1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO ELECTIONS; AMENDING THE ELECTION CODE; DIRECTING	
3	RULEMAKING TO DESIGNATE A PUBLIC OFFICIAL'S HOME ADDRESS IN	
4	PUBLIC FILINGS AS CONFIDENTIAL; SPECIFYING WHEN THE	
5	INSPECTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLIES TO DISCLOSURES	
6	PURSUANT TO THE ELECTION CODE; AMENDING AND ENACTING	
7	DEFINITIONS; ALLOWING ELECTRONIC NOMINATING PETITION	
8	SIGNATURES; CREATING AN ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM; REQUIRING	
9	THE USE OF FORMS APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE;	
10	REQUIRING SERVICE OF PROCESS ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR	
11	ELECTION-RELATED LITIGATION; ADDRESSING QUALIFICATIONS OF	
12	ELECTION BOARD MEMBERS; REVISING ELECTION BOARD AND MESSENGER	
13	COMPENSATION; REQUIRING TRAINING FOR CHALLENGERS AND	
14	WATCHERS; REQUIRING VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR	
15	A PROGRAM TO RECONCILE VOTER REGISTRATION LISTS; ALLOWING FOR	
16	AN ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE; ADJUSTING VOTER	
17	REGISTRATION PROCESSING PROCEDURES; AMENDING REQUIREMENTS FOR	
18	REGISTRATION AT VOTING LOCATIONS PRIOR TO VOTING; REVISING	
19	PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR MAILED BALLOTS, ABSENTEE	
20	BALLOTS AND MILITARY OVERSEAS BALLOTS; AMENDING THE INTIMATE	
21	PARTNER VIOLENCE SURVIVOR SUFFRAGE ACT; ADJUSTING TIME FRAMES	
22	TO FILL A VACANCY ON THE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT; AMENDING	
23	THE PRIMARY ELECTION LAW; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR	
24	NOMINATIONS AND CANDIDATES; AMENDING VOTING SYSTEMS	
25	REQUIREMENTS; ADDRESSING BALLOT PREPARATION; ADDRESSING	2

1 MAINTENANCE OF BALLOT BOXES AND MONITORED SECURED CONTAINERS; 2 CORRECTING AND PRESCRIBING THE ORDER OF OFFICES ON BALLOTS; 3 REQUIRING THE SENDING OF A NOTICE OF ELECTION; AMENDING PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE CERTIFICATION OF VOTING MACHINES; 4 5 ADDRESSING PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; ADDRESSING THE COUNTING AND DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS; ADDRESSING POST-ELECTION 6 DUTIES; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPOUNDMENT OF BALLOTS, 7 8 AUDITS, VOTING MACHINE RECHECKS AND RECOUNTS; REVISING TIME 9 FRAMES FOR REFERENDUM PETITIONS; RECOMPILING A SECTION 10 AUTHORIZING LEGISLATIVE CAUCUS COMMITTEES INTO THE CAMPAIGN REPORTING ACT; REVISING ELECTION-RELATED CRIMES; AMENDING THE 11 LOCAL ELECTION ACT; AMENDING THE LOBBYIST REGULATION ACT; 12 AUTHORIZING TAXPAYER INFORMATION TO BE REVEALED TO THE 13 SECRETARY OF STATE FOR PURPOSES OF MAINTAINING VOTER 14 15 REGISTRATION RECORDS; AMENDING THE CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS ACT; MAKING TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING CHANGES; 16 AMENDING, REPEALING, ENACTING AND RECOMPILING SECTIONS OF THE 17 NMSA 1978. 18

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
 21 SECTION 1. A new section of the Election Code is
 22 enacted to read:

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"PUBLIC OFFICIAL HOME ADDRESS CONFIDENTIALITY- RULEMAKING.--The secretary of state shall promulgate rules to
 allow an elected or appointed public official to designate as SB 180 Page 2

1 confidential the public official's home address as stated in 2 election- and financial-related disclosures filed with the 3 secretary of state or county clerks. A home address 4 designated as confidential pursuant to this section is exempt 5 from disclosure pursuant to an Inspection of Public Records 6 Act request and shall not be published on a governmental 7 website. Nothing in this section or the secretary of state's 8 rule shall prohibit the disclosure of the public official's 9 home address if relevant to a judicial proceeding." 10 SECTION 2. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 11 12 "REAL-TIME SYNCHRONIZATION.--As used in the Election 13 Code, "real-time synchronization" means that the internet 14 connection at a voting location is able to synchronize voting 15 data with the office of the county clerk in real time." 16 SECTION 3. Section 1-1-5.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 17 Chapter 356, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read: 18 "1-1-5.2. DEFINITION OF A VOTE--MACHINE-TABULATED--19 HAND-TALLIED--WRITE-IN.--20 A. For a candidate contest or ballot question that 21 is machine-tabulated on a vote tabulation system certified 22 for use in this state, a vote shall be counted if the: 23 (1) voter's selection of a candidate or 24 answer to a ballot question is indicated in the voting 25 response area of the paper ballot; and

ballot is marked in accordance with the 1 (2) 2 instructions for that ballot type. 3 B. For a candidate contest or ballot question that is hand-tallied, a vote shall be counted if: 4 5 (1)the ballot is marked in accordance with 6 the instructions for that ballot type; 7 (2)the preferred candidate's name or answer 8 to a ballot question is circled; 9 (3) there is a distinct marking, such as a 10 cross or check, within the voting response area for the 11 preferred candidate or answer to a ballot question; or 12 (4) the presiding judge and election judges 13 hand-tallying the ballot unanimously agree that the voter's 14 intent is clearly discernable. 15 C. For a candidate contest in which there is a 16 declared write-in candidate and a write-in vote is cast, the 17 write-in vote shall be counted if the name is: 18 (1) the name of a declared write-in 19 candidate for that office and position and is on the proper 20 line provided for a write-in vote for that office and 21 position; and 22 (2) written as first and last name; first 23 name, middle name or initial and last name; one or two 24 initials and last name; or last name alone if there is no 25 SB 180 other declared write-in candidate for the office or position Page 4

1 that is the same or so similar as to tend to confuse the 2 candidates' identities; provided that: 3 (a) when the presiding judge and 4 election judges reviewing the write-in vote unanimously agree 5 that the voter's intent is clearly discernable, an 6 abbreviation, misspelling or other minor variation in the 7 form of the name of a declared write-in candidate shall be 8 accepted as a valid vote; and 9 (b) as used in this subsection, 10 "write-in" and "written" do not include the imprinting of any 11 name by stamp or similar method or device or the use of a 12 stencil or a preprinted sticker or label." 13 SECTION 4. Section 1-1-7.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, 14 Chapter 228, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: 15 "1-1-7.2. PETITIONS--NOMINATIONS--SIGNATURES TO BE 16 COUNTED . --17 A. A person who signs a nominating petition shall 18 sign only one petition for the same office unless more than 19 one candidate is to be elected to that office, and in that 20 case, a person may sign not more than the number of 21 nominating petitions equal to the number of candidates to be 22 elected to the office. 23 B. A person who signs a nominating petition shall 24 indicate the person's registration address. If the person 25 SB 180 does not have a standard street address, the person may

provide the mailing address as shown on the person's
 certificate of registration.

C. A signature shall be counted on a nominating petition unless there is evidence presented that the petition does not provide the information required by the nominating petition for each person signing or the person signing:

7 (1) is not a voter of the state, district,
8 county or area to be represented by the office for which the
9 person seeking the nomination is a candidate;

10 (2) has signed more than one petition for 11 the same office, except as provided in Subsection A of this 12 section, and if the person has signed more than one petition 13 for the same office and in the same election cycle, none of 14 the challenged signatures from that person shall count toward 15 the total number of signatures required for any candidate for 16 that office;

17 (3) has signed one petition more than once, 18 in which case only one signature from that person shall count 19 toward the total number of signatures required for that 20 candidate for office;

(4) in a primary election, is not of the same political party as the candidate named in the nominating petition as shown by the signer's certificate of registration; or

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(5) is not the person whose name appears on SB 180

the nominating petition.

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D. The procedures set forth in this section shall be used to validate signatures on any petition required by the Election Code, except that Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of this section shall not apply to petitions filed by unaffiliated candidates or petitions filed by candidates of minor political parties.

8 E. No later than January 1, 2024, the secretary of 9 state shall implement a secure internet application, in 10 addition to the paper circulation process, to gather 11 electronic signatures in accordance with rules developed by 12 the secretary of state. The secure internet application 13 shall provide for the ability to verify that a person signing 14 the petition is a registered voter and is eligible to sign 15 the petition for a particular candidate."

