1 AN ACT 2 RELATING TO PROFESSIONAL LICENSES; AMENDING THE 3 SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY, AUDIOLOGY AND HEARING AID DISPENSING PRACTICES ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITION AND USE OF 4 5 CERTAIN TERMS IN THE ACT. 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: 7 8 SECTION 1. Section 61-14B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996, 9 Chapter 57, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 10 "61-14B-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices 11 Act: 12 "apprentice" means a person working toward full 13 Α. licensure in speech-language pathology who meets the 14 15 requirements for licensure as an apprentice in speech and 16 language pursuant to the Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act; 17 "appropriate supervisor" means a person Β. 18 licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Speech-Language 19 20 Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act who has a minimum of two years' experience as a speech-21 language pathologist after the clinical fellowship year; 22 C. "auditory trainer" means a custom-fitted FM 23 amplifying instrument other than a hearing aid designed to 24 25 enhance signal-to-noise ratios;

D. "audiologist" means a person who engages in the practice of audiology, who may or may not dispense hearing aids and who meets the qualifications set forth in the Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act;

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E. "bilingual-multicultural endorsement" means an
endorsement that is issued pursuant to the Speech-Language
Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act
to a qualified speech-language pathologist and that
recognizes the licensee's or applicant's demonstrated
proficiency in the use of languages other than English to
provide speech-language pathology services;

F. "board" means the speech-language pathology,audiology and hearing aid dispensing practices board;

15 G. "business location" means a permanent physical 16 business location in New Mexico where records can be examined 17 and process served;

18 H. "certification by a national professional
19 association" means certification issued by a board-approved
20 national speech-language or hearing association;

I. "clinical fellow" means a person who has
 completed all academic course work and practicum requirements
 for a master's degree or the equivalent in speech-language
 pathology and engages in the practice of speech-language
 pathology as set forth in the provisions of the

Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid
 Dispensing Practices Act;

J. "clinical fellowship year" or "CFY" means the time following the completion of all academic course work and practicum requirements for a master's degree in speech-language pathology and during which a clinical fellow is working toward certification by a national professional association;

9 K. "department" means the regulation and licensing10 department;

L. "hearing aid" means a wearable instrument or device designed or offered for the purpose of aiding or compensating for impaired human hearing and any parts, attachments or accessories, including earmolds but excluding batteries and cords;

M. "hearing aid dispenser" means a person other
than an audiologist or an otolaryngologist who is licensed to
sell, fit and service hearing aids pursuant to the
Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid
Dispensing Practices Act and maintains or occupies a
permanent physical business location in New Mexico where
records can be examined and process can be served;

N. "otolaryngologist" means a licensed physician who has completed a recognized residency in otolaryngology and is certified by the American board of otolaryngology; SB 200

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O. "paraprofessional" means a person who provides adjunct speech-pathology or audiology services under the direct supervision of a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist;

P. "practice of audiology" means the application 5 of principles, methods and procedures of measurement, 6 testing, appraisal, prognostication, aural rehabilitation, 7 aural habilitation, consultation, hearing aid selection and 8 fitting, counseling, instruction and research related to 9 hearing and disorders of hearing for the purpose of 10 nonmedical diagnosis, prevention, identification, 11 amelioration or the modification of communicative disorders 12 involving speech, language auditory function or other 13 aberrant behavior related to hearing disorders; 14

"practice of hearing aid dispensing" means the Q. 15 behavioral measurement of human hearing for the purpose of 16 the selection and fitting of hearing aids or other 17 rehabilitative devices to ameliorate the dysfunction of 18 hearing sensitivity; this may include otoscopic inspection of 19 the ear, fabrication of ear impressions and earmolds, 20 instruction, consultation and counseling on the use and care 21 of these instruments, medical referral when appropriate and 22 the analysis of function and servicing of these instruments 23 involving their modification or adjustment; 24

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R. "practice of speech-language pathology" means SB 200

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1 the rendering or offering to render to individuals, groups, 2 organizations or the public any service in speech or language 3 pathology involving the nonmedical application of principles, methods and procedures for the measurement, testing, 4 diagnosis, prognostication, counseling and instruction 5 related to the development and disorders of communications, 6 speech, fluency, voice, verbal and written language, auditory 7 8 comprehension, cognition, dysphagia, oral pharyngeal or laryngeal sensorimotor competencies and treatment of persons 9 requiring use of an augmentative communication device for the 10 purpose of nonmedical diagnosing, preventing, treating and 11 ameliorating such disorders and conditions in individuals and 12 groups of individuals; 13

S. "screening" means a pass-fail procedure to identify individuals who may require further assessment in the areas of speech-language pathology, audiology or hearing aid dispensing;

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18 T. "speech-language pathologist" means a person 19 who engages in the practice of speech-language pathology and 20 who meets the qualifications set forth in the Speech-Language 21 Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices 22 Act;

