## SENATE BILL 179

## 53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

## INTRODUCED BY

Elizabeth "Liz" Stefanics

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH COVERAGE; ENACTING NEW SECTIONS OF THE HEALTH CARE PURCHASING ACT, THE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE ACT, THE NEW MEXICO INSURANCE CODE, THE HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LAW AND THE NONPROFIT HEALTH CARE PLAN LAW TO ESTABLISH GUIDELINES RELATING TO STEP THERAPY FOR PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Health Care Purchasing
Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE--STEP THERAPY
PROTOCOLS--CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA--EXCEPTIONS.--

A. Group health coverage, including any form of self-insurance, offered, issued or renewed under the Health Care Purchasing Act that provides coverage for prescription drugs for which any step therapy protocols are required shall .205739.1

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establish clinical review criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical review criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines that:

- recommend that the prescription drugs (1) subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
- (2) are developed and endorsed by an interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
- (a) requiring members to: 1) disclose any potential conflicts of interest with group health plan administrators, insurers, health maintenance organizations, health care plans, pharmaceutical manufacturers, pharmacy benefits managers and any other entities; and 2) recuse themselves if there is a conflict of interest;
- (b) using analytical and methodological experts to work to provide objectivity in data analysis and ranking of evidence through the preparation of evidence tables and facilitating consensus; and
- (c) offering opportunities for public review and comment;
- (3) are based on high-quality studies, research and medical practice;
- are created pursuant to an explicit and (4) transparent process that:

1	(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of
2	interest;
3	(b) explains the relationship between
4	treatment options and outcomes;
5	(c) rates the quality of the evidence
6	supporting recommendations; and
7	(d) considers relevant patient subgroups
8	and preferences; and
9	(5) take into account the needs of atypical
10	patient populations and diagnoses.
11	B. In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet
12	the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed
13	publications may be substituted.
14	C. A group health administrator shall continually
15	update clinical review criteria for step therapy protocols
16	pursuant to a review of new evidence, research and newly
17	developed treatments.
18	D. The provisions of this section shall not be
19	construed to require a group health plan administrator or the
20	state to establish a new entity to develop clinical review
21	criteria used for step therapy protocols.
22	E. When a group health plan restricts coverage of a
23	prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition
24	through the use of a step therapy protocol, an enrollee and the
25	practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have

access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. A group health plan may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for enrollees and practitioners on the group health plan's publicly accessible website.

- F. A group health plan shall expeditiously grant an exception to the group health plan's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient;
- (2) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;
- (3) while under the enrollee's current health coverage or previous health coverage, the enrollee has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;
  - (4) the prescription drug that is the subject

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of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or

- (5) while enrolled in the enrollee's current health coverage, the enrollee is stable, or while enrolled in the enrollee's previous health coverage, the enrollee was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the enrollee's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- Upon the granting of an exception to a group health plan's step therapy protocol, the group health plan administrator shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.
- A group health plan shall respond to an enrollee's exception request within seventy-two hours of receipt. In cases where exigent circumstances exist, a group health plan shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the group health plan does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.
- I. A group health plan administrator's denial of a request for an exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review and appeal pursuant to the Patient Protection Act.
- J. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent a:

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(1) group health plan from requiring a patient
to try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before
providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription
drug; or

- (2) practitioner from prescribing a prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be medically necessary.
- K. The provisions of this section shall apply only to a group health plan delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after January 1, 2018.
- L. As used in this section, "medically necessary" means that a prescription drug is appropriate:
- (1) to improve or preserve health, life or function;
- (2) to slow the deterioration of health, life or function; or
- (3) for the early screening, prevention, evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition, illness or injury."
- **SECTION 2.** A new section of the Public Assistance Act is enacted to read:
- "[NEW MATERIAL] MEDICAL ASSISTANCE--PRESCRIPTION DRUG
  COVERAGE--STEP THERAPY PROTOCOLS--CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA-EXCEPTIONS.--
- A. By January 1, 2018, the secretary shall require .205739.1

any medical assistance plan for which any step therapy protocols are required to establish clinical review criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical review criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines that:

