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57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025

INTRODUCED BY

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FOR THE INDIAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

DISCUSSION DRAFT

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; INCREASING AND INDEXING LIQUOR EXCISE TAX RATES ON ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES FOR CERTAIN MANUFACTURERS AND PRODUCERS; IMPOSING A LIQUOR EXCISE SURTAX ON RETAILERS; CHANGING CURRENT DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX FROM PERCENTAGES TO DOLLAR AMOUNTS AND INDEXING THE AMOUNTS FOR INFLATION; DISTRIBUTING THE REMAINDER OF THE REVENUE FROM THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX AND ALL OF THE REVENUE FROM THE NEW LIQUOR EXCISE SURTAX TO A NEW ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND; CREATING THE ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-1-6.40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 182, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-1-6.40. DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX--LOCAL DWI
GRANT FUND--CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES--DRUG COURT FUND--ALCOHOL
.229030.1

HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND--DISTRIBUTION OF THE LIQUOR EXCISE SURTAX TO THE ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND.--

A. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 [in an amount equal to forty-five percent] of the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made as follows:

(1) prior to July 1, 2031:

(\$2,500,000) monthly;

[B. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 of twenty thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$20,750) monthly from the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made] (b) to a municipality that is located in a class A county and that has a population according to the most recent federal decennial census of more than thirty thousand but less than sixty thousand and shall be used by the municipality only for the provision of alcohol treatment and rehabilitation services for street inebriates, in an amount equal to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) monthly; and

[C. Beginning July 1, 2019, a

distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to five percent of the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made] (c) to the drug court fund, .229030.1

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in	an	amount	equa1	to	three	hundred	thousand	dollars	(\$300,000)
mor	nth1	Ly; and							

- (2) on and after July 1, 2031, in amounts calculated pursuant to Subsection B of this section.
- B. No later than April 30, 2028 and April 30 of each third year thereafter, the department shall calculate the amounts to be distributed pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection A of this section as of July 1 of that year. The distribution amounts shall be equal to the product, rounded to the nearest whole cent, of the distributions provided in Paragraph (1) of Subsection A of this section, multiplied by a fraction with a numerator equal to the consumer price index for the previous calendar year and a denominator equal to the consumer price index for the calendar year 2025; provided that the amount of distribution shall not be less than the distribution made on July 1 of the previous year.
- C. After the distributions are made pursuant to Subsection A of this section, a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to the alcohol harms alleviation fund in an amount equal to the remainder of the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax.
- D. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to the alcohol harms alleviation fund in an amount equal to the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise surtax.

		<u>E.</u>	As	used	in	this	sect	ion,	"cons	umer	price	index'
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means	the	con	sume	r pri	ce :	index	for	a11	urban	const	umers	
publis	shed	bv	the	Unite	d S	tates	depa	artme	nt of	1abo	r."	

SECTION 2. Section 7-17-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966, Chapter 49, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Liquor Excise Tax Act:

A. "alcoholic beverages" means distilled or rectified spirits, potable alcohol, brandy, whiskey, rum, gin, aromatic bitters or any similar beverage, including blended or fermented beverages, dilutions or mixtures of one or more of the foregoing containing more than one-half of one percent alcohol by volume, but "alcoholic beverages" does not include medicinal bitters;

B. "barrel" means the equivalent of thirty-one gallons;

[B.] C. "beer" means an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of any infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops or other cereals in water and includes porter, beer, ale and stout;

[C.] D. "cider" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe apples or pears that contains not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume and not more than eight and one-half percent of alcohol by volume;

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		<u>E.</u>	"cons	umer	price	index"	means	the	consum	ner	price
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F. "craft distiller" means a craft distiller licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-6.1 NMSA 1978;

- $[\frac{D_{\bullet}}{G_{\bullet}}]$ "department" means the taxation and revenue department, the secretary of taxation and revenue or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;
- [E.] H. "fortified wine" means wine containing more than fourteen percent alcohol by volume when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer, but "fortified wine" does not include:
- (1) wine that is sealed or capped by cork closure and aged two years or more;
- (2) wine that contains more than fourteen percent alcohol by volume solely as a result of the natural fermentation process and that has not been produced with the addition of wine spirits, brandy or alcohol; or
 - (3) vermouth and sherry;
- [F.] I. "microbrewer" means a person who produces less than two hundred thousand barrels of beer per year;
- [G.] <u>J.</u> "person" includes, to the extent permitted by law, a federal, state or other governmental unit or subdivision or an agency, department, institution or

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instrumentality thereof;

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[H.] K. "small winegrower" means a winegrower who produces less than one million five hundred thousand liters of wine in a year;

