SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL 61

47TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2006

INTRODUCED BY

Leonard Tsosie

A JOINT MEMORIAL

REQUESTING A STUDY OF INCLUDING TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT, FIRE DEPARTMENTS AND OTHER FIRST RESPONDER DEPARTMENTS AS PUBLIC EMPLOYERS IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at this time, tribal governments are not included as public employers qualified to join the public employees retirement association; and

WHEREAS, as a result, tribal public safety officers are not employees who are included in the Public Employees
Retirement Act; and

WHEREAS, tribal public safety operations have become a training ground for individuals because higher net pay from state or local police or firefighting agencies that do provide benefits through the Public Employees Retirement Act lure tribal public safety officers away from tribal employment; and .161839.1

WHEREAS, the inequity of pay and benefits impacts every tribal community's ability to recruit and retain first responders, and also has an impact on the morale of tribal community law enforcement officers, firefighters and other first responders who respond immediately to state and local needs on a regular basis through established mutual aid agreements; and

WHEREAS, tribal first responders work shoulder-to-shoulder with state and local responders in the harshest of conditions and perform the same duties but do not enjoy the same benefits, such as the retirement program that state law enforcement officers enjoy through membership in the public employees retirement association; and

WHEREAS, allowing tribal police, firefighters and other first responders to be included in the public employees retirement association programs would encourage employees to remain employed by tribes and give the tribes a fighting chance to recruit and compete for these employees; and

WHEREAS, state law would have to be changed to permit tribal law enforcement departments, fire departments and emergency medical services to join the public employees retirement association; and

WHEREAS, in 2004, the state of Arizona adopted legislation allowing tribal law enforcement departments to participate in its state public safety personnel retirement system; and .161839.1

WHEREAS, the Arizona legislation has benefitted not only tribal public service personnel, but the state of Arizona as well, by ensuring that there are law enforcement, firefighting and emergency medical services personnel in the most rural and remote areas of the state;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the New Mexico legislative council be requested to assign an appropriate interim committee to determine the feasibility, including costs and benefits, of including tribal law enforcement, tribal fire departments and other tribal first responder agencies as public employers in the public employees retirement association; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be transmitted to the governors of the nineteen pueblos in New Mexico, the president of the Navajo Nation, the president of the Jicarilla Apache Nation, the president of the Mescalero Apache Tribe, the executive director of the public employees retirement association and the co-chairs of the New Mexico legislative council.

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