- (1) recommend that the prescription drugs subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
- (2) are developed and endorsed by an interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
- (a) requiring members to: 1) disclose any potential conflicts of interest with health care plans, medical assistance plans, health maintenance organizations, pharmaceutical manufacturers, pharmacy benefits managers and any other entities; and 2) recuse themselves if there is a conflict of interest:
- (b) using analytical and methodological experts to work to provide objectivity in data analysis and ranking of evidence through the preparation of evidence tables and facilitating consensus; and
- (c) offering opportunities for public review and comment;
- (3) are based on high-quality studies, research and medical practice;
- (4) are created pursuant to an explicit and .205739.1

1	transparent process that:
2	(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of
3	interest;
4	(b) explains the relationship between
5	treatment options and outcomes;
6	(c) rates the quality of the evidence
7	supporting recommendations; and
8	(d) considers relevant patient subgroups
9	and preferences; and
10	(5) take into account the needs of atypical
11	patient populations and diagnoses.
12	B. In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet
13	the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed
14	publications may be substituted.
15	C. A medical assistance plan shall continually
16	update clinical review criteria for step therapy protocols
17	pursuant to a review of new evidence, research and newly
18	developed treatments.
19	D. The provisions of this section shall not be
20	construed to require a medical assistance plan to establish a
21	new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step
22	therapy protocols.
23	E. When a medical assistance plan restricts
24	coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any
25	medical condition through the use of a step therapy protocol, a
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recipient and the practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. A medical assistance plan may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for recipients and practitioners on the medical assistance plan's publicly accessible website.

- F. A medical assistance plan shall expeditiously grant an exception to the medical assistance plan's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient;
- (2) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;
- (3) while under the recipient's current medical assistance plan, or under the recipient's previous health coverage, the recipient has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the prescription drug that is the

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subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;

- the prescription drug that is the subject (4) of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or
- (5) while enrolled in the recipient's current medical assistance plan, the recipient is stable, or while enrolled in the recipient's previous health coverage, the recipient was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the recipient's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- Upon the granting of an exception to a medical assistance plan's step therapy protocol, a medical assistance plan shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.
- A medical assistance plan shall respond to a recipient's exception request within seventy-two hours of In cases where exigent circumstances exist, a medical assistance plan shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the medical assistance plan does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.
- A medical assistance plan's denial of a request .205739.1

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for an exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review and appeal pursuant to department rules.

- J. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent:
- (1) a medical assistance plan from requiring a patient to try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription drug; or
- (2) a practitioner from prescribing a prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be medically necessary.
- K. As used in this section, "medically necessary" means that a prescription drug is appropriate:
- (1) to improve or preserve health, life or function;
- (2) to slow the deterioration of health, life or function; or
- (3) for the early screening, prevention, evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition, illness or injury."
- SECTION 3. A new section of Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "[NEW MATERIAL] PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE--STEP THERAPY
  PROTOCOLS--CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA--EXCEPTIONS.--
- A. Each individual health insurance policy, health .205739.1

care plan and certificate of health insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides a prescription drug benefit for which any step therapy protocols are required shall establish clinical review criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical review criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines that:

- (1) recommend that the prescription drugs subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
- (2) are developed and endorsed by an interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
- (a) requiring members to: 1) disclose any potential conflicts of interest with insurers, health maintenance organizations, health care plans, pharmacy benefits managers and any other entities; and 2) recuse themselves if there is a conflict of interest;
- (b) using analytical and methodological experts to work to provide objectivity in data analysis and ranking of evidence through the preparation of evidence tables and facilitating consensus; and
- (c) offering opportunities for public
  review and comment;
- (3) are based on high-quality studies, research and medical practice;

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interest;

	(4)	are	created	pursuant	to	an	explicit	and
transparent	process	that:						

- minimizes bias and conflicts of (a)
- explains the relationship between (b) treatment options and outcomes;
- (c) rates the quality of the evidence supporting recommendations; and
- (d) considers relevant patient subgroups and preferences; and
- take into account the needs of atypical (5) patient populations and diagnoses.
- In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed publications may be substituted.
- An insurer shall continually update clinical review criteria for step therapy protocols pursuant to a review of new evidence, research and newly developed treatments.
- The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require an insurer to establish a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.
- When a health insurance policy, health care plan Ε. or certificate of insurance restricts coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition .205739.1

through the use of a step therapy protocol, an insured and the practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. An insurer may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for insureds and practitioners on the insurer's publicly accessible website.