SECTION 5. Section 1-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-16. REGISTRATION OFFICER.--As used in the Election Code, "registration officer" means the secretary of state, a county clerk, a clerk's authorized deputy, a clerk-authorized member of an election board or a state employee performing registration duties in accordance with the federal National Voter Registration Act of 1993 or Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

24 SECTION 6. A new Section 1-1-27 NMSA 1978 is enacted to 25 read:

"1-1-27. PUBLIC RECORDS--DISCLOSURE--PROCEDURE.--1 2 Where the Election Code provides for disclosure Α. 3 or nondisclosure of public records relating to elections, the 4 provisions of the Election Code shall apply, and the 5 provisions of the Inspection of Public Records Act shall not 6 be applicable to the disclosure or nondisclosure. 7 Β. For any public records relating to elections 8 where the Election Code does not provide for disclosure or 9 nondisclosure of the public records, the provisions of the 10 Inspection of Public Records Act shall apply." 11 SECTION 7. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 2 NMSA 12 1978 is enacted to read: 13 "ELECTION-RELATED ORGANIZATION--REGISTRATION 14 REQUIRED.--An election-related organization shall 15 register with the secretary of state at least seventy days 16 before a regularly scheduled statewide election or forty-two 17 days before a special election or an election to fill a 18 vacancy in the United States house of representatives." 19 SECTION 8. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 2 NMSA 20 1978 is enacted to read: 21 "ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM--GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.--22 Α. The secretary of state shall maintain an 23 elections security program within the bureau of elections. 24 The program shall have the general responsibility of advising

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the secretary of state, county clerks and the voting system SB 180 Page 8 certification committee regarding voting system and cybersecurity requirements and ensuring their implementation and shall be the primary liaison working with federal oversight and intelligence agencies regarding elections-critical infrastructure.

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Β. The elections security program may conduct assessments, inspections and incident response in relation to networks and equipment deemed to be elections-critical infrastructure, both at the state and county levels.

C. The elections security program shall monitor 11 the functionality of voting systems certified for use in the 12 state to ensure compliance with the security requirements 13 provided for in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978 and 14 administrative rules adopted pursuant to that article.

Documents and communications related to D. election security or that could put elections-critical infrastructure at risk are exempt from disclosure.

18 E. As used in this section, "elections-critical 19 infrastructure" means those assets, systems and networks, 20 whether physical or virtual, that are considered so vital to 21 elections in this state that their infiltration, 22 incapacitation or destruction would have a debilitating 23 effect on the administration of elections, the secrecy of the 24 ballot and the efficient reporting of accurate results for 25 SB 180 any election conducted pursuant to the Election Code."

1	SECTION 9. Section 1-2-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,	
2	Chapter 240, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read:	
3	"1-2-1. SECRETARY OF STATECHIEF ELECTION OFFICER	
4	RULES	
5	A. The secretary of state is the chief election	
6	officer of the state.	
7	B. The secretary of state shall:	
8	(1) obtain and maintain uniformity in the	
9	application, operation and interpretation of the Election	
10	Code; and	
11	(2) subject to the State Rules Act, make	
12	rules pursuant to the provisions of, and necessary to carry	
13	out the purposes of, the Election Code and shall furnish to	
14	the county clerks copies of such rules; provided that no rule	
15	is adopted or amended within the sixty-three days before a	
16	primary or a general election.	
17	C. No forms or procedures shall be used in any	
18	election held pursuant to the Election Code without prior	
19	approval of the secretary of state. If a form is authorized	
20	or required by the Election Code and issued or approved by	
21	the secretary of state, only the form issued or approved by	
22	the secretary may be used."	
23	SECTION 10. A new Section 1-2-1.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted	
24	to read:	
25	"1-2-1.2. SECRETARY OF STATESERVICE OF PROCESS	SB 180 Page 10

ACTIONS RELATED TO ELECTIONS. -- For the purposes of any action 1 2 filed in court challenging a procedure or provision of the 3 Election Code, a petition or a candidacy or a post-election 4 action initiated by any person, the secretary of state shall 5 receive service of process, regardless of whether the 6 secretary of state is a party to the action." SECTION 11. Section 1-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 7 8 Chapter 240, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read: 9 "1-2-7. ELECTION BOARD--QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS--10 QUALIFICATION OF PRESIDING JUDGES--QUALIFICATION OF QUALIFIED 11 RESIDENTS.--12 In order to qualify for appointment by the Α. 13 county clerk as a member of the election board, a person 14 shall: 15 (1) be a voter of the county in which the 16 person is appointed to serve; 17 be able to read and write; (2) 18 (3) have the necessary capacity to carry out 19 an election board member's functions with acceptable skill 20 and dispatch; and 21 (4) execute the election board member's oath 22 of office. 23 Before serving as a presiding judge of an Β. 24 election board, a person shall receive training in the duties 25 SB 180 of that position by the county clerk. Page 11

1	C. No person shall be qualified for appointment or	
2	service on an election board:	
3	(1) who is a candidate to be voted for at	
4	the election;	
5	(2) who is a spouse, domestic partner,	
6	parent, child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted	
7	for at the election;	
8	(3) who is married to a parent, child,	
9	brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the	
10	election or who is the parent of the spouse or domestic	
11	partner of any candidate to be voted for at the election; or	
12	(4) who is a sheriff, deputy sheriff,	
13	marshal, deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer.	
14	D. A county clerk may appoint qualified residents	
15	to serve on an election board under the direct supervision of	
16	the presiding judge. A qualified resident appointed by the	
17	county clerk shall:	
18	(1) meet the qualifications set forth in	
19	Paragraphs (2) through (4) of Subsection A of this section;	
20	and	
21	(2) be sixteen or seventeen years of age at	
22	the time of the election in which the qualified resident is	
23	serving as a member of an election board.	
24	E. A qualified resident appointed to an election	
25	board shall not serve as the presiding judge or as an	SB 180 Page 12

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election judge."

2 SECTION 12. Section 1-2-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 3 Chapter 240, Section 32, as amended) is amended to read: 4 "1-2-12. ELECTION BOARD -- POSITIONS ON EACH BOARD --5 Α. Each election board shall consist of: 6 (1) a presiding judge; 7 (2) two election judges; and 8 (3) election clerks who are appointed to 9 assist the presiding judge and election judges. 10 Β. The county clerk shall appoint presiding judges 11 and election judges so that not more than two of the three 12 judges belong to the same political party at the time of 13 their appointment; provided that: 14 (1) a judge of an election board shall not 15 have changed party registration in the two years next 16 preceding the judge's appointment in such a manner that the 17 judge's prior party registration would make the judge 18 ineligible to serve on the assigned election board; and 19 a judge of an election board shall not (2) 20 continue to serve on an election board if the judge changes 21 party registration after the date of appointment in such a 22 manner to make the judge ineligible to serve on the assigned 23 election board. 24

C. The county clerk may appoint teams of election
judges under the supervision of one or more presiding judges SB 180

for absent voter precincts, recounts and special elections; 1 2 provided that each team shall consist of two election judges 3 and that each election judge on a team shall not belong to 4 the same political party as any other election judge on the 5 team at the time of the appointment; and provided further 6 that an election judge shall not have changed party 7 registration in the two years next preceding the judge's 8 appointment in such manner that the judge's prior party 9 registration would make the judge ineligible to serve on the 10 assigned team.

D. The county clerk may appoint election clerks to an election board as necessary to assist the presiding judge and election judges if the county clerk determines that additional election board members are needed.

E. County clerk employees may be assigned by the county clerk to provide support to an election board or polling location."

SECTION 13. Section 1-2-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 36, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-2-16. ELECTION BOARD--MESSENGERS--COMPENSATION.--

A. Members of an election board and messengers shall be compensated for their services at an hourly rate set by the secretary of state; provided that the rate in each county shall not be less than the federal minimum hourly wage rate nor more than four hundred dollars (\$400) for an

election day; and provided further that the rate may differentiate among the presiding judge, election judges, election clerks and messengers. Election board members and messengers shall be paid for training and may additionally be paid mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act each way over the usually traveled route when an election board member or messenger travels by private vehicle.

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B. Members of an election board and messengers
assigned to alternate voting or alternate mobile voting
locations or absent voter precincts may be compensated at an
hourly rate set by the county clerk.

12 C. Compensation shall be paid within thirty days13 following the date of election.

D. For purposes of determining eligibility for
membership in the public employees retirement association and
pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of Section 10-11-3
NMSA 1978, election board members and messengers are
designated as seasonal employees."

SECTION 14. Section 1-2-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
Chapter 240, Section 39, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-20. MESSENGERS--APPOINTMENT.--

A. The county clerk may appoint messengers to
deliver ballot boxes, poll books, keys, election supplies and
other materials pertaining to the election. Messengers may
also be authorized to collect mailed ballots from polling SB 180

places or monitored secured containers and removable media storage devices from polling places and deliver each to locations designated by the county clerk.

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Messengers shall take an oath of office before Β. entering into service as a messenger. No person shall serve as a messenger unless the person would also meet the requirements to be a challenger, watcher or election observer pursuant to Paragraphs (1) through (4) and (6) of Subsection C of Section 1-2-22 NMSA 1978. Messengers may be appointed to serve solely in that capacity or may be election board members or county employees also appointed to serve as messengers."

