RELATING TO TAXATION; CLARIFYING THE APPLICATION OF THE RURAL JOB TAX CREDIT; PROVIDING A PURPOSE FOR THE RURAL JOB TAX CREDIT; DEFINING "WAGES".

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-2E-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 172, Section 2) is amended to read:

"7-2E-1.1. TAX CREDIT--RURAL JOB TAX CREDIT.--

A. The tax credit created by this section may be referred to as the "rural job tax credit". Every eligible employer may apply for, and the taxation and revenue department may allow, a tax credit for each qualifying job the employer creates. The maximum tax credit amount with respect to each qualifying job is equal to:

- (1) twenty-five percent of the first sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) in wages paid for the qualifying job if the job is performed or based at a location in a tier one area; or
- (2) twelve and one-half percent of the first sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) in wages paid if the qualifying job is performed or based at a location in a tier two area.
- B. The purpose of the rural job tax credit is to encourage businesses to start new businesses in rural areas

of the state.

- C. The amount of the rural job tax credit shall be six and one-fourth percent of the first sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) in wages paid for the qualifying job in a qualifying period. The rural job tax credit may be claimed for each qualifying job for a maximum of:
- (1) four qualifying periods for each qualifying job performed or based at a location in a tier one area; and
- (2) two qualifying periods for each qualifying job performed or based at a location in a tier two area.
- D. With respect to each qualifying job for which an eligible employer seeks the rural job tax credit, the employer shall certify the amount of wages paid to each eligible employee during each qualifying period, the number of weeks during the qualifying period the position was occupied and whether the qualifying job was in a tier one or tier two area.
- E. The economic development department shall determine which employers are eligible employers and shall report the listing of eligible businesses to the taxation and revenue department in a manner and at times the departments shall agree upon.
  - F. To receive a rural job tax credit with respect

to any qualifying period, an eligible employer must apply to the taxation and revenue department on forms and in the manner the department may prescribe. The application shall include a certification made pursuant to Subsection D of this section. If all the requirements of this section have been complied with, the taxation and revenue department may issue to the applicant a document granting a tax credit for the appropriate qualifying period. The tax credit document shall be numbered for identification and declare its date of issuance and the amount of rural job tax credit allowed for the respective jobs created. The tax credit documents may be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred and may be carried forward for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The parties to such a transaction to sell, exchange or transfer a rural job tax credit document shall notify the department of the transaction within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer.

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G. The holder of the tax credit document may apply all or a portion of the rural job tax credit granted by the document against the holder's modified combined tax liability, personal income tax liability or corporate income tax liability. Any balance of rural job tax credit granted by the document may be carried forward for up to three years from the date of issuance of the tax credit document. No amount of rural job tax credit may be applied against a gross

receipts tax imposed by a municipality or county.

H. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 7-1-8 NMSA 1978, the taxation and revenue department may disclose to any person the balance of rural job tax credit remaining on any tax credit document and the balance of credit remaining on that document for any period.

- I. The secretary of economic development, the secretary of taxation and revenue and the secretary of workforce solutions or their designees shall annually evaluate the effectiveness of the rural job tax credit in stimulating economic development in the rural areas of New Mexico and make a joint report of their findings to each session of the legislature so long as the rural job tax credit is in effect.
- J. An eligible employer that creates a qualifying job in the period beginning on or after July 1, 2006 but before July 1, 2007 or creates a qualifying job, the qualifying period of which includes a part of the period between July 1, 2006 and July 1, 2007, for which the eligible employer has not received a rural job tax credit document pursuant to this section may submit an application for, and the taxation and revenue department may issue to the eligible employer applying, a document granting a tax credit for the appropriate qualifying period. Claims for a rural job tax credit submitted pursuant to the provisions of this

subsection shall be submitted within three years from the date of issuance of the rural job tax credit document.

- K. A qualifying job shall not be eligible for a rural job credit pursuant to this section if:
- (1) the job is created due to a business merger, acquisition or other change in organization;
- (2) the eligible employee was terminated from employment in New Mexico by another employer involved in the merger, acquisition or other change in organization; and
  - (3) the job is performed by:
- (a) the person who performed the job or its functional equivalent prior to the business merger, acquisition or other change in organization; or
- (b) a person replacing the person who performed the job or its functional equivalent prior to the business merger, acquisition or other change in organization.
- L. Notwithstanding Subsection K of this section, a qualifying job that was created by another employer and for which the rural job tax credit claim was received by the taxation and revenue department prior to July 1, 2013 and is under review or has been approved shall remain eligible for the rural job tax credit for the balance of the qualifying periods for which the job qualifies by the new employer that results from a business merger, acquisition or other change in the organization.

