HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILLS 144 & 207

46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2004

AN ACT

RELATING TO DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING
LIQUOR OR DRUGS; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO SECTION
66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (BEING LAWS 1953, CHAPTER 139, SECTION 54,
AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2003, CHAPTER 51, SECTION 10 AND BY LAWS
2003, CHAPTER 90, SECTION 3 AND ALSO BY LAWS 2003, CHAPTER 164,
SECTION 10); PROVIDING SANCTIONS FOR PROBATION VIOLATORS;
CLARIFYING PROVISIONS REGARDING TREATMENT OF OFFENDERS;
INCREASING THE SENTENCING ENHANCEMENT FOR PRIOR DWI CONVICTIONS
WHEN A PERSON COMMITS HOMICIDE BY VEHICLE OR GREAT BODILY HARM
BY VEHICLE WHILE DWI; PROVIDING PENALTIES; DECLARING AN
EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1953, Chapter 139, Section 54, as amended by Laws 2003, Chapter 51, .151445.5

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Section 10 and by Laws 2003, Chapter 90, Section 3 and also by Laws 2003, Chapter 164, Section 10) is amended to read:

"66-8-102. PERSONS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--PENALTY.--

- It is unlawful for a person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to drive a vehicle within this state.
- It is unlawful for a person who is under the influence of any drug to a degree that renders him incapable of safely driving a vehicle to drive a vehicle within this state.
 - C. It is unlawful for:
- (1) a person who has an alcohol concentration of eight one hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive a vehicle within this state; or
- (2) a person who has an alcohol concentration of four one hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive a commercial motor vehicle within this state.
- Aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs consists of a person who:
- (1) has an alcohol concentration of sixteen one hundredths or more in his blood or breath while driving a vehicle within this state;
- (2) has caused bodily injury to a human being as a result of the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle while .151445.5

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driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; or refused to submit to chemical testing, as provided for in the Implied Consent Act, and in the judgment of the court, based upon evidence of intoxication presented to the court, was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

A person under first conviction pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part or deferred, the period of probation may extend beyond ninety days but shall not exceed one year. Upon a first conviction pursuant to this section, an offender may be sentenced to not less than forty-eight hours of community service or a fine of three hundred dollars (\$300). offender shall be ordered by the court to participate in and complete a screening program described in Subsection [H] K of this section and to attend a driver rehabilitation program for alcohol or drugs, also known as a "DWI school", approved by the bureau and also may be required to participate in other rehabilitative services as the court shall determine to be necessary. In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. If an .151445.5

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1 offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the 2 court, any community service, screening program, treatment 3 program or DWI school ordered by the court or fails to comply 4 with any other condition of probation, the offender shall be 5 sentenced to not less than an additional forty-eight 6 consecutive hours in jail. Notwithstanding any provision of 7 law to the contrary, if an offender's sentence was suspended or 8 deferred in whole or in part, and the offender violates any 9 condition of probation, the court may impose any sentence that 10 the court could have originally imposed and credit shall not be 11 given for time served by the offender on probation. Any jail 12 sentence imposed pursuant to this subsection for failure to 13 complete, within a time specified by the court, any community 14 service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school 15 ordered by the court or for aggravated driving while under the 16 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall not be 17 suspended, deferred or taken under advisement. On a first 18 conviction pursuant to this section, any time spent in jail for 19 the offense prior to the conviction for that offense shall be 20 credited to any term of imprisonment fixed by the court. A 21 deferred sentence pursuant to this subsection shall be 22 considered a first conviction for the purpose of determining 23 subsequent convictions.

F. A second or third conviction pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of .151445.5

Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than three hundred sixty-four days or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond one year but shall not exceed five years. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary for suspension or deferment of execution of a sentence:

(1) upon a second conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [seventy-two] ninety-six consecutive hours, forty-eight hours of community service and a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than ninety-six consecutive hours. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional seven consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement; and

(2) upon a third conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than thirty consecutive days and a fine of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits

aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than sixty consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any screening program or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional sixty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

G. Upon a fourth [or subsequent] conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony [as provided in Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, and shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than six months, which shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement] and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of eighteen months, six months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

H. Upon a fifth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two years, one year of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

I. Upon a sixth conviction pursuant to this
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bracketed material] = delete

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section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of thirty months, eighteen months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

J. Upon a seventh or subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years, two years of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[H.] K. Upon any conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, an alcohol or drug abuse screening program approved by the department of finance and administration and, if necessary, a treatment program approved by the court. The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

L. Upon a second or third conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court:

(1) not less than a twenty-eight-day inpatient, residential or in-custody substance abuse treatment program approved by the court;

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	_(2) not	less	than	ıa	ninety	y-day	out	oatie	nt
							-	_		-
treatment	program	approv	ed by	the	cou	ırt;				

- (3) a drug court program approved by the court; or
- (4) any other substance abuse treatment program approved by the court.