U. "sponsor" means a licensed hearing aid
dispenser, audiologist or otolaryngologist who has an
endorsement to dispense hearing aids and:

1 (1) is employed in the same business 2 location where the trainee is being trained; and 3 (2) has been actively engaged in the dispensing of hearing aids during three of the past five 4 5 years; V. "student" means a person who is a full- or 6 part-time student enrolled in an accredited college or 7 8 university program in speech-language pathology, audiology or communicative disorders; 9 "supervisor" means a speech-language W. 10 pathologist or audiologist licensed pursuant to the 11 provisions of the Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and 12 Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act who provides supervision 13 in the area of speech-language pathology or audiology; and 14 X. "trainee" means a person working toward full 15 licensure as a hearing aid dispenser under the direct 16 supervision of a sponsor." 17 SECTION 2. Section 61-14B-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 18 1996, Chapter 57, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read: 19 "61-14B-12. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE--SPEECH-LANGUAGE 20 PATHOLOGIST.--A license to practice as a speech-language 21 pathologist shall be issued to a person who files a completed 22 application, accompanied by the required fees and 23 documentation; certifies that the applicant is not guilty of 24 any of the activities listed in Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 1978; 25

and submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

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A. holds at least a master's degree in speech pathology, speech-language pathology or communication disorders or an equivalent degree regardless of degree name and meets the academic requirements for certification by a national professional association; and either

7 B. currently holds certification by a national
8 professional association in the area for which the applicant
9 is seeking licensure; or

C. has completed the current academic, practicum and employment experience requirements for certification by a national professional association in the area for which the applicant is applying for license and has passed a recognized standard national examination in speech-language pathology."

SECTION 3. Section 61-14B-12.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 250, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-14B-12.1. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE--AUDIOLOGIST.--

A. A license to practice as an audiologist shall be issued to any person who:

21 (1) files a completed application, 22 accompanied by the required fees and documentation;

(2) certifies that the applicant is notguilty of any of the activities listed in Section 61-14B-21NMSA 1978; and

1 (3) submits satisfactory evidence that the 2 applicant: 3 (a) holds a doctor of audiology degree or an equivalent degree regardless of degree name and meets 4 the academic requirements for certification by a national 5 professional association, as determined by the board by rule; 6 (b) has passed a nationally recognized 7 8 standard examination in audiology, if required by rule; and has earned certification by a (c) 9 national professional association as evidence that the 10 applicant meets the clinical experience and examination 11 requirements of the Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and 12 Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act. 13 B. A license to practice as an audiologist shall 14 be issued to a person who: 15 (1) files a completed application, 16 accompanied by the required fees and documentation; 17 certifies that the applicant is not (2) 18 guilty of any of the activities listed in Section 61-14B-21 19 NMSA 1978; 20 (3) submits satisfactory evidence that the 21 applicant: 22 (a) holds a master's degree in 23 audiology or communication disorders or an equivalent degree 24 in audiology or communication disorders or an equivalent 25 SB 200 Page 8

degree awarded prior to January 1, 2007; has met the academic 1 2 requirements for certification by a national professional 3 association; and has earned certification by a national professional association in the area in which the applicant 4 5 is seeking licensure; or (b) has completed the current academic, 6 practicum and employment experience requirements for 7 8 certification by a national professional association and has passed a nationally recognized standard examination in 9 audiology; and 10 (4) provides evidence satisfactory to the 11 board of at least six months' experience in the dispensing of 12 hearing aids through practical examination or other methods 13 as determined by the board in either a graduate training 14 program or in a work or training experience." 15 SECTION 4. Section 61-14B-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 16 1996, Chapter 57, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read: 17 "61-14B-13. REQUIREMENTS FOR ENDORSEMENT TO DISPENSE 18 HEARING AIDS AS AN OTOLARYNGOLOGIST .-- An endorsement to 19 practice hearing aid dispensing shall be issued to a licensed 20 otolaryngologist who files a completed application 21 accompanied by the required fees and documentation and who: 22 A. provides evidence satisfactory to the board of 23 at least six months' experience in the dispensing of hearing 24 aids through practical examination or other methods as 25

1 determined by the board in either a graduate training program 2 or in a work or training experience; 3 B. maintains or occupies a business location, hospital, clinical medical practice or other facility where 4 hearing aids are regularly dispensed; 5 C. passes the jurisprudence examination given by 6 the board; and 7 8 D. certifies that the otolaryngologist is not guilty of any activities listed in Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 9 1978." 10 SECTION 5. Section 61-14B-13.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 11 2013, Chapter 110, Section 16) is amended to read: 12 "61-14B-13.1. REQUIREMENTS FOR BILINGUAL-MULTICULTURAL 13 ENDORSEMENT.--A bilingual-multicultural endorsement shall be 14 issued to any person who: 15 A. files a completed application, accompanied by 16 the required fees and documentation; certifies that the 17 applicant is not guilty of any of the activities listed in 18 Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 1978; and submits satisfactory 19 evidence that the applicant: 20 is eligible for and in the process of (1) 21 obtaining a license to practice as a speech-language 22 pathologist; 23 has completed the required education as (2) 24 determined by rule; 25 SB 200 Page 10

