LFC Requester:	

AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS - 2025 REGULAR SESSION

WITHIN 24 HOURS OF BILL POSTING, UPLOAD ANALYSIS TO

AgencyAnalysis.nmlegis.gov and email to billanalysis@dfa.nm.gov

(Analysis must be uploaded as a PDF)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION {Indicate if analysis is on an original bill, amendment, substitute or a correction of a previous bill}						
	Date Prepared: Bill Number:	February 18, 2025 SB419		_ Check all that apply: _ Original X_ Correction Amendment Substitute		
Sponsor:	Leo Jaramillo		Agency and Coo Number	le	_	ng and Long-Term Services artment – 6400
Short Title:	"Protecting Vulne from Financial Ex		Person 'Phone:	O	9347	Corey Roybal Email Corey.roybal@altsd.n

SECTION II: FISCAL IMPACT

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Appropr	iation	Recurring	Fund	
FY25	FY26	or Nonrecurring	Affected	
NFI	NFI	NFI	NFI	

(Parenthesis () indicate expenditure decreases)

REVENUE (dollars in thousands)

	Recurring	Fund		
FY25	FY26	FY27	or Nonrecurring	Affected

(Parenthesis () indicate revenue decreases)

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY25	FY26	FY27	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total						

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to: Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

SECTION III: NARRATIVE

BILL SUMMARY

Synopsis:

Senate Bill (SB419), amends Section 58-13D-5 NMSA 1978 to enhance protections for vulnerable adults from financial exploitation. SB419 proposes to expand the authority of broker-dealers and investment advisers to delay disbursements or transactions when financial exploitation is suspected—thereby creating a "temporary hold" on those disbursements or transactions. Additionally, SB419 provides the Adult Protective Services (APS) division of the Aging and Long-Term Services Department (ALTSD) with the authority to request a status report on the internal review conducted by a broker-dealer or investment adviser of the suspected financial exploitation. Additionally, SB419 increases the duration of temporary holds and provides conditions under which they can be extended. Further, SB419 also expands the authority to terminate temporary holds to "a state regulator or agency of competent jurisdiction."

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

No fiscal implications identified for ALTSD/APS

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

SB419 significantly enhances the role of APS in protecting vulnerable adults from financial exploitation by fostering stronger collaboration with financial institutions and the Regulation and Licensing Department (RLD). The bill requires the broker-dealer or investment adviser to provide a status report on the internal review of the suspected financial exploitation, upon request by APS. This status report may be used by APS by providing additional information needed to protect the vulnerable adult and possibly preventing financial losses before they occur. The bill aligns directly with APS's mission to prevent abuse, neglect, and exploitation, reinforcing the agency's authority in safeguarding at-risk adults. By broadening the scope of financial exploitation cases that can justify a disbursement delay, SB419 strengthens consumer protections and ensures that broker-dealers and investment advisers have the necessary flexibility to prevent fraudulent transactions. Additionally, the bill extends temporary hold periods under specific conditions, granting regulators more time to thoroughly investigate suspicious activity and take appropriate action. In FY24 APS received 2,388 referrals from banking institutes for financial exploitation and in FY25 APS has received 1,483 referrals from banking institutes for financial exploitation.

Year	Category	Count
FY24	Banks	2388
FY25*	Banks	1483

*YTD: 02/02/2025

By enhancing coordination between financial institutions and state agencies, SB419 creates a more effective framework for detecting and addressing financial exploitation, ultimately providing stronger protections for vulnerable adults across New Mexico.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

The implementation of SB419 has the potential to significantly improve the financial safety of vulnerable adults by providing financial institutions with more time to intervene in suspected cases of exploitation. This added time allows institutions to conduct thorough reviews before disbursing funds, helping to prevent financial losses. However, this increased responsibility may necessitate additional training for financial professionals to ensure they are equipped to properly identify and report suspected exploitation cases to APS and regulatory agencies. By allowing APS to intervene earlier in financial exploitation cases, the bill enhances APS's ability to coordinate with law enforcement and regulatory agencies, streamlining the investigation process and promoting more efficient protective actions.

Despite these improvements, the bill may also lead to potential investigative delays if APS does not receive adequate resources, bank account information from financial institutions, or the status report on the internal review of the requested disbursement or transaction, in a timely manner. If financial institutions fail to provide the necessary documentation, investigation times could increase, which in turn could delay the APS director's ability to extend the delay of disbursement or APS investigative staff ability to intervene before the delay is reversed.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

The implementation of SB419 may require significant administrative updates across multiple financial institutions to ensure compliance with the bill's provisions. Financial institutions will need to revise their policies, procedures, and training programs to align with the expanded authority to delay disbursements and transactions in cases of suspected financial exploitation.

The bill introduces new reporting and record-keeping obligations, monitoring compliance, and facilitating inter-agency communication. Since the bill requires time-sensitive reviews of delayed disbursements, APS will need to increase coordination with financial institutions, leading to more frequent interactions between APS investigators, broker-dealers, and investment advisers.

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

TECHNICAL ISSUES

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

ALTERNATIVES

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

It leaves vulnerable adults at greater risk of financial exploitation, as APS may struggle to intervene in suspected fraud cases before funds are lost. Without the ability to delay disbursements or transactions, financial institutions may process fraudulent withdrawals before a case of exploitation can be confirmed, leaving victims with little recourse after their assets have been

depleted. This could lead to severe financial consequences for exploited individuals, many of whom may be forced to rely on public assistance programs to cover basic living expenses. Additionally, financial institutions may be less likely to act without clear legal authority to delay transactions.

AMENDMENTS