

LFC Requester: _____

AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION

Check all that apply:

Original Amendment _____
Correction _____ Substitute _____

Date 2/18/2025
Bill No: HB 411

Sponsor: Reps. Armstrong and Dow Agency Name and Code EMNRD 521
Short Title: State Mineral Number: _____
Person Writing Samantha Kao
Phone: _____ Email Samantha.kao@emnrd.nm.gov

SECTION II: FISCAL IMPACT

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Appropriation		Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
FY25	FY26		

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

REVENUE (dollars in thousands)

Estimated Revenue			Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
FY25	FY26	FY27		

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY25	FY26	FY27	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total						

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to:

Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act:

SECTION III: NARRATIVE

BILL SUMMARY

HB411 amends NMSA 1978 12-3-4 to adopt Smithsonite as the official mineral of New Mexico.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

None.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

Smithsonite, also known as zinc spar, is the mineral form of zinc carbonate. Smithsonite comes in a range of colors, from bright yellow to soft pink. The Kelly Mine, located in the Magdalena mining district of Socorro, New Mexico, is renowned for its high-quality deposits of Smithsonite with a distinctive blue-green hue. While Smithsonite can be found worldwide, the clarity and quality of the specimens from New Mexico are considered exceptionally rare. Smithsonite has not been adopted as the state mineral for any other state.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

None

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

None

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

TECHNICAL ISSUES

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

ALTERNATIVES

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

AMENDMENTS