A MEMORIAL

REQUESTING THE CREATION OF A STATEWIDE TASK FORCE TO ASSESS AND IMPROVE ACCESS TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT AND PRENATAL CARE FOR PREGNANT WOMEN WITH SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEMS.

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WHEREAS, the Family Preservation Act affirms the state's policy to support families and emphasize the responsibilities of parents and the state in the healthy development in children and the family as an institution; and

WHEREAS, New Mexico has a commitment to strengthen families in crisis and at risk of losing their children so that children can remain safely in their own homes; and

WHEREAS, prenatal medical care is recommended for women before and during pregnancy to improve pregnancy outcomes through prevention and detection of and early intervention in problems; and

WHEREAS, the New Mexico legislature has supported prenatal care and protected the confidentiality of the practitioner-patient relationship; and

WHEREAS, substance abuse treatment is a proven public safety and health measure; and

WHEREAS, the state is keenly aware that pregnant,
substance-using women and their children suffer from the
adverse effects of addiction, and the state is dedicated to
enhancing and mobilizing the health and human services

programs that these individuals need; and

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WHEREAS, pregnant women with substance abuse problems may not seek prenatal care because of stigma and fear; and WHEREAS, one of the best opportunities to approach and intervene with women with substance abuse problems is during pregnancy, when motivation is high to seek treatment for addiction; and

WHEREAS, early intervention efforts during the prenatal period increase the likelihood that women will successfully recover from alcohol and other drug abuse; and

WHEREAS, a continuum of prenatal and postnatal services is needed to help women successfully parent their children, maintain recovery from substance abuse and address complex social needs; and

WHEREAS, the social and financial costs to incarcerate a woman with substance abuse problems far outweigh the costs of providing specialized prenatal and family-oriented substance abuse treatment; and

WHEREAS, prominent public health and medical organizations agree that a punitive approach to drug use during pregnancy has been shown to erode women's willingness to seek health care or to confide in their health care providers if they do seek such care; and

24 WHEREAS, these organizations include the New Mexico25 section of the American college of obstetricians and

1 gynecologists, the New Mexico public health association, the 2 New Mexico nurses association, the American college of 3 physicians, the national association of social workers, the national association of social workers-New Mexico, the 4 5 American college of obstetricians and gynecologists, the 6 American academy of pediatrics, the march of dimes, the national association of public child welfare administrators, 7 the national council on alcoholism and drug dependence, the 8 American nurses association, the American public health 9 association, the American academy of addiction psychiatry, 10 the national perinatal association and the center for the 11 future of children; and 12

WHEREAS, threats of arrest and prosecution will deter many pregnant women from seeking prenatal care and drug and alcohol treatment; and

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WHEREAS, the United States has experienced a seven hundred percent increase in the incarceration of women, with drug law violations accounting for one-third of the increase; and

WHEREAS, incarceration is not an effective method of treatment for women struggling with substance abuse;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the governor's women's health council or its successor be requested to create a task force to develop a comprehensive plan for the state to address the

needs of pregnant and postpartum women with substance abuse problems and the well-being of their children and families; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the plan include guidelines for a continuum of care for pregnant women with substance abuse problems, including both prenatal care and substance abuse treatment and an assessment of current needs and gaps in services and recommendations to eliminate them; and

9 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the task force identify and 10 prioritize specific short- and long-term goals and an 11 implementation time line, identify responsible agencies and 12 agents for each implementation goal and propose relevant 13 action steps and performance measurements to evaluate 14 progress for each goal; and

15 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the task force be composed 16 of experts in the fields of ethics, law, perinatal medicine, behavioral health treatment and social services; 17 representatives from the department of health, the 18 interagency behavioral health care purchasing collaborative, 19 20 the drug policy alliance, the women's justice project and at least one woman who has recovered from perinatal substance 21 abuse; and 22

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the task force use the federal center for substance abuse treatment as a vital resource in the development of treatment guidelines; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the task force provide a report to the appropriate interim health committee by November 1, 2009 and present a comprehensive plan for improving access to substance abuse treatment services and prenatal care for pregnant women in New Mexico to the appropriate interim health committee by November 1, 2010; and BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be transmitted to the director of the governor's women's health council, the secretary of health, the interagency behavioral health care purchasing collaborative, the drug policy alliance and the women's justice project._____ SM 19 Page 5