- F. An insurer shall expeditiously grant an exception to the health insurance policy's, health care plan's or certificate of insurance's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient;
- (2) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;
- (3) while under the insured's current health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance, or under the insured's previous health coverage, the insured has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the

prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;

- (4) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or
- (5) while enrolled in the insured's current health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance, the insured is stable, or while enrolled in the insured's previous health coverage, the insured was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the insured's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- G. Upon the granting of an exception to a health insurance policy's, health care plan's or certificate of insurance's step therapy protocol, an insurer shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.
- H. An insurer shall respond to an insured's exception request within seventy-two hours of receipt. In cases where exigent circumstances exist, an insurer shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the insurer does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.

1	I. An insurer's denial of a request for an
2	exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review
3	and appeal pursuant to the Patient Protection Act.
4	J. The provisions of this section shall not be
5	construed to prevent:
6	(1) a health insurance policy, health care
7	plan or certificate of insurance from requiring a patient to
8	try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before
9	providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription
10	drug; or
11	(2) a practitioner from prescribing a
12	prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be
13	medically necessary.
14	K. The provisions of this section shall apply only
15	to a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate
16	of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or
17	after January 1, 2018.
18	L. As used in this section, "medically necessary"
19	means that a prescription drug is appropriate:
20	(1) to improve or preserve health, life or
21	function;
22	(2) to slow the deterioration of health, life
23	or function; or
24	(3) for the early screening, prevention,
25	evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition,
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illness or injury."

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SECTION 4. A new section of Chapter 59A, Article 23 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE--STEP THERAPY PROTOCOLS--CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA--EXCEPTIONS.--

Each group or blanket health insurance policy, health care plan and certificate of health insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides a prescription drug benefit for which any step therapy protocols are required shall establish clinical review criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical review criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines that:

- recommend that the prescription drugs (1) subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
- are developed and endorsed by an (2) interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
- (a) requiring members to: 1) disclose any potential conflicts of interest with insurers, health maintenance organizations, health care plans, pharmacy benefits managers and any other entities; and 2) recuse themselves if there is a conflict of interest;
- (b) using analytical and methodological experts to provide objectivity in data analysis and ranking of .205739.1

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2	racilitating consensus; and
3	(c) offering opportunities for public
4	review and comment;
5	(3) are based on high-quality studies,
6	research and medical practice;
7	(4) are created pursuant to an explicit and
8	transparent process that:
9	(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of
10	interest;
11	(b) explains the relationship between
12	treatment options and outcomes;
13	(c) rates the quality of the evidence
14	supporting recommendations; and
15	(d) considers relevant patient subgroups
16	and preferences; and
17	(5) take into account the needs of atypical
18	patient populations and diagnoses.
19	B. In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet
20	the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed
21	publications may be substituted.
22	C. An insurer shall continually update clinical
23	review criteria for step therapy protocols pursuant to a review
24	of new evidence, research and newly developed treatments.
25	D. The provisions of this section shall not be

evidence through the preparation of evidence tables and

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construed to require an insurer to establish a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.

- When a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance restricts coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition through the use of a step therapy protocol, an insured and the practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. An insurer may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for insureds and practitioners on the insurer's publicly accessible website.
- An insurer shall expeditiously grant an exception to the health insurance policy's, health care plan's or certificate of insurance's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient;
- (2) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;

- (3) while under the insured's current health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance, or under the insured's previous health coverage, the insured has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;
- (4) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or
- (5) while enrolled in the insured's current health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance, the insured is stable, or while enrolled in the insured's previous health coverage, the insured was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the insured's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- G. Upon the granting of an exception to a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance's step therapy protocol, an insurer shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.
- H. An insurer shall respond to an insured's
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exception request within seventy-two hours of receipt. In cases where exigent circumstances exist, an insurer shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the insurer does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.

