SENATE BILL 41

54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

INTRODUCED BY

Mary Kay Papen

Pursuant to House Rule 24-1, this document incorporates amendments that have been adopted prior to consideration of this measure by the House. It is a tool to show the amendments in context and is not to be used for the purpose of amendments.

FOR THE LEGISLATIVE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAID; PRESERVING ACCESS TO MEDICAID SERVICES;
PROVIDING DUE PROCESS TO MEDICAID PROVIDERS AND SUBCONTRACTORS;
PROVIDING FOR HEARING OFFICERS; ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES TO
RESOLVE OVERPAYMENT DISPUTES; PROVIDING FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW OF
A CREDIBLE ALLEGATION OF FRAUD DETERMINATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 27-11-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, Chapter 30, Section 1) is amended to read:

"27-11-1. SHORT TITLE.--[This act] Chapter 27, Article 11

.210902.1

NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act"."

- SECTION 2. Section 27-11-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, Chapter 30, Section 2) is amended to read:
- "27-11-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act:
- A. "claim" means a request for payment for services;
- B. "clean claim" means a claim for reimbursement that:
- (1) contains substantially all the required data elements necessary for accurate adjudication of the claim without the need for additional information from the medicaid provider or subcontractor;
- (2) is not materially deficient or improper, including lacking substantiating documentation required by medicaid; and
- (3) has no particular or unusual circumstances that require special treatment or that prevent payment from being made in due course on behalf of medicaid;
- C. "credible" means having indicia of reliability
 after the state has reviewed all allegations, facts and
 evidence carefully and acted judiciously on a case-by-case
 basis;
- D. "credible allegation of fraud" means an .210902.1

allegation that has been verified by the state from any source, including fraud hotline complaints, claims data mining and provider audits;

- $[\underbrace{A.}]$ $\underline{E.}$ "department" means the human services department;
- F. "fraud" means any act that constitutes fraud under state or federal law;
- $[B_{ullet}]$ G_{ullet} "managed care organization" means a person eligible to enter into risk-based prepaid capitation agreements with the department to provide health care and related services;
- [$\overline{\text{G.}}$] $\underline{\text{H.}}$ "medicaid" means the medical assistance program established pursuant to Title 19 of the federal Social Security Act and regulations issued pursuant to that act;
- [Đ.] I. "medicaid provider" means a person
 [including a managed care organization, operating under
 contract with the department to provide] that provides
 medicaid-related services to recipients;
- J. "overpayment" means an amount paid to a medicaid provider or subcontractor in excess of the medicaid allowable amount, including payment for any claim to which a medicaid provider or subcontractor is not entitled;
- [E.] K. "person" means an individual or other legal entity;
- [F.] L. "recipient" means a person whom the .210902.1

inderscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

department has determined to be eligible to receive medicaidrelated services:

- [G.] $\underline{\text{M.}}$ "secretary" means the secretary of human services; and
- [H.] N. "subcontractor" means a person [who] that contracts with a medicaid provider or a managed care organization to provide medicaid-related services to recipients."
- SECTION 3. Section 27-11-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, Chapter 30, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
- "27-11-3. REVIEW OF MEDICAID [PROVIDERS] PROVIDER OR

 MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATION--CONTRACT REMEDIES--PENALTIES.--
- A. Consistent with the terms of any contract between the department and a medicaid provider or managed care organization, the secretary shall have the right to be afforded access to such of the medicaid provider's or managed care organization's records and personnel, as well as its subcontracts and that subcontractor's records and personnel, as may be necessary to ensure that the medicaid provider or managed care organization is complying with the terms of its contract with the department.
- B. Upon not less than two days' written notice to a medicaid provider or managed care organization, the secretary may, consistent with the provisions of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act and rules issued pursuant to that act, .210902.1

carry out an administrative investigation or conduct administrative proceedings to determine whether a medicaid provider or managed care organization has:

- (1) materially breached its obligation to furnish medicaid-related services to recipients, or any other duty specified in its contract with the department;
- (2) violated any provision of the Public
 Assistance Act or the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act or
 any rules issued pursuant to those acts;
- (3) intentionally or with reckless disregard made any false statement with respect to any report or statement required by the Public Assistance Act or the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act, rules issued pursuant to either of those acts or a contract with the department;
- (4) intentionally or with reckless disregard advertised or marketed, or attempted to advertise or market, its services to recipients in a manner as to misrepresent its services or capacity for services, or engaged in any deceptive, misleading or unfair practice with respect to advertising or marketing;
- (5) hindered or prevented the secretary from performing any duty imposed by the Public Assistance Act, the Human Services Department Act or the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act or any rules issued pursuant to those acts; or
 - (6) fraudulently procured or attempted to

.210902.1

procure any benefit from medicaid.

