1	SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 73
2	50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2012
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PROFESSIONAL LICENSES; CHANGING THE NAME OF THE
12	THANATOPRACTICE ACT TO THE FUNERAL SERVICES ACT; CHANGING AND
13	ADDING CERTAIN EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS; CONVERTING CERTAIN
14	LICENSES TO INTERN LICENSES; PROVIDING FOR THE RELINQUISHMENT
15	OF ESTABLISHMENT LICENSES IN CERTAIN CASES; PROVIDING FOR
16	REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN COSTS; PROVIDING FOR CEASE AND DESIST
17	ORDERS; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA
18	1978.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
21	SECTION 1. Section 12-10A-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
22	Chapter 218, Section 6) is amended to read:
23	"12-10A-6. SPECIAL POWERS DURING A PUBLIC HEALTH
24	EMERGENCY
25	A. In order to protect the health, safety and
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1 welfare of the people in the state during a public health 2 emergency, the secretary of health, in coordination with the 3 secretary of public safety and the director, may: 4 (1) utilize, secure or evacuate health care 5 facilities for public use; and inspect, regulate or ration health care 6 (2) 7 supplies as provided in Subsection B of this section. 8 Β. If a public health emergency results in a 9 statewide or regional shortage of health care supplies, the secretary of health may control, restrict and regulate the 10 allocation, sale, dispensing or distribution of health care 11 12 supplies. The state medical investigator, after 13 C. consultation with the secretary of health, the secretary of 14 public safety, the director and the [chairman] chair of the 15 board of [thanatopractice] funeral services, may implement and 16 bracketed material] = delete enforce measures to provide for the safe disposal of human 17 remains that may be reasonable and necessary to respond to a 18 public health emergency. The measures may include special 19 provisions for embalming, burial, cremation, interment, 20 disinterment, transportation and disposal of human remains. 21 the extent possible, the religious, cultural, family and 22 individual beliefs of a deceased person or of the family of a 23 deceased person shall be considered when disposing of human 24 remains." 25

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SECTION 2. Section 24-11-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 112, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-11-1. BOARD OF MEDICAL INVESTIGATORS--CREATION--MEMBERSHIP--COMPENSATION. -- There is created the "board of medical investigators", consisting of the dean of the university of New Mexico school of medicine, the secretary of 6 7 health, the chief of the New Mexico state police, the 8 [chairman] chair of the [state] board of [thanatopractice] 9 funeral services and the [director of the New Mexico office] secretary of Indian affairs. The members of the board of 10 medical investigators shall receive no compensation for their 11 12 services as board members other than as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act." 13

SECTION 3. Section 61-32-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

SHORT TITLE.--Chapter 61, Article 32 NMSA 1978 "61-32-1. may be cited as the "[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act"."

SECTION 4. Section 61-32-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 2) is amended to read:

"61-32-2. PURPOSE.--In the interest of public health, safety and welfare and to protect the public from the unprofessional, improper, incompetent and unlawful practice of the care and disposition of the dead human body, it is necessary to provide laws and regulations to govern the handling and care of the dead and the sensitivities of those .189240.1

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1	who survive, whether they wish or do not wish rites or
2	ceremonies. The primary responsibility and obligation of the
3	board [of thanatopractice] <u>of funeral services</u> is to protect
4	the public."
5	SECTION 5. Section 61-32-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
6	Chapter 204, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
7	"61-32-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the [Thanatopractice]
8	<u>Funeral Services</u> Act:
9	[A. "assistant funeral service practitioner" means
10	a person licensed to engage in practice at a funeral
11	establishment or commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to
12	the Thanatopractice Act, as an assistant funeral service
13	practitioner as provided in that act;
14	B. "associate funeral service practitioner" means a
15	person licensed to engage in practice at a funeral
16	establishment or commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to
17	the Thanatopractice Act, as an associate funeral service
18	practitioner as provided in that act;
19	C.] <u>A.</u> "board" means the board of [thanatopractice]
20	<u>funeral services;</u>
21	[D.] <u>B.</u> "committal service" means a service at a
22	place of interment or entombment that follows a funeral
23	conducted at another location;
24	[E.] <u>C.</u> "cremains" means cremated remains;
25	$[F_{\bullet}]$ <u>D.</u> "cremation" means the reduction of a dead
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1	human body by direct flame to a residue, which includes bone
2	fragments;
3	[G.] <u>E.</u> "crematory" means every place or premises
4	that is devoted to or used for cremation and pulverization of
5	the cremains;
6	$[H_{\bullet}] = F_{\bullet}$ "crematory authority" means the individual
7	who is ultimately responsible for the operation of a crematory;
8	$[I_{\bullet}]$ G. "department" means the regulation and
9	licensing department;
10	[J.] <u>H.</u> "direct disposer" means a person licensed
11	to engage solely in providing direct disposition at a direct
12	disposition establishment, licensed pursuant to the
13	Thanatopractice Act, as provided in that act;
14	$[K_{\bullet}]$ <u>I.</u> "direct disposition" means only the
15	disposition of a dead human body as quickly as possible,
16	without a funeral, graveside service, committal service or
17	memorial service, whether public or private, and without
18	embalming of the body unless embalming is required by the place
19	of disposition;
20	[L.] <u>J.</u> "direct supervision" means <u>that</u> the
21	supervising funeral service practitioner is physically present
22	with and in direct control of the person being trained;
23	$[M_{\bullet}]$ <u>K.</u> "disposition" means the final disposal of a
24	dead human body, whether it be by earth interment, above-ground
25	interment or entombment, cremation, burial at sea or delivery