13 SECTION 15. Section 1-2-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read:

15 CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS AND ELECTION OBSERVERS--"1-2-22. 16 TRAINING--QUALIFICATIONS--RESTRICTIONS.--

17 Before accepting an appointment or entering Α. 18 into service as a challenger or watcher for an election, a 19 person shall attend a training session in advance of that 20 election. The training shall be provided by the county clerk 21 based on a uniform curriculum provided by the secretary of 22 The county clerk shall offer the training between state. 23 thirty-six and twenty-nine days before the election and at 24 least once per week prior to the election through the 25 Thursday before election day. At the end of the training

1 session, each person in attendance shall sign a form provided 2 by the secretary of state indicating an understanding of the 3 permitted and prohibited activities by challengers and 4 watchers. The county clerk shall provide a certificate to 5 each person who completes the training in advance of an 6 election and shall keep and maintain in the office of the 7 county clerk a list of those voters who have completed the 8 training in advance of each election. The list shall be 9 available to be viewed in the office of the county clerk at 10 any time during the regular hours and days of business 11 beginning with the first day following the first training for 12 an election and concluding with the adjournment of the state 13 or county canvass board for that election, whichever is 14 later. The training shall be open to any interested person, 15 and the county clerk shall post notice of each training at 16 least four days before the training is to be held.

Challengers shall be voters of a precinct Β. 18 located in the county to which the challenger is appointed. 19 Watchers shall be voters of a precinct in this state.

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20 C. A person shall not be qualified for appointment 21 or service as a challenger, watcher or election observer if 22 the person:

23 (1)is a candidate for any office to be 24 voted for at the election;

> SB 180 is a spouse, domestic partner, parent, (2)

child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at 2 the election;

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is married to a parent, child, brother (3) or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the election or is the parent of the spouse or domestic partner of any candidate to be voted for at the election;

7 (4) is a sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, 8 deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer;

9 has accepted an appointment to serve as (5) 10 an election board member in the same election;

11 has been removed from service as a (6) 12 challenger, watcher, election observer or county canvass 13 observer in the current or immediately preceding election 14 cycle by unanimous vote of the presiding judge and election 15 judges of an election board for violating the permitted or 16 prohibited activities of challengers, watchers, election 17 observers or county canvass observers; provided that the 18 election board detailed with reasonable specificity the 19 conduct that led to the violation on a form prescribed by the 20 secretary of state and the form is retained by the county 21 clerk; or

22 (7) for challengers and watchers, has not 23 completed the training and received a certificate from the 24 county clerk pursuant to Subsection A of this section."

> SB 180 SECTION 16. Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,

Chapter 255, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read: 1 2 "1-3-4. CONSOLIDATION OF PRECINCTS--VOTER CONVENIENCE 3 CENTERS . --4 The board of county commissioners shall Α. 5 establish voter convenience centers through the use of 6 consolidated precincts for voting in a statewide election. 7 Β. When precincts are consolidated and voter 8 convenience centers are established for statewide elections: 9 (1) the resolution required by Section 1-3-210 NMSA 1978, in addition to the other matters required by law, 11 shall state therein which precincts have been consolidated 12 and the location of the voter convenience center within that 13 consolidated precinct; 14 (2) any voter of the county shall be allowed 15 to vote on a regular ballot at any voter convenience center 16 in the county; 17 each voter convenience center shall be a (3) 18 consolidated precinct composed of no more than ten precincts; 19 (4) each voter convenience center shall 20 comply with the provisions of Section 1-3-7 NMSA 1978; 21 (5) each voter convenience center shall have 22 a broadband internet connection and real-time synchronization 23 to access the voter registration electronic management 24 system; 25 (6) the county clerk may maintain any

alternate voting locations or mobile alternate voting locations previously used in the same election open for voting on election day as a voter convenience center, in addition to the voter convenience center established within each consolidated precinct; provided that the locations otherwise meet the requirements of a voter convenience center; and

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8 (7) the board of county commissioners may
9 permit certain precincts to be exempted from operating as a
10 voter convenience center or being a part of a consolidated
11 precinct if the precinct is designated as a mail ballot
12 election precinct pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978.

C. Unless the county clerk receives a written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived, each voter convenience center shall:

17 (1) have ballots available for voters from 18 every precinct authorized to vote at that voter convenience 19 center;

20 (2) have at least one optical scan tabulator 21 programmed to read every ballot style able to be cast at that 22 voter convenience center;

23 (3) have at least one voting system
24 available to assist disabled voters to cast and record their
25 votes;
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1 (4) have sufficient spaces for at least five 2 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, 3 with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 4 have sufficient check-in stations to (5) 5 accommodate voters throughout the day as provided in Section 6 1-9-5 NMSA 1978; 7 (6) have a secure area for storage of 8 preprinted ballots or for storage of paper ballot stock and a 9 system designed to print ballots; 10 issue a ballot to voters who have (7) 11 provided the required voter identification after the voter 12 has signed a signature roster or an electronic equivalent 13 approved by the voting system certification committee or 14 after the voter has subscribed an application to vote on a 15 form approved by the secretary of state; and 16 (8) be in a location that is accessible and 17 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with 18 Disabilities Act of 1990." 19 SECTION 17. Section 1-4-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, 20 Chapter 145, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read: 21 "1-4-1.1. AUTHORIZATION TO VERIFY VOTER REGISTRATION 22 INFORMATION -- INVESTIGATION AND RECONCILIATION .--23 Α. The secretary of state may: 24 provide to the chief election officer of (1) 25 SB 180 another state or a consortium of chief election officers of Page 21 1 other states information that is requested, including social 2 security numbers, dates of birth, driver's licenses and 3 identification card numbers and other information that the secretary of state deems necessary for the chief election 4 5 officer of that state or for the consortium to maintain a 6 voter registration list, if the secretary of state is 7 satisfied that the information provided pursuant to this 8 paragraph will be used only for the maintenance of that voter 9 registration list; and

request from the chief election officer (2) of another state or a consortium of chief election officers 12 of other states information that the secretary of state deems 13 necessary to maintain the statewide voter registration list.

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14 Β. The secretary of state may enter into a written 15 agreement with an agency or political subdivision of this 16 state or with a department of the federal government pursuant 17 to which the state agency, political subdivision or federal 18 department shall provide to the secretary of state 19 information that is in the possession of the state agency, 20 political subdivision or federal department and that the 21 secretary of state deems necessary to maintain the statewide 22 voter registration list.

23 С. The secretary of state shall enter into a 24 written agreement with the secretary of taxation and revenue 25 to match information in the database of the voter

registration electronic management system with information in the database of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department to the extent required to enable each official to verify the accuracy of the information provided on applications for voter registration. Upon the execution of the written agreement, the secretary of taxation and revenue shall enter into an agreement with the federal commissioner of social security pursuant to 52 U.S.C. Section 21083, for the purpose of verifying applicable information.

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10 The secretary of state shall provide to the D. 11 appropriate county clerk in this state and to no other person 12 necessary information or documentation received by the 13 secretary of state from or through an agency or political 14 subdivision of this state, a federal department, the chief 15 election officer of another state or a consortium of chief 16 election officers of other states that calls into question 17 the information provided on a certificate of registration; 18 that raises questions regarding the status of a person 19 registered to vote in this state; or that suggests that a 20 voter may have voted in two states during the same election. 21 The county clerk shall not disclose information received from 22 the secretary of state pursuant to this subsection except as 23 necessary to complete an investigation pursuant to this 24 The county clerk shall investigate or reconcile the section. 25 SB 180 information received from the secretary of state.

1 Ε. The secretary of state shall develop a general 2 program that is uniform and nondiscriminatory for county 3 clerks to investigate and reconcile the information received 4 from the secretary of state and to identify voters who may be 5 eligible for cancellation from the statewide voter 6 registration list. The general program shall describe the 7 best practices and requirements for investigating and 8 reconciling information that is derived from comparisons of 9 different databases, including safeguards to ensure that 10 eligible voters are not removed in error from the official 11 list of voters, and provide a procedure to cancel 12 certificates of registration for voters:

(1) confirmed to have voted in another state requiring residence in that state if previous to the out-of-state vote, the voter was registered to vote in this state; or

17 (2) confirmed to be on the social security
18 master death index file."

SECTION 18. Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 66, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-4-8. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--ACCEPTANCE OF
REGISTRATION--CLOSE OF REGISTRATION--LATE REGISTRATION.-Except for qualified electors who register to vote or update
a certificate of registration at a voting location prior to
voting pursuant to Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978, for qualified SB 180

electors seeking to register to vote or update an existing voter registration in the state, the following provisions shall apply:

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A. to participate in an election, the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration is twenty-eight days prior to that election;

7 B. the county clerk shall receive certificates of 8 registration at all times during normal working hours, except 9 that the clerk shall not process any certificate of 10 registration subscribed and sworn beginning the first 11 business day after the deadline to register to vote or update 12 an existing voter registration before an election if the 13 residential address on the certificate of registration 14 indicates that the registration is for a:

15 (1) statewide election, within the county; 16 or 17 (2) special election, within any precinct.