- C. Subject to the provisions of Subsection D of this section, after affording a medicaid provider or managed care organization written notice of hearing not less than ten days before the hearing date and an opportunity to be heard, and upon making appropriate administrative findings, the secretary may take any or any combination of the following actions against the medicaid provider or managed care organization:
- (1) impose an administrative penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for engaging in any practice described in [Paragraphs (1) through (6) of]
 Subsection B of this section; provided that each separate occurrence of such practice shall constitute a separate offense;
- (2) issue an administrative order requiring the medicaid provider or managed care organization to:
- (a) cease or modify any specified conduct or practices engaged in by it or its employees, subcontractors or agents;
- (b) fulfill its contractual obligations in the manner specified in the order;
- (c) provide any service that has been denied;
 - (d) take steps to provide or arrange for

.210902.1

any service that it has agreed or is otherwise obligated to make available: or

- (e) enter into and abide by the terms of a binding or nonbinding arbitration proceeding, if agreed to by any opposing party, including the secretary; or
- (3) suspend or revoke the contract between the medicaid provider or managed care organization and the department pursuant to the terms of that contract.
- D. If a contract between the department and a medicaid provider or managed care organization explicitly specifies a dispute resolution mechanism for use in resolving disputes over performance of that contract, the dispute resolution mechanism specified in the contract shall be used to resolve such disputes in lieu of the mechanism set forth in Subsection C of this section.
- E. If a medicaid provider's <u>or managed care</u>

 <u>organization's</u> contract so specifies, the medicaid provider <u>or</u>

 <u>managed care organization</u> shall have the right to seek de novo
 review in district court of any decision by the secretary
 regarding a contractual dispute."
- SECTION 4. Section 27-11-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, Chapter 30, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "27-11-4. RETENTION AND PRODUCTION OF RECORDS.--
- A. Medicaid providers, <u>managed care organizations</u> and their subcontractors shall retain, for a period of at least .210902.1

six years from the date of creation, all medical and business records that are necessary to verify the:

- (1) treatment or care of any recipient for which the medicaid provider, <u>managed care organization or subcontractor</u> received payment from the department to provide that benefit or service;
- (2) services or goods provided to any recipient for which the medicaid provider, <u>managed care</u> <u>organization or subcontractor</u> received payment from the department to provide that benefit or service;
- (3) amounts paid by medicaid or the medicaid provider or managed care organization on behalf of any recipient; and
- (4) records required by medicaid under any contract between the department and the medicaid provider or managed care organization.
- B. Upon written request by the department to a medicaid provider, managed care organization or any subcontractor for copies or inspection of records pursuant to the Public Assistance Act, the medicaid provider, managed care organization or subcontractor shall provide the copies or permit the inspection, as applicable within two business days after the date of the request unless the records are held by a subcontractor, agent or satellite office, in which case the records shall be made available within ten business days after .210902.1

the date of the request.

C. Failure to provide copies or to permit inspection of records requested pursuant to this section shall constitute a violation of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act within the meaning of Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of Section 27-11-3 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 5. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] DETERMINATION OF OVERPAYMENTS OR CREDIBLE
ALLEGATION OF FRAUD--AUDIT FINDINGS--SAMPLING--EXTRAPOLATION
LIMITED--NOTICE OF RIGHT TO INFORMAL CONFERENCE AND EXPEDITED
ADJUDICATORY PROCEEDING.--

- A. The department may audit a medicaid provider or subcontractor for overpayment, using sampling for the time period audited. If the department contracts for the audit, the department shall contract only with an independent auditor approved by the state auditor. Each audited claim shall be reviewed by a person who is licensed, certified, registered or otherwise credentialed in New Mexico as to the matters such person reviews, including coding or specific clinical practice.
- B. The department shall not extrapolate audit findings unless a medicaid provider's or subcontractor's error rate exceeds ten percent based upon an appropriate sampling and a representative sample of claims computed by valid statistical methods in accordance with the most recently published medicare .210902.1

program integrity manual and using statistical software approved by the United States department of health and human services.