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to a medical school, when the medical school assumes complete responsibility for the disposal of the body following medical study;

[N.] L. "embalming" means the disinfection, preservation and restoration, when possible, of a dead human body by a licensed funeral service practitioner [a licensed associate funeral service practitioner] or a licensed funeral service intern under the supervision of a licensed funeral service practitioner;

 $[\Theta_{\cdot}]$ <u>M.</u> "ennichement" means interment of cremains in a niche in a columbarium, whether in an urn or not;

[P.] <u>N.</u> "entombment" means interment of a casketed body or cremains in a crypt in a mausoleum;

[Q.] O. "establishment" means every office, premises or place of business where the practice of funeral service or direct disposition is conducted or advertised as being conducted and includes commercial establishments that provide for the practice of funeral service or direct disposition services exclusively to licensed funeral or direct disposition establishments or a school of medicine;

[R.] P. "funeral" means a period following death in which there is an organized, purposeful, time-limited, group-centered ceremony or rite, whether religious or not, with the body of the deceased present;

[S.] <u>Q.</u> "funeral merchandise" means that personal .189240.1

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property offered for sale in connection with the transportation, funeralization or disposition of a dead human body, including the enclosure into which a dead human body is or cremains are directly placed, and excluding mausoleum crypts, interment enclosures preset in a cemetery and columbarium niches;

7 [T.] <u>R.</u> "funeral service intern" means a person
8 licensed to be in training for the practice of funeral service
9 under the supervision and instruction of a funeral service
10 practitioner at a funeral establishment or commercial
11 establishment, licensed pursuant to the [Thanatopractice]
12 Funeral Services Act;

[U.] <u>S.</u> "funeral service practitioner" means a person licensed to engage in the practice of funeral service at a funeral establishment or commercial establishment <u>that is</u> licensed pursuant to the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act [as provided in that act];

T. "funeral services" means those immediate post-death activities related to a dead human body and its care and disposition, whether with or without rites or ceremonies; but "funeral services" does not include disposition of the body by a school of medicine following medical study;

 $[\Psi \cdot]$ <u>U.</u> "general supervision" means <u>that</u> the supervising funeral service practitioner is not necessarily physically present in the establishment with the person being .189240.1

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trained but is available for advice and assistance;

[W.] V. "graveside service" means a funeral held at the graveside only, excluding a committal service that follows a funeral conducted at another location;

[X.] W. "jurisprudence examination" means an examination prescribed by the board on the statutes, rules and regulations pertaining to the practice of funeral service or direct disposition, including the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act, the rules of the board, state health regulations governing human remains and the Vital Statistics Act;

[Y.] X. "licensee in charge" means a funeral service practitioner who is ultimately responsible for the conduct of a funeral or commercial establishment and its employees; or a direct disposer who is ultimately responsible for the conduct of a direct disposition establishment and its employees;

 $[\overline{2.}]$ <u>Y.</u> "make arrangements" means advising or counseling about specific details for a funeral, graveside service, committal service, memorial service, disposition or direct disposition;

[AA.] Z. "memorial service" means a gathering of persons for recognition of a death without the presence of the body of the deceased;

[BB.] <u>AA.</u> "practice of funeral service" means those activities allowed under the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> .189240.1

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Act by a funeral service practitioner [associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner] or funeral service intern; and

[CC.] <u>BB.</u> "pulverization" means the process that reduces cremains to a granular substance [and

DD. "thanatopractice" means those immediate postdeath activities related to the dead human body, its care and disposition, whether with or without rites or ceremonies, but not including disposition of the body by a school of medicine following medical study]."

SECTION 6. Section 61-32-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read: "61-32-4. LICENSE REQUIRED.--

A. Unless licensed to practice under the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act, a person shall not:

(1) practice as a funeral service
practitioner, [associate funeral service practitioner, assistant
funeral service practitioner] funeral service intern or direct
disposer;

(2) use the title or [represent himself as] make any representation as being a funeral service practitioner, [associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner] funeral service intern or direct disposer or use any other title, abbreviation, letters, figures, signs or devices that indicate the person is licensed to practice as a

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1 funeral service practitioner, [associate funeral service 2 practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner] funeral 3 service intern or direct disposer; or

4 (3) maintain, manage or operate a funeral
5 establishment, a commercial establishment, a direct disposition
6 establishment or a crematory.

