## HOUSE BILL 61

# 57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025

## INTRODUCED BY

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# AN ACT

RELATING TO CONSUMER PROTECTION; AMENDING DEFINITIONS IN THE UNFAIR PRACTICES ACT; INCREASING THE CIVIL PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS TO THAT ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 57-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"57-12-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Unfair Practices
Act:

- A. "person" means, where applicable, natural persons, corporations, trusts, partnerships, associations, cooperative associations, clubs, companies, firms, joint ventures or syndicates;
- B. "seller-initiated telephone sale" means a sale, lease or rental of goods or services in which the seller or the .229218.1SA

seller's representative solicits the sale by telephoning the prospective purchaser and in which the sale is consummated entirely by telephone or mail, but does not include a transaction:

- (1) in which a person solicits a sale from a prospective purchaser who has previously made an authorized purchase from the seller's business; or
- (2) in which the purchaser is accorded the right of rescission by the provisions of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1635, or regulations issued pursuant thereto;
- C. "trade" or "commerce" includes the advertising, the sale, lease, rent or loan, the offering for sale, lease, rent or loan, the extension of credit or collection of debts or the distribution of any services, including services provided by licensed professionals, [and] any property, tangible or intangible, real, personal or mixed, and any other article, commodity or thing of value, including any trade or commerce directly or indirectly affecting the people of this state;
- D. "unfair or deceptive trade practice" means an act specifically declared unlawful pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act, a false or misleading oral or written statement, visual description or other representation of any kind knowingly made [in connection with the sale, lease, rental or loan of goods or services or in the extension of credit or in .229218.1SA

the collection of debts] by a person in the regular course of the person's trade or commerce, that may, tends to or does deceive or mislead any person or other unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the regular course of trade or commerce and includes:

- (1) representing goods or services as those of another when the goods or services are not the goods or services of another;
- (2) causing confusion or misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, approval or certification of goods or services;
- (3) causing confusion or misunderstanding as to affiliation, connection or association with or certification by another;
- (4) using deceptive representations or designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or services;
- (5) representing that goods or services have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits or quantities that they do not have or that a person has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation or connection that the person does not have;
- (6) representing that goods are original or new if they are deteriorated, altered, reconditioned, reclaimed, used or secondhand;

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- (7) representing that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality or grade or that goods are of a particular style or model if they are of another;
- (8) disparaging the goods, services or business of another by false or misleading representations;
- (9) offering goods or services with intent not to supply them in the quantity requested by the prospective buyer to the extent of the stock available, unless the purchaser is purchasing for resale;
- (10) offering goods or services with intent not to supply reasonable expectable public demand;
- (11) making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the price of goods or services, the prices of competitors or one's own price at a past or future time or the reasons for, existence of or amounts of price reduction;
- (12) making false or misleading statements of fact for the purpose of obtaining appointments for the demonstration, exhibition or other sales presentation of goods or services;
- (13) packaging goods for sale in a container that bears a trademark or trade name identified with goods formerly packaged in the container, without authorization, unless the container is labeled or marked to disclaim a connection between the contents and the trademark or trade name;

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- (14) using exaggeration, innuendo or ambiguity as to a material fact or failing to state a material fact if doing so deceives or tends to deceive;
- stating that a transaction involves (15)rights, remedies or obligations that it does not involve;
- (16) stating that services, replacements or repairs are needed if they are not needed;
- failing to deliver the quality or (17)quantity of goods or services contracted for;
  - violating the Tobacco Escrow Fund Act; or (18)
- offering or providing unposted or unadvertised pricing or service based on the buyer's gender or perceived gender identity; provided, however, that this provision does not apply to persons regulated by the office of superintendent of insurance pursuant to the New Mexico Insurance Code; and
- "unconscionable trade practice" means an act or practice in connection with [the sale, lease, rental or loan, or in connection with the offering for sale, lease, rental or loan, of any goods or services, including services provided by licensed professionals, or in the extension of credit or in the collection of debts] trade or commerce that to a person's detriment:
- (1) takes advantage of the lack of knowledge, ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair .229218.1SA

degree; or

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(2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid or value exchanged."

Section 57-12-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1970, SECTION 2. Chapter 38, Section 2) is amended to read:

"57-12-11. CIVIL PENALTY.--In any action brought under Section [49-15-7 NMSA 1953] 57-12-8 NMSA 1978, if the court finds that a person is willfully using or has willfully used a method, act or practice declared unlawful by the Unfair Practices Act, the attorney general, upon petition to the court, may recover on behalf of the state [of New Mexico] a civil penalty [of] not exceeding [five thousand dollars (\$5,000)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation and an additional amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per violation if an unfair or deceptive trade practice or unconscionable trade practice arises out of a disaster or state of emergency as declared by a federal, state or local official. The attorney general may also recover the costs of investigation and enforcement whenever a court imposes a civil liability."

- 6 -