- C. Prior to reaching either a final determination of overpayment or a credible allegation of fraud, the department shall serve the medicaid provider or subcontractor with a written preliminary finding of overpayment.
 - D. The preliminary finding of overpayment shall:
- (1) state with specificity the factual and legal basis for each claim forming the basis of an alleged overpayment;
- (2) include a copy of the final audit report if the alleged overpayment is based on an audit; and
- subcontractor that is the subject of a preliminary finding of overpayment of its right to request, within thirty calendar days of service of the preliminary finding of overpayment, an informal conference with a representative of the department who is knowledgeable about the department's preliminary finding of overpayment and with a member of the audit team, if an audit formed the basis of any alleged overpayment, to informally address, resolve or dispute the department's preliminary finding of overpayment.
- E. Prior to making either a final determination of overpayment or a determination of credible allegation of fraud, .210902.1

inderscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

the department may impose corrective action upon the medicaid provider or subcontractor to address systemic conditions contributing to errors in the submission of claims for payment to which a medicaid provider or subcontractor is not entitled."

SECTION 6. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] INFORMAL CONFERENCE--CORRECTIVE ACTION-REQUIREMENTS.--

A. A medicaid provider or subcontractor seeking an informal conference pursuant to this section shall serve the department with a written request for such conference no later than thirty calendar days following the service of a preliminary determination of overpayment by the department on the medicaid provider or subcontractor. Upon receipt of a request for an informal conference, the department shall set a date for the conference to occur no later than fourteen business days following receipt of the request.

B. Within seven days following the informal conference, a medicaid provider or subcontractor may submit a proposed corrective action plan to the department to correct clerical, typographical, scrivener's and computer errors or to provide requested credentialing, licensure or training records identified in audit findings. The department shall not unreasonably withhold approval of the proposed corrective action plan. A medicaid provider or subcontractor shall have .210902.1

inderscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

no less than thirty days from the date of approval of its corrective action plan to provide additional information or documentation to the department to attempt to address or resolve a disputed preliminary finding of overpayment."

SECTION 7. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] EXPEDITED ADJUDICATORY PROCEEDINGS-REQUIREMENTS.--

- A. A medicaid provider or subcontractor seeking an expedited adjudicatory proceeding pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act shall serve the department and the administrative hearings office with a written request for such proceeding no later than thirty calendar days following the service of a final determination of overpayment by the department on the medicaid provider or subcontractor.
- B. The chief hearing officer of the administrative hearings office shall appoint or contract with a hearing officer qualified pursuant to Section 8 of this 2019 act no later than thirty calendar days after service upon the administrative hearings office of a request for an expedited adjudicatory proceeding pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act by a medicaid provider or subcontractor.
- C. The expedited adjudicatory proceeding requested by a medicaid provider or subcontractor in accordance with the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act shall commence no later .210902.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

than thirty calendar days following the appointment of the hearing officer or as stipulated by the parties or as otherwise ordered by the hearing officer upon a showing of good cause. The evidentiary hearing of an expedited adjudicatory proceeding pursuant to this section shall not exceed ten business days in length and shall be conducted in accordance with Section 12-8-11 NMSA 1978.

- D. After affording the parties the opportunity to submit proposed findings and conclusions of law, and based solely upon the record in accordance with the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act and the Administrative Procedures Act, the hearing officer shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law on all material issues of fact, law or discretion, stating the basis for each. In addition, the hearing officer shall determine the amount of overpayment with respect to each disputed claim submitted for payment, if any. The findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearing officer shall be made and served upon all parties of record within thirty calendar days following the hearing officer's receipt of the record.
- E. The hearing officer's findings of fact and conclusions of law shall be binding on the department and constitute a final agency decision, which may be appealed pursuant to Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 8. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and .210902.1

Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] QUALIFICATIONS AND SELECTION OF HEARING
OFFICER FOR EXPEDITED ADJUDICATORY PROCEEDINGS.--

