

## Presentation to Legislative Finance Committee

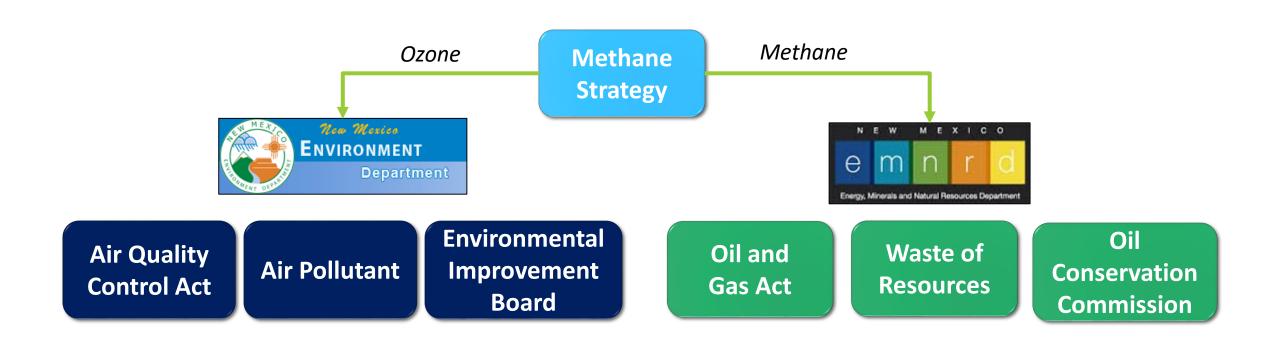
NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT NEW MEXICO ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT

October 28, 2020



"EMNRD and NMED shall jointly develop a statewide, enforceable regulatory framework to secure reductions in oil and gas sector methane emissions and to prevent waste from new and existing sources and enact such rules as soon as practicable."

- Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham



Methane Strategy



**Air Quality Control Act** 

**Air Pollutant** 

Environmental Improvement Board

- •The New Mexico Environment Department will regulate methane/VOC emissions from oil and natural gas operations.
- The Air Quality Control Act provides the legal authority for regulating ozone precursors.
- Proposed rules are reviewed and adopted through the Environmental Improvement Board.

- •The New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department will regulate to prevent the waste of methane from oil and natural operations.
- •The Oil and Gas Act provides the legal authority.
- Proposed rules are reviewed and adopted through the Oil Conservation Commission.

Methane Strategy



Oil and Gas Act

Waste of Resources

Oil Conservation Commission

## Developing the Rules



**Science**: Using the best available science to inform our decision-making in protecting public health, the environment and minimizing waste.



**Innovation**: Employing creative engineering and technological solutions to address the public health, environmental and waste challenges.

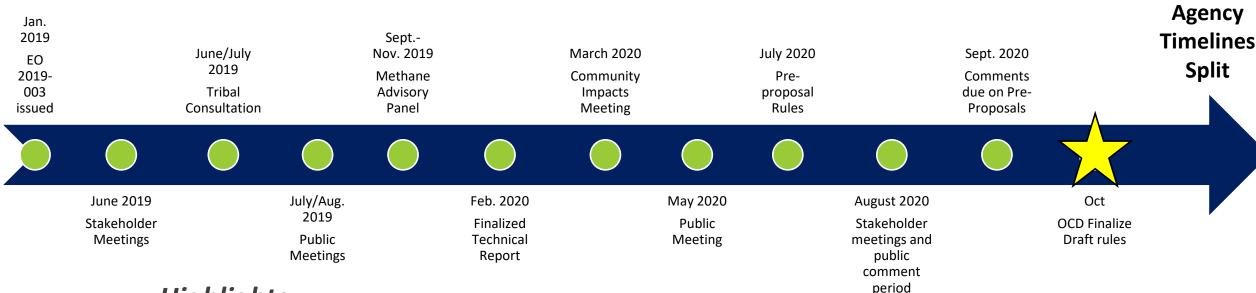


**Collaboration**: Engaging communities and interested stakeholders in our methane strategy decision-making.



**Compliance**: Ensuring meaningful compliance with state regulations and permits.

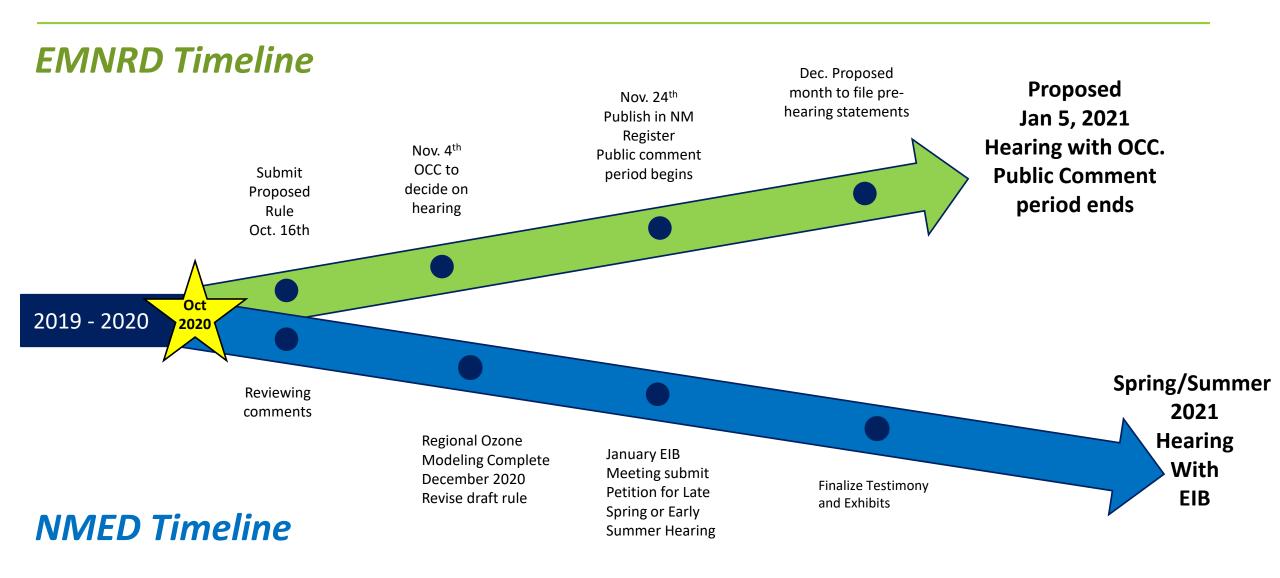
### New Mexico's Methane Strategy Timeline to Date



