1 AN ACT 2 RELATING TO ABUSE OF A CHILD; PROVIDING THAT ALLOWING A CHILD 3 TO BE IN A MOTOR VEHICLE, BUILDING OR OTHER PREMISES USED FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES IS PRIMA FACIE 4 5 EVIDENCE OF ABUSE OF A CHILD; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE NMSA 1978. 6 7 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, 9 Section 1. 10 Chapter 360, Section 10, as amended by Laws 2001, Chapter 31, Section 9 and by Laws 2001, Chapter 132, Section 9) is 11 amended to read: 12 "30-6-1. ABANDONMENT OR ABUSE OF A CHILD .--13 Α. As used in this section: 14 15 (1)"child" means a person who is less than 16 eighteen years of age; "neglect" means that a child is without (2) 17 proper parental care and control of subsistence, education, 18 medical or other care or control necessary for his well-being 19 20 because of the faults or habits of his parents, guardian or custodian or their neglect or refusal, when able to do so, to 21 provide them; and 22 "negligently" refers to criminal (3) 23 24 negligence and means that a person knew or should have known of the danger involved and acted with a reckless disregard 25

SB 161 Page 1 for the safety or health of the child.

1

2 Abandonment of a child consists of the parent, Β. 3 guardian or custodian of a child intentionally leaving or abandoning the child under circumstances whereby the child 4 5 may or does suffer neglect. Whoever commits abandonment of a 6 child is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless the abandonment results in the child's death or great bodily harm, in which 7 8 case he is guilty of a second degree felony. C. A parent, guardian or custodian who leaves an 9 infant less than ninety days old in compliance with the Safe 10 11 Haven for Infants Act shall not be prosecuted for abandonment of a child. 12 13 D. Abuse of a child consists of a person knowingly, intentionally or negligently, and without 14 15 justifiable cause, causing or permitting a child to be: 16 (1) placed in a situation that may endanger the child's life or health; 17 tortured, cruelly confined or cruelly 18 (2) 19 punished; or 20 (3) exposed to the inclemency of the weather. 21 Whoever commits abuse of a child that does not 22 Ε. result in the child's death or great bodily harm is, for a 23 24 first offense, guilty of a third degree felony and for second and subsequent offenses is guilty of a second degree felony. 25

SB 161 Page 2

If the abuse results in great bodily harm or death to the child, he is guilty of a first degree felony. F. Evidence that demonstrates that a child has been knowingly, intentionally or negligently allowed to enter or remain in a motor vehicle, building or any other premises that contains chemicals and equipment used or intended for use in the manufacture of a controlled substance shall be deemed prima facie evidence of abuse of the child. G. A person who leaves an infant less than ninety days old at a hospital may be prosecuted for abuse of the infant for actions of the person occurring before the infant was left at the hospital." Section 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2004. SB 161 Page 3