1	HOUSE BILL 419
2	53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Patricio Ruiloba
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CORRECTIONS; CREATING THE CORRECTIONS OFFICERS'
12	EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE RELATIONS ACT.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
15	SECTION 1. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] SHORT TITLEThis act may be
16	cited as the "Corrections Officers' Employer-Employee Relations
17	Act".
18	SECTION 2. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] FINDINGS AND PURPOSE
19	A. The legislature finds and declares that
20	effective corrections services are dependent upon the
21	maintenance of stable relations between corrections officers
22	and their employers. Moreover, the existence of stable
23	relations between corrections officers and their employers will
24	enhance corrections services provided to the residents of New
25	Mexico.
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B. The purpose of the Corrections Officers' Employer-Employee Relations Act is to prescribe certain rights for corrections officers, particularly when they are placed under investigation by their employer.

5 C. Provisions of the Corrections Officers'
6 Employer-Employee Relations Act only apply to administrative
7 actions and shall not apply to criminal investigations of a
8 corrections officer except as provided in Section 8 of the
9 Corrections Officers' Employer-Employee Relations Act.

SECTION 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEFINITION.--As used in the Corrections Officers' Employer-Employee Relations Act, "corrections officer" or "officer" means:

A. an adult corrections officer;

B. an adult probation and parole officer;

C. a juvenile corrections officer; or

D. a juvenile probation and parole officer.

SECTION 4. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] INVESTIGATIONS OF CORRECTIONS OFFICERS--REQUIREMENTS.--When a corrections officer is under investigation by the officer's employer for alleged actions that could result in administrative sanctions being levied against the officer:

A. any interrogation of an officer shall be conducted when the officer is on duty or during normal waking hours, unless the urgency of the investigation requires otherwise;

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1 any interrogation of an officer shall be Β. 2 conducted at the employer's facility, unless the urgency of the 3 investigation requires otherwise; C. prior to commencement of any interrogation 4 5 session: the officer shall be informed of the name (1)6 and rank of the person in charge of the interrogation and all 7 other persons who will be present during the interrogation; 8 9 (2) the officer shall be informed of the nature of the investigation; 10 the names of all known complainants shall (3) 11 12 be disclosed to the officer, unless the chief administrator of the officer's employer determines that the identification of 13 14 the complainant shall not be disclosed because it is necessary for the protection of an informant or because disclosure would 15 jeopardize or compromise the integrity or security of the 16 investigation; and 17 a reasonable attempt shall be made to (4) 18 19 notify the officer's commanding officer of the pending 20 interrogation; during any interrogation session: D. 21 (1)each interrogation session shall not 22 exceed two hours, unless the parties mutually consent to 23 continuation of the session: 24 there shall not be more than two (2) 25 .206396.1 - 3 -

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interrogation sessions within a twenty-four-hour period, unless the parties mutually consent to additional sessions; provided that there shall be at least a one-hour rest period between the sessions;

5 (3) the combined duration of the officer's
6 work shift and any interrogation session shall not exceed
7 fourteen hours within a twenty-four-hour period, unless the
8 urgency of the investigation requires otherwise;

9 (4) there shall not be more than two10 interrogators at any given time;

11 (5) the officer shall be allowed to attend to 12 physical necessities as they occur in the course of an 13 interrogation session; and

(6) the officer shall not be subjected to offensive language or illegal coercion by the interrogator in the course of an interrogation session;

E. any interrogation of an officer shall be recorded, either mechanically or by a stenographer, and the complete interrogation shall be published as a transcript; provided that any recesses called during the interrogation shall be noted in the transcript; and

F. an accurate copy of the transcript or tape shall be provided to the officer, upon the officer's written request, no later than fifteen working days after the investigation has been completed.

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SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS.--After
 reviewing all the information collected in the course of an
 investigation of a corrections officer, the chief administrator
 of the officer's employer may order the officer to submit to a
 polygraph examination administered by a licensed polygraph
 examiner; provided that:

7 A. all other reasonable investigative means have8 been exhausted; and

9 B. the officer has been advised of the
10 administrator's reasons for ordering the polygraph examination.

**SECTION 6.** [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] INVESTIGATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.--When a corrections officer is under investigation for an administrative matter, the officer shall be permitted to:

A. produce any relevant documents, witnesses or other evidence to support the officer's case; and

B. cross-examine any adverse witnesses during any grievance process or appeal involving disciplinary action.

SECTION 7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PERSONNEL FILES.--

A. No document containing comments adverse to a corrections officer shall be entered into the officer's personnel file unless the officer has read and signed the document.

B. When an officer refuses to sign a document containing comments adverse to the officer, the document may be entered into the officer's personnel file if:

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1 (1) the officer's refusal to sign is noted on 2 the document by the chief administrator of the officer's 3 employer; and the notation regarding the officer's 4 (2) 5 refusal to sign the document is witnessed by a third party. C. A corrections officer may file a written 6 7 response to any document containing adverse comments entered into the officer's personnel file and: 8 9 (1) the response shall be filed with the officer's employer within thirty days after the document was 10 entered into the officer's personnel file; and 11 12 (2) the officer's written response shall be attached to the document. 13 [NEW MATERIAL] CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS--14 SECTION 8. NOTIFICATION.--When a corrections officer is under 15 administrative investigation and a determination is made to 16 17 commence a criminal investigation, the officer shall be: 18 immediately notified of the investigation; and Α. 19 Β. afforded all the protections set forth in the 20 bill of rights of the United States constitution and the constitution of New Mexico. 21 [NEW MATERIAL] FORCED DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL SECTION 9. 22 STATUS PROHIBITED. -- A corrections officer shall not be required 23 by the officer's employer to disclose information regarding the 24 25 officer's financial status, unless all other reasonable .206396.1

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1 investigative means have been exhausted or except as otherwise 2 required by law.

[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] POLITICAL ACTIVITY.--A 3 SECTION 10. 4 corrections officer shall not be prohibited by the officer's employer from engaging in any political activity when the 6 officer is off duty, except as otherwise required by law.

SECTION 11. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] EXERCISE OF RIGHTS.--A corrections officer shall not be subjected to any retaliation by the officer's employer due to the officer's lawful exercise of the officer's rights under the Corrections Officers' Employer-Employee Relations Act.

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