- I. An insurer's denial of a request for an exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review and appeal pursuant to the Patient Protection Act.
- J. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent:
- (1) a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance from requiring a patient to try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription drug; or
- (2) a practitioner from prescribing a prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be medically necessary.
- K. The provisions of this section shall apply only to a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after January 1, 2018.
- L. As used in this section, "medically necessary" means that a prescription drug is appropriate:

1	(1) to improve or preserve health, life or
2	function;
3	(2) to slow the deterioration of health, life
4	or function; or
5	(3) for the early screening, prevention,
6	evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition,
7	illness or injury."
8	SECTION 5. A new section of the Health Maintenance
9	Organization Law is enacted to read:
10	"[NEW MATERIAL] PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGESTEP THERAPY
11	PROTOCOLSCLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIAEXCEPTIONS
12	A. Each individual or group health maintenance
13	organization contract delivered or issued for delivery in this
14	state that provides a prescription drug benefit for which any
15	step therapy protocols are required shall establish clinical
16	review criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical
17	review criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines
18	that:
19	(1) recommend that the prescription drugs
20	subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific
21	sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
22	(2) are developed and endorsed by an
23	interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of
24	interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
25	(a) requiring members to: 1) disclose
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1	any potential conflicts of interest with carriers, insurers,
2	health care plans, pharmaceutical manufacturers, pharmacy
3	benefits managers and any other entities; and 2) recuse
4	themselves if there is a conflict of interest;
5	(b) using analytical and methodological
6	experts to work to provide objectivity in data analysis and
7	ranking of evidence through the preparation of evidence tables
8	and facilitating consensus; and
9	(c) offering opportunities for public
10	review and comment;
11	(3) are based on high-quality studies,
12	research and medical practice;
13	(4) are created pursuant to an explicit and
14	transparent process that:
15	(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of
16	interest;
17	(b) explains the relationship between
18	treatment options and outcomes;
19	(c) rates the quality of the evidence
20	supporting recommendations; and
21	(d) considers relevant patient subgroups
22	and preferences; and
23	(5) take into account the needs of atypical
24	patient populations and diagnoses.
25	B. In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet

the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed publications may be substituted.

- C. A carrier shall continually update clinical review criteria for step therapy protocols pursuant to a review of new evidence, research and newly developed treatments.
- D. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require a carrier to establish a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.
- E. When a health maintenance organization contract restricts coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition through the use of a step therapy protocol, an enrollee and the practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. A carrier may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for enrollees and practitioners on the carrier's publicly accessible website.
- F. A carrier shall expeditiously grant an exception to the health maintenance organization contract's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the .205739.1

patient;

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- (2) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;
- (3) while under the enrollee's current health maintenance organization contract, or under the enrollee's previous health coverage, the enrollee has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;
- the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or
- (5) while enrolled in the enrollee's current health maintenance organization contract, the enrollee is stable, or while enrolled in the enrollee's previous health coverage, the enrollee was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the enrollee's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- Upon the granting of an exception to a health maintenance organization contract's step therapy protocol, a .205739.1

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carrier shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.

- A carrier shall respond to an enrollee's exception request within seventy-two hours of receipt. In cases where exigent circumstances exist, a carrier shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the insurer does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.
- I. A carrier's denial of a request for an exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review and appeal pursuant to the Patient Protection Act.
- The provisions of this section shall not be J. construed to prevent:
- a health maintenance organization contract (1) from requiring a patient to try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription drug; or
- a practitioner from prescribing a prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be medically necessary.
- Κ. The provisions of this section shall apply only to a health maintenance organization contract delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after January 1, 2018.
- L. As used in this section, "medically necessary" .205739.1

