RELATING TO TAXATION; INCREASING FOR TEN YEARS THE VOLUME
LIMIT FOR MICROBREWERS FOR PURPOSES OF THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX;
INCREASING THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX PAID BY CERTAIN
MICROBREWERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-17-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966, Chapter 49, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Liquor Excise Tax Act:

- A. "alcoholic beverages" means distilled or rectified spirits, potable alcohol, brandy, whiskey, rum, gin, aromatic bitters or any similar beverage, including blended or fermented beverages, dilutions or mixtures of one or more of the foregoing containing more than one-half of one percent alcohol by volume, but "alcoholic beverages" does not include medicinal bitters;
- B. "beer" means an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of any infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops or other cereals in water and includes porter, beer, ale and stout;
- C. "cider" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe apples that contains not less than one-half of one percent of

1	alcohol by volume and not more than seven percent of alcohol	
2	by volume;	
3	D. "department" means the taxation and revenue	
4	department, the secretary of taxation and revenue or any	
5	employee of the department exercising authority lawfully	
6	delegated to that employee by the secretary;	
7	E. "fortified wine" means wine containing more	
8	than fourteen percent alcohol by volume when bottled or	
9	packaged by the manufacturer, but "fortified wine" does not	
10	include:	
11	(1) wine that is sealed or capped by cork	
12	closure and aged two years or more;	
13	(2) wine that contains more than fourteen	
14	percent alcohol by volume solely as a result of the natural	
15	fermentation process and that has not been produced with the	
16	addition of wine spirits, brandy or alcohol; or	
17	(3) vermouth and sherry;	
18	F. "microbrewer" means:	
19	(1) for years prior to 2014, a person who	
20	produces fewer than five thousand barrels of beer in a year;	
21	(2) for years 2014 through 2023, a person	
22	who produces fewer than fifteen thousand barrels of beer in a	
23	year; and	
24	(3) for year 2024 and subsequent years, a	
25	person who produces fewer than five thousand barrels of beer	SB 81 Page 2

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"person" includes, to the extent permitted by law, a federal, state or other governmental unit or subdivision or an agency, department, institution or

"small winegrower" means a winegrower who produces fewer than nine hundred fifty thousand liters of

- "spirituous liquor" means alcoholic beverages, except fermented beverages such as wine, beer, cider and ale;
- "wholesaler" means a person holding a license issued under Section 60-6A-1 NMSA 1978 or a person selling alcoholic beverages that were not purchased from a person holding a license issued under Section 60-6A-1 NMSA 1978;
- "wine" means an alcoholic beverage other than cider that is obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar contained in fruit or other agricultural products, with or without the addition of sugar or other products, and that does not contain more than twenty-one percent alcohol by
- "winegrower" means a person licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-11 NMSA 1978."
- SECTION 2. Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 65, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:
 - **"**7-17-5. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX. --

small winegrower and sold in this state, provided that proof

is furnished to the department that the wine was manufactured

or produced by a small winegrower, ten cents (\$.10) per liter

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1	on the first eighty thousand liters sold and twenty cents	
2	(\$.20) per liter on all liters sold over eighty thousand	
3	liters but less than nine hundred fifty thousand liters; and	
4	(7) on cider, forty-one cents (\$.41) per	
5	gallon.	
6	B. The volume of wine transferred from one	
7	winegrower to another winegrower for processing, bottling or	
8	storage and subsequent return to the transferor shall be	
9	excluded pursuant to Section 7-17-6 NMSA 1978 from the	
10	taxable volume of wine of the transferee. Wine transferred	
11	from an initial winegrower to a second winegrower remains a	
12	tax liability of the transferor, provided that if the wine is	
13	transferred to the transferee for the transferee's use or for	
14	resale, the transferee then assumes the liability for the tax	
15	due pursuant to this section.	
16	C. A transfer of wine from a winegrower to a	
17	wholesaler for distribution of the wine transfers the	
18	liability for payment of the liquor excise tax to the	
19	wholesaler upon the sale of the wine by the wholesaler."	
20	SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	
21	provisions of this act is January 1, 2014	
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