- [1.] L. "spirituous liquors" means alcoholic beverages, except fermented beverages such as wine, beer, cider and ale;
- $[J_{\bullet}]$ M. "wholesaler" means a person holding a license issued under Section 60-6A-1 NMSA 1978 or a person selling alcoholic beverages that were not purchased from a person holding a license issued under Section 60-6A-1 NMSA 1978;
- [K.] N. "wine" means an alcoholic beverage other than cider that is obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar contained in fruit or other agricultural products, with or without the addition of sugar or other products, and that does not contain more than twenty-one percent alcohol by volume; and
- $[\underbrace{\text{L.}}]$ 0. "winegrower" means a person licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-11 NMSA 1978."
- SECTION 3. Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 65, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "7-17-5. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX.--
- There is imposed on a wholesaler who sells Α. alcoholic beverages on which the tax imposed by this section .229030.1

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has not been paid an excise tax, to be referred to as the
"liquor excise tax", at the [following] rates provided in
Subsections B through F of this section on alcoholic beverages
sold.
[(1) on spirituous liquors, except as provide
in Paragraph (9) of this subsection, one dollar sixty cents

ed (\$1.60) per liter;

(2) on beer, except as provided in Paragraph (5) of this subsection, forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon;

(3) on wine, except as provided in Paragraphs (4) and (6) of this subsection, forty-five cents (\$.45) per liter;

(4) on fortified wine, one dollar fifty cents (\$1.50) per liter;

(5) on beer manufactured or produced by a microbrewer and sold in this state, provided that proof is furnished to the department that the beer was manufactured or produced by a microbrewer, eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on the first thirty thousand barrels sold, twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but less than sixty thousand barrels and forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon for sixty thousand or more barrels sold;

(6) on wine manufactured or produced by a small winegrower and sold in this state, provided that proof is furnished to the department that the wine was manufactured or .229030.1

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produced by a small winegrower:

2	(a) ten cents (\$.10) per liter on the
3	first eighty thousand liters sold;
4	(b) twenty cents (\$.20) per liter on
5	each liter sold over eighty thousand liters but not over nine
6	hundred fifty thousand liters; and
7	(c) thirty cents (\$.30) per liter on
8	each liter sold over nine hundred fifty thousand liters but not
9	over one million five hundred thousand liters;
10	(7) on cider, except as provided in Paragraph
11	(8) of this subsection, forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon;
12	(8) on cider manufactured or produced by a
13	small winegrower and sold in this state, provided that proof is
14	furnished to the department that the cider was manufactured or
15	produced by a small winegrower, eight cents (\$.08) per gallon
16	on the first thirty thousand barrels sold, twenty-eight cents
17	(\$.28) per gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand
18	barrels but less than sixty thousand barrels and forty-one
19	cents (\$.41) per gallon for sixty thousand or more barrels
20	sold; and
21	(9) on spirituous liquors manufactured or
22	produced by a craft distiller licensed pursuant to Section
23	60-6A-6.1 NMSA 1978, provided that proof is provided to the
24	department that the spirituous liquors were manufactured or
25	produced by a craft distiller, for products up to ten percent

1	alcohol by volume, eight cents (\$.08) per liter for the first
2	two hundred fifty thousand liters sold and twenty-eight cents
3	(\$.28) per liter for the next two hundred fifty thousand liters
4	sold and for products over ten percent alcohol by volume,
5	thirty-two cents (\$.32) per liter on the first one hundred
6	seventy-five thousand liters sold and sixty-five cents (\$.65)
7	per liter on the next two hundred thousand liters sold.
8	B. Prior to July 1, 2031, the liquor excise tax
9	imposed on spirituous liquors is as follows:
10	(1) if manufactured or produced by a craft
11	distiller; provided that proof is provided to the department
12	that the spirituous liquors were manufactured or produced by a
13	craft distiller:
14	(a) for products up to ten percent
15	alcohol by volume: 1) eight cents (\$.08) per liter for the
16	first two hundred fifty thousand liters sold; 2) twenty-eight
17	cents (\$.28) per liter for the next two hundred fifty thousand
18	liters sold; and 3) three dollars thirty-eight cents (\$3.38)
19	for each liter sold thereafter; and
20	(b) for products over ten percent
21	alcohol by volume: 1) thirty-two cents (\$.32) per liter on the
22	first one hundred seventy-five thousand liters sold; 2) sixty-
23	five cents (\$.65) per liter on the next two hundred thousand
24	liters sold; and 3) three dollars thirty-eight cents (\$3.38)

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for each liter sold thereafter; and

