HOUSE FLOOR SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 14

57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; ENACTING THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION
TAX ACT TO IMPOSE AN EXCISE TAX ON ELECTRICITY GENERATED FROM
RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES; REPEALING THE WORKING FAMILIES TAX
CREDIT AND ENACTING THE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT; REPEALING THE
RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION TAX CREDITS PURSUANT TO THE INCOME
TAX ACT AND THE CORPORATE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX ACT AND THE
NEW SOLAR MARKET DEVELOPMENT INCOME TAX CREDIT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 5 of this act may be cited as the "Renewable Energy Production Tax Act".

SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Renewable Energy Production Tax Act:

A. "department" means the taxation and revenue
.231985.3

department;

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- B. "generating facility" means a facility that produces electricity by the use of renewable energy resources; and
- C. "renewable energy resource" means solar, wind, hydropower, geothermal or biomass used as an energy resource. As used in this subsection, "biomass" includes agriculture or animal waste, small diameter timber, salt cedar and other phreatophyte or woody vegetation removed from river basins or watersheds in New Mexico, landfill gas and anaerobically digested waste biomass.
- SECTION 3. [NEW MATERIAL] IMPOSITION OF TAX--RATE-TAXABLE VALUE--DENOMINATION AS "RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION
 TAX".--
- A. For the privilege of generating electricity from renewable energy resources, there is imposed on a generating facility an excise tax equal to three and three-fourths percent of the taxable value of each megawatt-hour, or portion thereof, of electricity generated from renewable energy resources in this state.
- B. The taxable value for electricity generated from renewable energy resources shall be the wholesale value of electricity established by the United States energy information administration for the southwest regional wholesale market. The taxable event occurs when the electricity is generated.

The wholesale value shall be the monthly average wholesale price for the month in which the taxable event occurs.

C. The tax imposed by this section shall be known as the "renewable energy production tax".

SECTION 4. [NEW MATERIAL] EXEMPTIONS.--

- A. Exempted from the renewable energy production tax is electricity produced from renewable energy resources by:
- (1) the United States or any agency, department or instrumentality thereof;
- (2) the state of New Mexico or any political subdivision thereof;
- (3) any Indian nation, tribe or pueblo from activities or transactions occurring on its sovereign territory; or
- (4) any foreign nation or agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof, but only when required by a treaty in force to which the United States is a party.
- B. Exempted from the renewable energy production tax is electricity produced from renewable energy resources for:
- (1) the personal consumption of the producer, including any excess production of electricity not consumed by the producer that does not exceed five hundred kilowatt-hours in a twenty-four-hour period; and

HF1/HTRC/HB 14

	1	(2) electricity consumed in New Mexico.		
	2	SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] DATE PAYMENT DUE The tax		
	3	imposed by the Renewable Energy Production Tax Act is to be		
	4	paid on or before the twenty-fifth day of the month following		
	5	the month in which the taxable event occurs.		
	6	SECTION 6. Section 7-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,		
	7	Chapter 248, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:		
	8	"7-1-2. APPLICABILITYThe Tax Administration Act		
	9	applies to and governs:		
	10	A. the administration and enforcement of the		
	11	following taxes or tax acts as they now exist or may hereafter		
	12	be amended:		
	13	(1) Income Tax Act;		
	14	(2) Withholding Tax Act;		
	15	(3) Oil and Gas Proceeds and Pass-Through		
	16	Entity Withholding Tax Act;		
<u>new</u> delete	17	(4) Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act,		
	18	Interstate Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax Act and Leased		
	19	Vehicle Gross Receipts Tax Act;		
erial	20	(5) Liquor Excise Tax Act;		
mate	21	(6) Local Liquor Excise Tax Act;		
underscored mate	22	(7) any municipal local option gross receipts		
rsc	23	tax or municipal compensating tax;		
unde [bra	24	(8) any county local option gross receipts tax		
•	25	or county compensating tax;		
		.231985.3		

