

1 SENATE BILL
2 **56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2023**
3 INTRODUCED BY
4 Gerald Ortiz y Pino
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10 AN ACT

11 RELATING TO PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE; AMENDING AND ENACTING
12 SECTIONS OF THE PHARMACY ACT TO EXPAND PHARMACIST SCOPE OF
13 PRACTICE.

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15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

16 SECTION 1. Section 61-11-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
17 Chapter 29, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

18 "61-11-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Pharmacy Act:

19 A. "administer" means the direct application of a
20 drug to the body of a patient or research subject by injection,
21 inhalation, ingestion or any other means as a result of an
22 order of a licensed practitioner;

23 B. "board" means the board of pharmacy;

24 C. "compounding" means preparing, mixing,
25 assembling, packaging or labeling a drug or device as the

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1 result of a licensed practitioner's prescription or for the
2 purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching or
3 chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing.

4 "Compounding" also includes preparing drugs or devices in
5 anticipation of a prescription based on routine, regularly
6 observed prescribing patterns;

7 D. "confidential information" means information in
8 the patient's pharmacy records accessed, maintained by or
9 transmitted to the pharmacist or communicated to the patient as
10 part of patient counseling and may be released only to the
11 patient or as the patient directs; or to those licensed
12 practitioners and other authorized health care professionals as
13 defined by regulation of the board when, in the pharmacist's
14 professional judgment, such release is necessary to protect the
15 patient's health and well-being; or to other persons authorized
16 by law to receive the information, regardless of whether the
17 information is on paper, preserved on microfilm or stored on
18 electronic media;

19 E. "consulting pharmacist" means a pharmacist whose
20 services are engaged on a routine basis by a hospital or other
21 health care facility and who is responsible for the
22 distribution, receipt and storage of drugs according to the
23 state and federal regulations;

24 F. "custodial care facility" means a nursing home,
25 retirement care, mental care or other facility that provides

1 extended health care;

2 G. "dangerous drug" means a drug that is required
3 by an applicable federal or state law or rule to be dispensed
4 pursuant to a prescription or is restricted to use by licensed
5 practitioners; or that is required by federal law to be labeled
6 with any of the following statements prior to being dispensed
7 or delivered:

8 (1) "Caution: federal law prohibits
9 dispensing without prescription.";

10 (2) "Caution: federal law restricts this drug
11 to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian."; or

12 (3) "RX only";

13 H. "device" means an instrument, apparatus,
14 implement, machine, contrivance, implant or similar or related
15 article, including a component part or accessory, that is
16 required by federal law to bear the label, "Caution: federal
17 or state law requires dispensing by or on the order of a
18 physician.";

19 I. "dispense" means the evaluation and
20 implementation of a prescription, including the preparation and
21 delivery of a drug or device to a patient or patient's agent in
22 a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent
23 administration to or use by a patient;

24 J. "distribute" means the delivery of a drug or
25 device other than by administering or dispensing;

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K. "drug" means:

- (1) an article recognized as a drug in an official compendium or its supplement that is designated from time to time by the board for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in humans or other animals;
- (2) an article intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of diseases in humans or other animals;
- (3) an article, other than food, that affects the structure or a function of the body of humans or other animals; and
- (4) an article intended for use as a component of an article described in Paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection;

L. "drug regimen review" includes an evaluation of a prescription and patient record for:

- (1) known allergies;
- (2) rational therapy contraindications;
- (3) reasonable dose and route of administration;
- (4) reasonable directions for use;
- (5) duplication of therapy;
- (6) drug-drug interactions;
- (7) adverse drug reactions; and

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1 (8) proper use and optimum therapeutic
2 outcomes;

3 M. "electronic transmission" means transmission of
4 information in electronic form or the transmission of the exact
5 visual image of a document by way of electronic equipment;

6 N. "hospital" means an institution that is licensed
7 as a hospital by the department of health;

8 O. "labeling" means the process of preparing and
9 affixing a label to a drug container exclusive of the labeling
10 by a manufacturer, packer or distributor of a nonprescription
11 drug or commercially packaged prescription drug or device; and
12 which label includes all information required by federal or
13 state law or regulations adopted pursuant to federal or state
14 law;

15 P. "licensed practitioner" means a person engaged
16 in a profession licensed by a state, territory or possession of
17 the United States who, within the limits of the person's
18 license, may lawfully prescribe, dispense or administer drugs
19 for the treatment of a patient's condition;

20 Q. "manufacturing" means the production,
21 preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a drug or
22 device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from
23 substances of natural origin or independently by means of
24 chemical or biological synthesis and includes packaging or
25 repackaging, labeling or relabeling and the promotion and

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1 marketing of the drugs or devices. "Manufacturing" also
2 includes the preparation and promotion of commercially
3 available products from bulk compounds for resale by
4 pharmacies, licensed practitioners or other persons;

5 R. "nonprescription drugs" means nonnarcotic
6 medicines or drugs that may be sold without a prescription and
7 are prepackaged for use by a consumer and are labeled in
8 accordance with the laws and regulations of the state and
9 federal governments;

10 S. "nonresident pharmacy" means any pharmacy
11 located outside New Mexico that ships, mails or delivers, in
12 any manner, drugs into New Mexico;