2	dollars thirty-eight cents (\$3.38) per liter sold.
3	C. Prior to July 1, 2031, the liquor excise tax
4	imposed on beer and cider is as follows:
5	(1) if manufactured or produced by a
6	microbrewer or small winegrower and sold in this state;
7	provided that proof is furnished to the department that the
8	beer or cider was manufactured or produced by a microbrewer or
9	small winegrower:
10	(a) eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on the
11	first thirty thousand barrels sold;
12	(b) twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per gallon
13	for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but less than
14	sixty thousand barrels; and
15	(c) eighty-seven cents (\$.87) per gallon
16	for sixty thousand or more barrels sold; and
17	(2) for all other beer and cider, eighty-seven
18	cents (\$.87) per gallon sold.
19	D. Prior to July 1, 2031, the liquor excise tax
20	imposed on wine is as follows:
21	(1) if manufactured or produced by a small
22	winegrower and sold in this state; provided that proof is
23	furnished to the department that the wine was manufactured or
24	produced by a small winegrower:
25	(a) ten cents (\$.10) per liter on the
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(2) for all other spirituous liquors, three

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first	eighty	thousand	liters	sold:

(b) twenty cents (\$.20) per liter on each liter sold over eighty thousand liters but not over nine hundred fifty thousand liters; and

(c) thirty cents (\$.30) per liter on each liter sold over nine hundred fifty thousand liters but not over one million five hundred thousand liters; and

(2) for all other wine, ninety-five cents (\$.95) per liter sold.

E. Prior to July 1, 2031, the liquor excise tax imposed on fortified wine is three dollars seventeen cents (\$3.17) per liter sold.

F. No later than April 30, 2028 and April 30 of each third year thereafter, the department shall calculate the rates of the liquor excise tax to be imposed as of July 1 of that year. The rates of the liquor excise tax shall be equal to the product, rounded down to the nearest whole cent, of the rates provided in Subsections B through E of this section, multiplied by a fraction with a numerator equal to the consumer price index for the previous calendar year and a denominator equal to the consumer price index for the calendar year 2025; provided that the rate of the tax shall not be less than the rate imposed on July 1 of the previous year.

[B.] G. The volume of wine transferred from one winegrower to another winegrower for processing, bottling or .229030.1

storage and subsequent return to the transferor shall be excluded pursuant to Section 7-17-6 NMSA 1978 from the taxable volume of wine of the transferee. Wine transferred from an initial winegrower to a second winegrower remains a tax liability of the transferor, provided that if the wine is transferred to the transferee for the transferee's use or for resale, the transferee then assumes the liability for the tax due pursuant to this section.

 $[G_{\bullet}]$ \underline{H}_{\bullet} A transfer of wine from a winegrower to a wholesaler for distribution of the wine transfers the liability for payment of the liquor excise tax to the wholesaler upon the sale of the wine by the wholesaler."

SECTION 4. A new section of the Liquor Excise Tax Act, Section 7-17-5.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"7-17-5.2. [NEW MATERIAL] IMPOSITION AND RATE OF LIQUOR EXCISE SURTAX.--

A. In addition to the liquor excise tax, there is imposed on a retailer who sells alcoholic beverages on which the surtax imposed by this section has not been paid an excise surtax, to be referred to as the "liquor excise surtax", at the rate of twelve percent on alcoholic beverages sold.

B. As used in this section, "retailer" means a person having a place of business in New Mexico who sells, offers for sale or possesses for the purpose of selling alcoholic beverages in New Mexico."

SECTION 5. Section 7-17-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 85, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-6. DEDUCTION--INTERSTATE SALES--WINEGROWER-TO-WINEGROWER TRANSFERS.--

A. A wholesaler may deduct the liters of spirituous liquors, gallons of beer and liters of wine sold and shipped to a person in another state from the units of alcoholic beverages subject to the [tax] taxes imposed by the Liquor Excise Tax Act; provided that the department may require the wholesaler to submit evidence satisfactory to the department that the units have been sold and shipped to a person in another state.

B. A winegrower may deduct the liters of wine transferred to the winegrower from another winegrower for processing, bottling or storage and subsequent return to the transferor from the units of wine subject to the [liquor excise tax] taxes imposed by the Liquor Excise Tax Act on the licensed premises of the winegrower."

SECTION 6. Section 7-17-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966, Chapter 49, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-9. EXEMPTION--CERTAIN SALES TO OR BY
INSTRUMENTALITIES OF ARMED FORCES.--Exempted from the [tax
imposed by Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978] taxes imposed by the
Liquor Excise Tax Act are alcoholic beverages sold to or by any
instrumentality of the armed forces of the United States
engaged in resale activities."

