

LAUN-DRY UPDATE AND GROUND AND SURFACE WATER RULES REVIEW PROGRESS

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Today's Presentation

- Laun-Dry status and cleanup progress
- □ Ground Water Rules Review specifics
 - Need for updating regulations
 - Changes needed and proposed
 - Process for our review, public participation, WQCC review and adoption



Laun-Dry Background

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- Laun-Dry, a dry cleaning chemical supply company located on 12th Street NW in Albuquerque, stored and distributed Tetrachloroethene or "Perc" or PCE to dry cleaners in New Mexico.
- The facility had an aboveground leaking storage tank which was spotted by NMED. It had probably leaked for decades.
- PCE was likely spilled during transfer from the railcar to the tank.
 - Depth to plume/groundwater ~30 feet
 - Depth for regional drinking water aquifer ~400 feet
 - Nearest municipal well ³/₄ mile to the northwest



The Former Laun-Dry PCE Tank





The site is complex including: more than one area of concern, potentially more than one source, and an eastward flow



Closest wells: Up and Down Gradient







TCE Plume





Cleanup at Laun-Dry Plume

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99% eradication of Laun-Dry source vadose zone vapors accomplished via SVE.

With NMED's oversight the Responsible Party is expanding this successful approach to address a recently identified hot spot nearby and within the plume boundaries.



Soil Vapor Extraction Unit





More Laun-Dry Cleanup

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- In early 2016 we personally contacted ~20 Wells Park homes for indoor air testing. Only 3 homeowners participated.
 - Folks are busy
 - Concerns not too strong
 - Results indicate no contamination of TCE.
- Soil & groundwater amendment study was conducted in 2015/16 to determine the best bioremediation method for bioremediation.
 - Findings not fully conclusive, and issues are still being resolved.
- Passive Soil Vapor survey in outdoor soils is underway.
- As investigation and characterization are finalized, cleanup continues accelerating.



Laun-Dry Cleanup: Where we are now

- Public Notice for the Stage 2 Abatement Plan (Cleanup Plan) ends on November 15th
- A combination of cleanup techniques are expected to continue :

in-situ bioremediation and additional SVE

- Vapor Intrusion findings are promising as intrusion appears minimal to non existent.
- Our vigilance continues with more sampling and analysis in the future



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Groundwater Regulations

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- New Mexico was the first state in the Nation to develop protective regulations for groundwater in 1977:
 - The regulations included reporting and cleanup of spills and the issuance of permits for discharges that could impact groundwater quality
 - 1977 numerical standards included metals, nutrients, and other inorganic standards
 - Additions in 1982 and 1986 included organic standards such as PCE, TCE, and BTEX
 - These organic standards for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) have not been updated since the 1980's
 - The Abatement process was added in 1995
 - Abatement language has not been updated in 20 years



What type of changes are we proposing?

- Adding vapor intrusion protections to the regulations
- Lowering (making more stringent) the VOC standard for TCE and adding its daughter products (DCE)
- Changing GW Standards to Drinking Water Standards
- Clarifying Abatement Language
- Raising Permitting Fees
 - (GWQB is largely General Fund-dependent and has suffered cuts of 40% in the last few years).
 - Approximately 10% of our permitting program costs are covered with fees
- Adding the regulatory oversight of Geothermal
- Adding technology based (electronic notifications) provisions to the public notice requirements



What is Vapor Intrusion ?





Department of Toxic Substances Control California Environmental Protection Agency

- VI is the migration of contaminants from the subsurface into buildings
- Almost always a chlorinated solvent like PCE or TCE
- Usually emanating from a former dry cleaner, auto repair, or semiconductor type of degreasing facility
- Petroleum products can create VI, but it's very rare





Why do the standards need updating?

- New Mexico groundwater standards for PCE and TCE were promulgated in 1982
- As scientific evidence grows, the regulatory climate and standards often change.

Current NM Groundwater Standard

Current EPA Drinking Water Standard

- PCE 20 ug/L
- ▶ TCE 100 ug/L

▶ PCE - 5 ug/L



How have we involved the public?

- Ground Water Quality Bureau has conducted five public meetings.
 - 1. Initial meeting in Santa Fe
 - Four "listening sessions" in Las Cruces, Farmington, Roswell, and Albuquerque
 - 3. One 30 day public comment period
 - 4. One 60 day public comment period





QUESTIONS?