#### Highlights:

- > Robust stakeholder engagement throughout the past 1.5 years including:
  - Methane Advisory Panel
  - Stakeholder meetings throughout draft process
  - Extended stakeholder comment period
- > Highly integrated agency interaction to produce complementary draft rules

### New Mexico's Methane Strategy Point Forward Timeline



# NMED Draft Rule Summary



### NMED Draft Ozone Precursor Rules

- Statute requires the EIB to adopt regulations to control emissions of ozone precursors in areas of the state that exceed 95% of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (70 ppb)
- Seven counties exceed 95% of the standard, five counties in the San Juan and Permian Basins
- Preliminary draft was released for public review input in advance
- Public and stakeholders provided feedback during the initial public input period, including feedback on the proposed language



#### NMED Draft Ozone Precursor Rules

- Hydrocarbon liquid loading/unloading: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources. Current requirements are zero control; rule requires 95% control
- Pig launching/receiving: Reductions of VOC emissions from new and existing sources. Current requirements are zero control; rule requires 95% control
- Glycol dehydrators: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources; more stringent than current state or federal standards
- Engines: Reduction in NOx and VOC emissions from new and existing sources
- Equipment leaks: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources
- Heaters: Reduction of NOx emissions from existing sources.



### NMED Draft Ozone Precursor Rules

- Storage tanks: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources with a potential to emit greater than 2 tons per year
- Well workovers: Reduce VOC emissions from new and existing sources and notification to nearby residents
- Gas well liquids unloading: Reduce VOC emissions from new and existing sources
- Compressor seals: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources
- Pneumatic controllers: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources with incentives to use low- to no-emission equipment through monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting
- Evaporative ponds: Control of VOC emissions from new and existing sources
- Standards for stripper wells and low emitting facilities: Monitoring of actual oil/gas throughput, emissions tracking for new and existing facilities, and requirements to maintain equipment to prevent emissions



# EMNRD Draft Rule Summary



### EMNRD Draft Waste Rule – Phase 1 Data and Reporting

- Phase 1 timeframe: June 2021 January 1, 2022 to establish initial baseline target, then ongoing reporting
- Accurate data is critical to establishing meaningful baselines and enforceable goals to reduce natural gas waste.
- Data currently being reported is often inconsistent.
- What does Phase 1 include?
  - Defines waste to include gas that is vented and flared;
  - Requires operators to measure and report all venting and flaring during operations;
  - Requires operators to disclose venting and flaring to mineral interest owners who own a share of the natural gas being wasted;
  - Exempts venting and flaring during specifically defined emergencies;
  - Establishes an enforceable target for Phase 2, which requires operators to reduce natural gas waste



### EMNRD Draft Waste Rule-Phase 2 Gas Capture Plan

- Starting from the current level of natural gas waste identified in Phase 1, each operator must reduce their waste by a fixed amount each year, in one of two state regions, to achieve a gas capture rate of 98% by December 31, 2026.
- Phase 2 timeframe: January 1, 2022 December 31, 2026 (to get to 98% Target) then perpetual.
- What does Phase 2 include?
  - Applies to operators in upstream (production) and midstream (gas gathering and boosting) sectors;
  - Includes design standards for gathering pipelines;
  - Allows each operator to decide how it will meet the statewide target, providing flexibility and opportunity for innovation in the industry;
  - Provides flexibility for marginally producing stripper wells regarding inspection timing and retrofitting but does not exempt them from the 98% gas capture;
  - Increases the statewide target each year to reduce natural gas waste over time;
  - Incentivizes methane detection flyovers; and
  - Authorizes enforcement action if operators do not meet the gas capture targets:
    - Operators may be forced to cut back on production or shut in wells.
    - Establishes new drilling permit approval criteria based on meeting gas capture targets, operators must demonstrate compliance or be at risk of not receiving new permit approval.



### EMNRD High-Level Changes Since July 2020 Draft

- GAS CAPTURE: Regional Gas Capture operator targets vs. Statewide targets
- **REPORTING:** Streamlined form reporting and set thresholds for form submittal while still requiring data capture as part of larger reporting structure; reduced reporting categories
- ALARM: Removal of credit for disclosure of leak of another operator; extended time limit of credit and increased amount
- GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN: Simplified submission of Gas Management Plan when operators
  are meeting targets
- PIPELINES: Removed regulating language that would have been preempted by federal law



## Location of Proposed Rules & Contacts

NMED's original Draft Rule is available here:

https://www.env.nm.gov/new-mexico-methane-strategy/public-participation/

For more information: Sandra Ely, Director, Environmental Protection Division, Sandra. Ely@state.nm.us

EMNRD's proposed Draft Rule released October 15<sup>th</sup> is available here:

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/OCD/rules.html

For more information: Tiffany Polak, Deputy Director, Oil Conservation Division, <u>Tiffany.Polak@state.nm.us</u>