- A. The hearing officer presiding over the expedited adjudicatory proceeding held pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act shall:
- (1) be licensed and in good standing to practice law in New Mexico or another state;
- (2) have at least three years' cumulative experience in one or more of the following areas: the health insurance industry, the medicaid program, health care regulatory compliance, medical claims administration or health law;

SFC→(3) have at least five years' experience in commercial litigation demonstrating the ability to make a record in an adjudicatory proceeding suitable for judicial review;←SFC

SFC→(4) (3)←SFC not currently be employed by or represent, or belong to a law firm that currently represents, the SFC→state←SFC SFC→department←SFC or a medicaid provider or managed care organization or third-party administrator currently doing business with the department; and

SFC→(5) (4)←SFC not be related within the third degree of consanguinity to a person currently employed by SFC→an executive agency of the state, currently doing business .210902.1

with the state or currently employed by an organization doing business with the state. ←SFC SFC→the department, currently doing business with the department or currently employed by an organization doing business with the department. ←SFC

SFC→B. The hearing officer shall not be:

- (1) a lobbyist registered under the Lobbyist Regulation Act who currently represents, or has in the prior calendar year represented, a client in matters before the department; or
- (2) affiliated with, or the spouse of, a lobbyist registered under the Lobbyist Regulation Act who currently represents, or has in the prior calendar year represented, a client in matters before the department.←SFC

SFC→B. C.←SFC The chief hearing officer of the administrative hearings office shall select the hearing officer to preside over an expedited adjudicatory proceeding held pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act and the Administrative Procedures Act."

SECTION 9. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] COSTS OF EXPEDITED ADJUDICATORY
PROCEEDING.--

A. Each party shall be responsible for its own costs related to the expedited adjudicatory proceeding, including costs associated with preparation for the hearing, .210902.1

inderscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

discovery, depositions, subpoenas, service of process and witness expenses, travel expenses and investigation expenses and attorney fees.

- B. The hearing officer shall allow telephonic testimony of a witness if requested by a party.
- C. The department shall reimburse the administrative hearings office for the costs of a contract hearing officer."
- SECTION 10. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] RIGHTS OF MEDICAID PROVIDER OR
SUBCONTRACTOR--PRELIMINARY OR FINAL DETERMINATION OF
OVERPAYMENT.--

- A. A medicaid provider or subcontractor may challenge:
- (1) the department's preliminary or final determination of overpayment as:
 - (a) exceeding statutory authority;
 - (b) arbitrary or capricious;
 - (c) a failure to follow department

procedure; or

evidence;

- (d) not supported by substantial
- (2) the credentials of persons who participated in the audit or claims review; or .210902.1

- (3) the methodology or accuracy of the department's audit.
- B. A medicaid provider or subcontractor may, but shall not be required to, conduct its own audit or sampling to challenge a preliminary or final determination of overpayment."
- SECTION 11. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] RELEASE OF SUSPENDED PAYMENT FOR SERVICES
PREVIOUSLY RENDERED--PREPAYMENT REVIEW--REMEDIAL TRAINING AND
EDUCATION--TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE.--

- A. The department shall direct the release of a suspended payment to a medicaid provider or subcontractor that is the subject of a referral based upon a determination of a credible allegation of fraud for services previously rendered if the medicaid provider or subcontractor posts a surety bond in the amount of the suspended payment, which posting shall be deemed good cause not to suspend payment.
- B. The provisions of this section shall not prevent the department from:
- (1) conducting a prepayment review of claims for ongoing services rendered by the medicaid provider or subcontractor;
- (2) requiring the medicaid provider or subcontractor or its employees to complete remedial training or education to prevent the submission of claims for payment to .210902.1

which the medicaid provider or subcontractor is not entitled; or

- (3) requiring the medicaid provider or subcontractor to engage an independent third party approved by the department to temporarily manage or provide technical assistance to the medicaid provider or subcontractor.
- C. The department shall direct that the release of a suspended payment occur no later than ten business days following the earlier of:
- (1) the posting of a surety bond by the medicaid provider or subcontractor in the amount of the suspended payment;
- (2) notice from the attorney general that the attorney general will not pursue legal action against the medicaid provider or subcontractor arising out of the referral of the medicaid provider or subcontractor based on a determination of a credible allegation of fraud;
- (3) the date on which an administrative decision as to the basis for suspending such payments, or portion of such payments, in favor of the medicaid provider or subcontractor becomes final; or
- (4) the date on which a judicial decision as to the basis for suspending such payments, or portion of such payments, in favor of the medicaid provider or subcontractor becomes final and not subject to further appeal."