7 A person who engages in the practice or acts in Β. the capacity of a funeral service practitioner, [associate 8 9 funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner] funeral service intern or direct disposer in this 10 state, with or without a New Mexico license, is subject to the 11 12 jurisdiction of the state and to the administrative jurisdiction of the board and is subject to all penalties and remedies 13 14 available for a violation of a provision of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act. 15

C. A person who maintains, manages or operates a funeral establishment, commercial establishment, direct disposition establishment or a crematory in this state, with or without a New Mexico establishment or crematory license, is subject to the jurisdiction of the state and to the administrative jurisdiction of the board and is subject to all penalties and remedies available for a violation of a provision of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act."

SECTION 7. Section 61-32-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

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"61-32-5. BOARD CREATED.--

A. There is created the "board of [thanatopractice] funeral services".

B. The board is administratively attached to the department.

C. The board consists of six members. Three members shall be funeral service practitioners who have been licensed in this state for at least five years; two members shall represent the public and shall not have been licensed for the practice of funeral service or direct disposition in this state or any other jurisdiction and shall not ever have had any financial interest, direct or indirect, in any funeral, commercial or direct disposition establishment or crematory; and one member shall be a licensed direct disposer or health care practitioner <u>from the</u> <u>office of the state medical investigator</u> who has been licensed in this state for at least five years.

D. Members of the board shall be appointed by the governor for terms of four years. Each member shall hold office until [his] the member's successor is duly qualified and appointed. Vacancies shall be filled for [any] an unexpired term in the same manner as original appointments.

E. Members of the board shall be reimbursed <u>per diem</u> <u>and mileage</u> as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act and shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

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F. A simple majority of the board members currently $% \left[{{{\mathbf{F}}_{\mathbf{r}}} \right]$

1 serving constitutes a quorum.

2 G. The board shall hold at least two regular
3 meetings each year and shall meet at such other times as it
4 deems necessary.

H. No board member shall serve more than two full
consecutive terms. The board shall recommend removal of any
board member who has three unexcused absences from properly
noticed meetings within a twelve-month period and may recommend
removal of a board member for any other just cause.

I. The board shall elect a [chairman] chair and other officers as deemed necessary to administer its duties." SECTION 8. Section 61-32-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-32-6. BOARD POWERS.--

A. In addition to any other authority provided by law, the board has the power to:

(1) adopt, in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act, and file, in accordance with the State Rules Act, rules [and regulations] necessary to carry out the provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act;

(2) adopt rules implementing continuingeducation requirements;

(3) conduct hearings upon charges relating to the discipline of licensees and take administrative actions pursuant to Section 61-1-3 NMSA 1978;

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1 establish reasonable fees to carry out the (4) 2 provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act; 3 (5) provide for investigations necessary to 4 determine violations of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services 5 Act; (6) establish committees as the board deems necessary for carrying out the provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act; apply for injunctive relief to enforce the (7) provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act or to restrain any violation of that act; (8) impose a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation, in addition to other administrative or disciplinary costs, and all fines shall be deposited in the [thanatopractice] funeral services fund; and conduct criminal background checks on (9) applicants for licensure. Β. No action or other legal proceedings for damages shall be instituted against the board, any board member or employee of the board for any act performed in good faith and in the intended performance of any power or duty granted under the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act or for any neglect or default in the good faith performance or exercise of any such power or duty." Section 61-32-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 25

SECTION 9. Section 61-32-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 199 .189240.1

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1	Chapter 204, Section 7) is amended to read:
2	"61-32-7. BOARD DUTIESThe board shall:
3	A. administer the provisions of the
4	[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act;
5	B. provide for the examination, licensing and
6	renewal of applicants or licensees; and
7	C. provide for the inspection of establishments and
8	crematories."
9	SECTION 10. Section 61-32-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
10	Chapter 204, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:
11	"61-32-8. INSPECTIONACCESSCOUNSEL
12	A. Inspection of establishments and crematories,
13	including all records, financial or otherwise, is authorized
14	during regular business hours. Acceptance of a license shall
15	include permission for the board or its designee to enter the
16	premises without legal process.
17	B. An establishment or crematory shall maintain
18	business records required by law or rule at the establishment or
19	crematory.
20	C. The board shall be represented by the attorney
21	general. The board may employ special counsel, upon approval of
22	the attorney general, to review and prosecute cases of consumer
23	complaints against any person, establishment or crematory
24	licensed pursuant to the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act.
25	Payment for the services shall be by the board."
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1 SECTION 11. Section 61-32-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 2 Chapter 204, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read: 3 "61-32-9. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE--FUNERAL SERVICE PRACTITIONER--FUNERAL SERVICE INTERN--DIRECT DISPOSER--4 5 [ASSOCIATE FUNERAL SERVICE PRACTITIONER--ASSISTANT FUNERAL SERVICE PRACTITIONER] CONVERSION OF CERTAIN LICENSES--TEMPORARY 6 7 LICENSES.--8 A license to practice as a funeral service Α. 9 practitioner shall be issued to any person who files a completed application, accompanied by the required fees and documentation, 10 and who submits satisfactory evidence that [he] the person: 11 12 (1) is at least eighteen years of age; has served as a licensed funeral service (2) 13 14 intern for not less than twelve months, under the supervision of a licensed funeral service practitioner. During the training 15 period, the applicant shall have assisted in the embalming of at 16 bracketed material] = delete least fifty bodies, making of at least fifty funeral 17 arrangements and the directing of at least fifty funerals; 18 (3) has successfully completed [any] an 19 examination, including a jurisprudence examination, prescribed 20 by board rules; 21 (4) has not been convicted of unprofessional 22 conduct or incompetency; and 23 [(5) has graduated from an institution 24 accredited by the American board of funeral service education or 25 .189240.1 - 15 -

