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## 53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

INTRODUCED BY

DISCUSSION DRAFT

## AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; PHASING OUT CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON INCREASES IN VALUE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY FOR PROPERTY TAXATION PURPOSES; PROVIDING FOR ADDITIONAL LIMITS ON INCREASES IN VALUE OF CERTAIN RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OCCUPIED BY THE SAME OWNER FOR SPECIFIED AMOUNTS OF TIME.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-36-21.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2000, Chapter 10, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-36-21.2. LIMITATION ON INCREASES IN VALUATION OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.--

A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, residential property shall be valued at its current and correct value in accordance with the provisions of the Property Tax Code; provided that [for the 2001 and subsequent tax years, the .205277.2

1	value of a property in any tax year shall not exceed the higher
2	of one hundred three percent of the value in the tax year prior
3	to the tax year in which the property is being valued or one
4	hundred six and one-tenth percent of the value in the tax year
5	two years prior to the tax year in which the property is being
6	valued. This]:
7	(1) for the 2018 tax year, the value of a
8	property shall not exceed whichever value is the highest of the
9	<pre>following:</pre>
10	(a) one hundred five percent of the
11	value in the tax year prior to the tax year in which the
12	property is being valued;
13	(b) one hundred ten and twenty-five
14	hundredths percent of the value in the tax year two years prior
15	to the tax year in which the property is being valued; or
16	(c) seventy percent of the current and
17	correct value of the property determined for property taxation
18	purposes;
19	(2) for the 2019 tax year, the value of a
20	property shall not exceed whichever value is the highest of the
21	following:
22	(a) one hundred seven percent of the
23	value in the tax year prior to the tax year in which the
24	property is being valued;
25	(b) one hundred fourteen and forty-nine
	.205277.2

1	hundredths percent of the value in the tax year two years prior
2	to the tax year in which the property is being valued; or
3	(c) eighty-five percent of the current
4	and correct value of the property determined for property
5	taxation purposes; and
6	(3) for the 2020 and subsequent tax years, a
7	property shall be valued at its current and correct value in
8	accordance with the general provisions of the Property Tax
9	Code.
10	B. The limitation on increases in value pursuant to
11	Subsection A of this section shall be the highest value and
12	shall not exceed the current and correct value of the property
13	determined for property taxation purposes in accordance with
14	the general provisions of the Property Tax Code.
15	C. Notwithstanding Subsection A of this section,
16	the valuation for property taxation purposes of a single-family
17	dwelling owned and occupied as the primary residence of a New
18	Mexico resident, whose modified gross income, as defined in the
19	Income Tax Act, for the prior taxable year did not exceed the
20	greater of fifty-two thousand dollars (\$52,000), for:
21	(1) ten to twenty-four years, shall not exceed
22	whichever value is the highest of the following:
23	(a) one hundred five percent of the
24	value in the tax year prior to the tax year in which the
25	property is being valued; or
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2	hundredths percent of the value in the tax year two years prior
3	to the tax year in which the property is being valued; or
4	(2) twenty-five or more years, shall not
5	exceed whichever value is the highest of the following:
6	(a) one hundred three percent of the
7	value in the tax year prior to the tax year in which the
8	property is being valued; or
9	(b) one hundred six and one-tenth
10	percent of the value in the tax year two years prior to the tax
11	year in which the property is being valued.
12	D. The limitation on increases in value does not
13	apply to:
14	(1) a residential property in the first tax
15	year that it is valued for property taxation purposes;
16	(2) any physical improvements, except for
17	solar energy system installations, made to the property during
18	the year immediately prior to the tax year or omitted in a
19	prior tax year; or
20	(3) valuation of a residential property in any
21	tax year in which
22	[ <del>(a) a change of ownership of the</del>
23	property occurred in the year immediately prior to the tax year
24	for which the value of the property for property taxation
25	purposes is being determined; or
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(b) one hundred ten and twenty-five

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(b)] the use or zoning of the property has changed in the year prior to the tax year.