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1	means that a prescription drug is appropriate:
2	(1) to improve or preserve health, life or
3	function;
4	(2) to slow the deterioration of health, life
5	or function; or
6	(3) for the early screening, prevention,
7	evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition,
8	illness or injury."
9	SECTION 6. A new section of the Nonprofit Health Care
10	Plan Law is enacted to read:
11	"[NEW MATERIAL] PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGESTEP THERAPY
12	PROTOCOLSCLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIAEXCEPTIONS
13	A. Each individual or group nonprofit health care
14	plan contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state
15	that provides a prescription drug benefit for which any step
16	therapy protocols are required shall establish clinical review
17	criteria for those step therapy protocols. The clinical review
18	criteria shall be based on clinical practice guidelines that:
19	(1) recommend that the prescription drugs
20	subject to step therapy protocols be taken in the specific
21	sequence required by the step therapy protocol;
22	(2) are developed and endorsed by an
23	interdisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of
24	interest among the members of the panel of experts by:
25	(a) requiring members to: l) disclose
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1	any potential conflicts of interest with health care plans,
2	insurers, health maintenance organizations, pharmaceutical
3	manufacturers, pharmacy benefits managers and any other
4	entities; and 2) recuse themselves if there is a conflict of
5	interest;
6	(b) using analytical and methodological
7	experts to work to provide objectivity in data analysis and
8	ranking of evidence through the preparation of evidence tables
9	and facilitating consensus; and
10	(c) offering opportunities for public
11	review and comment;
12	(3) are based on high-quality studies,
13	research and medical practice;
14	(4) are created pursuant to an explicit and
15	transparent process that:
16	(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of
17	interest;
18	(b) explains the relationship between
19	treatment options and outcomes;
20	(c) rates the quality of the evidence
21	supporting recommendations; and
22	(d) considers relevant patient subgroups
23	and preferences; and
24	(5) take into account the needs of atypical
25	patient populations and diagnoses.

- B. In the absence of clinical guidelines that meet the requirements of Subsection A of this section, peer-reviewed publications may be substituted.
- C. A health care plan shall continually update clinical review criteria for step therapy protocols pursuant to a review of new evidence, research and newly developed treatments.
- D. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require a health care plan to establish a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.
- E. When a health care plan restricts coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition through the use of a step therapy protocol, a subscriber and the practitioner prescribing the prescription drug shall have access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request a step therapy exception determination. A health care plan may use its existing medical exceptions process to satisfy this requirement. The process shall be made easily accessible for subscribers and practitioners on the health care plan's publicly accessible website.
- F. A health care plan shall expeditiously grant an exception to the health care plan's step therapy protocol if:
- (1) the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is contraindicated or will likely .205739.1

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cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient;

- the prescription drug that is the subject (2) of the exception request is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;
- (3) while under the subscriber's current health care plan, or under the subscriber's previous health coverage, the subscriber has tried the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action as the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request and that prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect or an adverse event;
- the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request is not in the best interest of the patient, based on medical necessity; or
- (5) while enrolled in the subscriber's current health care plan, the subscriber is stable, or while enrolled in the subscriber's previous health coverage, the subscriber was stable, on a prescription drug selected by the subscriber's practitioner for the medical condition under consideration.
- Upon the granting of an exception to a health care plan's step therapy protocol, a health care plan shall .205739.1

authorize coverage for the prescription drug that is the subject of the exception request.

- H. A health care plan shall respond to a subscriber's exception request within seventy-two hours of receipt. In cases where exigent circumstances exist, a health care plan shall respond within twenty-four hours of receipt of the exception request. In the event the insurer does not respond to an exception request within the time frames required pursuant to this subsection, the exception request shall be granted.
- I. A health care plan's denial of a request for an exception for step therapy protocols shall be subject to review and appeal pursuant to the Patient Protection Act.
- J. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent:
- (1) a health care plan from requiring a patient to try a generic equivalent of a prescription drug before providing coverage for the equivalent brand-name prescription drug; or
- (2) a practitioner from prescribing a prescription drug that the practitioner has determined to be medically necessary.
- K. The provisions of this section shall apply only to a health care plan delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after January 1, 2018.

1	L. As used in this section, "medically necessary"
2	means that a prescription drug is appropriate:
3	(l) to improve or preserve health, life or
4	function;
5	(2) to slow the deterioration of health, life
6	or function; or
7	(3) for the early screening, prevention,
8	evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of a disease, condition,
9	illness or injury."
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