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	1	any other successor recognized by the United States office of
	2	education for funeral service education; and
	3	(6) has successfully completed at least sixty
	4	semester hours of academic and professional instruction in an
	5	accredited college or university; provided, however, that an
	6	assistant funeral service practitioner need not satisfy the
	7	provisions of Paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection if the
	8	assistant funeral service practitioner has successfully
	9	completed examinations required by the board for practice as an
	10	associate funeral service practitioner and a funeral service
	11	practitioner]
	12	<u>(5) has obtained an associate's degree in</u>
	13	funeral science requiring the completion of at least sixty
	14	semester hours from an institution accredited by the American
	15	board of funeral service education or any other successor
	16	institution offering funeral service education recognized by the
<u>new</u> delete	17	<u>United States government</u> .
new del	18	B. A license to practice as a funeral service intern
	19	shall be issued to any person who files a completed application,
<u>eri</u> e rial	20	accompanied by the required fees and documentation, and who
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red ed 1	22	(1) is at least eighteen years of age;
<u>rsco</u> cket	23	(2) has graduated from high school or the
<u>bra</u>	24	equivalent;
	25	(3) has submitted proof of employment and
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1 supervision as required by board rules. Except as may be 2 allowed by board rule, a license as a funeral service intern is 3 [not ambulatory and is] issued only for a specific funeral establishment [only] or an establishment that is part of a 4 5 multi-establishment enterprise; (4) has successfully completed [any] an 6 7 examination, including a jurisprudence examination, prescribed by board rules; and 8 has not been convicted of unprofessional 9 (5) conduct or incompetency. 10 C. A license to practice as a direct disposer shall 11 12 be issued to any person who files a completed application, accompanied by the required fees and documentation, and who 13 submits satisfactory evidence that [he] the person: 14 (1) is at least eighteen years of age; 15 [(2) has graduated from high school or the 16 equivalent;] 17 (2) has obtained an associate's degree in 18 funeral science requiring the completion of at least sixty 19 semester hours from an institution accredited by the American 20 board of funeral service education or any other successor 21 institution offering funeral service education and recognized by 22 the United States government; 23 (3) has successfully completed any 24 examination, including a jurisprudence examination, prescribed 25

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1 by board rules; and

2 has not been convicted of unprofessional (4) 3 conduct or incompetency. 4 [D. A license to practice as an assistant funeral service practitioner shall be issued to any person who, prior to 5 June 18, 1993, held a valid license as an assistant funeral 6 7 service practitioner and who was qualified to receive a renewal 8 license on July 1, 1993. 9 E. A license to practice as an associate funeral service practitioner shall be issued to any person who files a 10 completed application, accompanied by the required fees and 11 12 documentation, and who submits satisfactory evidence that he: (1) has been licensed as an assistant funeral 13 14 service practitioner; (2) has successfully completed any 15 examination, including a jurisprudence examination, prescribed 16 by board rules; and 17 (3) has not been convicted of unprofessional 18 conduct or incompetency.] 19 D. On and after July 1, 2012, the board shall not 20 issue a new license that was formerly designated an "assistant 21 funeral services practitioner" or "associate funeral services 22 practitioner" license under a version of the Funeral Services 23 Act in effect on June 30, 2012. A person holding one of these 24 licenses that is valid as of June 30, 2012 shall be considered 25

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1 as holding a valid, renewable funeral services intern license 2 subject to the general supervision of a licensed funeral 3 services practitioner pursuant to the Funeral Services Act. 4 $[F_{\cdot}]$ E. The board may adopt by rule requirements for 5 issuing a temporary license that will be valid until the next scheduled board meeting." 6 7 SECTION 12. Section 61-32-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read: 8 9 "61-32-11. LICENSURE OF ESTABLISHMENTS--FUNERAL ESTABLISHMENTS--COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS--DIRECT DISPOSITION 10 ESTABLISHMENTS--CREMATORIES.--11 12 Α. Funeral establishment licenses shall only be granted under the following terms and conditions: 13 14 applications for licensure shall be upon (1)forms furnished by the board and shall be accompanied by the 15 required fee; 16 the establishment shall be maintained at a (2) 17 specific location primarily devoted to the practice of funeral 18 service and shall comply with the following minimum 19 requirements: 20 a chapel shall be present in which (a) 21 funerals may be conducted; 22 a display room shall be present for (b) 23 displaying caskets and other funeral merchandise; and 24 (c) a preparation room shall be present 25 .189240.1 - 19 -

