# Improving Child Well-Being Through Tax Policy

Presented to the

Revenue Stabilization and Tax Policy Committee

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# Why NMVC works on tax policy



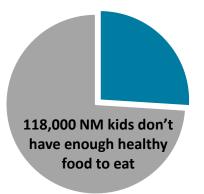
# Where are we now?

### NM's families and kids face big challenges

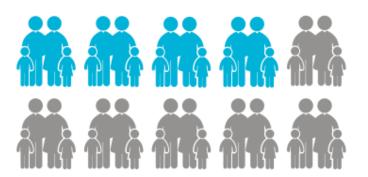
Ranked worst in child well-being

**50th** 

24% of NM kids are food insecure



42% of working families are low-income



Some of the highest poverty rates in US among:

- Children (49<sup>th</sup>)
- people who work full-time, year-round (50<sup>th</sup>)
- people with bachelor's degree or higher (50th)

# 15 years of NM's tax policy history

We've tried to tax-cut our way to prosperity

### **Major Actions: 2003-2018**

- PIT: Over-zealous personal income tax cut in 2003
- CIT: Ineffective corporate income tax cut in 2013
- GRT: Gross receipts tax carve-outs

### **Major Results**

- Inability to fund education & other services
- Increased reliance on less stable revenue sources
- Unbalanced & regressive system

# Our tax system is regressive

#### New Mexicans with the lowest incomes pay the highest rates in state and local taxes

The majority of New Mexicans (those earning less than \$49,500) pay more than 10 percent of their incomes in state and local taxes, while a tiny minority (making more than \$376,500) pay just 6 percent.



Source: Who Pays?, The Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, 2018

Note: Table shows permanent law in New Mexico enacted through September 10, 2018 at 2015 income levels

NEW MEXICO VOICES FOR CHILDREN



# The 2019 legislative session



# **Budget items that will benefit kids**

- \$450 million in K-12 education
- New funding of \$3.5 million to support Census 2020 outreach
- Medicaid fully funded; Medicaid buy-in study included
- Housing trust fund increased by \$2.2 million
- College Affordability Fund deposit of \$25 million
- NM Pre-K funding increased by \$24.5 million
- Child care assistance funding increased by \$9.5 million
- Home visiting funding increased by \$1.7 million
- DD waiver funding increased by \$7.5 million
- Individual Development Accounts funded for \$150,000

# Tax reform enacted

### More revenue from sustainable sources

### Raising reliable, recurring revenue

- A new, contingent top PIT bracket for TY21
  - Highest 3% of earners
- Capital gains deduction reduced
- Increased taxes on cigs and taxes e-cigs
  - Linked to youth health improvements
- Motor vehicle excise tax increased from 3% to 4%
  - Increases go to road funds
- Hospital tax reform
  - Leverages federal funds to address provider shortages

# Tax reform enacted

### Fairer system for small businesses

### Leveling the playing field for NM businesses

- Combined reporting for multi-state corporations
- Taxes internet sales
  - Restoring revenues for local governments



# Tax reform enacted

### Improvements for kids and families

### Giving working families a break

- Increase in the Working Families Tax Credit
  - Increased from 10% to 17% of EITC
  - +\$37 million into the hands of working families
- Deduction to address harm to families from federal tax changes
  - Allows a deduction of \$4,000 for each dependent beyond the first, saving families an estimated \$27 million they would have paid in state income taxes due to federal tax changes

# Personal income tax changes and NM families

### Impact on all New Mexico families with children

- 70% of taxpayers with children will see income tax cut
- \$64 million will be returned to families with children

### Impact on all New Mexicans

250,000 (29% of all taxpayers) will see income tax cut
 Impact on the wealthiest New Mexicans

## Lust E0/ of toxpoyons may see an increase in

 Just 5% of taxpayers may see an increase in income taxes, paid overwhelmingly by the highest earners

