recommended and approved for the prisoner by the
19	classification supervisor.
20	G. The provisions of this section shall not be
21	interpreted as providing eligibility to earn meritorious
22	deductions from a sentence of life imprisonment or a sentence
23	of life imprisonment without possibility of release or parole.
24	H. The corrections department shall promulgate
25	rules to implement the provisions of this section, and the
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rules shall be matters of public record. A concise summary of
 the rules shall be provided to each prisoner, and each
 prisoner shall receive a quarterly statement of the
 meritorious deductions earned.

5 I. A New Mexico prisoner confined in a federal or 6 out-of-state correctional facility is eligible to earn 7 meritorious deductions for active participation in programs on 8 the basis of the prisoner's conduct and program reports 9 furnished by that facility to the corrections department. A11 decisions regarding the award and forfeiture of meritorious 10 deductions at such facility are subject to final approval by 11 the director of the adult institutions division of the 12 corrections department or the director's designee. 13

J. In order to be eligible for meritorious deductions, a prisoner confined in a federal or out-of-state correctional facility designated by the corrections department must actively participate in programs that are available. If a federal or out-of-state correctional facility does not have programs available for a prisoner, the prisoner may be awarded meritorious deductions at the rate the prisoner could have earned meritorious deductions if the prisoner had actively participated in programs.

K. A prisoner confined in a correctional facility in New Mexico that is operated by a private company, pursuant to a contract with the corrections department, is eligible to

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1 earn meritorious deductions in the same manner as a prisoner 2 confined in a state-run correctional facility. All decisions 3 regarding the award or forfeiture of meritorious deductions at 4 such facilities are subject to final approval by the director 5 of the adult institutions division of the corrections department or the director's designee. 6 7 L. As used in this section: "active participant" means a prisoner 8 (1)who has begun, and is regularly engaged in, approved programs; 9 (2) "program" means work, vocational, 10 educational, substance abuse and mental health programs, 11 12 approved by the classification supervisor, that contribute to a prisoner's self-betterment through the development of 13 personal and occupational skills. "Program" does not include 14 recreational activities; 15 "nonviolent offense" means any offense (3) 16 other than a serious violent offense; and 17 (4) "serious violent offense" means: 18 (a) second degree murder, as provided 19 in Section 30-2-1 NMSA 1978; 20 (b) voluntary manslaughter, as provided 21 in Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 22 (c) third degree aggravated battery, as 23 provided in Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978; 24 third degree aggravated battery (d) 25 .231625.1 - 19 -

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1 against a household member, as provided in Section 30-3-16 2 NMSA 1978; 3 (e) first degree kidnapping, as 4 provided in Section 30-4-1 NMSA 1978; 5 first and second degree criminal (f) sexual penetration, as provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; 6 7 second and third degree criminal (g) 8 sexual contact of a minor, as provided in Section 30-9-13 NMSA 9 1978; first and second degree robbery, as 10 (h) provided in Section 30-16-2 NMSA 1978; 11 12 (i) second degree aggravated arson, as provided in Section 30-17-6 NMSA 1978; 13 (j) shooting at a dwelling or occupied 14 building, as provided in Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978; 15 (k) shooting at or from a motor 16 vehicle, as provided in Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978; 17 aggravated battery upon a peace (1) 18 officer, as provided in Section 30-22-25 NMSA 1978; 19 (m) assault with intent to commit a 20 violent felony upon a peace officer, as provided in Section 21 30-22-23 NMSA 1978; 22 aggravated assault upon a peace (n) 23 officer, as provided in Section 30-22-22 NMSA 1978; or 24 any of the following offenses, when (0) 25 .231625.1 - 20 -

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1 the nature of the offense and the resulting harm are such that 2 the court judges the crime to be a serious violent offense for 3 the purpose of this section: 1) involuntary manslaughter, as provided in Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 2) fourth degree 4 5 aggravated assault, as provided in Section 30-3-2 NMSA 1978; 3) third degree assault with intent to commit a violent 6 7 felony, as provided in Section 30-3-3 NMSA 1978; 4) fourth degree aggravated assault against a household member, as 8 provided in Section 30-3-13 NMSA 1978; 5) third degree assault 9 against a household member with intent to commit a violent 10 felony, as provided in Section 30-3-14 NMSA 1978; 6) third and 11 12 fourth degree aggravated stalking, as provided in Section 30-3A-3.1 NMSA 1978; 7) second degree kidnapping, as provided 13 in Section 30-4-1 NMSA 1978; 8) second degree abandonment of a 14 child, as provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 9) first, 15 second and third degree abuse of a child, as provided in 16 Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 10) third degree dangerous use of 17 explosives, as provided in Section 30-7-5 NMSA 1978; 11) third 18 and fourth degree criminal sexual penetration, as provided in 19 Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; 12) fourth degree criminal sexual 20 contact of a minor, as provided in Section 30-9-13 NMSA 1978; 21 13) third degree robbery, as provided in Section 30-16-2 NMSA 22 1978; 14) third degree homicide by vehicle or great bodily 23 harm by vehicle, as provided in Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978; 24 [or] 15) battery upon a peace officer, as provided in Section 25 .231625.1

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30-22-24 NMSA 1978; or 16) human trafficking, as provided in
 Section 30-52-1 NMSA 1978.

M. Except for sex offenders, as provided in 3 4 Section 31-21-10.1 NMSA 1978, an offender sentenced to 5 confinement in a correctional facility designated by the corrections department who has been released from confinement 6 7 and who is serving a parole term may be awarded earned 8 meritorious deductions of up to thirty days per month upon 9 recommendation of the parole officer supervising the offender, with the final approval of the adult parole board. 10 The offender must be in compliance with all the conditions of the 11 12 offender's parole to be eligible for earned meritorious deductions. The adult parole board may remove earned 13 meritorious deductions previously awarded if the offender 14 later fails to comply with the conditions of the offender's 15 parole. The corrections department and the adult parole board 16 shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this 17 subsection. This subsection applies to offenders who are 18 serving a parole term on or after July 1, 2004." 19

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