.210902.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = -bold, blue, highlight

SECTION 12. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] MAINTENANCE OF SERVICES--PAYMENT FOR ONGOING SERVICES.--

- A. Following the referral of a medicaid provider or subcontractor based on a determination of a credible allegation of fraud, and during the pendency of a dispute between the department and a medicaid provider or subcontractor regarding an alleged overpayment, including an overpayment based in whole or in part on a credible allegation of fraud, the department shall not terminate or deny the medicaid provider's or subcontractor's continued participation in the state's medicaid program if the medicaid provider or subcontractor:
- (1) submits to a prepayment review of claims for ongoing services;
- (2) demonstrates that its employees have completed remedial training or education required by the department to prevent the submission of claims for payment to which the medicaid provider or subcontractor is not entitled; and
- (3) engages an independent third party approved by the department to temporarily manage or provide technical assistance to the medicaid provider or subcontractor following the referral or during the pendency of the dispute.
- B. The department shall not unreasonably withhold .210902.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete
Amendments: new = →bold, blue, highlight←

approval of a third party proposed by the medicaid provider or subcontractor pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section.

C. A medicaid provider or subcontractor that complies with the requirements of Subsection A of this section shall be reimbursed for each clean claim for ongoing services within ten calendar days of receipt if submitted electronically or thirty calendar days if submitted manually."

SECTION 13. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] DISPOSITION OF RECOVERED MEDICAID FUNDS.--

- A. Overpayments collected pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act on behalf of the state shall be remitted to the department for deposit in the general fund to be used for the state's medicaid program.
- B. The department shall not enter into a contract to pay any portion of funds recovered by the state from a medicaid provider, a managed care organization or a subcontractor to any other person unless expressly authorized or required to do so by state or federal law."
- SECTION 14. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:
- "[NEW MATERIAL] CREDIBLE ALLEGATION OF FRAUD--JUDICIAL
 REVIEW--SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE REQUIRED.--
- A. A credible allegation of fraud determination by .210902.1

the department shall be deemed a final agency decision and may be appealed pursuant to Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978.

- B. A medicaid provider or subcontractor that is the subject of a referral to the attorney general for further investigation based on a credible allegation of fraud may seek judicial review, pursuant to Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978, of the department's determination that the allegation of fraud is credible. The department shall show by substantial evidence that:
- (1) it has SFC→not abused its discretion by

 failing to follow←SFC SFC→followed←SFC its own procedures; and
- (2) the evidence relied upon to make its credible allegation of fraud determination was relevant, credible and material to the issue of fraud.
- C. In a proceeding for judicial review under this section, the reviewing court shall not consider evidence acquired by the department after making its credible allegation of fraud determination."
- SECTION 15. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] AWARD OF COSTS, FEES AND INTEREST.--

A. If a medicaid provider or subcontractor is the prevailing party in any expedited adjudicatory or court proceeding brought by the medicaid provider or subcontractor pursuant to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act on or .210902.1

after SFC→July 1, 2019←SFC SFC→January 1, 2020←SFC in connection with a preliminary or final determination of overpayment or a determination of credible allegation of fraud, the medicaid provider or subcontractor shall be entitled to:

- (1) reasonable administrative costs incurred in connection with an expedited adjudicatory proceeding with the department;
- (2) reasonable litigation costs incurred in connection with a court proceeding; and
- (3) interest pursuant to Subsection F of this section.
 - B. As used in this section:
- (1) "court proceeding" means any civil action brought in state district court;
- (2) "reasonable administrative costs" means actual charges for preparation for and conduct of an administrative proceeding, including:
- (a) court reporter fees, service of process fees and similar expenses;
 - (b) the services of expert witnesses;
- (c) any study, analysis, report, test or project reasonably necessary for the preparation of the party's case; and
- (d) fees and costs paid or incurred for the services of attorneys or of certified public accountants in .210902.1