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1 with necessary drainage and ventilation and necessary 2 instruments and supplies for the preparation and embalming of 3 dead human bodies for burial or other disposition or 4 transportation; and 5 a license shall not be issued or renewed (3)by the board unless the establishment is in compliance with the 6 [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act and board rules. 7 8 Commercial establishment licenses shall only be Β. 9 granted under the following terms and conditions: applications for licensure shall be upon 10 (1) forms furnished by the board and shall be accompanied by the 11 12 required fee; the establishment shall be maintained at a (2) 13 specific location primarily devoted to the practice allowed for 14 a commercial establishment and shall comply with the following 15 minimum requirements: 16 (a) a preparation room shall be present 17 with the necessary drainage and ventilation and necessary 18 instruments and supplies for the preparation and embalming of 19 dead human bodies for burial or other disposition and 20 transportation; and 21 an office shall be present for (b) 22 conducting business; and 23 a license shall not be issued or renewed (3) 24 by the board unless the establishment is in compliance with the 25 .189240.1 - 20 -

1	[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act and board rules.	
2	C. Direct disposition establishment licenses shall	
3	only be granted under the following terms and conditions:	
4	(1) applications for licensure shall be upon	
5	forms furnished by the board and shall be accompanied by the	
6	required fee;	
7	(2) the establishment shall be maintained at a	
8	specific location primarily devoted to the practice allowed for	
9	a direct disposer and shall comply with the following minimum	
10	requirements:	
11	(a) a room shall be present with	
12	necessary drainage and ventilation for housing a refrigeration	
13	unit;	
14	(b) a refrigeration unit,	
15	thermodynamically controlled with a minimum storage area of	
16	twelve and one-half cubic feet per body, shall be present for	
17	sheltering of dead human bodies prior to burial or other	
18	disposition or transportation;	
19	(c) an office shall be present for	
20	conducting business;	
21	(d) necessary supplies for safely	
22	handling unembalmed dead human bodies; and	
23	(e) if funeral merchandise is made	
24	available, a display room shall be present for displaying	
25	caskets and other funeral merchandise; and	
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1	(3) no license shall be issued or renewed by		
2	the board unless the establishment is in compliance with the		
3	[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act and board rules.		
4	D. Crematory licenses shall only be granted under		
5	the following terms and conditions:		
6	(1) applications for licensure shall be upon		
7	forms furnished by the board and shall be accompanied by the		
8	required fee;		
9	(2) the crematory shall be maintained at a		
10	specific location, including a funeral, commercial or direct		
11	disposition establishment, primarily devoted to the practice		
12	allowed for a crematory and shall comply with the following		
13	minimum requirements:		
14	(a) a room shall be present with		
15	necessary ventilation for housing a cremation retort;		
16	(b) a cremation retort shall be present		
17	for cremating dead human bodies; and		
18	(c) a unit to pulverize cremated dead		
19	human bodies shall be present; and		
20	(3) no license shall be issued or renewed by		
21	the board unless the crematory is in compliance with the		
22	[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act and board rules.		
23	E. The board may adopt by rule additional		
24	requirements in the interest of public health, safety and		
25	welfare."		
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1 SECTION 13. Section 61-32-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 2 Chapter 204, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read: 3 "61-32-13. ESTABLISHMENTS--REQUIREMENTS--TEMPORARY 4 LICENSES.--5 Each establishment shall have a full-time Α. 6 licensee in charge; provided the establishment license is a 7 privilege granted to the person to whom it is issued and is not 8 transferable to other owners or operators or to another location 9 than that designated on the license. Whenever an establishment no longer employs or otherwise has a full-time licensee in 10 charge, the establishment shall immediately cease the practice 11 12 of funeral service or direct disposition and the person to whom the establishment license is granted shall immediately return 13 the establishment license to the board by certified mail, return 14 receipt requested, or by another delivery service that provides 15 a means of tracing an item in its delivery system. 16

B. The board may adopt by rule special requirements for [multi-unit establishments that] multi-establishment enterprises where the establishments are located within fifty miles of each other and [that] wish to share a licensee in charge.

C. The board may adopt by rule the requirements for reapplication or reinspection.

D. The board may adopt by rule requirements for issuing a temporary establishment or crematory license that will .189240.1 - 23 -

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1	be valid until the next scheduled board meeting."
2	SECTION 14. Section 61-32-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
3	Chapter 204, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read:
4	"61-32-17. DIRECT DISPOSERSCOPE OF PRACTICE
5	LIMITATIONS
6	A. Except as otherwise provided in the
7	[Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act, a direct disposer may
8	transport and dispose of a dead human body and participate in
9	any rites or ceremonies after final disposition of the body.
10	B. Prior to interment, entombment or other final
11	disposition of the body, a direct disposer shall not:
12	(1) participate in any rites or ceremonies in
13	connection with the final disposition of the body;
14	(2) provide facilities for any such rites or
15	ceremonies; and
16	(3) have the body embalmed unless embalming is
17	required by the place of disposition."
18	SECTION 15. Section 61-32-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
19	Chapter 204, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"61-32-20. EMBALMING
21	A. All dead human bodies not disposed of within
22	twenty-four hours after death or release or receipt by the
23	establishment or crematory shall be embalmed in accordance with
24	the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act or stored under
25	refrigeration as determined by board rule, unless otherwise
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required by regulation of the office of the state medical
 investigator or the secretary of health or by orders of an
 authorized official of the office of the state medical
 investigator, a court of competent jurisdiction or other
 authorized official.