[B. If a change of ownership of residential property occurred in the year immediately prior to the tax year for which the value of the property for property taxation purposes is being determined, the value of the property shall be its current and correct value as determined pursuant to the general valuation provisions of the Property Tax Code.

C. To assure that the values of residential property for property taxation purposes are at current and correct values in all counties prior to application of the limitation in Subsection A of this section, the department shall determine for the 2000 tax year the sales ratio pursuant to Section 7-36-18 NMSA 1978 or, if a sales ratio cannot be determined pursuant to that section, conduct a sales-ratio analysis using both independent appraisals by the department and sales. If the sales ratio for a county for the 2000 tax year is less than eighty-five, as measured by the median ratio of value for property taxation purposes to sales price or independent appraisal by the department, the county shall not be subject to the limitations of Subsection A of this section and shall conduct a reassessment of residential property in the county so that, by the 2003 tax year, the sales ratio is at least eighty-five. After such reassessment, the limitation on increases in valuation in this section shall apply in those

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2	year following the tax ye
3	of eighty-five or higher,
4	value for property taxati
5	independent appraisal by
6	<del>limitation on increases i</del>
7	for property taxation pur
8	subsequent tax years in a
9	<del>D.</del> ] <u>E.</u> The pr
10	to residential property f
11	is subject to the valuati
12	NMSA 1978.
13	[ <del>E. As used i</del>
14	means a transfer to a tra
15	part of the transferor's
16	in residential property o
17	<del>(1) to</del>
18	spouse of the transferor
19	transferor;
20	<del>(2) to </del>

counties in the earlier of the 2004 tax year or the first tax year following the tax year that the county has a sales ratio of eighty-five or higher, as measured by the median ratio of value for property taxation purposes to sales value or independent appraisal by the department. Thereafter, the limitation on increases in valuation of residential property for property taxation purposes in this section shall apply to subsequent tax years in all counties.

 $\frac{D_{\bullet}}{E_{\bullet}}$  The provisions of this section do not apply to residential property for any tax year in which the property is subject to the valuation limitation in Section 7-36-21.3

[E. As used in this section, "change of ownership"
means a transfer to a transferee by a transferor of all or any
part of the transferor's legal or equitable ownership interest
in residential property except for a transfer:

(1) to a trustee for the beneficial use of the spouse of the transferor or the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor;

(2) to the spouse of the transferor that takes effect upon the death of the transferor;

(3) that creates, transfers or terminates, solely between spouses, any co-owner's interest;

(4) to a child of the transferor, who occupies the property as that person's principal residence at the time .205277.2

of transfer; provided that the first subsequent tax year in
which that person does not qualify for the head of household
exemption on that property, a change of ownership shall be
deemed to have occurred:

- (5) that confirms or corrects a previous transfer made by a document that was recorded in the real estate records of the county in which the real property is located:
- (6) for the purpose of quieting the title to real property or resolving a disputed location of a real property boundary;
- (7) to a revocable trust by the transferor
  with the transferor, the transferor's spouse or a child of the
  transferor as beneficiary; or
- (8) from a revocable trust described in

  Paragraph (7) of this subsection back to the settlor or trustor

  or to the beneficiaries of the trust.
- F. The limitation of value pursuant to Subsection C of this section shall be claimed in order to be allowed. The limitation may be claimed by filing proof of eligibility with the county assessor on an application form prescribed by the department and furnished by the assessor, which shall provide for proof of occupancy and income eligibility. An owner who applies for a limitation of value pursuant to this subsection and files proof of income eligibility for the three consecutive

years immediately prior to the tax year for which the
application is made need not claim the limitation for
subsequent tax years if there is no change in eligibility
Thereafter, the county assessor shall apply the limitation
automatically in subsequent tax years until a change in
eligibility occurs.

 $[F_{ullet}]$  G. As used in this section, "solar energy system installation" means an installation that is used to provide space heat, hot water or electricity to the property in which it is installed and is:

- (1) an installation that uses solar panels that are not also windows;
- (2) a dark-colored water tank exposed to sunlight; or
  - (3) a non-vented trombe wall."

**SECTION 2.** APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of this act apply to the 2018 and subsequent property tax years.

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