connection with the expedited adjudicatory proceeding; and

- (3) "reasonable litigation costs" means:
 - (a) reasonable court costs; and
- (b) actual charges for: 1) filing fees, court reporter fees, service of process fees and similar expenses; 2) the services of expert witnesses; 3) any study, analysis, report, test or project reasonably necessary for the preparation of the party's case; and 4) fees and costs paid or incurred for the services of attorneys or certified public accountants in connection with the proceeding.
 - C. For purposes of this section:
- (1) the medicaid provider or subcontractor is the prevailing party if it has:
- (a) substantially prevailed with respect to the amount in controversy; or
- (b) substantially prevailed with respect to most of the issues involved in the case or the most significant issue or set of issues involved in the case;
- shall not be treated as the prevailing party if SFC , prior to

 July 1, 2019, the department establishes or, on or after July

 1, 2019, SFC the hearing officer finds that the position of the department in the proceeding was based upon a reasonable application of the law to the facts of the case. For purposes of this paragraph, the position of the department shall be

 .210902.1

presumed not to be based upon a reasonable application of the law to the facts of the case if:

- (a) the department did not follow its own rules or procedures in making a preliminary finding or final determination of overpayment; or
- the department's preliminary finding or final determination of overpayment giving rise to the proceeding was not supported by substantial evidence at the time such finding or determination was made; and
- the determination of whether the medicaid (3) provider or subcontractor is the prevailing party and the amount of reasonable administrative costs or reasonable litigation costs shall be made:
 - (a) by agreement of the parties;
- (b) in an expedited adjudicatory proceeding, by the hearing officer; or
 - in a court proceeding, by the court.
- A decision or order granting or denying in whole or in part an award for reasonable administrative costs pursuant to Subsection A of this section by the hearing officer shall be reviewable in the same manner as other decisions of the administrative hearings office. An order granting or denying in whole or in part an award for reasonable litigation costs pursuant to Subsection A of this section in a court proceeding may be incorporated as a part of the decision or .210902.1

judgment in the court proceeding and shall be subject to appeal in the same manner as the decision or judgment.

- E. No agreement for or award of reasonable administrative costs or reasonable litigation costs in any expedited adjudicatory or court proceeding pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall exceed the lesser of thirty percent of the amount of the settlement or judgment or one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). A medicaid provider or subcontractor awarded administrative or litigation costs pursuant to this section may not receive an award of attorney fees pursuant to any other statutory provision.
- F. Interest on amounts owed to a prevailing medicaid provider or subcontractor shall accrue and be paid at the rate of one and one-half percent a month on the amount of a:
- (1) clean claim electronically submitted by the medicaid provider or subcontractor and not paid within thirty days of receipt;
- (2) clean claim manually submitted by the medicaid provider or subcontractor and not paid within forty-five days of receipt; or
- (3) claim for which additional information was necessary to substantiate the claim and not paid within sixty days of receipt of such additional information."
- SECTION 16. A new section of the Medicaid Provider and .210902.1

Managed Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] APPLICABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

ACT.--

A. The department shall be subject to Sections 12-8-2, 12-8-10 through 12-8-13, 12-8-15 and 12-8-16 NMSA 1978 for expedited adjudicatory proceedings as provided by the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act.

B. Sections 12-8-2, 12-8-10 through 12-8-13, 12-8-15 and 12-8-16 NMSA 1978 apply to Sections 5, 7 through 11 and 14 of this 2019 act."

SECTION 17. A new section of the Administrative Hearings Office Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] APPOINTMENT OF HEARING OFFICER FOR

EXPEDITED ADJUDICATORY PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE MEDICAID PROVIDER

AND MANAGED CARE ACT.--The chief hearing officer shall select a

hearing officer for expedited adjudicatory proceedings as

provided by the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act."

SECTION 18. TEMPORARY PROVISION--REFERENCES IN LAW.--As of the effective date of this act, all references in law to the Medicaid Provider Act shall be deemed to be references to the Medicaid Provider and Managed Care Act.

SFC→SECTION 19. SEVERABILITY.--If any part or application of this act is held invalid, the remainder or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.←SFC

SECTION SFC→19. 20.←SFC EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective .210902.1

date of the provisions of this act is January 1, 2020.

- 27 -

.210902.1