

- personal relationships, in school and in the workplace; and
- Scholars and educators agree that people do not automatically develop good character and, therefore, conscientious efforts must be made by youth-influencing institutions and individuals to help young people develop the essential traits and characteristics that constitute good character; and
 - Character development is, first and foremost, an obligation of families, but efforts by faith communities, schools and youth, civic and human service organizations also play a very important role in supporting families by fostering and promoting good character; and
 - In July 1992, the Aspen Declaration was written by an eminent group of educators, youth leaders and ethics scholars for the purpose of articulating a coherent framework for character education appropriate to a diverse and pluralistic society; and
 - The Aspen Declaration states that “effective character education is based on core ethical values which form the foundation of democratic society;” trustworthiness, respect, responsibility, fairness, caring and citizenship are six pillars of character that transcend cultural, religious and socioeconomic difficulties; and
 - The Aspen Declaration further states that “The character and conduct of our youth reflect the character and conduct of society; therefore, every adult has the responsibility to promote the development of good character.”

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

Representatives, visitors, citizens of the State of New Mexico, and all state and local government employees will not be able to engage in the six pillars of character in celebration of “Character Counts Day” as the bill proposes and as it is urged by the New Mexico’s State Senate.

JRP/bb