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SECTION 7.	Section	7-17-10	NMSA	1978	(being	Laws	1966,
Chanter 49 Section	on 8 as	amended) ie	amend	ed to r	· had•	

"7-17-10. DATE PAYMENT DUE.--The [tax] taxes imposed by the Liquor Excise Tax Act [is] are to be paid on or before the twenty-fifth day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurs."

SECTION 8. Section 7-17-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 80, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-11. REFUND OR CREDIT OF [TAX] TAXES.--The department shall allow a claim for refund or credit as provided in Sections 7-1-26 and 7-1-29 NMSA 1978 for the [tax imposed by Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978] taxes imposed by the Liquor Excise Tax Act and paid on alcoholic beverages destroyed in shipment, spoiled or otherwise damaged as to be unfit for sale or consumption upon submission of proof satisfactory to the department of such destruction, spoilage or damage."

SECTION 9. Section 7-17-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 85, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-17-12. INTERPRETATION OF ACT--ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF [TAX] TAXES .--

- The department shall interpret the provisions of the Liquor Excise Tax Act.
- The department shall administer and enforce the В. collection of the [liquor excise tax] taxes imposed by the <u>Liquor Excise Tax Act</u>, and the Tax Administration Act applies .229030.1

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to the administration and enforcement of the [tax] taxes."

SECTION 10. [NEW MATERIAL] ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION

FUND.--

The "alcohol harms alleviation fund" is created as a nonreverting fund in the state treasury. The fund consists of appropriations, distributions, gifts, grants, donations and bequests made to the fund and income from investment of the fund. The department of finance and administration shall administer the fund. Money in the fund is subject to appropriation by the legislature for alcohol harms prevention, treatment and recovery services to individuals throughout New Mexico, including individuals harmed by a person in need of those services; provided that twenty-five percent of money appropriated from the fund in any year shall be for Indian nations, tribes and pueblos to implement alcohol harms prevention programs and treatment, including culturally relevant practices. When appropriating the funds, the legislature shall prioritize community-based initiatives that address the needs of populations and communities that are disproportionately impacted by excessive alcohol use and are working to reduce health disparities.

B. Money in the fund shall be expended by warrant of the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative.

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	SECTION	11.	Section	60-6A-	-11.1	NMSA	1978	(being	Laws
2011,	Chapter	109,	Section	l) is	amen	ded t	o rea	d:	

"60-6A-11.1. DIRECT WINE SHIPMENT PERMIT--AUTHORIZATION-RESTRICTIONS.--

- A. A licensee with a winegrower's license or a person licensed in a state other than New Mexico that holds a winery license may apply to the director for and the director may issue to the applicant a direct wine shipment permit. An application for a direct wine shipment permit shall include:
- (1) contact information for the applicant in a form required by the department;
- (2) an annual application fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) if the applicant does not hold a winegrower's license;
- (3) the number of the applicant's winegrower's license if the applicant is located in New Mexico or a copy of the applicant's winery license if the applicant is located in a state other than New Mexico; and
- (4) any other information or documents required by the director. Upon approval of an applicant for a permit, the director shall forward to the taxation and revenue department the name of each permittee and the contact information for the permittee.
- B. A direct wine shipment permit shall be valid for a permit year. A permittee shall renew a direct wine shipment permit annually as required by the department to continue .229030.1

making direct shipments of wine to New Mexico residents.

C. A permittee may ship:

- (1) not more than two nine-liter cases of wine monthly to a New Mexico resident who is twenty-one years of age or older for the recipient's personal consumption or use, but not for resale; and
- (2) wine directly to a New Mexico resident only in containers that are conspicuously labeled with the words:

"CONTAINS ALCOHOL

SIGNATURE OF PERSON 21 YEARS OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY".

D. A permittee shall:

- (1) register with the taxation and revenue department for the payment of <u>the liquor excise tax</u>, <u>liquor excise surtax</u> and gross receipts taxes due on the sales of wine pursuant to the permittee's activities in New Mexico;
- (2) submit to the jurisdiction of New Mexico courts to resolve legal actions that arise from the shipping by the permittee of wine into New Mexico to New Mexico residents;
- (3) monthly, by the twenty-fifth day of each month following the month in which the permittee was issued a direct wine shipment permit, pay to the taxation and revenue department the liquor excise tax, [due] liquor excise surtax and [the] gross receipts tax due; and

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(4) submit to an audit by an agent of the
taxation and revenue department of the permittee's records of
the wine shipped pursuant to this section to New Mexico
residents upon notice and during usual business hours.

E. As used in this section:

- $\hbox{(1) "permit year" means the period between } \\ \hbox{July 1 and June 30 of a year; and }$
- (2) "permittee" means a person that is the holder of a direct wine shipment permit."

SECTION 12. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2026.

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