17 (2) special election, within any precinct in 18 the county in which votes may be cast in the special 19 election;

20 C. between the deadline to register to vote or
21 update an existing voter registration through the day of the
22 election, the county clerk shall process all:

23 (1) new voter registrations that meet the 24 requirements of this section;

(2) updates to existing voter registrations SB 180

in this state that meet the requirements of this section; provided that an update to an existing registration in this state shall not be processed if the voter has requested or been sent a ballot in the election, unless the voter executes an affidavit stating that the voter has not and will not vote the ballot that was issued and the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the voter has been cast in the election; and

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9 pending cancellations of existing voter (3) 10 registrations in this state through the day of the election; 11 provided that a cancellation of an existing voter 12 registration shall not be processed if the voter has 13 requested or been sent a ballot in the election;

14 D. certificates of registration and cancellations 15 of existing voter registrations not processed pursuant to 16 Subsection B or C of this section may be processed beginning 17 the Monday following an election and shall be processed 18 beginning no later than the first business day after the 19 approval of the county canvass report for that election, at 20 which time a voter information document shall be mailed to 21 the registrant at the address shown on the certificate of 22 registration; provided that if there is a subsequent election 23 scheduled at which a qualified elector or voter would be 24 eligible to vote if the certificate of registration were SB 180 25 processed on an earlier date, the certificate of registration

for that qualified elector or voter shall be processed by the county clerk on a day and in a manner to ensure the ability of the qualified elector or voter to vote in the subsequent election;

E. when the deadline to register to vote or update
an existing voter registration prior to an election referred
to in this section is a Saturday, Sunday or state holiday,
registration certificates shall be accepted through the next
succeeding business day for the office of the county clerk;
and

F. the county clerk shall accept for filing and process any certificate of registration that is subscribed and dated on or before the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an election and:

16 (1) received by the county clerk by the end 17 of the last regular business day of the week for the office 18 of the county clerk immediately following the deadline to 19 register to vote or update an existing voter registration 20 prior to an election;

(2) mailed and postmarked on or before the day of the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to any election referred to in this section; or

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(3) accepted at a state agency designated SB 180

pursuant to Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

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SECTION 19. Section 1-4-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 67, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-11. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--UPON RECEIPT OF CERTIFICATES.--

6 A. Upon receipt of a complete certificate of 7 registration, if the certificate of registration is in proper 8 form, the county clerk shall determine if the qualified 9 elector applying for registration is already registered in 10 the registration records of the county. If the qualified 11 elector is not already registered in the county and if the 12 certificate of registration is received within the time 13 allowed by law for filing certificates of registration in the 14 county clerk's office, the county clerk shall sign or stamp, 15 in the space provided therefor on each copy of the 16 certificate, the qualified elector's name and the date the 17 certificate was accepted for filing in the county 18 registration records. Voter information shall be handed or 19 mailed immediately to the qualified elector and to no other 20 person.

B. If the applicant's certificate of registration
is rejected for any reason, the county clerk shall stamp or
write the word "rejected" on the new certificate of
registration and hand or mail it, if possible, to the
applicant with an explanation of why the new certificate of

registration was rejected and what remedial action, if any, the applicant must take to bring the registration up to date or into compliance with the Election Code.

C. The county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's 6 name, address and date of birth, along with a signature or usual mark. If the qualified elector is a new voter, the 8 county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's driver's 10 license or state identification number issued by the motor 11 vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department, 12 social security number or last four digits of the qualified 13 elector's social security number. The county clerk shall 14 reject any certificate of registration in which the question 15 regarding citizenship is not answered or is answered in the 16 negative.

17 D. A full social security number is required to 18 finish processing a new voter registration in this state. If 19 the certificate of registration does not contain a social 20 security number, the county clerk shall ascertain the 21 qualified elector's social security number from the qualified 22 elector's previous certificate of registration, from the 23 motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department 24 or from the secretary of state.

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SB 180 Ε. If the county clerk rejects a certificate of

1 registration because required information is not provided on 2 the certificate or cannot ascertain the qualified elector's 3 social security number, the county clerk shall indicate this 4 on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and 5 shall make the appropriate notation in the voter file, 6 indicating that the voter is required to provide the full 7 social security number prior to receiving a ballot and, until 8 it is provided, may only vote on a provisional ballot. The 9 provisional ballot shall be counted if the required 10 information is provided or the voter's full social security 11 number is ascertained during the period for counting 12 provisional ballots, including any appeals provided for in 13 the Election Code.

F. If the qualified elector does not register in person, has not previously voted in an election in New Mexico and does not provide the registration officer with the required documentary identification, the registration officer shall indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and the county clerk shall note this on the appropriate precinct signature roster."

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SECTION 20. Section 1-4-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 90, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-34. BOARD OF REGISTRATION--BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS--APPOINTMENT.--

A. The board of county commissioners shall, in SB 180

June or July of each odd-numbered year, appoint five voters who shall constitute the board of registration for the county; provided that a county with fewer than five thousand residents as of the last federal decennial census may appoint three voters who shall constitute the board of registration for the county.

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B. Members of the board of registration shall not during their service be county employees, elected officials or candidates for public office, and not more than two members of the board of registration shall be members of the same political party at the time of their appointment; provided that:

(1) a member of the board of registration shall not have changed party registration in the two years next preceding the member's appointment in such a manner that the member's prior party registration would make the member ineligible to serve on the board of registration; and

18 (2) a member of the board of registration
19 shall not continue to serve on the board of registration if
20 the member changes party registration after the date of
21 appointment in such a manner to make the member ineligible to
22 serve on the board of registration.

C. In the event that a position on the board of
registration becomes vacant for any of the reasons described
in Section 10-3-1 NMSA 1978, the board of county

commissioners shall appoint a replacement who shall qualify pursuant to Subsection B of this section and serve until the expiration of the original term."

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SECTION 21. Section 1-4-47 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 80, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-47. DRIVER'S LICENSE VOTER REGISTRATION.--

A. Every person who is a qualified elector and is applying for a driver's license, to renew a driver's license or for an identification card shall, if qualified to register to vote, with the consent of the applicant be simultaneously registered to vote.

B. The secretary of taxation and revenue shall select certain employees of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department or employees of entities on contract to provide field services to the motor vehicle division to provide assistance to any applicant requesting voter registration assistance.

18 C. Every motor vehicle division office, field 19 office or contract field office of the division shall display 20 within the offices clearly visible signs stating "voter 21 registration assistance available" and:

(1) personnel in each office shall advise each person who is a qualified elector and an applicant for licensure or renewal or for an identification card that initial voter registration or a change of address for voter

registration may be made simultaneously with the motor vehicle application;

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(2) voter registration shall be conducted in 4 a manner such that the applicant completes the full 5 certificate of registration electronically;

the applicant's digital signature shall (3) be affixed to the certificate of registration using an electronic signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, and the form and signature shall be 11 transmitted to the secretary of state; and

12 (4) every certificate of registration 13 completed electronically shall include the applicant's full 14 social security number and shall be transmitted by means of a 15 secured electronic transmission to the secretary of state for 16 delivery to the appropriate county clerk.

17 D. A motor vehicle division employee or contractor 18 shall not intentionally influence the prospective registrant 19 in the selection of political party, or independent status, 20 by word or act. A motor vehicle division employee or 21 contractor shall not reveal the existence of or the nature of 22 the voter registration to anyone other than a registration 23 officer.

24 Any certificate of voter registration completed Ε. 25 SB 180 on a paper form and made or accepted at a motor vehicle Page 33 division office, field office or contract field office shall
 be transmitted to the secretary of state or the county clerk
 of the county in which the office is located within seven
 days.

5 F. The secretary of state shall work with the6 motor vehicle division to:

7 (1) ensure compliance in the application of
8 the provisions of this section with the federal National
9 Voter Registration Act of 1993;

10 (2) ensure consistent implementation in the 11 various counties, based on county classification and 12 developing technology; and

(3) develop procedures to ensure that, once voter registration information is transmitted to the appropriate registration officer, the voter's certificate of registration is printed and placed in the county's register of voters."

18 SECTION 22. Section 1-5-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
19 Chapter 240, Section 108, as amended) is amended to read:

20 "1-5-6. PRECINCT VOTER LISTS--SIGNATURE ROSTER
 21 PREPARATION--ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE.--

A. The county clerk shall provide for preparation
of precinct voter lists and signature rosters generated from
the official state voter file for any precincts or an
electronic poll book alternative approved by the voting

system certification committee and certified by the secretary of state.

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B. The precinct voter lists and signature rosters or an electronic poll book alternative shall be used at any election for which registration of voters is required in lieu of bound original certificates of registration and poll books."

SECTION 23. Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 130, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-4. MAILED BALLOT APPLICATION.--

A. In a statewide election, application by a voter for a mailed ballot shall be made only on the official form approved by the secretary of state or its online equivalent accessed through a website authorized by the secretary of state. The form shall identify the applicant and contain information to establish the applicant's qualification for issuance of a mailed ballot under the Absent Voter Act.

18 B. Each application on a paper form for a mailed 19 ballot shall be signed by the applicant and shall require the 20 applicant's printed name, registration address and year of 21 birth. When submitted by the voter, the county clerk shall 22 accept an application for a mailed ballot pursuant to this 23 subsection regardless of whether the application for a mailed 24 ballot is delivered to the county clerk on paper or by 25 electronic means. When submitted by a third party, the

county clerk shall not accept an application for a mailed ballot pursuant to this subsection if the application for a mailed ballot is delivered by electronic means.