13 T. "outsourcing facility" means a facility at one
14 geographic location or address that engages in the compounding
15 of sterile drugs, is licensed by the board and, in accordance
16 with board rules, is currently registered with the United
17 States food and drug administration as an outsourcing facility;

18 U. "patient counseling" means the oral
19 communication by the pharmacist of information to a patient or
20 the patient's agent or caregiver regarding proper use of a drug
21 or device;

22 V. "person" means an individual, corporation,
23 partnership, association or other legal entity;

24 W. "pharmaceutical care" means the provision of
25 drug therapy and other patient care services related to drug

1 therapy intended to achieve definite outcomes that improve a
2 patient's quality of life, including identifying potential and
3 actual drug-related problems, resolving actual drug-related
4 problems and preventing potential drug-related problems;

5 X. "pharmacist" means a person who is licensed as a
6 pharmacist in this state;

7 Y. "pharmacist in charge" means a pharmacist who
8 accepts responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy in
9 conformance with all laws and rules pertinent to the practice
10 of pharmacy and the distribution of drugs and who is personally
11 in full and actual charge of the pharmacy and its personnel;

12 Z. "pharmacy" means a place of business licensed by
13 the board where drugs are compounded or dispensed and
14 pharmaceutical care is provided;

15 AA. "pharmacist intern" means a person licensed by
16 the board to train under a pharmacist;

17 BB. "pharmacy technician" means a person who is
18 registered to perform repetitive tasks not requiring the
19 professional judgment of a pharmacist;

20 CC. "practice of pharmacy" means the evaluation and
21 implementation of a lawful order of a licensed practitioner;
22 the dispensing of prescriptions; the participation in drug and
23 device selection or drug administration that has been ordered
24 by a licensed practitioner, drug regimen reviews and drug or
25 drug-related research; the administering or prescribing of

1 dangerous drug therapy, devices or supplies for prescribed drug
2 therapy for health conditions, including diabetes; the
3 provision of patient counseling and pharmaceutical care; the
4 responsibility for compounding and labeling of drugs and
5 devices; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices; the
6 ordering, performing and interpreting of tests authorized by
7 the federal food and drug administration and waived pursuant to
8 the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988,
9 as amended; and the maintenance of proper records;

10 DD. "prescription" means an order given
11 individually for the person for whom prescribed, either
12 directly from a licensed practitioner or the licensed
13 practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including electronic
14 transmission or indirectly by means of a written order signed
15 by the prescriber, that bears the name and address of the
16 prescriber, the prescriber's license classification, the name
17 and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the drug
18 prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue;

19 EE. "repackager" means a person that repackages a
20 drug, including a medicinal gas, and that, in accordance with
21 board rules, has a valid registration as a drug establishment
22 with the United States food and drug administration;

23 FF. "significant adverse drug event" means a
24 drug-related incident that may result in harm, injury or death
25 to the patient;

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1 GG. "third-party logistics provider" means a person
2 that provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics
3 services of a product in interstate commerce on behalf of a
4 manufacturer, wholesale distributor or dispenser of a product
5 but which person does not take ownership of the product nor
6 have responsibility to direct the sale or disposition of the
7 product; and

8 HH. "wholesale drug distributor" means a person
9 engaged in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs,
10 including own-label distributors, private-label distributors,
11 jobbers, brokers, manufacturers' warehouses, distributor's
12 warehouses, chain drug warehouses, wholesale drug warehouses,
13 independent wholesale drug traders and retail pharmacies that
14 conduct wholesale distribution."

15 SECTION 2. A new section of the Pharmacy Act is enacted
16 to read:

17 "[NEW MATERIAL] TESTING, SCREENING AND TREATMENT OF HEALTH
18 CONDITIONS.--

19 A. Pursuant to a board-approved written protocol, a
20 pharmacist may order, test, screen and treat for the following
21 health conditions or situations:

- 22 (1) influenza;
23 (2) group A streptococcus pharyngitis;
24 (3) SARS-COV-2 or other respiratory illness,
25 condition or disease;

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- 1 (4) lice;
2 (5) urinary tract infection;
3 (6) skin conditions, including ringworm and
4 athlete's foot;
5 (7) minor, uncomplicated infections;
6 (8) human immunodeficiency virus; and
7 (9) other emerging and existing public health
8 threats identified by the board or department of health,
9 including preventive health, mental health, substance abuse
10 disorders and infectious disease prevention if permitted by an
11 order, rule or regulation or pursuant to a declaration by the
12 board's executive director during civil or public health
13 emergencies.

14 B. A pharmacist who orders, tests, screens or
15 treats for health conditions or situations pursuant to this
16 section may use any test that may guide clinical decision
17 making that is waived pursuant to the federal Clinical
18 Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988, as amended, the
19 federal rules adopted thereunder or any established screening
20 procedure that can safely be performed by a pharmacist.

21 C. A pharmacist may delegate the administrative and
22 technical tasks of performing a test waived by the federal
23 Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988, as amended,
24 to a pharmacist intern or pharmacy technician acting under the
25 supervision of the pharmacist.

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D. An insurer subject to the authority of the superintendent of insurance shall not deny reimbursement under health benefit plans subject to the review and approval of the superintendent of insurance for services and procedures performed by a pharmacist that are within the scope of the pharmacist's license and would be covered if the services or procedures were performed by a physician, an advanced practice nurse or physician assistant."

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2023.