# Other tax changes make for a net tax cut

#### General Fund Revenue Increase (or decrease) from 2019 Tax Legislation

		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23
Tax Changes: HB 6	\$	71,000,000	\$ 92,000,000	\$ 54,000,000	\$ 54,000,000
Medicaid Provider Rate Increase	\$	(34,000,000)	\$ (34,000,000)	\$ (34,000,000)	\$ (34,000,000)
Film Tax Credit Changes: SB 2	\$	(60,000,000)	\$ (59,000,000)	\$ (98,600,000)	\$ (95,900,000)
Modifying High Wage Jobs Tax Credit: HB 165	\$	-	\$ (2,100,000)	\$ (5,000,000)	\$ (8,000,000)
Tax Deduction for Nonresident Beneficiary: HB 163	\$	(343,000)	\$ (345,000)	\$ (345,000)	\$ (345,000)
Short-Term Occupancy Tax: SB 106	\$	1,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Liquor Permit, Tax & Definition Changes: SB 413	\$	(770,000)	\$ (880,000)	\$ (1,010,000)	\$ (1,150,000)
Dept. of Defense Satellite Gross Receipts: SB 425	\$	_	\$ (1,500,000)	\$ (2,750,000)	\$ (2,750,000)
OVERALL IMPACT ON GENERAL FUND REVENUE	ES \$	(23,113,000)	\$ (3,825,000)	\$ (85,705,000)	\$ (86,145,000)

# Tax policy recommendations



# **Working Families Tax Credit**

- Claimed by 1 out of 4 filers
- 14,000 NM veterans claim it
- 97% of the value goes to working families with kids
- Proven to reward work & improve outcomes for kids
- Good for business, the economy, & 210,000 NM families
- Best measure for reducing poverty



# Improving the WFTC

### **Increase**

- Rate increase to 20% of EITC (\$15m)
- Increase for parents of young children under 6 yrs
  - 20% of EITC just for families with young children (\$7m)
  - 30% of EITC just for families with young children (\$29m)

### **End exclusions**

- ITIN filers (\$5m-\$9m)
- Young workers 18-24 (\$3m)

## Ensure trustworthy tax prep for all who qualify

- Tax Help NM saves WFTC filers \$5 million/year
- \$200,000 will help expand programs like this

# **Child Tax Credit**

- New tax credit of \$25 to \$175 per child
- Linked to improvements in health, education, & economic outcomes
- 75% would go to families of color
- Would directly address child poverty

Total: \$67 million



# **Outstanding needs**

### We have some looming financial responsibilities

- Massive infrastructure needs
- Educational lawsuit responsibilities
- Agency vacancy & retention rates
- Outstanding tax refund claims
- Public employees retirement system needs
- Film subsidies

# Stable, sustainable, diversified revenue helps build a stronger future

- Infrastructure & program needs
- 75% of revenue surplus is potentially volatile
- Economic downturn on the horizon
- Good tax policy



## Personal income tax revenues

### Issues

- 2003 personal income tax cuts
  - More than \$500 million
  - Capital gains deduction unproven & costly
  - Made our system more regressive
- E&Y study: PIT is underutilized

## Revenue options

- Fully repeal the capital gains deduction
- Restructure brackets & raise rates at high ends

# Corporate income tax revenues

### Issues

- Corporations should be responsible for paying their fair share for use of NM's land, water, roads, & services
- Lower rate than national average
- 2013 cut significantly reduced revenues
- Important source of revenue for Film Tax Credit

## Revenue options

Raise rates for larger corporations

# The GRT

### Issues

- Regressive & complicated
- Rates have increased, especially in some localities
- E&Y study: taxpayers are treated differently; big business benefits the most

### Recommendations

- Broaden the base by repealing ineffective breaks
- Lower state rate
- Don't tax food
- Update LICTR

# The Low-Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate

- Targeted to very low-income taxpayers (under \$22,000)
- Benefits families & individuals of all ages
- Was designed to offset regressivity, but returns only \$17 million of the \$2 billion GRT to the lowest income families & seniors
- Hasn't been updated in 21 years

**Indexing LICTR to inflation from 1998: \$36 million** 

# **Conclusion**