The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

M. Upon a felony conviction pursuant to this

section, the corrections department shall provide substance

abuse counseling and treatment to the offender in its custody.

While the offender is on probation or parole under its

supervision, the corrections department shall also provide

substance abuse counseling and treatment to the offender or

shall require the offender to obtain substance abuse counseling
and treatment.

[H-] N. Upon a first conviction for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs pursuant to the provisions of Subsection D of this section, as a condition of probation, an offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of one year on all motor vehicles driven by the offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau.

Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the offender shall pay all costs associated with having an ignition .151445.5

interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If an offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.

[J.] O. Upon a first conviction for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A, B or C of this section, as a condition of probation, an offender may be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of one year on all motor vehicles driven by the offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau. Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the offender shall pay all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If an offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.

[K-] P. Upon any subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, as a condition of probation, a subsequent offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of at least one year on all motor vehicles driven by the subsequent offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau. Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the subsequent offender shall .151445.5

pay all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If a subsequent offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the subsequent offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.

[H.] Q. In the case of a first, second or third offense under this section, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction with district courts to try the offender.

[M.] R. A conviction pursuant to a municipal or county ordinance in New Mexico or a law of any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or of a tribe, [where] when that ordinance or law is equivalent to New Mexico law for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and prescribes penalties for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, shall be deemed to be a conviction pursuant to this section for purposes of determining whether a conviction is a second or subsequent conviction.

 $[N_{\text{\tiny{F}}}]$ S. In addition to any other fine or fee that may be imposed pursuant to the conviction or other disposition of the offense under this section, the court may order the offender to pay the costs of any court-ordered screening and treatment programs.

 $[\Theta \cdot]$ T. As used in this section: .151445.5

(1) "bodily injury" means an injury to a

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2	person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm
3	to the person, but does cause painful temporary disfigurement
4	or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member
5	or organ of the person's body; [and]
6	(2) "commercial motor vehicle" means a motor
7	vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to
8	transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:
9	(a) has a gross combination weight
10	rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds inclusive of a
11	towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than ten
12	thousand pounds;
13	(b) has a gross vehicle weight rating of
14	more than twenty-six thousand pounds;
15	(c) is designed to transport sixteen or
16	more passengers, including the driver; or
17	(d) is of any size and is used in the
18	transportation of hazardous materials, which requires the motor
19	vehicle to be placarded under applicable law; and
20	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ "conviction" means an adjudication
21	of guilt and does not include imposition of a sentence."
22	Section 2. Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978,
23	Chapter 35, Section 509, as amended) is amended to read:
24	"66-8-101. HOMICIDE BY VEHICLEGREAT BODILY [INJURY]
25	HARM BY VEHICLE
	.151445.5

		A	Homicio	le by	vehic	cle	is	the	killing	of	а	human
being	in	the	unlawful	oper	ation	of	a	moto1	vehicle	∍.		

- B. Great bodily [injury] harm by vehicle is the injuring of a human being, to the extent defined in Section 30-1-12 NMSA 1978, in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle.
- C. [Any] A person who commits homicide by vehicle or great bodily [injury] harm by vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any drug or while violating Section 66-8-113 NMSA 1978 is guilty of a third degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, provided that violation of speeding laws as set forth in the Motor Vehicle Code shall not per se be a basis for violation of Section 66-8-113 NMSA 1978.
- D. [Any] A person who commits homicide by vehicle or great bodily [injury] harm by vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any drug, as provided in Subsection C of this section, and who has incurred a prior DWI conviction within ten years of the occurrence for which he is being sentenced under this section shall have his basic sentence increased by [two] four years for each prior DWI conviction.
- E. For the purposes of this section, "prior DWI
 conviction" means:

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			(1)	а	prior	conviction	under	Section	66-8-102
NMSA	1978:	or							

- (2) a prior conviction in New Mexico or any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States, <u>including a tribal jurisdiction</u>, when the criminal act is driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- F. [Any] A person who willfully operates a motor vehicle in violation of Subsection C of Section 30-22-1 NMSA 1978 and directly or indirectly causes the death of or great bodily [injury] harm to a human being is guilty of a third degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

Section 3. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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