1 (3) has met experience requirements approved 2 by the board; and 3 (4) has demonstrated proficiency in the specified language as determined by the board; or 4 B. files a completed application accompanied by 5 the required fees and documentation; certifies that the 6 applicant is not guilty of any of the activities listed in 7 Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 1978; and submits satisfactory 8 evidence that the applicant: 9 (1) has an active license in good standing 10 in the state of New Mexico as a speech-language pathologist; 11 (2) has a current bilingual endorsement from 12 the public education department; or 13 (3) has a minimum of five years practicing 14 with clients who utilize a language other than English and 15 has demonstrated proficiency in the specified language as 16 determined by the board; or 17 C. files a completed application, accompanied by 18 the required fees and documentation; certifies that the 19 applicant is not guilty of any of the activities listed in 20 Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 1978; and submits satisfactory 21 evidence that the applicant: 22 (1) has a license in good standing in 23 another state or country as a speech-language pathologist; 24 (2) has a minimum of five years practicing 25 SB 200 Page 11

1 with clients who utilize a language other than English; and 2 (3) has demonstrated proficiency in the 3 specified language as determined by the board." SECTION 6. Section 61-14B-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 4 1996, Chapter 57, Section 15, as amended) is amended to read: 5 "61-14B-15. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE--CLINICAL FELLOW 6 OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY .-- A license to practice as a 7 8 clinical fellow of speech-language pathology shall be issued to a person who files a completed application, pays the 9 required fees, provides documentation and submits 10 satisfactory evidence that the person: 11 A. has met all academic course work and practicum 12 requirements for a master's degree in speech-language 13 pathology, speech pathology or communication disorders for 14 certification by a national professional association; 15 B. certifies that the person has received no 16 reprimands of unprofessional conduct or incompetency; 17 C. applies for licensure under Section 61-14B-12 18 NMSA 1978 after completing the clinical fellowship year; and 19 D. has an appropriate supervisor, as defined in 20 Section 61-14B-2 NMSA 1978." 21 SECTION 7. Section 61-14B-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 22 1996, Chapter 57, Section 21) is amended to read: 23 "61-14B-21. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS--JUDICIAL 24 REVIEW. --25

1 Α. The board may deny, revoke, suspend or impose 2 conditions upon a license held or applied for under the 3 Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act in accordance with the procedures 4 set forth in the Uniform Licensing Act upon findings by the 5 board that the licensee or applicant: 6 (1) is guilty of fraud or deceit in 7 procuring or attempting to procure a license; 8 (2) has been convicted of a felony. A 9 certified copy of the record of conviction shall be 10 conclusive evidence of the conviction; 11 is guilty of incompetence; (3) 12 (4) is guilty of unprofessional conduct; 13 is selling or fitting the first hearing (5) 14 aid of a child under sixteen years of age who has not been 15 examined and cleared for the hearing aid by an 16 otolaryngologist or a dispensing audiologist who has earned 17 certification by a national professional association; 18 (6) is selling or fitting a hearing aid on a 19 person who has not been tested, except for replacement aids; 20 (7) uses untruthful or misleading 21 advertising; 22 (8) makes any representation as being a 23 medical doctor when the licensee or applicant is not a 24 licensed medical doctor; 25

1 (9) is addicted to the use of habit-forming 2 drugs or is addicted to a substance to such a degree as to 3 render the licensee or applicant unfit to practice as a speech-language pathologist, dispensing or nondispensing 4 audiologist or hearing aid dispenser; 5 (10) is guilty of unprofessional conduct, as 6 defined by regulation of the board; 7 8 (11) is guilty of a violation of the Controlled Substances Act; 9 (12) has violated a provision of the 10 Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid 11 Dispensing Practices Act; 12 is guilty of willfully or negligently (13) 13 practicing beyond the scope of the Speech-Language Pathology, 14 Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act; 15 (14) is guilty of aiding or abetting the 16 practice of speech-language pathology, audiology or hearing 17 aid dispensing by a person not licensed by the board; 18 (15) is guilty of practicing without a 19 license in violation of the Speech-Language Pathology, 20 Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Act and its 21 regulations; or 22 (16) has had a license, certificate or 23 registration to practice speech-language pathology, audiology 24 or hearing aid dispensing revoked, suspended or denied in any 25 SB 200 Page 14 jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or
 another country for actions of the licensee similar to acts
 described in this section. A certified copy of the record of
 the jurisdiction taking such disciplinary action will be
 conclusive evidence thereof.