1	SENATE CORPORATIONS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 347
2	52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO TAXATION; PROVIDING TAX DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS FOR
12	NATURAL GAS MOTOR VEHICLES; EXEMPTING NATURAL GAS MOTOR
13	VEHICLES FROM THE MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE TAX.
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. A new section of the Gross Receipts and
17	Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:
18	"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEDUCTIONGROSS RECEIPTS TAX AND
19	COMPENSATING TAXNATURAL GAS MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT AND
20	INSTALLATION
21	A. From January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2022,
22	receipts from the sale and installation of qualified natural
23	gas motor vehicle equipment may be deducted from gross
24	receipts, and the value of qualified natural gas motor vehicle
25	equipment used in New Mexico may be deducted in computing the
	.200460.1

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

bracketed material] = delete

underscored material = new

1 compensating tax due.

2 The purpose of the deduction on the sale and Β. 3 installation of natural gas motor vehicle equipment is to 4 address a concern for the environment, improve air quality, 5 reduce dependence on volatile sources of foreign oil and enhance the state's economic base by promoting the use of and 6 7 network for the state's abundant supply of natural gas. 8 To be eligible for the deduction on installation C. 9 of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment from gross receipts, the equipment shall be installed by a technician who 10 is: 11 12 (1) certified or approved by the equipment manufacturer; and 13 licensed in New Mexico to modify a motor 14 (2) vehicle that is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that a 15 motor vehicle may be propelled by natural gas fuel. 16 A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to this D. 17 section shall report the amount of the deduction separately in 18 a manner required by the department. 19 Ε. The department shall compile an annual report on 20 the deductions provided in this section that shall include the 21 number of taxpayers that claimed the deductions, the number of 22 vehicles for which the deductions were claimed, the aggregate 23 amount of deductions claimed and any other information 24 necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the deductions. 25 .200460.1 - 2 -

Beginning in 2018 and every two years thereafter that the deductions are in effect, the department shall compile and present the annual report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost and benefit to the state of the deductions.

F. For the purposes of this section:

(1) "emissions benefits" means benefits that are created when natural gas fuel is used in qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment that meets federal clean air standards or is otherwise shown to emit oxides of nitrogen, volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide, particulates or any combination of these at a lower level than for gasoline or diesel fuel used in a comparable vehicle or engine;

(2) "natural gas fuel" means compressed,liquefied or renewable natural gas; and

(3) "qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment" means fuel systems that are installed on a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds, provide emissions benefits and are certified by the United States environmental protection agency and associated component parts necessary for a:

(a) dedicated motor vehicle to operateexclusively on natural gas fuel;

- 3 -

(b) bi-fuel motor vehicle to operate on

.200460.1

underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 natural gas fuel for a minimum distance of one hundred miles 2 without refilling; or 3 (c) dual fuel motor vehicle to operate 4 on a mixture of natural gas fuel and gasoline or natural gas 5 fuel and diesel fuel if natural gas fuel provides a minimum of fifty-five percent of the power required for the vehicle." 6 7 SECTION 2. Section 7-14-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1988, 8 Chapter 73, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read: 9 "7-14-6. EXEMPTIONS FROM TAX.--10 A person who acquires a vehicle out of state Α. thirty or more days before establishing a domicile in this 11 12 state is exempt from the tax if the vehicle was acquired for 13 personal use. A person applying for a certificate of title for 14 Β. a vehicle registered in another state is exempt from the tax if 15 the person has previously registered and titled the vehicle in 16 New Mexico and has owned the vehicle continuously since that 17 time. 18 C. A vehicle with a certificate of title owned by 19 this state or any political subdivision is exempt from the tax. 20 A person is exempt from the tax if the person D. 21 has a disability at the time the person purchases a vehicle and 22 can prove to the motor vehicle division of the department or 23 its agent that modifications have been made to the vehicle that 24 are: 25