B. A dead human body shall not be embalmed except by a funeral service practitioner [an associate funeral service practitioner] or a funeral service intern under the supervision of a funeral service practitioner.

C. When embalming is not required under the provisions of this section, a dead human body shall not be embalmed without express authorization by the:

(1) surviving spouse or next of kin;

(2) legal agent or personal representative of the deceased; or

(3) person assuming responsibility for final disposition.

D. When embalming is not required, and prior to obtaining authorization for the embalming, a dead human body may be washed and other health procedures, including closing of the orifices, may be performed without authorization.

E. When a dead human body is embalmed, the funeral service practitioner [or associate funeral service practitioner] who embalms the body or the funeral service intern who embalms the body and the funeral service practitioner who supervises the

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embalming shall, within twenty-four hours after the embalming
procedure, complete and sign an embalming case report describing
the elapsed time since death, the condition of the remains
before and after embalming and the embalming procedures used.
The embalming case report shall be kept on file at the
establishment for a period of not less than seven years
following the embalming.

8 F. Except as provided in Subsection A of this9 section, embalming is not required."

SECTION 16. Section 61-32-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read: "61-32-22. INACTIVE STATUS.--

A. A funeral service practitioner, [associate funeral service practitioner] funeral service intern or direct disposer who has a current license may request that the license be placed on inactive status. Except as provided in Subsection E of this section, the board shall approve each request for inactive status.

B. A license placed on inactive status may be renewed within a period not to exceed five years following the date the board granted the inactive status.

C. Renewal of an inactive license requires payment of renewal and reinstatement fees as set forth by board rule and compliance with the following requirements:

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(1) certification by the licensee that [he]

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1 the licensee has not engaged in the practice of funeral service 2 or direct disposition in this state during the inactive status; 3 compliance with continuing education (2) 4 requirements established by board rule; and 5 successful completion of an examination, (3) which shall be administered at the discretion of the board, to 6 7 certify continuing competency. Disciplinary proceedings may be initiated or 8 D. 9 continued against a licensee who has been granted inactive status. 10 Ε. A license shall not be placed on inactive status 11 12 if the licensee is under investigation or if disciplinary proceedings have been initiated." 13 SECTION 17. Section 61-32-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 14 Chapter 204, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read: 15 "61-32-24. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS--JUDICIAL REVIEW.--16 The board, in accordance with the procedures set Α. 17 forth in the Uniform Licensing Act, may take disciplinary action 18 against any licensee, temporary licensee or applicant. 19 Β. The board has the authority to take any action 20 set forth in Section 61-1-3 NMSA 1978 upon a finding by the 21 board that the applicant or licensee is guilty of any of the 22 following acts of commission or omission: 23 (1) conviction of an offense punishable by 24 incarceration in a state penitentiary or federal prison; 25 .189240.1

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1 provided the board receives a copy of the record of conviction, 2 certified to by the clerk of the court entering the conviction, 3 which shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction; 4 (2) fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting 5 to procure a license; gross negligence or incompetence; 6 (3) 7 (4) unprofessional or dishonorable conduct, which includes: 8 9 (a) misrepresentation or fraud; false or misleading advertising; 10 (b) solicitation of dead human bodies by (c) 11 12 the licensee [his] or the licensee's agents, assistants or employees, whether the solicitation occurs after death or while 13 death is impending, provided that this shall not be deemed to 14 prohibit general advertising; 15 (d) solicitation or acceptance by a 16 licensee of [any] a commission, bonus or rebate in consideration 17 of recommending or causing a dead human body to be disposed of 18 in [any] a cemetery, mausoleum or crematory; 19 (e) using any funeral merchandise 20 previously purchased, in whole or in part, except for 21 transportation purposes, without prior written permission of the 22 person selecting or paying for the use of the merchandise; and 23 failing to make disposition of a dead (f) 24 human body in the enclosure or container that was purchased for 25 .189240.1

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1	that purpose by the arrangers;
2	(5) violation of [any of] the provisions of
3	the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act or [any] <u>a</u> rule of
4	the board;
5	(6) violation of any local, state or federal
6	ordinance, law or regulation affecting the practice of funeral
7	service, direct disposition or cremation, including the
8	Prearranged Funeral Plan Regulatory Law or any regulations
9	ordered by the superintendent of insurance;
10	(7) willful or negligent practice beyond the
11	scope of the license issued by the board;
12	(8) refusing to release properly a dead human
13	body to the custody of the person or entity who has the legal
14	right to effect the release, [when] <u>whether or not</u> the
15	authorized cost has been paid. <u>If an establishment receives a</u>
16	dead human body for funeral services but the body is
17	subsequently transferred to another establishment that completes
18	or performs funeral services, the subsequent establishment shall
19	be responsible for all reasonable nonprofessional service
20	charges incurred by the next previous establishment prior to and
21	including transfer of the body and the subsequent establishment
22	shall reimburse the next previous establishment for those
23	<u>charges;</u>
24	(9) failure to secure a necessary permit
25	required by law for removal from this state or cremation of a
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1 dead human body;

