1	AN ACT	S
2	RELATING TO ABUSE OF A CHILD; PROVIDING THAT ALLOWING A CHILD TO	В
3	BE IN A MOTOR VEHICLE, BUILDING OR OTHER PREMISES USED FOR THE	1 6
4	MANUFACTURE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE	1 P
5	OF ABUSE OF A CHILD; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE NMSA 1978.	г а
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7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	1
8	Section 1. Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 360,	
9	Section 10, as amended by Laws 2001, Chapter 31, Section 9 and by Laws 2001,	
10	Chapter 132, Section 9) is amended to read:	
11	"30-6-1. ABANDONMENT OR ABUSE OF A CHILD	
12	A. As used in this section:	
13	(1) "child" means a person who is less than eighteen years of	
14	age;	
15	(2) "neglect" means that a child is without proper parental	
16	care and control of subsistence, education, medical or other care or control	
17	necessary for his well-being because of the faults or habits of his parents, guardian	
18	or custodian or their neglect or refusal, when able to do so, to provide them; and	
19	(3) "negligently" refers to criminal negligence and means that	
20	a person knew or should have known of the danger involved and acted with a	
21	reckless disregard for the safety or health of the child.	
22	B. Abandonment of a child consists of the parent, guardian or	
23	custodian of a child intentionally leaving or abandoning the child under	
24	circumstances whereby the child may or does suffer neglect. Whoever commits	
25	abandonment of a child is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless the abandonment results	
	in the child's death or great bodily harm, in which case he is guilty of a second	
	degree felony.	

1	C. A parent, guardian or custodian who leaves an infant less than	S
2	ninety days old in compliance with the Safe Haven for Infants Act shall not be	В
3	prosecuted for abandonment of a child.	1 6
4	D. Abuse of a child consists of a person knowingly, intentionally or	1 P
5	negligently, and without justifiable cause, causing or permitting a child to be:	Р а
6	(1) placed in a situation that may endanger the child's life or	g e
7	health;	2
8	(2) tortured, cruelly confined or cruelly punished; or	2
9	(3) exposed to the inclemency of the weather.	
10	E. Whoever commits abuse of a child that does not result in the	
11	child's death or great bodily harm is, for a first offense, guilty of a third degree felony	
12	and for second and subsequent offenses is guilty of a second degree felony. If the	
13	abuse results in great bodily harm or death to the child, he is guilty of a first degree	
14	felony.	
15	F. Evidence that demonstrates that a child has been knowingly,	
16	intentionally or negligently allowed to enter or remain in a motor vehicle, building or	
17	any other premises that contains chemicals and equipment used or intended for use	
18	in the manufacture of a controlled substance shall be deemed prima facie evidence	
19	of abuse of the child.	
20	G. A person who leaves an infant less than ninety days old at a	
21	hospital may be prosecuted for abuse of the infant for actions of the person	
22	occurring before the infant was left at the hospital."	
23	Section 2. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the provisions of this	
24	act is July 1, 2004.	
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