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

.200460.1

- 4 -

1 (1) due to that person's disability; and 2 (2) necessary to enable that person to drive 3 that vehicle or be transported in that vehicle. 4 E. A person is exempt from the tax if the person is 5 a bona fide resident of New Mexico who served in the armed 6 forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in 7 the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or 8 complete and total loss of use of: 9 (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or 10 (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. 11 F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: 12 (1) the person acquires a vehicle for 13 subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: 14 (a) the person does not use the vehicle 15 in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or 16 leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; 17 [(3)] (b) the lease is for a term of 18 more than six months; 19 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 20 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1,		
that vehicle or be transported in that vehicle. E. A person is exempt from the tax if the person is a bona fide resident of New Mexico who served in the armed forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if; (1)] and; (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [{2}] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [{3}] (c) the receipts from the a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [{4}] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	1	(1) due to that person's disability; and
 E. A person is exempt from the tax if the person is a bona fide resident of New Mexico who served in the armed forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [+2+] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [+2+] (b) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [+4+] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	2	(2) necessary to enable that person to drive
 a bona fide resident of New Mexico who served in the armed forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person (who) is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease (shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)) and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [(42)] (c) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(44)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	3	that vehicle or be transported in that vehicle.
forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [7] [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [9] [(3)] (c) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [4] [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [3] [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	4	E. A person is exempt from the tax if the person is
the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2) [b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [(3) [(2)] (b) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(4)] [d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	5	a bona fide resident of New Mexico who served in the armed
 complete and total loss of use of: (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2) (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [(3) [(2) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(4+)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	6	forces of the United States and who suffered, while serving in
 9 (1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. 11 F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for 13 subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle 15 in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or 16 leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; 17 [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of 18 more than six months; 19 [(3)] (c) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and 21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	7	the armed forces or from a service-connected cause, the loss or
 (2) one or both arms at or above the wrist. F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if: (1) the person acquires a vehicle for subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and: (a) the person does not use the vehicle in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	8	complete and total loss of use of:
11F. A person [who] is exempt from the tax if:12(1) the person acquires a vehicle for13subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and:14(a) the person does not use the vehicle15in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or16leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business;17[(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of18more than six months;19[(3)] (c) the receipts from the20subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and21[(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a22gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds23[G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009,24vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a25United States environmental protection agency fuel economy.200460.1	9	(1) one or both legs at or above the ankle; or
12(1) the person acquires a vehicle for13subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and:14(a) the person does not use the vehicle15in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or16leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business;17[(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of18more than six months;19[(3)] (c) the receipts from the20subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and21[$(4+)$] (d) the vehicle does not have a22gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds23[G . from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009,24vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a25United States environmental protection agency fuel economy.200460.1	10	(2) one or both arms at or above the wrist.
<pre>subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] and:</pre>	11	F. A person [who] <u>is exempt from the tax if:</u>
14(a) the person does not use the vehicle15in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or16leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business;17[(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of18more than six months;19[(3)] (c) the receipts from the20subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and21[(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a22gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds23[G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009,24vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a25United States environmental protection agency fuel economy.200460.1	12	(1) the person acquires a vehicle for
 in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; [(3)] (c) the receipts from the subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	13	subsequent lease [shall be exempt from the tax if: (1)] <u>and:</u>
16 leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business; [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of more than six months; 19 [(3)] (c) the receipts from the 20 subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and 21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	14	<u>(a)</u> the person does not use the vehicle
17 [(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of 18 more than six months; 19 [(3)] (c) the receipts from the 20 subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and 21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [6. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	15	in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or
18 more than six months; 19 [(3)] (c) the receipts from the 20 subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and 21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	16	leasing or selling it in the ordinary course of business;
19 [(3)] (c) the receipts from the 20 subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and 21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	17	[(2)] (b) the lease is for a term of
subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	18	more than six months;
21 [(4)] (d) the vehicle does not have a 22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	19	[(3)] (c) the receipts from the
22 gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds 23 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, 24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	20	subsequent lease are subject to the gross receipts tax; and
 [G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009, vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1 	21	[(4)] <u>(d)</u> the vehicle does not have a
24 vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a 25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	22	gross vehicle weight of over twenty-six thousand pounds
25 United States environmental protection agency fuel economy .200460.1	23	[G. from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009,
.200460.1	24	vehicles that are gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles with a
	25	United States environmental protection agency fuel economy

