1	AN ACT		
2	RELATING TO PUBLIC PROPERTY; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA		
3	1978 TO PROVIDE FOR DISPOSITION OF STATE-OWNED ANIMALS.		
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5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:		
6	SECTION 1. Section 13-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961,		
7	Chapter 100, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:		
8	"13-6-1. DISPOSITION OF OBSOLETE, WORN-OUT OR UNUSABLE		
9	TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY		
10	A. The governing authority of each state agency,		
11	local public body, school district and state educational		
12	institution may dispose of any item of tangible personal		
13	property belonging to that authority and delete the item from		
14	its public inventory upon a specific finding by the authority		
15	that the item of property is:		
16	(1) of a current resale value of five		
17	thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less; and		
18	(2) worn out, unusable or obsolete to the		
19	extent that the item is no longer economical or safe for		
20	continued use by the body.		
21	B. The governing authority shall, as a		
22	prerequisite to the disposition of any items of tangible		
23	personal property:		

(1) designate a committee of at least three

officials of the governing authority to approve and oversee

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the disposition; and

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- give notification at least thirty days (2) prior to its action making the deletion by sending a copy of its official finding and the proposed disposition of the property to the state auditor and the appropriate approval authority designated in Section 13-6-2 NMSA 1978, duly sworn and subscribed under oath by each member of the authority approving the action.
- C. A copy of the official finding and proposed disposition of the property sought to be disposed of shall be made a permanent part of the official minutes of the governing authority and maintained as a public record subject to the Inspection of Public Records Act.
- The governing authority shall dispose of the D. tangible personal property by negotiated sale to any governmental unit of an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo in New Mexico or by negotiated sale or donation to other state agencies, local public bodies, school districts, state educational institutions or municipalities or through the central purchasing office of the governing authority by means of competitive sealed bid or public auction or, if a state agency, through the surplus property bureau of the transportation services division of the general services department.
 - E. A state agency shall give the surplus property SCONC/SB 139

precludes an employee from participating and bidding for

bureau of the transportation services division of the general services department the right of first refusal when disposing of obsolete, worn-out or unusable tangible personal property of the state agency.

- F. If the governing authority is unable to dispose of the tangible personal property pursuant to Subsection D or E of this section, the governing authority may sell or, if the property has no value, donate the property to any organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- G. If the governing authority is unable to dispose of the tangible personal property pursuant to Subsection D, E or F of this section, it may order that the property be destroyed or otherwise permanently disposed of in accordance with applicable laws.
- H. If the governing authority determines that the tangible personal property is hazardous or contains hazardous materials and may not be used safely under any circumstances, the property shall be destroyed and disposed of pursuant to Subsection G of this section.

to an employee or relative of an employee of a state agency,

local public body, school district or state educational

institution; provided that nothing in this subsection

I. No tangible personal property shall be donated

SCONC/SB 139 Page 3 public property at a public auction.

J. This section shall not apply to any property acquired by a museum through abandonment procedures pursuant to the Abandoned Cultural Properties Act.

K. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this section, the department of transportation may sell through public auction or dispose of surplus tangible personal property used to manage, maintain or build roads that exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in value. Proceeds from sales shall be credited to the state road fund. The department of transportation shall notify the department of finance and administration regarding the disposition of all property.

L. If the secretary of public safety finds that the K-9 dog presents no threat to public safety, the K-9 dog shall be released from public ownership as provided in this subsection. The K-9 dog shall first be offered to its trainer or handler free of charge. If the trainer or handler does not want to accept ownership of the K-9 dog, then the K-9 dog shall be offered to an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 free of charge. If both of the above fail, the K-9 dog shall only be sold to a qualified individual found capable of providing a good home to the animal."

SECTION 2. Section 33-2-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1939,

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Α. If the penitentiary of New Mexico, as a body corporate, possesses any real, personal or mixed property of any kind that, in the judgment of the secretary of corrections is no longer required for the use of the penitentiary, then the penitentiary of New Mexico has the right to sell, trade, mortgage or otherwise alienate any real, personal or mixed property for such price and upon such terms as seems just and proper to the secretary of corrections, and the proceeds to be derived from any such transaction shall become the property of the penitentiary of New Mexico; provided, however, that in all cases of the sale, trade, mortgage or other alienation of real property belonging to the penitentiary of New Mexico, the same shall not take effect until approved by the department of finance and administration.

B. K-9 dogs are exempt from the provisions of Subsection A of this section. If the secretary of corrections finds that the K-9 dog presents no threat to public safety, the K-9 dog shall be released from public ownership as provided in this subsection. The K-9 dog shall first be offered to its trainer or handler free of charge. If the trainer or handler does not want to take ownership of the K-9 dog, then the K-9 dog shall be offered to an organization

1	described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of	
2	1986 free of charge. If both of the above fail, the K-9 dog	
3	shall only be sold to a qualified individual found capable of	
4	providing a good home to the animal."	SCONC/SB 139
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