1	BILL
2	53rd legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017
3	INTRODUCED BY
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6	DISCUSSION DRAFT
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8	FOR THE COURTS, CORRECTIONS AND JUSTICE COMMITTEE
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO FIDUCIARIES; ENACTING THE REVISED UNIFORM FIDUCIARY
12	ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS ACT; MAKING CONFORMING TECHNICAL
13	AMENDMENTS TO THE UNIFORM PROBATE CODE.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLESections 1
17	through 18 of this act may be cited as the "Revised Uniform
18	Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act".
19	SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONSAs used in the
20	Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act:
21	A. "account" means an arrangement under a
22	terms-of-service agreement in which a custodian carries,
23	maintains, processes, receives or stores a digital asset of the
24	user or provides goods or services to the user;
25	B. "agent" means an attorney-in-fact granted
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authority under a durable or nondurable power of attorney;

- C. "carries" means engages in the transmission of an electronic communication;
- D. "catalogue of electronic communications" means information that identifies each person with which a user has had an electronic communication the time and date of the communication and the electronic address of the person;
- E. "conservator" means a person appointed by a court to manage the estate of a living individual. The term includes a limited conservator;
- F. "content of an electronic communication" means information concerning the substance or meaning of the communication that:
 - (1) has been sent or received by a user;
- (2) is in electronic storage by a custodian providing an electronic-communication service to the public or is carried or maintained by a custodian providing a remotecomputing service to the public; and
 - (3) is not readily accessible to the public;
 - G. "court" means the district court:
- H. "custodian" means a person that carries, maintains, processes, receives or stores a digital asset of a user;
- I. "designated recipient" means a person chosen by a user using an online tool to administer digital assets of the .204346.2

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- J. "digital asset" means an electronic record in which an individual has a right or interest. The term does not include an underlying asset or liability unless the asset or liability is itself an electronic record;
- K. "electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or similar capabilities;
- L. "electronic communication" has the meaning set forth in 18 U.S.C. Section 2510(12), as amended;
- M. "electronic-communication service" means a custodian that provides to a user the ability to send or receive an electronic communication;
- N. "fiduciary" means an original, additional or successor personal representative, conservator, agent or trustee;
- O. "information" means data, text, images, videos, sounds, codes, computer programs, software, databases or the like;
- P. "online tool" means an electronic service provided by a custodian that allows the user, in an agreement distinct from the terms-of-service agreement between the custodian and user, to provide directions for disclosure or nondisclosure of digital assets to a third person;
- Q. "person" means an individual, estate,

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partnership, association, trust, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency or instrumentality or other legal or commercial entity;

- "personal representative" means an executor, administrator, special administrator or person that performs substantially the same function under law of this state other than the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act:
- S. "power of attorney" means a record that grants an agent authority to act in the place of a principal;
- "principal" means an individual who grants Т. authority to an agent in a power of attorney;
- U. "protected person" means an individual for whom a conservator has been appointed. The term includes an individual for whom an application for the appointment of a conservator is pending;
- "record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;
- W. "remote-computing service" means a custodian that provides to a user computer-processing services or the storage of digital assets by means of an electronic communications system, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 2510(14), as amended;
- "terms-of-service agreement" means an agreement Χ. .204346.2

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4	beneficial interest in another. The term includes a successor
5	trustee;
6	Z. "user" means a person that has an account with a
7	custodian; and
8	AA. "will" includes a codicil, testamentary
9	instrument that only appoints an executor and instrument that
10	revokes or revises a testamentary instrument.
11	SECTION 3. [NEW MATERIAL] APPLICABILITY
12	A. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital
13	Assets Act applies to:
14	(1) a fiduciary acting under a will or power
15	of attorney executed before, on or after July 1, 2017;
16	(2) a personal representative acting for a
17	decedent who died before, on or after July 1, 2017;
18	(3) a conservatorship proceeding commenced
19	before, on or after July 1, 2017; and
20	(4) a trustee acting under a trust created
21	before, on or after July 1, 2017.
22	B. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital
23	Assets Act applies to a custodian if the user resides in this
24	state or resided in this state at the time of the user's death.
25	C. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital

that controls the relationship between a user and a custodian;

property under an agreement or declaration that creates a

"trustee" means a fiduciary with legal title to

Assets Act does not apply to a digital asset of an employer used by an employee in the ordinary course of the employer's business.