1 rating of at least twenty-seven and one-half miles per gallon 2 are eligible for a one-time exemption from the tax at the time 3 of the issuance of the original certificate of title for the 4 vehicle]; or 5 (2) from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2022, the person purchases a new vehicle with a gross vehicle 6 7 weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds that is produced or authorized by the original equipment manufacturer and 8 certified by the United States environmental protection agency 9 to operate on natural gas fuel with emissions benefits. 10 G. For the purposes of this section: 11 12 (1) "emissions benefits" means benefits that 13 are created when natural gas fuel is used in a motor vehicle that uses natural gas fuel for power and that meets federal 14 clean air standards or is otherwise shown to emit oxides of 15 nitrogen, volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide, 16 particulates or any combination of these at a lower level than 17 for gasoline or diesel fuel used in a comparable vehicle or 18 engine; and 19 (2) "natural gas fuel" means a compressed, 20 liquefied or renewable natural gas." 21 SECTION 3. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted 22 to read: 23 "[NEW MATERIAL] NATURAL GAS VEHICLE INCOME TAX CREDIT .--24 A. Prior to January 1, 2023, a taxpayer who is not 25 .200460.1

- 6 -

a dependent of another taxpayer may apply for, and the department may allow, a credit against the taxpayer's liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act if the taxpayer:

(1) purchases or leases a natural gas motor
 vehicle or purchases and has installed qualified natural gas
 motor vehicle equipment; or

(2) sells or leases a natural gas motor vehicle, or sells qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment or the installation of that equipment, to a person who is not a taxpayer.

B. The tax credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "natural gas vehicle income tax credit". The purpose of the natural gas vehicle income tax credit is to address a concern for the environment, improve air quality, reduce dependence on volatile sources of foreign oil and enhance the state's economic base by promoting the use of and network for the state's abundant supply of natural gas.

C. The natural gas vehicle income tax credit may be claimed once per vehicle identification number in the amount, per vehicle, of:

(1) fifty-five percent of the cost of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment; provided that the credit shall not exceed:

(a) six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for alight duty passenger motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight.200460.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 7 -

1 of not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 2 seven thousand five hundred dollars (b) 3 (\$7,500) for a light duty truck with a gross vehicle weight of 4 not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 5 (c) fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for a light-to-medium heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle 6 7 weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds but not more than 8 twenty-six thousand pounds; and 9 (d) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for a heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight 10 of more than twenty-six thousand pounds; or 11 12 (2) if the cost of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment installed as part of a new natural gas motor 13 vehicle by the original equipment manufacturer or its 14 authorized modifier cannot be reasonably determined by the 15 department, eighteen percent of the cost of a purchase of the 16 new natural gas motor vehicle; provided that the amount shall 17 not exceed: 18 six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a (a) 19 light duty passenger vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of not 20 more than fourteen thousands pounds; 21 (b) seven thousand five hundred dollars 22 (\$7,500) for a light duty truck with a gross vehicle weight of 23 not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 24 fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) (c) 25 .200460.1 - 8 -

for a light-to-medium heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds but not more than twenty-six thousand pounds; and

(d) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for a heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than twenty-six thousand pounds.

D. Subject to the limitation in Subsection G of this section, a taxpayer may claim the natural gas vehicle income tax credit for the taxable year in which the taxpayer makes one or more qualified purchases or leases; provided that the amount of the tax credit does not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per taxable year. To receive a tax credit, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department. The completed application shall include a certification made pursuant to Subsection E of this section.