2 (10) knowingly making a false statement on a 3 certificate of death;

4 (11) failure to give full cooperation to the
5 board or one of its committees, staff, inspectors, agents or an
6 attorney for the board in the performance of official duties;

7 (12) [has] having had a license, certificate
8 or registration to practice revoked, suspended or denied in any
9 jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or
10 another country for actions of the licensee or applicant similar
11 to acts described in this subsection. A certified copy of the
12 record of the jurisdiction taking the disciplinary action is
13 conclusive evidence of the violation;

14 (13) failure to supervise adequately
15 subordinate personnel;

(14) conduct unbecoming a licensee or detrimental to the safety or welfare of the public;

(15) employing fraudulent billing practices;
or

(16) practicing funeral service [direct
 disposition] or cremation without a current license.

C. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection B of this section, the board has the authority to take any action set forth in Section 61-1-3 NMSA 1978 upon a finding by the board that a person who is licensed as or is an applicant

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for a license as a funeral service practitioner [associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner] or funeral service intern is guilty of any of the following acts of commission or omission:

(1) practicing funeral service without a
 license or aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice
 funeral service; or

8 (2) permitting [an associate funeral service
9 practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner or] a
10 funeral service intern to exceed the limitations set forth in
11 the provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act or
12 the rules of the board.

D. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection B of this section, the board has the authority to take any action set forth in Section 61-1-3 NMSA 1978 upon a finding by the board that a direct disposer licensee [or applicant] or a direct disposition establishment licensee [or applicant] is guilty of any of the following acts of commission or omission:

(1) embalming, restoring, acting as a cosmetician or in any way altering the condition of a dead human body, except for washing and dressing;

(2) causing a body to be embalmed whenembalming is not required by a place of disposition;

(3) prior to interment, entombment or other final disposition of a dead human body, participating in any .189240.1

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1 rites or ceremonies in connection with such final disposition of 2 the body, or providing facilities for any such rites or 3 ceremonies;

4 (4) reclaiming, transporting or causing to be
5 transported a dead human body after written release for
6 disposition; or

7 (5) practicing direct disposition without a
8 license or aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice
9 direct disposition.

E. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection B of this section, the board has the authority to take any action set forth in Section 61-1-3 NMSA 1978 upon a finding by the board that a crematory licensee or applicant or a crematory authority is guilty of any of the following acts of commission or omission:

(1) engaging or [holding oneself out] making any representation as engaging in the practice of funeral service or direct disposition, unless the applicant or crematory authority has a license to practice funeral service or direct disposition;

(2) operating a crematory without a license or aiding and abetting a crematory to operate without a license; or (3) engaging in conduct or activities for which a license to engage in the practice of funeral service or direct disposition is required or aiding and abetting an .189240.1

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1 unlicensed person to engage in conduct or activities for which a
2 license to practice funeral service or direct disposition is
3 required.

F. Unless exonerated by the board, persons who have
been subjected to formal disciplinary sanctions by the board
shall be responsible for the payment of costs of the
disciplinary proceedings, which include costs for:

8	(1) court reporters;
9	(2) transcripts;
10	(3) certification or notarization;
11	(4) photocopies;
12	(5) witness attendance and mileage fees;
13	(6) postage for mailings required by law;
14	(7) expert witnesses; and
15	(8) depositions.
16	G. All fees, fines and costs imposed on an
17	applicant, licensee, establishment or crematory shall be paid i
18	full to the board before an initial or renewal license may be
19	issued."
20	SECTION 18. Section 61-32-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
21	Chapter 204, Section 25) is amended to read:
22	"61-32-25. ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS
23	A. No person licensed [under] <u>pursuant to the</u>
24	provisions of the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act shall
25	advertise under any name that tends to mislead the public or
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1 that sufficiently resembles the professional or business name of 2 another license holder or that may cause confusion or 3 misunderstanding.

Β. No person licensed [under] pursuant to the provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act shall transport or cause to be transported by common carrier any dead 7 human body out of this state when the licensee knows or [had] 8 has reason to believe that the dead human body carries any notifiable communicable disease or when the transportation would take place more than twenty-four hours after death, unless the 10 body has been prepared or embalmed as provided in the 12 [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act, unless approval for transportation has been given by the office of the medical investigator, the secretary of health, a court of competent jurisdiction or other authorized official or unless the body is placed in a sealed container.

No person licensed [under] pursuant to the C. provisions of the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act shall remove, and no authorized person shall embalm, a dead human body when the authorized person has information indicating crime or violence of any sort in connection with the cause or manner of death, unless in accordance with instructions or regulations of the office of the medical investigator or until permission has been obtained from the office of the medical investigator or other authorized official."

