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HOUSE BILL 346

57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025

INTRODUCED BY

Andrea Romero and Derrick J. Lente

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEMP; PROVIDING REGULATORY AUTHORITY OVER HEMP FINISHED PRODUCTS AT RETAIL AND SEMI-SYNTHETIC AND SYNTHETIC CANNABINOIDS; BANNING THE RECEIPT, POSSESSION, ADVERTISING, MARKETING OR SALE OF SEMI-SYNTHETIC AND SYNTHETIC CANNABINOIDS IN NEW MEXICO; REQUIRING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD TO ADOPT RULES REGULATING HEMP EXTRACTS AND HEMP FINISHED PRODUCTS AT RETAIL; PRESCRIBING PENALTIES; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 76-24-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 116, Section 2) is amended to read:

"76-24-4. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Hemp Manufacturing Act:

"board" means the board of regents of New Mexico Α. state university;

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- B. "breeder" means a person who conducts research to develop new hemp varieties;
- C. "Cannabis sativa L." means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, whether growing or not;
- D. "consumer" means a person who is a member of the public, takes possession of a hemp finished product, is not functioning in the capacity of a hemp manufacturer or hemp producer and does not offer the hemp finished product for resale;
- $[\mathfrak{D}_{free}]$ \underline{E}_{free} "hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including seeds and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a THC concentration of not more than three-tenths percent $[\underline{on\ a\ dry}]$ weight basis;
- E. "hemp-derived material" means any material
 containing THC in any concentration derived from Cannabis
 sativa L. through any activity authorized pursuant to the Hemp
 Manufacturing Act] or a concentration allowed by federal law,
 whichever is greater, based on dry weight;
- F. "hemp extract" means oil <u>and extracts</u> derived from hemp, <u>containing THC in any concentration</u>, including cannabidiol, cannabidiolic acid and other identified and non-identified compounds;
- G. "hemp finished product" means a [hemp] product
 .230202.1

for human ingestion or inhalation that [is intended for retail
sale and containing] contains hemp or hemp extracts [that
includes food, food additives and herbs for human use,
including consumption that has a THC content of not more than
three-tenths percent] and is intended to be provided to
consumers:

- H. "hemp manufacturer" means a person that extracts, processes or engages in other manufacturing activities regarding hemp, including manufacturing [intermediate hemp-derived products] hemp extract and hemp finished products;
- I. "hemp producer" means a person that cultivates and harvests hemp and includes a person that cultivates hemp plants for transfer to other hemp producers;
- [J. "intermediate hemp-derived product" means oil and extracts, including cannabidiol, cannabidiolic acid and other identified and non-identified compounds derived from hemp]
- J. "hemp retailer" means a person that provides hemp finished products directly to consumers;
- K. "ingestion" means the process of taking food,
 drink or another substance into the body by swallowing or
 absorbing it;
- [K_{\bullet}] <u>L.</u> "manifest" means a form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin, routing and .230202.1

destination	of	hemp-derived	materials	during	transportation;
[and]					

M. "semi-synthetic cannabinoid" means a substance
that is created by a chemical reaction that converts one
cannabinoid extracted from Cannabis sativa L. directly into a
different cannabinoid; provided that "semi-synthetic
cannabinoid" does not include a cannabinoid produced via
decarboxylation of naturally occurring acidic forms of
cannabinoids, such as tetrahydrocannabinolic acid, into the
corresponding neutral cannabinoid, such as THC, through the use
of heat or light without the use of chemical reagents or
catalysts and that results in no other chemical change;

N. "synthetic cannabinoid" means a cannabinoid-like compound that was produced by using chemical synthesis, chemical modification or chemical conversion; provided that "synthetic cannabinoid" does not include:

(1) a compound produced through the decarboxylation of naturally occurring cannabinoids from their acidic forms; or

(2) a semi-synthetic cannabinoid; and

[$\pm \cdot$] <u>O.</u> "THC" means delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol as measured using a post-decarboxylation method and based on percentage dry weight."