1	(9) Special Fuels Supplier lax Act;			
2	(10) Gasoline Tax Act;			
3	(11) petroleum products loading fee, which fee			
4	shall be considered a tax for the purpose of the Tax			
5	Administration Act;			
6	(12) Alternative Fuel Tax Act;			
7	(13) Cigarette Tax Act;			
8	(14) Estate Tax Act;			
9	(15) Railroad Car Company Tax Act;			
10	(16) Investment Credit Act, rural job tax			
11	credit, Laboratory Partnership with Small Business Tax Credit			
12	Act, Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit			
13	Act, Film Production Tax Credit Act, Affordable Housing Tax			
14	Credit Act and high-wage jobs tax credit;			
15	(17) Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act;			
16	(18) Uniform Division of Income for Tax			
17	Purposes Act;			
18	(19) Multistate Tax Compact;			
19	(20) Tobacco Products Tax Act;			
20	(21) the telecommunications relay service			
21	surcharge imposed by Section 63-9F-11 NMSA 1978, which			
22	surcharge shall be considered a tax for the purposes of the Tax			
23	Administration Act;			
24	(22) the Insurance Premium Tax Act;			
25	(23) the Health Care Quality Surcharge Act;			
	.231985.3			

HF1/HTRC/HB 14

1	(24) the Cannabis Tax Act; [and]
2	(25) the Health Care Delivery and Access Act;
3	<u>and</u>
4	(26) the Renewable Energy Production Tax Act:
5	B. the administration and enforcement of the
6	following taxes, surtaxes, advanced payments or tax acts as
7	they now exist or may hereafter be amended:
8	(1) Resources Excise Tax Act;
9	(2) Severance Tax Act;
10	(3) any severance surtax;
11	(4) Oil and Gas Severance Tax Act;
12	(5) Oil and Gas Conservation Tax Act;
13	(6) Oil and Gas Emergency School Tax Act;
14	(7) Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act;
15	(8) Natural Gas Processors Tax Act;
16	(9) Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad
17	Valorem Tax Act;
18	(10) Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act;
19	(11) any advance payment required to be made
20	by any act specified in this subsection, which advance payment
21	shall be considered a tax for the purposes of the Tax
22	Administration Act;
23	(12) Enhanced Oil Recovery Act;
24	(13) Natural Gas and Crude Oil Production
25	Incentive Act; and
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may hereafter be amended:

	(14) inter	governmenta:	l product:	ion ta	x cred	it
and intergovernme	ental produc	ction equipm	nent tax o	redit	;	
C. th	e administr	ation and e	nforcemen	t of t	the	
following taxes,	surcharges	fees or ac	ts as the	y now	exist	or

- (1) Weight Distance Tax Act;
- (2) the workers' compensation fee authorized by Section 52-5-19 NMSA 1978, which fee shall be considered a tax for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
 - (3) Uniform Unclaimed Property Act (1995);
- (4) 911 emergency surcharge and the network and database surcharge, which surcharges shall be considered taxes for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
- (5) the solid waste assessment fee authorized by the Solid Waste Act, which fee shall be considered a tax for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
- (6) the water conservation fee imposed by Section 74-1-13 NMSA 1978, which fee shall be considered a tax for the purposes of the Tax Administration Act; and
- (7) the gaming tax imposed pursuant to the Gaming Control Act; and
- D. the administration and enforcement of all other laws, with respect to which the department is charged with responsibilities pursuant to the Tax Administration Act, but only to the extent that the other laws do not conflict with the .231985.3

Tax Administration Act."

SECTION 7. Section 7-2-18.15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 45, Section 9, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 7-2-18.15 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"7-2-18.15. [NEW MATERIAL] EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT.--

A. The credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "earned income tax credit". A taxpayer who is an eligible individual may claim the earned income tax credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act in an amount equal to the credit percentage of so much of the taxpayer's earned income for the taxable year as does not exceed the earned income amount; provided that the amount of the credit shall not exceed the excess of:

- (1) the credit percentage of the earned income amount; over
- (2) the phaseout percentage of so much of the adjusted gross income or, if greater, the earned income, of the taxpayer for the taxable year as exceeds the phaseout amount.
- B. The credit percentage and the phaseout percentage shall be determined as follows:

In the case of a taxpayer	The credit	The phaseout
with:	percentage is:	percentage is:
l qualifying child	11.55%	4.55%
2 qualifying children	13.6%	6.15%
3 or more qualifying children	15.3%	6.15%

The phaseout

No qualifying children 2.6% 2.1%.