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The secretary of state shall allow a voter to C. submit an online application for a mailed ballot through a 6 website authorized by the secretary of state; provided that the voter shall have a current or expired New Mexico driver's 8 license or state identification card issued by the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department. An online request for a mailed ballot shall contain all of the 11 information that is required for a paper form. The voter 12 shall also provide the person's full New Mexico driver's 13 license number or state identification card number.

D. When a voter requests a mailed ballot pursuant to this section, the voter shall mark the box associated with the following statement, which shall be included as part of the online mailed ballot request form:

"By clicking the boxes below, I swear or affirm all of the following:

[] I am the person whose name and identifying information is provided on this form and I desire to request a mailed ballot to vote in the state of New Mexico; and

23 [] All of the information that I have provided on 24 this form is true and correct as of the date I am submitting 25 this form.".

E. Online applications for mailed ballots shall retain the dates of submission by the qualified elector and of acceptance by the county clerk. For purposes of deadlines contained in the Election Code, the time and date of the submission by the voter shall be considered the time and date when the application for a mailed ballot is received by the county clerk.

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8 F. New registrants who registered for the first 9 time in this state by mail and at that time did not provide 10 acceptable documentary identification as required by federal 11 law shall be informed of the need to comply with federal 12 identification requirements when returning the requested 13 ballot and notified that if the registrant votes for the 14 first time in New Mexico by mail and does not follow the 15 instructions for returning the required documentary 16 identification, the registrant waives the right to secrecy in 17 that mailed ballot. The secretary of state shall issue rules 18 to exempt voters from submitting identification only as 19 required by federal law and shall review and, if necessary, 20 update these rules no later than March 15 of even-numbered 21 years.

G. A person who willfully and with knowledge and
intent to deceive or mislead any voter, election board,
canvassing board, county clerk or other election official and
who falsifies any information on an absentee ballot request

form or who affixes a signature or mark other than the person's own on a mailed ballot request form is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 24. Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 131, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-6-5. PROCESSING APPLICATION--ISSUANCE OF BALLOT.--

7 Α. The county clerk shall mark each completed 8 application for a mailed ballot with the date and time of 9 receipt in the clerk's office and enter the required 10 information in the ballot register. The county clerk shall 11 then determine if the applicant is a voter and if the voter 12 is a uniformed-service voter or an overseas voter. If the 13 applicant is a uniformed-service voter or overseas voter, the 14 application shall be processed pursuant to the Uniform 15 Military and Overseas Voters Act. An application for a 16 mailed ballot from a voter who is not a federal qualified 17 elector is timely if received by the county clerk no later 18 than fourteen days prior to election day.

B. If the applicant does not have a valid certificate of registration on file in the county, a mailed ballot shall not be issued and the county clerk shall mark the application "rejected" and file the application in a separate file from those accepted.

 C. When required by federal law, if the applicant
 has on file with the county a valid certificate of SB 180 Page 38 registration that indicates that the applicant is a voter who is a new registrant in the state and who registered by mail without submitting the required documentary identification, the county clerk shall notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed ballot a form of documentary identification from the list in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall note on the ballot register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed ballot must be returned with the required voter identification.

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D. If the applicant has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration, the county clerk shall mark the application "accepted" and deliver a mailed ballot to the voter and the required envelopes for use in returning the ballot.

E. Upon the mailing of a mailed ballot to an applicant who is a voter, an appropriate designation shall be made in the absentee ballot register.

F. A mailed ballot shall not be delivered by the county clerk to any person other than the applicant for the ballot. Mailed ballots shall be sent to applicants beginning twenty-eight days before the election. For each application for a mailed ballot received twenty-three or more days before the election, the county clerk shall send either the ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant as soon as

practicable; provided that the ballot or a notice of rejection is sent not later than twenty-two days before the election. For each application for a mailed ballot received within twenty-two days of election day, the county clerk shall send either the mailed ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant within twenty-four hours after receipt of the voter's application for a mailed ballot.

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8 G. If the application for a mailed ballot from a 9 voter who is not a federal qualified elector indicates that 10 the mailed ballot is to be delivered to an address other than 11 an address listed on the voter's certificate of registration, 12 the county clerk shall prepare a notice of requested mailed 13 ballot. The notice of requested mailed ballot shall inform 14 the voter of the address to which the ballot was mailed along 15 with the phone number of the county clerk's office and the 16 internet address of the voter web portal provided by the 17 secretary of state. The notice of requested mailed ballot 18 shall be sent to the address provided on the voter's 19 certificate of registration on the same day the county clerk 20 sends the mailed ballot to the address requested by the 21 voter.

H. When an application for a mailed ballot is
rejected pursuant to this section, the county clerk shall
send a notice of rejection to the mailing address on the
voter's certificate of registration and the address listed on SB 180

the voter's application for mailed ballot, if different. The notice of rejection shall indicate the reason for the rejection and, if applicable, information on how to correct the deficiency that is the reason for the rejection. If an application is rejected because it was not timely received, the county clerk shall, within twenty-four hours of receipt of the application, send a rejection notice to the voter that shall include a list of the early voting locations and election day polling places in the county.

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I. The county clerk shall only accept applications for a mailed ballot made through the official web portal operated by the secretary of state or submitted on the official form. If a voter submits more than one application for a mailed ballot containing the same information, subsequent applications containing the same information shall not be processed."

SECTION 25. Section 1-6-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 270, Section 40, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-5.7. EARLY VOTING--USE OF ABSENTEE VOTING
 PROCEDURES--COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE--ALTERNATE VOTING
 LOCATIONS.--

A. Commencing on the twenty-eighth day preceding
the election during the regular hours and days of business at
the county clerk's office and on the Saturday immediately
prior to the date of the election, early voting shall be

1 conducted in each office of the county clerk; provided that: 2 (1) when marking a ballot in person at the 3 county clerk's office, the voter shall provide the required 4 voter identification to the county clerk or the clerk's 5 authorized representative. If the voter does not provide the 6 required voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to 7 vote on a provisional ballot. If the voter provides the 8 required voter identification, the voter, after subscribing 9 an application for an absentee ballot, shall be allowed to 10 vote by inserting the ballot into an optical scan tabulator 11 certified for in-person absentee voting at the county clerk's 12 The county clerk or the clerk's authorized office. 13 representative shall make an appropriate designation 14 indicating that the voter has voted. In marking the ballot, 15 the voter may be assisted pursuant to the provisions of 16 Section 1-12-15 NMSA 1978; 17 the act of marking the ballot in the (2) 18

office of the county clerk shall be a convenience to the 19 voter in the delivery of the ballot and does not make the 20 office of the county clerk a polling place subject to the 21 requirements of a polling place in the Election Code;

22 in addition to the regular business (3) 23 hours and days of business of the county clerk's office and 24 on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the 25 SB 180 election, early voting may be conducted in each office of the

county clerk no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall close no later than 9:00 p.m. and shall be available for at least eight consecutive hours each day; and not later than ninety days before each statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location and hours of operation at the county clerk's office and shall not modify the location or hours of operation of early voting at the county clerk's office except with the written approval of the secretary of state and upon posting the approved changes; and

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10 if the county clerk establishes an (4) 11 additional alternate voting location near the clerk's office, 12 ballots may be marked in person at that location during the 13 regular hours and days of business beginning on the 14 twenty-eighth day preceding the election and during the hours 15 for voting at alternate voting locations commencing on the 16 third Saturday prior to the election through the Saturday 17 immediately prior to the election. The additional alternate 18 voting location may be operated by the county clerk and the 19 county clerk's staff.

B. Commencing on the third Saturday prior to a statewide election and ending on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election, an early voter may vote in person on a voting system at alternate voting locations that may be established by the county clerk; provided that:

(1) the county clerk shall establish: SB 180

1 in counties with more than ten (a) 2 thousand voters, not fewer than one alternate voting 3 location; 4 (b) in counties with more than fifty 5 thousand voters, not fewer than four alternate voting 6 locations; and 7 (c) in counties with more than one 8 hundred fifty thousand voters, not fewer than fifteen 9 alternate voting locations; and 10 (2) not later than ninety days before each 11 statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location 12 and hours of operation for early voting locations in the 13 county, which shall open no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall 14 close no later than 9:00 p.m. Within ninety days of a 15 statewide election, a county clerk shall not modify the 16 location or hours of operation of early voting locations 17 except with the written approval of the secretary of state 18 and upon posting the approved changes. Early voting 19 locations shall be open each day of early voting for at least 20 eight consecutive hours. Alternate voting locations may be 21 closed Sundays and Mondays during the early voting period. 22 C. Each early voting location shall comply with 23 the following provisions, unless the county clerk receives a

written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived:

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have ballots available for voters from 1 (1)2 every precinct in the county; 3 have at least one optical scan tabulator (2) 4 programmed to read every ballot style in the county; 5 (3) have at least one voting system 6 available to assist disabled voters to cast and record their 7 votes; 8 (4) have a broadband internet connection; 9 have sufficient spaces for at least five (5) 10 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, 11 with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 12 have a secure area for storage of (6) 13 pre-printed ballots or for storage of a paper ballot stock 14 and a system designed to print ballots at a polling location; 15 and 16 (7) be in a location that is accessible and 17 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with 18 Disabilities Act of 1990. 19 When voting at an early voting location, the D. 20 voter shall provide the required voter identification to the 21 election board, county clerk or the clerk's authorized 22 representative. If the voter does not provide the required 23 voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a 24 provisional ballot. If the voter provides the required voter 25 SB 180 identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote after