SECTION 2. Section 76-24-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 116, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:
.230202.1

"76-24-8. HEMP MANUFACTURERS--PERMITS--RULES-REQUIREMENTS.--

- A. The department of environment shall issue permits pursuant to rules [issued under] adopted in accordance with Subsection C of this section to extract, process or engage in other manufacturing activities regarding hemp, including manufacturing [intermediate hemp-derived products] hemp extract and hemp finished products.
- B. Except as specified in Subsection I of this section, a person shall not extract, process or engage in other manufacturing activities regarding hemp, including manufacturing [intermediate hemp-derived products] hemp extract and hemp finished products without a permit issued by the department of environment or a license issued pursuant to Subsection C of Section 76-24-10 NMSA 1978.
- C. [The department of environment] Beginning July

 1, 2025, the environmental improvement board shall adopt rules
 that include:
- (1) procedures for the issuance, denial, renewal, suspension and revocation of a permit issued by the department of environment to manufacture hemp products, including permit terms and procedures for appeal of a denial, suspension or revocation that include notice and opportunity for a hearing;
- (2) qualifications for permitting that include .230202.1

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health, sanitation, safety and security;

- (3) proficiency standards and requirements for storage, recordkeeping and inspections;
- (4) requiring, and providing a process for, the use or disposal of [hemp-derived material] hemp extract and hemp finished products containing THC levels of more than three-tenths percent; and
- (5) fees not to exceed the lesser of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or the cost of administration of a permit issued pursuant to this section.
- D. Rules adopted prior to July 1, 2025 by the department of environment shall remain in effect until the environmental improvement board adopts its rules.
- $[\underline{D_{\bullet}}]$ $\underline{E_{\bullet}}$ A hemp manufacturer that produces [intermediate hemp-derived products] hemp extract or hemp finished products intended for human consumption by [eating or drinking] ingestion are subject to the provisions of the Food Service Sanitation Act and the New Mexico Food Act.
- [E.] F. Hemp finished products produced by a hemp manufacturer holding a permit issued pursuant to this section shall not be deemed adulterated as that term is used in the Food Service Sanitation Act and the New Mexico Food Act.
- [F.] G. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the environmental health fund.
- [G.] H. A permit issued pursuant to this section .230202.1

does not relieve the holder of the permit of the responsibility to obtain other licenses or permits as required by law.

- I. A person engaged in the manufacturing or use of hemp seed or hemp seed derivatives for products intended for human food is not subject to the provisions of this section, but shall be subject to the provisions of the Food Service Sanitation Act and the New Mexico Food Act.
- J. Hemp finished products manufactured pursuant to this section shall not have a THC concentration of more than three-tenths percent or a concentration allowed by federal law, whichever is greater.
- K. A hemp manufacturer shall not receive, possess, offer, advertise, market or sell products containing semi-synthetic cannabinoids or synthetic cannabinoids."
- SECTION 3. Section 76-24-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 116, Section 7) is amended to read:
- "76-24-9. TRANSPORTING HEMP, [AND HEMP-DERIVED MATERIALS]

 HEMP EXTRACT OR HEMP FINISHED PRODUCTS--MANIFEST--RULES-
 REQUIREMENTS.--
- A. A person shall not transport hemp unless during such transportation the person has in the person's immediate possession a harvest certificate for that hemp provided by the licensed grower.
- B. A person shall not transport [hemp-derived materials] hemp extract unless during such transportation the .230202.1

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person has in the person's immediate possession a manifest issued by a person licensed pursuant to the Hemp Manufacturing Act or other applicable law.

- The department of environment shall establish a manifest system and any other reasonable means necessary to ensure that [hemp-derived materials] hemp extract originating from a person permitted pursuant to Section [6 of the Hemp Manufacturing Act are] 76-24-8 NMSA 1978 is identifiable during transport and that the [materials are] hemp extract is transported only between persons licensed, permitted or otherwise authorized to possess [hemp-derived materials] hemp extract pursuant to the Hemp Manufacturing Act or other applicable law.
- [A person that transports hemp-derived materials D. or food additive hemp finished products intended for human consumption by eating or drinking | Except for a person who transports hemp finished products for personal use, the transportation of hemp extract or hemp finished products intended for human ingestion shall be subject to the provisions of the Food Service Sanitation Act and the New Mexico Food Act.
- Transporting hemp [or hemp-derived material] Ε. without a harvest certificate shall constitute a petty misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500).
- Product in excess of eight ounces that has the .230202.1

appearance of hemp and is in the possession of a person suspected of violating the provisions of Subsection E of this section may be seized by a law enforcement agency until such time as the agency is able to identify the product, in cooperation with the department of environment or the New Mexico department of agriculture, but for no longer than five days.