SECTION 4. [NEW MATERIAL] USER DIRECTION FOR DISCLOSURE
OF DIGITAL ASSETS.--

- A. A user may use an online tool to direct the custodian to disclose to a designated recipient or not to disclose some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications. If the online tool allows the user to modify or delete a direction at all times, a direction regarding disclosure using an online tool overrides a contrary direction by the user in a will, trust, power of attorney or other record.
- B. If a user has not used an online tool to give direction under Subsection A of this section or if the custodian has not provided an online tool, the user may allow or prohibit in a will, trust, power of attorney or other record disclosure to a fiduciary of some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications sent or received by the user.
- C. A user's direction under Subsection A or B of this section overrides a contrary provision in a terms-of-service agreement that does not require the user to act affirmatively and distinctly from the user's assent to the terms of service.

SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] TERMS-OF-SERVICE AGREEMENT.--

- A. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act does not change or impair a right of a custodian or a user under a terms-of-service agreement to access and use digital assets of the user.
- B. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act does not give a fiduciary or designated recipient any new or expanded rights other than those held by the user for whom, or for whose estate, the fiduciary or designated recipient acts or represents.
- C. A fiduciary's or designated recipient's access to digital assets may be modified or eliminated by a user, by federal law or by a terms-of-service agreement if the user has not provided direction under Section 4 of the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act.

SECTION 6. [NEW MATERIAL] PROCEDURE FOR DISCLOSING DIGITAL ASSETS.--

- A. When disclosing digital assets of a user under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, the custodian may at its sole discretion:
- (1) grant a fiduciary or designated recipientfull access to the user's account;
- (2) grant a fiduciary or designated recipient partial access to the user's account sufficient to perform the tasks with which the fiduciary or designated recipient is

charged; or

- (3) provide a fiduciary or designated recipient a copy in a record of any digital asset that, on the date the custodian received the request for disclosure, the user could have accessed if the user were alive and had full capacity and access to the account.
- B. A custodian may assess a reasonable administrative charge for the cost of disclosing digital assets under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets
- C. A custodian need not disclose under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act a digital asset deleted by a user.
- D. If a user directs or a fiduciary requests a custodian to disclose under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act some, but not all, of the user's digital assets, the custodian need not disclose the assets if segregation of the assets would impose an undue burden on the custodian. If the custodian believes the direction or request imposes an undue burden, the custodian or fiduciary may seek an order from the court to disclose:
- (1) a subset limited by date of the user's digital assets;
- (2) all of the user's digital assets to the fiduciary or designated recipient;

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- (3) none of the user's digital assets; or
- (4) all of the user's digital assets to the court for review in camera.

SECTION 7. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF CONTENT OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS OF DECEASED USER.--If a deceased user consented to, or a court directs, disclosure of the contents of electronic communications of the user, the custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of the user the content of an electronic communication sent or received by the user if the representative gives the custodian:

- A. a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- B. a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
- C. a certified copy of the letters of administration or letters testamentary of the personal representative or a small estate affidavit pursuant to the provisions of Section 45-3-1201 NMSA 1978;
- D. unless the user provided direction using an online tool, a copy of the user's will, trust, power of attorney or other record evidencing the user's consent to disclosure of the content of electronic communications; and
 - E. if requested by the custodian:
- (1) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the .204346.2

1	custodian to identify the user's account;
2	(2) evidence linking the account to the user;
3	or
4	(3) a finding by the court that:
5	(a) the user had a specific account with
6	the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in
7	Paragraph (1) of this subsection;
8	(b) disclosure of the content of
9	electronic communications of the user would not violate 18
10	U.S.C. Section 2701 et seq., as amended, 47 U.S.C. Section 222,
11	as amended, or other applicable law;
12	(c) unless the user provided direction
13	using an online tool, the user consented to disclosure of the
14	content of electronic communications; or
15	(d) disclosure of the content of
16	electronic communications of the user is reasonably necessary
17	for administration of the estate.
18	SECTION 8. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF OTHER DIGITAL
19	ASSETS OF A DECEASED USERUnless the user prohibited
20	disclosure of digital assets or the court directs otherwise, a
21	custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the
22	estate of a deceased user a catalogue of electronic
23	communications sent or received by the user and digital assets,
24	other than the content of electronic communications, of the
25	user, if the representative gives the custodian:

1	A. a written request for disclosure in physical or
2	electronic form;
3	B. a certified copy of the death certificate of the
4	user;
5	C. a certified copy of the letters of
6	administration or letters testamentary of the personal
7	representative or a small estate affidavit pursuant to the
8	provisions of Section 45-3-1201 NMSA 1978; and
9	D. if requested by the custodian:
10	(1) a number, username, address or other
11	unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the
12	custodian to identify the user's account;
13	(2) evidence linking the account to the user;
14	(3) an affidavit stating that disclosure of
15	the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for
16	administration of the estate; or
17	(4) a finding by the court that:
18	(a) the user had a specific account with
19	the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in
20	Paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
21	(b) disclosure of the user's digital
22	assets is reasonably necessary for administration of the
23	estate.
24	SECTION 9. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF CONTENT OF
25	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS OF PRINCIPALTo the extent a power
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of attorney expressly grants an agent authority over the content of electronic communications sent or received by the principal and unless directed otherwise by the principal or the court, a custodian shall disclose to the agent the content if the agent gives the custodian:

- A. a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- B. an original or copy of the power of attorney expressly granting the agent authority over the content of electronic communications of the principal;
- C. a certification by the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of attorney is in effect; and
 - D. if requested by the custodian:
- (1) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the principal's account; or
- (2) evidence linking the account to the principal.

SECTION 10. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF OTHER DIGITAL ASSETS OF PRINCIPAL.--Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the principal or provided by a power of attorney, a custodian shall disclose to an agent with specific authority over digital assets or general authority to act on behalf of a principal a catalogue of electronic communications sent or received by the principal and digital assets, other than the .204346.2

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3	A. a written request for disclosure in physical or
4	electronic form;
5	B. an original or a copy of the power of attorney
6	that gives the agent specific authority over digital assets or
7	general authority to act on behalf of the principal;
8	C. a certification by the agent, under penalty of
9	perjury, that the power of attorney is in effect; and
10	D. if requested by the custodian:
11	(1) a number, username, address or other
12	unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the
13	custodian to identify the principal's account; or
14	(2) evidence linking the account to the
15	principal.
16	SECTION 11. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF DIGITAL ASSETS
17	HELD IN TRUST WHEN TRUSTEE IS AN ORIGINAL USERUnless
18	otherwise ordered by the court or provided in a trust, a
19	custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is an original user
20	of an account any digital asset of the account held in trust,
21	including a catalogue of electronic communications of the
22	trustee and the content of electronic communications.
23	SECTION 12. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF CONTENTS OF
24	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS HELD IN TRUST WHEN TRUSTEE IS NOT AN

agent gives the custodian:

content of electronic communications, of the principal if the

ORIGINAL USER. -- Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed

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by the user or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is not an original user of an account the content of an electronic communication sent or received by an original or successor user and carried, maintained, processed, received or stored by the custodian in the account of the trust if the trustee gives the custodian:

- A. a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form:
- B. a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of trust under Section 46A-10-1013 NMSA 1978 that includes consent to disclosure of the content of electronic communications to the trustee;
- C. a certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and
 - D. if requested by the custodian:
- (1) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or
 - (2) evidence linking the account to the trust.

SECTION 13. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF OTHER DIGITAL ASSETS HELD IN TRUST WHEN TRUSTEE IS NOT AN ORIGINAL USER.--Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the user or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose, to a .204346.2

trustee that is not an original user of an account, a catalogue
of electronic communications sent or received by an original or
successor user and stored, carried or maintained by the
custodian in an account of the trust and any digital assets,
other than the content of electronic communications, in which
the trust has a right or interest if the trustee gives the
custodian:
A. a written request for disclosure in physical or
electronic form;

- B. a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of trust under Section 46A-10-1013 NMSA 1978;
- C. a certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and
 - D. if requested by the custodian:
- (1) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or
 - (2) evidence linking the account to the trust.
- SECTION 14. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCLOSURE OF DIGITAL ASSETS
 TO CONSERVATOR OF A PROTECTED PERSON.--
- A. After an opportunity for a hearing under Chapter 45, Article 5 NMSA 1978, the court may grant a conservator access to the digital assets of a protected person.

B. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or
directed by the user, a custodian shall disclose to a
conservator the catalogue of electronic communications sent or
received by a protected person and any digital assets, other
than the content of electronic communications, in which the
protected person has a right or interest if the conservator
gives the custodian:

- (1) a written request for disclosure in
 physical or electronic form;
- (2) a certified copy of the court order that gives the conservator authority over the digital assets of the protected person; and
 - (3) if requested by the custodian:
- (a) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the account of the protected person; or
- (b) evidence linking the account to the protected person.
- C. A conservator with general authority to manage the assets of a protected person may request a custodian of the digital assets of the protected person to suspend or terminate an account of the protected person for good cause. A request made under this section shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order giving the conservator authority over the protected person's property.