1 subscribing an application to vote on a form approved by the 2 secretary of state or its electronic equivalent approved by 3 the voting system certification committee. The county clerk 4 or the clerk's authorized representative shall make an 5 appropriate designation on the signature roster or register 6 next to the voter's name indicating that the voter has voted 7 early." 8 SECTION 26. Section 1-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 9 Chapter 240, Section 132, as amended) is amended to read: "1-6-6. BALLOT REGISTER.--10 11 A. For each statewide election, the county clerk 12 shall keep an "absentee ballot register", in which the county 13 clerk shall enter: 14 (1)the name and address of each absentee 15 ballot applicant; 16 the date of receipt of the application; (2) 17 (3) whether the application was accepted or 18 rejected; 19 (4) the date of issue of an absentee ballot 20 at an early voting location or the mailing of an absentee 21 ballot to the applicant; 22 (5) the applicant's precinct; 23 (6) whether the applicant is a voter and 24 whether the voter is a uniformed-service voter or an overseas 25 SB 180 voter; Page 46

1 (7) whether the voter is required to submit 2 documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 3 1978; and 4 (8) the date the completed mailed ballot was 5 received from the voter by the county clerk or the absent 6 voter registered a ballot early in person in the county 7 clerk's office or at an alternate location. 8 B. For each special election, the county clerk 9 shall keep a "mailed ballot register", in which the county 10 clerk shall enter: 11 (1) the name and address of each voter to 12 whom a mailed ballot was sent; 13 the date of mailing of a mailed ballot (2) 14 to the voter; 15 (3) the applicant's precinct; 16 (4) whether the voter is a uniformed-service 17 voter or an overseas voter; 18 (5) whether the voter is required to submit 19 a documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 20 1978; and 21 (6) the date and time the completed mailed 22 ballot was received from the voter by the county clerk. 23 C. Each ballot register is a public record open to 24 public inspection in the county clerk's office during regular 25 SB 180 office hours. The county clerk shall have an updated ballot

register available for public inspection Monday through Friday during regular office hours.

D. The county clerk shall deliver to the absent voter election board on election day a complete list of all absentee ballot applicants and early voters with applicable information shown in the absentee ballot register for each applicant and early voter up to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday preceding a statewide election. The county clerk shall deliver a signature roster containing the same information as the lists to the absent voter election board.

11 Upon request by a candidate, a political Ε. 12 committee or the state or county chair of a political party represented on the ballot in an election, the secretary of 13 14 state or county clerk shall transmit without charge to an 15 electronic address provided in the request a complete copy of 16 entries made in the absentee ballot register statewide or in 17 the county. Such transmissions shall be made daily beginning 18 four weeks immediately prior to the election through the 19 Saturday immediately following the election."

20 SECTION 27. Section 1-6-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 21 1969, Chapter 240, Section 134, as amended) is amended to 22 read:

"1-6-8. MAILED BALLOT ENVELOPES.--

A. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of, procure and distribute to each county clerk a supply of: SB 180 Page 48

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1 (1)official inner envelopes for use in 2 sealing the completed mailed ballot; 3 official mailing envelopes for use in (2) 4 returning the official inner envelope to the county clerk, 5 which shall be postage-paid; provided that only the official 6 mailing envelope for absentee ballots in a political party 7 primary shall contain a designation of party affiliation; 8 (3) mailed ballot instructions, describing 9 proper methods for completion of the ballot and returning it; 10 and 11 (4) official transmittal envelopes for use 12 by the county clerk in sending mailed ballot materials. 13 Official transmittal envelopes and official Β. 14 mailing envelopes for transmission of mailed ballot materials 15 to and from the county clerk and voters shall be printed in 16 black in substantially similar form. All official inner 17 envelopes shall be printed in black. 18 C. The reverse of each official mailing envelope 19 shall contain a form to be executed under penalty of perjury 20 by the voter completing the mailed ballot. The form shall 21 identify the voter and shall contain the pre-printed name of 22 the voter to whom the ballot was sent and the following 23 statement to be affirmed by the voter: "I attest under 24 penalty of perjury that I am the voter identified on this 25 official mailing envelope and that I have not and will not

1 vote any other ballot in this election.". The official 2 mailing envelope shall contain a space for the voter to 3 record the voter's signature and the last four digits of the voter's social security number, which shall constitute the 4 5 required voter identification. Under the space for the 6 voter's signature shall be the following statement: "NOTICE: 7 The only people who may lawfully mail or deliver this ballot 8 to the county clerk are the voter, a member of the voter's 9 immediate family or household, the voter's caregiver or a 10 person with whom the voter has a continuing personal 11 relationship.". The envelope shall have a security flap to 12 cover this information." 13

SECTION 28. A new Section 1-6-8.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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"1-6-8.1. MAILED BALLOTS--NOTICE TO VOTERS.--

16 In a statewide election, each mailed ballot Α. 17 sent to a voter in the election shall contain the following 18 notice: "This ballot may be returned to the office of the 19 county clerk or any open voting location or monitored secured 20 container in the county where you are registered to vote at 21 any time up to 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this 22 ballot is returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery 23 to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later 24 than .".

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B. In a special election, each mailed ballot sent SB 180

to a voter in the election shall contain the following notice: "This ballot may be returned to the office of the county clerk or a monitored secured container in the county where you are registered to vote at any time up to 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this ballot is returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later than \_\_\_\_\_.".

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C. The date used in the notice shall be seven days prior to the election day."

SECTION 29. Section 1-6-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 135, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-9. MAILED BALLOTS--MANNER OF VOTING--DELIVERY METHODS.--

14 Α. When voting a mailed ballot, the voter shall 15 secretly mark the mailed ballot in the manner provided in the 16 Election Code for marking paper ballots, place it in the 17 official inner envelope and securely seal the envelope. The 18 voter shall then place the official inner envelope inside the 19 official mailing envelope and securely seal the envelope. 20 The voter shall then complete the form on the reverse of the 21 official mailing envelope under the privacy flap. The voter 22 or another person authorized by law shall then return the 23 official mailing envelope containing the voted ballot to the 24 county clerk of the voter's county of residence. If returned 25 by a person other than the voter, the official mailing

envelope shall contain the signature, printed name and relationship to the voter of the person returning the ballot.

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Β. The official mailing envelope may be returned by mail using the United States postal service. The secretary of state shall implement a free-access tracking system for each voter to be able to see the status of the voter's mailed ballot while en route to the voter as well as when returned to the county clerk.

9 The official mailing envelope may be returned C. 10 using a commercial delivery service; provided that unless the 11 secretary of state has approved the use of a specific 12 commercial delivery service, the voter shall be responsible 13 for the costs of delivery by means of such service.

D. The official mailing envelope may be returned 15 in person to the office of the county clerk or, in a statewide election, to an alternate voting location, mobile alternate voting location, election day voting location or other location where the receipt and storage of the official mailing envelope containing a voted ballot is under the supervision of an election official or county clerk's agent.

21 Ε. The official mailing envelope may be returned 22 by depositing the official mailing envelope in a monitored 23 secured container made available by the county clerk to 24 receive an official mailing envelope containing a voted 25 ballot for that election; provided that:

the location of the containers and the 1 (1)2 days and times the containers will be available to receive 3 ballots are posted by the county clerk at least forty-two 4 days before an election; 5 (2) the location of a monitored secured 6 container is considered a polling place for purposes of 7 electioneering too close to the polling place in violation of 8 Section 1-20-16 NMSA 1978; 9 all secured containers shall be (3) 10 monitored by video surveillance cameras and the video 11 recorded by that system shall be retained by the county clerk 12 as a record related to voting pursuant to the provisions of 13 Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978; 14 (4) signage at the location of a monitored 15 secured container shall inform voters and those dropping off 16 ballots at the location: 17 that it is a violation of law for (a) 18 any person who is not an immediate family member, which 19 includes a voter's spouse, child, parent, domestic partner, 20 grandchild, grandparent, sibling or person with whom the 21 voter has a continuing personal relationship, to collect and 22 deliver a ballot for another person except as authorized by 23 the Election Code; 24 that electioneering is prohibited (b) 25 SB 180 within one hundred feet of the monitored secured container;

(c) of the range of dates and approximate time the ballots will be collected for that election; and

(5) at least every three days and on 6 election day after the polls close, the county clerk, deputy county clerk, election board member or messenger shall 8 collect the ballots from the monitored secured containers and register the date and container location on each official mailing envelope.

11 F. It is a violation of Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978 12 for any person to possess a key to a monitored secured 13 container without authorization from the county clerk. It is 14 a violation of Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 for any person other 15 than the secretary of state or the county clerk to provide or 16 operate a monitored secured container or other receptacle to 17 receive voted ballots."