E. The energy, minerals and natural resources department shall promulgate rules for the issuance of a certificate of eligibility for the purposes of claiming a natural gas vehicle income tax credit. A taxpayer may request a certificate of eligibility from the energy, minerals and natural resources department to provide to the taxation and revenue department to establish eligibility for a tax credit. If the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines that the taxpayer meets the requirements of this

- 9 -

.200460.1

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 section, it shall issue the certificate to the taxpayer, which 2 shall include a calculation of the maximum amount of tax credit 3 for which the taxpayer would be eligible. 4 F. If the natural gas vehicle income tax credit 5 exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer. 6 7 G. The maximum aggregate amount of natural gas vehicle income tax credits and natural gas vehicle corporate 8 9 income tax credits that may be allowed in a year is: for calendar year 2016, two million five 10 (1) hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000); 11 12 (2) for calendar year 2017, three million five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000); 13 for calendar year 2018, four million five 14 (3) hundred thousand dollars (\$4,500,000); and 15 for calendar years 2019 through 2022, five (4) 16 million five hundred thousand dollars (\$5,500,000). 17 The taxation and revenue department shall allow н. 18 a natural gas vehicle income tax credit only for a purchase 19 certified by the energy, minerals and natural resources 20 department. Completed applications for the tax credit shall be 21 considered in the order received by the taxation and revenue 22 department. 23 Married individuals filing separate returns for I. 24 a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint return 25 .200460.1

underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete

- 10 -

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

may each claim only one-half of the natural gas vehicle income tax credit that would have been claimed on a joint return.

J. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim a natural gas vehicle income tax credit in proportion to the taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal income tax purposes as a partnership and that business entity has met all of the requirements to be eligible for the tax credit. The total tax credit claimed by all members of the partnership or limited liability company shall not exceed the allowable tax credit pursuant to Subsection C of this section.

K. A taxpayer allowed a natural gas vehicle income tax credit shall report the amount of the tax credit to the department in a manner required by the department.

L. The department shall compile an annual report on the natural gas vehicle income tax credit that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the tax credit, the aggregate amount of tax credits approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the tax credit. Beginning in 2018 and every five years thereafter that the tax credit is in effect, the department shall compile and present the annual reports to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee, with an analysis of the effectiveness and cost of the tax credit and of whether the tax

- 11 -

.200460.1

1	credit is performing the purpose for which it was created.
2	M. As used in this section:
3	(1) "cost of qualified natural gas motor
4	vehicle equipment" means the retail cost paid by the:
5	(a) purchaser or lessee for a new
6	natural gas motor vehicle produced or authorized by the
7	original equipment manufacturer, for the portion of the vehicle
8	that is qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment; or
9	(b) owner of a motor vehicle for the
10	conversion of the vehicle to operate on natural gas fuel, which
11	includes the purchase of qualified natural gas motor vehicle
12	equipment and the installation of that equipment by a
13	technician who is: 1) certified or approved by the equipment
14	manufacturer; and 2) licensed in New Mexico to modify a motor
15	vehicle that is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that
16	the motor vehicle may be propelled by natural gas fuel;
17	(2) "emissions benefits" means benefits that
18	are created when natural gas fuel is used in qualified natural
19	gas motor vehicle equipment that meets federal clean air
20	standards or is otherwise shown to emit oxides of nitrogen,
21	volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide, particulates or
22	any combination of these at a lower level than for gasoline or
23	diesel fuel used in a comparable vehicle or engine;
24	(3) "natural gas fuel" means compressed,
25	liquefied or renewable natural gas;
	.200460.1