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SECTION 15.	[NEW MATERIAL]	FIDUCIARY	DUTY	AND
AUTHORITY				

- The legal duties imposed on a fiduciary charged with managing tangible property apply to the management of digital assets, including:
 - the duty of care; (1)
 - (2) the duty of loyalty; and
 - the duty of confidentiality. (3)
- A fiduciary's or designated recipient's authority with respect to a digital asset of a user:
- (1) except as otherwise provided in Section 4 of the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, is subject to the applicable terms of service;
- is subject to other applicable law, including copyright law;
- in the case of a fiduciary, is limited by (3) the scope of the fiduciary's duties; and
 - may not be used to impersonate the user. (4)
- A fiduciary with authority over the property of a decedent, protected person, principal or settlor has the right to access any digital asset in which the decedent, protected person, principal or settlor had a right or interest and that is not held by a custodian or subject to a terms-ofservice agreement.
- A fiduciary acting within the scope of the .204346.2

fiduciary's duties is an authorized user of the property of the decedent, protected person, principal or settlor for the purpose of applicable computer-fraud and unauthorized-computer-access laws, including the Computer Crimes Act.

- E. A fiduciary with authority over the tangible, personal property of a decedent, protected person, principal or settlor:
- (1) has the right to access the property and any digital asset stored in it; and
- (2) is an authorized user for the purpose of computer-fraud and unauthorized-computer-access laws, including those offenses enumerated in the Computer Crimes Act.
- F. A custodian may disclose information in an account to a fiduciary of the user when the information is required to terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to the user.
- G. A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to terminate the user's account. A request for termination shall be in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and accompanied by:
- (1) if the user is deceased, a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
- (2) a certified copy of the letters of administration or letters testamentary of the personal representative or a small estate affidavit pursuant to the .204346.2

provisions of Section 45-3-1201 NMSA 1978, court order, power of attorney or trust giving the fiduciary authority over the account; and

- (3) if requested by the custodian:
- (a) a number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;
- (b) evidence linking the account to the user; or
- (c) a finding by the court that the user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

SECTION 16. [NEW MATERIAL] CUSTODIAN COMPLIANCE AND IMMUNITY.--

- A. Not later than sixty days after receipt of the information required under Sections 7 through 15 of the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, a custodian shall comply with a request under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act from a fiduciary or designated recipient to disclose digital assets or terminate an account. If the custodian fails to comply, the fiduciary or designated recipient may apply to the court for an order directing compliance.
- B. An order under Subsection A of this section directing compliance shall contain a finding that compliance is .204346.2

not in violation of 18 U.S.C. Section 2702, as amended.

- C. A custodian may notify the user that a request for disclosure or to terminate an account was made under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act.
- D. A custodian may deny a request under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act from a fiduciary or designated recipient for disclosure of digital assets or to terminate an account if the custodian is aware of any lawful access to the account following the receipt of the fiduciary's request.
- E. The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act does not limit a custodian's ability to obtain or require a fiduciary or designated recipient requesting disclosure or termination under the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act to obtain a court order that:
- (1) specifies that an account belongs to the protected person or principal;
- (2) specifies that there is sufficient consent from the protected person or principal to support the requested disclosure; and
- (3) contains a finding required by law other than the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets
- F. A custodian and its officers, employees and agents are immune from liability for an act or omission done in .204346.2

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good faith in compliance with the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act.

[NEW MATERIAL] UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND SECTION 17. CONSTRUCTION. -- In applying and construing the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

SECTION 18. [NEW MATERIAL] RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT .-- The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act modifies, limits or supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).

SECTION 19. Section 45-3-711 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 257, Section 3-711) is amended to read:

"45-3-711. POWERS OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES--IN GENERAL.--

Until termination of [his] a personal representative's appointment, a personal representative has the same power over the title to property of the estate that an absolute owner would have, [subject only to his trust to use and apply the property in trust however, for the benefit of

creditors whose claims have been allowed and others interested in the estate. This power may be exercised without notice, hearing or order of court.

B. A personal representative has access to and authority over a digital asset of the decedent to the extent provided by the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act."

SECTION 20. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is January 1, 2018.

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