18 SECTION 30. Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 19 Chapter 240, Section 136, as amended) is amended to read:

> "1-6-10. RECEIPT OF MAILED BALLOTS BY CLERK .--

21 Α. Completed official mailing envelopes that are 22 received at the county clerk's office or a polling place or 23 that are retrieved from the post office or a monitored 24 secured container shall be accepted until 7:00 p.m. on 25 SB 180 election day. A completed official mailing envelope received Page 54

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after that time shall not be qualified or opened but shall be 1 2 preserved by the county clerk for the applicable retention 3 period provided in Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The county 4 clerk shall report the number of late ballots from voters, 5 uniformed-service voters and overseas voters and report the 6 number from each category to date on the final mailed ballot 7 report and as part of the county canvass report. If 8 additional late ballots are received, the county clerk shall 9 update the number of late ballots from each category to the 10 secretary of state.

11 On the day a returned mailed ballot is received Β. 12 by the county clerk, the county clerk shall mark the date of 13 receipt on the outside of the official mailing envelope. 14 Within one business day of receiving a returned official 15 mailing envelope, the county clerk shall remove the privacy 16 flap to verify that the voter signed the official mailing 17 envelope and to confirm that the last four digits of the 18 social security number provided by the voter match the 19 information available to the county clerk; provided that no 20 county clerk or deputy county clerk shall perform the 21 verification process pursuant to this subsection unless the 22 county clerk or deputy county clerk would also meet the 23 requirements to be a challenger, watcher or election observer 24 pursuant to Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection C of 25 Section 1-2-22 NMSA 1978.

C. If the voter's signature is present and the last four digits of the voter's social security number match, the county clerk shall note in the absentee ballot register that the information required to be provided by the voter under the privacy flap has been verified and shall safely keep the official mailing envelope unopened in a locked and number-sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent voter election board.

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9 If either the voter's signature is missing or D. 10 the last four digits of the voter's social security number 11 are not provided or do not match, the county clerk shall make 12 the appropriate notation in the absentee ballot register and 13 shall safely keep the official mailing envelope unopened in a 14 secured ballot box designated for those official mailing 15 envelopes received that are missing the voter's signature or 16 the last four digits of the voter's social security number or 17 where the last four digits of the social security number do 18 not match the information available to the county clerk. The 19 county clerk shall immediately send the voter a notice to 20 cure containing information regarding how the voter may 21 provide documentation to cure the missing or incorrect 22 information.

E. If, pursuant to Subsection F of Section 1-6-4
NMSA 1978, the voter was notified of the need to comply with
federal identification requirements when returning the

requested ballot and failed to comply, the county clerk shall 1 2 preserve the inner envelope with the official mailing 3 envelope and write "Rejected" on the front of the official 4 mailing envelope, and the county clerk shall update the 5 ballot register accordingly and immediately send the voter a 6 notice to cure containing information regarding how the voter 7 may provide the missing or incorrect information. The county 8 clerk shall place the official mailing envelope with the 9 attached inner envelope in a container provided for rejected 10 ballots; provided that if the county clerk was required to 11 open the inner envelope to determine that the required 12 documentary identification was not included, the untallied 13 ballot shall be returned to the inner envelope and preserved 14 along with the official mailing envelope in a container for 15 this purpose.

16 F. The voter may provide the missing or corrected 17 information at any time up to the conclusion of the appeal 18 process for rejected ballots. If a voter provides the 19 missing or corrected information:

(1) before the absent voter election board has been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the locked and number-sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent voter election board; SB 180 Page 57 (2) after the absent voter election board has been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the absent voter election board;

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6 (3) after the adjournment of the absent
7 voter election board but before the conclusion of the county
8 canvass process, the county clerk shall attach the
9 documentation to the unopened official mailing envelope,
10 update the ballot register accordingly and transfer the
11 ballot to an election board convened to assist in preparation
12 of the county canvass report; and

(4) after approval of the county canvass
report, the voter may appeal in accordance with appeal
procedures for provisional ballots established by rule of the
secretary of state pursuant to Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978.

17 G. In a statewide election, if the unopened 18 official mailing envelope is received by the county clerk 19 from an election board before the absent voter election board 20 has adjourned, the unopened official mailing envelope shall 21 be transmitted to the absent voter election board to be 22 tallied immediately. If the unopened official mailing 23 envelope is received by the county clerk from an election 24 board after the absent voter election board has adjourned, 25 the unopened official mailing envelope shall be transmitted

to an election board convened to assist in preparation of the county canvass report to be tallied and included in the canvass report of that county for the appropriate precinct." SECTION 31. Section 1-6-10.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 357, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-6-10.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--DELIVERY TO COUNTY CLERK.--

A. A voter, caregiver to that voter or member of that voter's immediate family or household may deliver that voter's absentee ballot to the county clerk in person or by mail; provided that the voter has subscribed the official mailing envelope of the absentee ballot.

12 B. As used in this section, "immediate family" 13 means the spouse, children, parents, domestic partner, 14 grandchildren, grandparents or siblings of a voter or a 15 person with whom the voter has a continuing personal 16 relationship."

SECTION 32. Section 1-6-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 317, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

> "1-6-14. HANDLING MAILED BALLOTS.--

20 An absent voter election board may convene as Α. 21 provided in this section to process the official mailing 22 envelopes that have been returned. Before opening an 23 official mailing envelope, the presiding judge and the 24 election judges shall determine that the county clerk has 25 SB 180 verified the required information on the reverse side of the

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official mailing envelope.

2 Β. No sooner than the Monday before the election 3 and before the absent voter election board adjourns, the 4 board shall review each uncured returned official mailing 5 envelope that the county clerk determined was missing a 6 signature or the last four digits of the voter's social 7 security number or for which the social security number did 8 not match the information available to the county clerk and 9 determine if the official mailing envelope should be 10 qualified or rejected. An official mailing envelope rejected 11 by the absent voter election board may be qualified if the 12 reason for the rejection is cured at any time before the 13 approval of the county canvass report or prior to the 14 conclusion of an appeal by the voter.

15 C. Subject to the limitations in Subsection A of
16 Section 1-2-25 NMSA 1978, a lawfully appointed challenger may
17 view the official mailing envelope and may challenge the
18 ballot of any mailed ballot voter for the following reasons:

(1) the official mailing envelope has been
opened by someone other than the voter prior to being
received by the absent voter election board;

22 (2) the official mailing envelope does not 23 contain a signature;

24 (3) the official mailing envelope does not 25 contain the required voter identification; or SB 180 Page 60 (4) the person offering to vote is not a voter as provided in the Election Code.

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D. If a challenge is upheld by unanimous vote of the presiding judge and the election judges, the official mailing envelope shall not be opened but shall be placed in a container provided for challenged ballots. If the reason for the challenge is satisfied by the voter before the conclusion of the county canvass or as part of an appeal, the official mailing envelope shall be opened and the vote counted.

E. If the form on the reverse of the official mailing envelope has been completed by the voter with the voter's correct information, as verified by the county clerk, and the ballot has not been successfully challenged, the judges or election clerks shall make the appropriate notation in the ballot register.

16 F. For any election in which fewer than ten 17 thousand mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, 18 only between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the five days 19 preceding the election, and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on 20 election day, under the personal supervision of the presiding 21 election judge, shall the election judges open the official 22 mailing envelope and the official inner envelope and insert 23 the enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be 24 registered and retained until votes are counted by generating 25 the report of the ballot results beginning no sooner than

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9:00 a.m. on election day.

2 G. For any election in which ten thousand or more 3 mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, only 4 during the regular business hours of the office of the county 5 clerk during the two weeks preceding the election, between 6 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the four days preceding the 7 election and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election day, under 8 the personal supervision of the presiding election judge, 9 shall the election judges open the official mailing envelope 10 and the official inner envelope and insert the enclosed 11 ballot into an electronic voting machine to be registered and 12 retained until votes are counted by generating the report of 13 the ballot results beginning no sooner than 9:00 a.m. on 14 election day.

H. It is unlawful for a person to disclose the results of a count and tally or the registration on a voting machine of mailed ballots prior to the later of the closing of the polls or the deadline for receiving mailed ballots pursuant to Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978.

I. Mailed ballots shall be counted and tallied,
where possible, on an electronic voting machine as provided
in the Election Code.

J. If a mailed ballot is rejected for any reason
and not cured by the Friday following election day, it shall
be handled by the county clerk in the same manner as a

disqualified provisional paper ballot in accordance with the Election Code.