In the case of a taxpayer

C. Except as provided in Subsections E and F of this section, the earned income amount and the phaseout amount shall be determined as follows:

The earned

_ :		_
with:	income amount	amount is:
	is:	
l qualifying child	\$11,000	\$36,000
2 or more qualifying children	\$15,000	\$40,000
No qualifying children	\$8,000	\$25,000.

- D. For married individuals filing joint returns, the phaseout amount shall be increased by five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- E. Except as provided in Subsection F of this section, if the greater of an eligible individual's earned income or adjusted gross income is less than the earned income amount and the amount of credit is less than one hundred dollars (\$100), the amount of the credit shall be one hundred dollars (\$100).
- F. For the 2026 taxable year and each subsequent taxable year, the earned income amounts and phaseout amounts shown in the table in Subsection C of this section, the amount of credit provided in Subsection E of this section and the phaseout amount provided in Subsection D of this section shall be adjusted to account for inflation. The department shall

make the adjustment by multiplying each amount of credit by a
fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer price index
ending during the prior taxable year and the denominator of
which is the consumer price index ending in taxable year 2025
The result of the multiplication shall be rounded to the
nearest ten dollars (\$10.00), except that if the result would
be an amount less than the corresponding amount for the
preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be made.

- G. The secretary shall reflect the provisions of Subsections B and C of this section in tables that shall have income brackets of not greater than fifty dollars (\$50.00) each for:
- (1) earned income between zero and the amount of earned income at which the credit is phased out under Subsection C of this section; and
- (2) adjusted gross income between the dollar amount at which the phase out begins under Subsection C of this section and the amount of adjusted gross income at which the credit is phased out under that subsection.
- H. That portion of credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed shall be refunded. A refund made to a taxpayer pursuant to this section shall not be treated as income.
- I. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the credit to the department .231985.3

in a manner required by the department.

J. The credit provided by this section shall be included in the tax expenditure budget pursuant to Section 7-1-84 NMSA 1978, including the total annual aggregate cost of the credit.

K. As used in this section:

- (1) "earned income" means "earned income" as defined in 26 U.S.C. 32(c)(2);
- (2) "eligible individual" means a resident who is:
- (a) an "eligible individual" pursuant to the federal earned income tax credit who is eligible to claim the federal earned income tax credit in the taxable year; or
- (b) an individual who would have been eligible for the federal earned income tax credit but for the age requirement pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 32(c)(l)(A)(ii)(II), as that section may be amended or renumbered; provided that the taxpayer is at least eighteen years of age but has not reached the age of twenty-five;
- (3) "federal earned income tax credit" means the federal tax credit allowed pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 32, as that section may be amended or renumbered; and
- (4) "qualifying child" means "qualifying child" as defined by Section 152(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, but

includes any minor child or stepchild of the taxpayer who would be a qualifying child for federal income tax purposes if the public assistance contributing to the support of the child or stepchild was considered to have been contributed by the taxpayer."

SECTION 8. TEMPORARY PROVISION -- EXHAUSTION OF CREDITS. --

A. If a taxpayer has met the eligibility requirements to apply for and claim a credit pursuant to Section 7-2-18.18, 7-2-18.31 or 7-2A-19 NMSA 1978 for a period prior to January 1, 2026, the taxpayer may claim the credit for those periods, including amounts that may be carried forward pursuant to those sections and acts as they were in effect prior to January 1, 2026.

B. If a taxpayer has claimed and been awarded a credit pursuant to Section 7-2-18.18, 7-2-18.31 or 7-2A-19 NMSA 1978 but a portion of the credit claimed remains unused, the taxpayer may claim the unused portion, including amounts that could have been carried forward pursuant to those sections and acts as they were in effect prior to January 1, 2026.

SECTION 9. REPEAL.--Sections 7-2-18.18, 7-2-18.31 and 7-2A-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 204, Section 2, Laws 2020, Chapter 13, Section 1 and Laws 2002, Chapter 59, Section 1, as amended) are repealed effective January 1, 2026.

SECTION 10. APPLICABILITY. --

A. The provisions of Sections 1 through 5 of this .231985.3

act apply to the production of electricity from renewable energy resources beginning on or after July 1, 2025.

B. The provisions of Section 7 of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

SECTION 11. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of Sections 1 through 6 of this act is July 1, 2025.

- 13 -