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

- 12 -

1	
1	(4) "natural gas motor vehicle" means a new or
2	converted motor vehicle registered in New Mexico or registered
3	under the international registration plan and base plated in
4	New Mexico with qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment
5	certified by the United States environmental protection agency
6	to allow the vehicle to operate on natural gas fuel; and
7	(5) "qualified natural gas motor vehicle
8	equipment" means fuel systems that provide emissions benefits
9	and are certified by the United States environmental protection
10	agency and associated component parts necessary for a:
11	(a) dedicated motor vehicle to operate
12	exclusively on natural gas fuel;
13	(b) bi-fuel motor vehicle to operate on
14	natural gas fuel for a minimum distance of one hundred miles
15	without refilling; or
16	(c) dual fuel motor vehicle to operate
17	on a mixture of natural gas fuel and gasoline or natural gas
18	fuel and diesel fuel if natural gas fuel provides a minimum of
19	fifty-five percent of the power required for the vehicle."
20	SECTION 4. A new section of the Corporate Income and
21	Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:
22	"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] NATURAL GAS VEHICLE CORPORATE INCOME TAX
23	CREDIT
24	A. Prior to January 1, 2023, a taxpayer may apply
25	for, and the department may allow, a credit against the
	.200460.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

- 13 -

1 taxpayer's liability imposed pursuant to the Corporate Income 2 and Franchise Tax Act if the taxpayer: 3 (1) purchases or leases a natural gas motor 4 vehicle or purchases and has installed qualified natural gas 5 motor vehicle equipment; or sells or leases a natural gas motor 6 (2) 7 vehicle, or sells qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment 8 or the installation of that equipment, to a person that is not 9 a taxpayer. The tax credit provided in this section may be 10 Β. referred to as the "natural gas vehicle corporate income tax 11 12 credit". The purpose of the natural gas vehicle corporate income tax credit is to address a concern for the environment, 13 improve air quality, reduce dependence on volatile sources of 14 foreign oil and enhance the state's economic base by promoting 15 the use of and network for the state's abundant supply of 16 natural gas. 17 С. The natural gas vehicle corporate income tax 18 credit may be claimed once per vehicle identification number in 19 the amount, per vehicle, of: 20 fifty-five percent of the cost of (1) 21 qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment; provided that 22 the credit shall not exceed: 23 (a) six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a 24 light duty passenger motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight 25

- 14 -

.200460.1

bracketed material] = delete

underscored material = new

1 of not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 2 (b) seven thousand five hundred dollars 3 (\$7,500) for a light duty truck with a gross vehicle weight of not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 4 5 fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) (c) for a light-to-medium heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle 6 weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds but not more than 7 8 twenty-six thousand pounds; and 9 (d) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for a heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight 10 of more than twenty-six thousand pounds; or 11 12 (2) if the cost of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment installed as part of a new natural gas motor 13 vehicle by the original equipment manufacturer or its 14 authorized modifier cannot be reasonably determined by the 15 department, eighteen percent of the cost of a purchase of the 16 new natural gas motor vehicle; provided that the amount shall 17 not exceed: 18 six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a (a) 19 light duty passenger vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of not 20 more than fourteen thousands pounds; 21 (b) seven thousand five hundred dollars 22 (\$7,500) for a light duty truck with a gross vehicle weight of 23 not more than fourteen thousand pounds; 24 fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) (c) 25 .200460.1

1

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

for a light-to-medium heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than fourteen thousand pounds but not more than 3 twenty-six thousand pounds; and

(d) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for a heavy duty vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than twenty-six thousand pounds.

D. Subject to the limitation in Subsection G of this section, a taxpayer may claim the natural gas vehicle corporate income tax credit for the taxable year in which the taxpayer makes one or more qualified purchases or leases; provided that the amount of the tax credit does not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per taxable year. To receive a tax credit, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department. The completed application shall include a certification made pursuant to Subsection E of this section.