M. A job shall not be eligible for a rural job tax credit pursuant to this section if the job is created due to an eligible employer entering into a contract or becoming a subcontractor to a contract with a governmental entity that replaces one or more entities performing functionally equivalent services for the governmental entity in New Mexico unless the job is a qualifying job that was not being performed by an employee of the replaced entity.

## N. As used in this section:

(1) "eligible employee" means any individual other than an individual who:

(a) bears any of the relationships described in Paragraphs (1) through (8) of 26 U.S.C. Section 152(a) to the employer or, if the employer is a corporation, to an individual who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or, if the employer is an entity other than a corporation, to any individual who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent of the capital and profits interests in the entity;

(b) if the employer is an estate or trust, is a grantor, beneficiary or fiduciary of the estate or trust or is an individual who bears any of the relationships described in Paragraphs (1) through (8) of 26 U.S.C. Section 152(a) to a grantor, beneficiary or fiduciary

of the estate or trust; or

described in 26 U.S.C. Section 152(a)(9), of the employer or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, of an individual who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or, if the employer is an entity other than a corporation, of any individual who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent of the capital and profits interests in the entity or, if the employer is an estate or trust, of a grantor, beneficiary or fiduciary of the estate or trust;

- (2) "eligible employer" means an employer who is eligible for in-plant training assistance pursuant to Section 21-19-7 NMSA 1978;
- (3) "metropolitan statistical area" means a metropolitan statistical area in New Mexico as determined by the United States bureau of the census;
- (4) "modified combined tax liability" means the total liability for the reporting period for the gross receipts tax imposed by Section 7-9-4 NMSA 1978 together with any tax collected at the same time and in the same manner as that gross receipts tax, such as the compensating tax, the withholding tax, the interstate telecommunications gross receipts tax, the surcharges imposed by Section 63-9D-5 NMSA 1978 and the surcharge imposed by Section 63-9F-11 NMSA 1978,

1	minus the amount of any credit other than the rural job tax
2	credit applied against any or all of these taxes or
3	surcharges; but "modified combined tax liability" excludes
4	all amounts collected with respect to local option gross
5	receipts taxes;
6	(5) "qualifying job" means a job established
7	by the employer that is occupied by an eligible employee for
8	at least forty-eight weeks of a qualifying period;
9	(6) "qualifying period" means the period of
10	twelve months beginning on the day an eligible employee
11	begins working in a qualifying job or the period of twelve
12	months beginning on the anniversary of the day an eligible
13	employee began working in a qualifying job;
14	(7) "rural area" means any part of the state
15	other than:
16	(a) an H class county;
17	(b) the state fairgrounds;
18	(c) an incorporated municipality within
19	a metropolitan statistical area if the municipality's
20	population is thirty thousand or more according to the most
21	recent federal decennial census; and
22	(d) any area within ten miles of the
23	exterior boundaries of a municipality described in
24	Subparagraph (c) of this paragraph;
25	(8) "tier one area" means:

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1	(a) any municipality within the rural	
2	area if the municipality's population according to the most	
3	recent federal decennial census is fifteen thousand or less;	
4	or	
5	(b) any part of the rural area that is	
6	not within the exterior boundaries of a municipality;	
7	(9) "tier two area" means any municipality	
8	within the rural area if the municipality's population	
9	according to the most recent federal decennial census is more	
L <b>O</b>	than fifteen thousand; and	
11	(10) "wages" means all compensation paid by	
l <b>2</b>	an eligible employer to an eligible employee through the	
l <b>3</b>	employer's payroll system, including those wages the employee	
۱4	elects to defer or redirect, such as the employee's	
15	contribution to 401(k) or cafeteria plan programs, but not	
l <b>6</b>	including benefits or the employer's share of payroll taxes."	
L <b>7</b>	SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	
18	provisions of this act is July 1, 2013	SB 557
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