G. As used in this section, "harvest certificate" means a certificate, license, permit or other document pursuant to rules adopted under the Hemp Manufacturing Act for use during transportation of hemp [or hemp-derived material] whether in the possession of a person or electronically verified by a law enforcement agency."

SECTION 4. Section 76-24-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 116, Section 8) is amended to read:

"76-24-10. INDIAN NATIONS, TRIBES AND PUEBLOS--NO STATE
REGULATION--COOPERATIVE OR JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS--RECOGNITION
OF TRIBALLY ISSUED LICENSES.--

A. The state acknowledges that federally recognized Indian nations, tribes and pueblos located wholly or partially within New Mexico may, pursuant to Section 10113 of the federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, and as a matter of their inherent tribal sovereignty, develop their own plans for the regulation of the production of hemp on their own tribal lands, and that those plans shall be developed in compliance with the .230202.1

federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018.

B. The New Mexico department of agriculture and the department of environment may enter into cooperative agreements or joint powers agreements with federally recognized Indian nations, tribes and pueblos located wholly or partially within New Mexico that seek the state's assistance in developing hemp production plans that are acceptable to the director of the New Mexico department of agriculture and the department of environment, or in the regulation of hemp production on tribal lands, or in the testing of hemp plants for THC, or the transportation of hemp or [hemp-derived material] hemp extract; provided that no such agreement shall purport to give the state any jurisdiction over any such activities or material on tribal lands.

C. A cooperative agreement or joint powers agreement may include provisions recognizing a tribally issued license that authorizes manufacturing on tribal lands, including the extraction, processing or engaging in other manufacturing activities regarding hemp, including manufacturing [intermediate hemp-derived products] hemp extract and hemp finished products under Section [6 of the Hemp Manufacturing Act] 76-24-8 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 5. A new section of the Hemp Manufacturing Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] HEMP RETAILERS--RULES--REQUIREMENTS.-.230202.1

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- A. Beginning July 1, 2025, the environmental improvement board shall adopt rules for hemp retailers that include:
- (1) requirements for hemp products received, possessed, offered, advertised, marketed or sold;
 - (2) labeling requirements;
 - (3) facility registration;
- (4) purchasing, storage and recordkeeping requirements;
- (5) inspection and enforcement by the department of environment; and
- (6) procedures for appeal that include a notice of opportunity for a hearing in response to enforcement actions taken by the department of environment.
- B. Rules adopted prior to July 1, 2025 by the department of environment shall remain in effect until the environmental improvement board adopts its rules.
- C. Hemp retailers shall not receive, possess, offer, advertise, market or sell hemp finished products that have a THC concentration of more than three-tenths percent or a concentration allowed by federal law, whichever is greater, or hemp finished products containing semi-synthetic cannabinoids or synthetic cannabinoids.
- D. A person shall not act as a hemp retailer without meeting the requirements of this section and rules .230202.1

adopted in accordance with this section."

SECTION 6. A new section of the Hemp Manufacturing Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PENALTY.--

- A. A person who violates a provision of the Hemp Manufacturing Act or a rule of the department of environment or the environmental improvement board is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be sentenced as provided in Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.
- B. In addition, whenever on the basis of any information the department of environment determines that a person has violated, is violating or threatens to violate any provision of Section 76-24-8 or 76-24-9 NMSA 1978 or Section 5 of this 2025 act or rules or permit conditions adopted in accordance with those sections, the department may:
- (1) issue a compliance order that states with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation or threatened violation, that requires compliance immediately or within a specified time period and that assesses a civil penalty for any past or current violation, or both; or
- (2) commence a civil action in district court for appropriate relief, including a temporary or permanent injunction.
- C. A compliance order may include suspension or revocation of a permit issued by the department of environment. .230202.1

The department may assess a penalty of not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation."

SECTION 7. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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