The energy, minerals and natural resources Ε. department shall promulgate rules for the issuance of a certificate of eligibility for the purposes of claiming a natural gas vehicle corporate income tax credit. A taxpayer may request a certificate of eligibility from the energy, minerals and natural resources department to provide to the taxation and revenue department to establish eligibility for a tax credit. If the energy, minerals and natural resources department determines that the taxpayer meets the requirements .200460.1

bracketed material] = delete underscored material = new

1 of this section, it shall issue the certificate to the 2 taxpayer, which shall include a calculation of the maximum 3 amount of tax credit for which the taxpayer would be eligible. 4 F. If the natural gas vehicle corporate income tax 5 credit exceeds the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer. 6 7 G. The maximum aggregate amount of natural gas vehicle income tax credits and natural gas vehicle corporate 8 9 income tax credits that may be allowed in any fiscal year is: (1) for calendar year 2016, two million five 10 hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000); 11 for calendar year 2017, three million five 12 (2) hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000); 13 for calendar year 2018, four million five 14 (3) hundred thousand dollars (\$4,500,000); and 15 for calendar years 2019 through 2022, five (4) 16 million five hundred thousand dollars (\$5,500,000). 17 н. The taxation and revenue department shall allow 18 a natural gas vehicle corporate income tax credit only for a 19 purchase certified by the energy, minerals and natural 20 resources department. Completed applications for the tax 21 credit shall be considered in the order received by the 22 taxation and revenue department. 23 I. A taxpayer allowed a natural gas vehicle 24 corporate income tax credit shall report the amount of the tax 25 .200460.1

bracketed material] = delete

underscored material = new

- 17 -

1 credit to the department in a manner required by the 2 department.

3 J. The department shall compile an annual report on 4 the natural gas vehicle corporate income tax credit that shall 5 include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the tax credit, the aggregate amount of tax credits 6 7 approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the tax credit. Beginning in 2018 and every 8 9 five years thereafter that the tax credit is in effect, the department shall compile and present the annual reports to the 10 revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the 11 12 legislative finance committee, with an analysis of the effectiveness and cost of the tax credit and of whether the tax 13 credit is performing the purpose for which it was created. 14

K. As used in this section:

(1) "cost of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment" means the retail cost paid by the:

(a) purchaser or lessee for a newnatural gas motor vehicle produced or authorized by theoriginal equipment manufacturer, for the portion of the vehiclethat is qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment; or

(b) owner of a motor vehicle for the conversion of the vehicle to operate on natural gas fuel, which includes the purchase of qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment and the installation of that equipment by a

- 18 -

.200460.1

underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 technician who is: 1) certified or approved by the equipment 2 manufacturer; and 2) licensed in New Mexico to modify a motor 3 vehicle that is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that 4 the motor vehicle may be propelled by natural gas fuel; 5 (2)"emissions benefits" means benefits that are created when natural gas fuel is used in qualified natural 6 7 gas motor vehicle equipment that meets federal clean air standards or is otherwise shown to emit oxides of nitrogen, 8 volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide, particulates or 9 any combination of these at a lower level than for gasoline or 10 diesel fuel used in a comparable vehicle or engine; 11 "natural gas fuel" means compressed, 12 (3) liquefied or renewable natural gas; 13 "natural gas motor vehicle" means a new or 14 (4) converted motor vehicle registered in New Mexico or registered 15 under the international registration plan and base plated in 16 New Mexico with qualified natural gas motor vehicle equipment 17 certified by the United States environmental protection agency 18 to allow the vehicle to operate on natural gas fuel; and 19 "qualified natural gas motor vehicle (5) 20 equipment" means fuel systems that provide emissions benefits 21 and are certified by the United States environmental protection 22 agency and associated component parts necessary for a: 23 (a) dedicated motor vehicle to operate 24 exclusively on natural gas fuel; 25 .200460.1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

- 19 -

1	(b) bi-fuel motor vehicle to operate on
2	natural gas fuel for a minimum distance of one hundred miles
3	without refilling; or
4	(c) dual fuel motor vehicle to operate
5	on a mixture of natural gas fuel and gasoline or natural gas
6	fuel and diesel fuel if natural gas fuel provides a minimum of
7	fifty-five percent of the power required for the vehicle."
8	SECTION 5. APPLICABILITYThe provisions of Sections 3
9	and 4 of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after
10	January 1, 2015.
11	SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
12	provisions of this act is January 1, 2016.
13	- 20 -
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	.200460.1