LFC Requestor: MONTANO, Noah

2025 LEGISLATIVE SESSION AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS

Section I: General

Chamber: House Category: Bill
Number: HB412 Type: Introduced _

Date (of **THIS** analysis): 02/13/2025 **Sponsor(s)**: Armstrong, Vincent, Jones

Short Title: Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Licensure Compact

Reviewing Agency: Agency 665 - Department of Health

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Section II: Fiscal Impact

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Appropriation Contained		Recurring or	Fund
FY 25	FY 26	Nonrecurring	Affected
\$0	\$0	N/A	N/A

REVENUE (dollars in thousands)

Estimated Revenue			Recurring or	
FY 25	FY 26	FY 27	Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
\$	\$	\$		

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY 25	FY 26	FY 27	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Non- recurring	Fund Affected
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		

Section III: Relationship to other legislation

Duplicates: None

Conflicts with: None

Companion to: None

Relates to: None

Duplicates/Relates to an Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act: No

Section IV: Narrative

1. BILL SUMMARY

a) Synopsis

House Bill 412 (HB412) proposes to create the Emergency Medical Services Personnel Licensure Compact.

Key provisions of HB412:

- Allows EMS personnel who are licensed in a compact state to provide services in other states subject to each compact member's state law and regulations.
- Provides requirements for the home state to be able to participate in the compact.
- Outlines how adverse actions against an EMS license holder are handled.
- Establishes an interstate commission for EMS personnel services and invests rulemaking authority in the interstate commission.
- Establishes a coordinated database system which contains licensure, adverse action, and information on investigations related to all licensed individuals in a member state.
- Outlines a dispute resolution and enforcement provision in the event of a dispute between member states.

Is this an amendment or substitution? \square Yes \boxtimes	No
Is there an emergency clause? \square Yes \boxtimes No	

b) Significant Issues

HB412 proposes that an individual that is licensed in their "home" state may have privilege to practice in another compact state as long as their home state meets the following four standards in issuing a license:

- 1) that the home state requires the use of the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technician (NREMT) certification exam for all levels of emergency medical technicians (EMT), including paramedic;
- 2) has a mechanism for receiving complaints;
- 3) will notify the compact's commission of licensure investigation or discipline of an individual, and
- 4) performs a NCIC criminal background check.
- There needs to be a mechanism to address how an individual maintains their license in their home state. If an individual from their home state were to come to New Mexico to practice, a procedure would need to be established to ensure the person had acquired continuing education to renew their license, or if any other requirements of maintenance or licensure renewal exists in the home state.
- An individual licensed in a compact state will have the privilege to practice in another compact state if the individual is 1) 18 years of age, 2) has an unrestricted license in their

home state as an EMT or paramedic, and 3) is practicing under the supervision of a medical director.

- o HB412 does not indicate if this medical director must be from the state in which they are exercising their privilege to practice, or if they may continue to practice under the medical direction of a physician from their home state.
- While the compact requires the home state to use the NREMT exam as a licensing exam
 for the Basic and advanced emergency medical technician (AEMT)/Intermediate level, it
 does not address further education standards for the home state EMS Program from
 which the individual graduated. An individual must have graduated from a nationally
 accredited paramedic program to take the NREMT paramedic exam; however, there is no
 accreditation requirement for individuals taking the NREMT exams for advanced EMT
 or basic EMT.
 - o In New Mexico, all levels of EMT and paramedic education are required to originate from EMS educational programs that have received national accreditation. The same guarantee of quality education is not required by the compact. It is important to determine whether the program was taught by an educational institution or by an individual with no quality assurance.
- The compact language on page 7 line 25 appears to require a remote state recognizes an individual's privilege to practice. It is not clear if the compact would allow New Mexico to require New Mexico EMS licensure to practice here, nor is it clear that an individual must have a New Mexico physician to provide medical direction. Current statute requires both for an EMT or paramedic to practice in NM.
- There is no notification requirement of the NM DOH's EMS Bureau of an individual exercising their privilege to practice in our state, which is not consistent with other caregiver compacts, such as the nursing compact, which require notification of the licensing and regulatory entity.
- There are statutes and regulations in place that require the NMDOH to use due diligence to assure the quality of EMS education, scopes of practice, veterans and other EMS caregivers seeking reciprocity from other states, medical direction, data, and scopes of practice.
- The International Association of Fire Fighters has a publication addressing their concerns regarding this legislation; this can be found at https://www.iaff.org/wp-content/uploads/Talking-Points-REPLICA.pdf.

2 PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

RFURMANCE IMPLICATIONS
 Does this bill impact the current delivery of NMDOH services or operations?
□ Yes ⊠ No
If yes, describe how.
• Is this proposal related to the NMDOH Strategic Plan? \square Yes \boxtimes No
☐ Goal 1: We expand equitable access to services for all New Mexicans
☐ Goal 2: We ensure safety in New Mexico healthcare environments
☐ Goal 3: We improve health status for all New Mexicans
☐ Goal 4: We support each other by promoting an environment of mutual respect, trust,
open communication, and needed resources for staff to serve New Mexicans and to grow
and reach their professional goals

3. FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

	\square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A
	• If there is an appropriation, is it included in the LFC Budget Request?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A
	 Does this bill have a fiscal impact on NMDOH? ☐ Yes ☒ No
4.	ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS Will this bill have an administrative impact on NMDOH? ⊠ Yes □ No The NM DOH Bureau will not have the opportunity to vet EMS caregivers from other states.
	The TVV DOTT Bureau will not have the opportunity to vet EVIS emegivers from other states.
5.	DUPLICATION, CONFLICT, COMPANIONSHIP OR RELATIONSHIP None
6.	TECHNICAL ISSUES
	Are there technical issues with the bill? \square Yes \boxtimes No
7.	 LEGAL/REGULATORY ISSUES (OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES) Will administrative rules need to be updated or new rules written? ☐ Yes ☒ No Have there been changes in federal/state/local laws and regulations that make this legislation necessary (or unnecessary)? ☐ Yes ☒ No Does this bill conflict with federal grant requirements or associated regulations? ☐ Yes ☒ No Are there any legal problems or conflicts with existing laws, regulations, policies, or programs? ☒ Yes ☐ No NMSA 24-10B and NMAC 7.27.2 already governs licensure of EMS personnel in New Mexico. HB412 would interfere with the ability of New Mexico to monitor all EMS personnel practicing in New Mexico.
8.	DISPARITIES ISSUES
	None
9.	HEALTH IMPACT(S) None
10.	ALTERNATIVES None
11.	WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL? If HB417 is not enacted, current statute and rule will continue to allow regulation of the New

Mexico EMS industry by New Mexico's Department of Health, and the interstate EMS

• If there is an appropriation, is it included in the Executive Budget Request?

12. AMENDMENTS

Compact will not go into effect.

None