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	1	SECTION 19. Section 61-32-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
	2	Chapter 204, Section 26, as amended) is amended to read:
	3	"61-32-26. FUND ESTABLISHED
	4	A. There is created in the state treasury the
	5	"[thanatopractice] funeral services fund".
	6	B. All money received or collected by the board or
	7	the department pursuant to provisions of the [Thanatopractice]
	8	<u>Funeral Services</u> Act shall be deposited with the state treasurer
	9	for credit to the [thanatopractice] funeral services fund. The
	10	state treasurer shall invest the fund as other state funds are
	11	invested. All balances in the fund at the end of any fiscal
	12	year shall remain in the fund and shall not revert to the
	13	general fund.
	14	C. Money in the [thanatopractice] funeral services
	15	fund is appropriated to the board and shall be used only for the
	16	purpose of carrying out the provisions of the [Thanatopractice]
	delet 12 18	<u>Funeral Services</u> Act."
		SECTION 20. Section 61-32-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
al =	" 19	Chapter 204, Section 27) is amended to read:
eri	e 20	"61-32-27. CRIMINAL OFFENDER EMPLOYMENT ACTThe
<u>underscored materia</u> [bracketed material	21	provisions of the Criminal Offender Employment Act shall govern
	22	any consideration of criminal records required or permitted
	1 23	[under] pursuant to the provisions of the [Thanatopractice]
	84 4	<u>Funeral Services</u> Act."
	25	SECTION 21. Section 61-32-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,

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Chapter 204, Section 29) is amended to read:

"61-32-29. CONSTRUCTION.--Nothing in the
[Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act shall be construed to:

A. prohibit a funeral service practitioner [an
associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral
service practitioner] or funeral service intern under the
supervision of a funeral service practitioner from providing a
direct disposition at a funeral or commercial establishment; or
B. govern or limit the authority of any personal
representative, trustee or other person having a fiduciary
relationship with the deceased."

SECTION 22. Section 61-32-30 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
Chapter 204, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read:
"61-32-30. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.--[Any] A person who
commits any of the following acts is guilty of a misdemeanor and

upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) or more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment of less than one year, or both:

A. violation of any provision of the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act;

B. rendering or offering to render funeral services, direct disposition services or cremation services without a current valid license issued pursuant to the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act; or

C. advertising or using any designation, diploma or .189240.1

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certificate tending to imply that the person is a practitioner of funeral services, direct disposition services or cremation services without a current valid license issued pursuant to the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act."

SECTION 23. Section 61-32-30.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 420, Section 11) is amended to read:

"61-32-30.1. UNLICENSED ACTIVITY--CIVIL PENALTY.--The board may impose a fine <u>and costs</u> as set forth in the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act on a person who is found to have acted without a license in violation of the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act by a court or an administrative proceeding as provided for in the [Thanatopractice] <u>Funeral Services</u> Act."

SECTION 24. Section 61-32-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 31, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-32-31. TERMINATION OF AGENCY LIFE--DELAYED REPEAL.--The board of [thanatopractice] funeral services is terminated on July 1, 2017, pursuant to the provisions of the Sunset Act. The board shall continue to operate according to the provisions of Section 12-9-18 NMSA 1978 until July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2018, the [Thanatopractice] Funeral Services Act is repealed."

SECTION 25. A new section of the Funeral Services Act is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS--FINES--FINALITY-.189240.1

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1 HEARINGS.--

2	A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 61-1-3
3	and 61-32-24 NMSA 1978, if the board has reasonable cause to
4	believe a person is committing a violation of a provision of the
5	Funeral Services Act, or a rule adopted pursuant to that act,
6	that creates a health risk for the community or a risk to the
7	orderly or prompt disposition of dead human bodies and immediate
8	enforcement is deemed necessary, the board may serve, in the
9	manner prescribed by Section 61-1-5 NMSA 1978, a cease and
10	desist order on a person to require that person to cease the
11	violation. The order shall:
12	(1) indicate the violation and the general
13	nature of the evidence of the violation;
14	(2) include a notice that if the person fails
15	to comply with the order within twenty-four hours, the person
16	may be subject to fines or costs, as provided in Sections
17	61-32-6 and 61-32-30.1 NMSA 1978, for noncompliance with the
18	order as a violation of the Funeral Services Act, in addition to
19	fines and costs imposed for a violation indicated in the order;
20	and
21	(3) include a notice that a hearing has been
22	scheduled to occur within five working days after service of the
23	cease and desist order and the hearing will proceed unless
24	waived by the person.

B. If the person waives a hearing as provided in .189240.1

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Subsection A of this section, the order shall be final and not subject to review or appeal. The board may apply for injunctive relief to enforce the cease and desist order.

C. If a hearing is held, it shall be conducted pursuant to the hearing procedures of the Uniform Licensing Act that are consistent with this section and the consequences of the hearing, including a right to review, shall occur pursuant to that act.

D. An order of the board pursuant to this section or an order of a court to enforce it shall not relieve or absolve a person affected by the order from another liability, penalty or sanction applicable under law."

SECTION 26. REPEAL.--Sections 61-32-15 and 61-32-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Sections 15 and 16) are repealed.

SECTION 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2012.

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