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3 Κ. On election night, the absent voter election 4 board shall recess upon the earlier of completion of its work 5 or 11:00 p.m. An absent voter election board that recesses 6 at 11:00 p.m. shall continue its work only between the hours 7 of 9:30 a.m. and 9:30 p.m. on each subsequent day until the 8 board has completed its work. If the absent voter election 9 board does not complete its work by 11:00 p.m. on election 10 night, the county clerk shall notify the county sheriff's 11 office that a deputy is required to be present to secure the 12 room or facility where uncounted ballots are locked 13 overnight. If the sheriff indicates that a sheriff's deputy 14 is unavailable, the county clerk shall notify the secretary 15 of state, who shall request state police to assign a state 16 police officer or other certified law enforcement officer to 17 secure the ballots. The county clerk shall provide as much 18 notice as is practicable in order to secure law enforcement 19 personnel to secure the uncounted ballots overnight. 20 Beginning at 11:00 p.m. on election night, a sheriff's 21 deputy, state police officer or other certified law 22 enforcement officer is required for overnight watch any time 23 the absent voter election board is not present until the 24 return of the absent voter election board. If a sheriff's 25 deputy, a state police officer or other certified law

1	enforcement officer is not available, the county clerk or	
2	county clerk's agent shall remain on-site with or near the	
3	uncounted ballots until the return of the absent voter	
4	election board and shall allow any watcher or observer to	
5	remain present as well. A class A county shall also have	
6	video surveillance in the area containing uncounted ballots,	
7	which shall be considered a record related to voting pursuant	
8	to Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978."	
9	SECTION 33. Section 1-6-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,	
10	Chapter 212, Section 74) is amended to read:	
11	"1-6-16. MAILED BALLOTSREPLACEMENT AND PROVISIONAL	
12	PAPER BALLOTS	
13	A. A voter who has applied for a mailed ballot or	
14	who has been sent a mailed ballot may execute an affidavit	
15	stating that the person did not and will not vote the mailed	
16	ballot that was issued. Upon receipt of the sworn affidavit,	
17	if the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the	
18	voter has been cast in that election, the county clerk shall	
19	void the mailed ballot that was previously issued to the	
20	voter.	
21	B. A voter shall be mailed a replacement ballot to	
22	be returned to the county clerk for tabulation by the absent	
23	ballot election board if the voter:	
24	(1) communicates with the office of the	
25	county clerk and requests a replacement mailed ballot be	SE Pa
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1 delivered to the voter; and 2 has executed the affidavit required by (2) 3 Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided 4 the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter. 5 C. A replacement ballot shall not be mailed to a 6 voter less than seven days before election day, unless the 7 voter is enrolled in the confidential substitute address 8 program pursuant to the Confidential Substitute Address Act. 9 D. A voter shall be issued a replacement ballot to 10 be filled out and fed by the voter into the electronic vote tabulator if the voter: 11 12 appears at the office of the county (1) 13 clerk, an alternate voting location or a mobile alternate 14 voting location: 15 (a) at any time during the period for 16 early voting if the county clerk has real-time 17 synchronization between the early voting locations and the 18 qualification of mailed ballots; or 19 during the period for early voting (b) 20 until the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed 21 ballots if the county clerk does not have real-time 22 synchronization between the early voting locations and the 23 qualification of mailed ballots; and 24 has executed the affidavit required by (2) 25 Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided

the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

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E. If the county clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the early voting locations and the qualification of mailed ballots, a voter shall be issued a provisional paper ballot to be filled out and delivered to the county clerk for tabulation during the county canvass if: (1) the voter appears at an early voting

location after the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed ballots; and

10 (2) the voter has executed the affidavit
11 required by Subsection A of this section and the county clerk
12 has voided the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

F. A provisional paper ballot issued pursuant to this section shall be qualified and tabulated once the county clerk determines that the voter did not vote any other ballot in the same election and if no challenge is successfully interposed.

G. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the affidavit and the manner in which the county clerk shall void the previously requested absentee ballot."

SECTION 34. Section 1-6-16.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 368, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

23 "1-6-16.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--CONDUCT OF ELECTION--WHEN
 24 NOT TIMELY RECEIVED--EMERGENCY PROCEDURE FOR VOTING AND
 25 COUNTING.--

A. A voter who applies for a mailed ballot or who was sent a mailed ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 but whose voted ballot has not been received by the county clerk as of the date of the election may go to a voter convenience center and, after executing an affidavit stating that the person wishes to void any previous mailed ballot that was issued, shall be permitted to vote.

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8 Β. If the county clerk has real-time 9 synchronization between the voter convenience centers and the 10 qualification of ballots received by mail, the voter shall be 11 issued a replacement ballot to be filled out and fed by the 12 voter into the electronic vote tabulator. If the county 13 clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the 14 voter convenience centers and the qualification of ballots 15 received by mail, the voter shall be issued a provisional 16 paper ballot, which shall be counted if no challenge is 17 interposed and once the county clerk has verified that no 18 other ballot from the same voter has been processed in that 19 election."

SECTION 35. Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, Chapter 251, Section 1 and Laws 2009, Chapter 274, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-22.1. MAIL BALLOT ELECTION PRECINCT--ABSENTEE VOTING IN LIEU OF POLLING PLACE.--

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections

1-1-11 and 1-1-12 NMSA 1978, not later than the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year, a board of county commissioners may designate a precinct as a mail ballot election precinct if, upon a written request of the county clerk, it finds that the precinct has fewer than one hundred voters and the nearest polling place for an adjoining precinct is more than twenty miles driving distance from the boundary for the precinct in question.

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9 If a precinct is designated a mail ballot Β. 10 election precinct, in addition to the notice required 11 pursuant to Section 1-3-8 NMSA 1978, the county clerk shall 12 notify by mail with delivery confirmation all voters in that 13 precinct at least forty-two days before an election that each 14 voter will be sent an absentee ballot twenty-eight days 15 before the election and that there will be no polling place 16 for the precinct on election day. The county clerk shall 17 include in the notice a card informing the voter that if the 18 voter does not want to receive an absentee ballot for that 19 election, the voter should return the card before the date 20 the county clerk is scheduled to mail out absentee ballots. 21 The notice shall also inform the voter that a voting system 22 equipped for persons with disabilities will be available at 23 all early voting locations before election day and in the 24 office of the county clerk on election day in case the voter 25 prefers to vote in person and not by mail. In addition, the

notice shall inform the voter of the ability of the voter to cast a ballot at any voter convenience center on election day if the voter chooses not to receive an absentee ballot, or to cast a replacement ballot at any early voting location or voter convenience center if the voter does not receive an absentee ballot, which will be counted upon confirmation that the voter has not returned the absentee ballot. The notice shall also contain the information required in the voter notification sent by the secretary of state on behalf of each county clerk in advance of a statewide election pursuant to Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978.

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C. The county clerk shall mail each voter in the mail ballot election precinct an absentee ballot on the twenty-eighth day before an election, unless the voter has requested otherwise, along with a notice that there will be no polling place in that precinct on election day."

SECTION 36. Section 1-6B-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 145, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read: "1-6B-5. METHODS OF REGISTERING TO VOTE.--

A. A federal qualified elector may register to
vote using any of the following methods; provided that the
document is received by the county clerk by the deadline for
registering to vote as provided in Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978:

24 (1) using the procedures provided in
25 Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978; or

1 (2) using a federal postcard application or 2 the application's approved electronic equivalent. 3 B. A voter's certificate of registration completed 4 pursuant to the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act 5 shall remain valid until canceled in accordance with the 6 procedures specified in Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978. 7 C. In registering to vote, a federal qualified 8 elector shall use and must be assigned to the voting precinct 9 of the address of: 10 (1)the residence of the voter, if the voter resides in this state; or 11 12 the last place of residence of the voter (2)13 in this state, or the last place of residence in this state 14 of the parent or legal guardian of the voter if the voter did 15 not reside in this state; provided that if that address is no 16 longer a recognized residential address, the voter shall be 17 assigned an address or other location within that precinct. 18 D. A federal qualified elector who registered for 19 the first time in this state by mail is exempt pursuant to 20 federal law from the requirement to provide documentary 21 identification as otherwise required by Subsection F of 22 Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978." 23 SECTION 37. Section 1-6B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, 24 Chapter 145, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read: 25 "1-6B-6. METHODS OF APPLYING FOR MILITARY-OVERSEAS SB 180 Page 70

1 BALLOT--TIMELINESS--SCOPE OF APPLICATION FOR 2 MILITARY-OVERSEAS BALLOT .--3 A. A federal qualified elector who is currently 4 registered to vote in this state may apply for a 5 military-overseas ballot by: 6 (1) using a mailed ballot application 7 pursuant to the Absent Voter Act; or 8 (2) using the federal postcard application 9 or the application's electronic equivalent. 10 A federal qualified elector who is not Β. 11 currently registered to vote in this state may, by the 12 deadline in the Election Code for registering to vote, 13 simultaneously register to vote and apply for a 14 military-overseas ballot by using a federal postcard 15 application or the application's electronic equivalent. 16 C. An application for a military-overseas ballot 17 for any election conducted pursuant to the Election Code, 18 whether or not timely, is effective as an automatic 19 application for a military-overseas ballot for all subsequent 20 elections the voter is eligible to participate in through the 21 conclusion of the election cycle. 22 D. An application from a federal qualified elector 23 who provides information permitting secured electronic 24 delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county 25 clerk no later than three days prior to election day. An

application from a federal qualified elector who does not provide information permitting secured electronic delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk by the deadline specified in the Absent Voter Act for receipt of mailed ballot applications."

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SECTION 38. Section 1-6B-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 145, Section 34, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6B-10. USE OF FEDERAL WRITE-IN ABSENTEE BALLOT--QUALIFICATION.--

A. A federal qualified elector may use a federal write-in absentee ballot to vote for all offices and ballot questions in an election.

13 Β. In completing the federal write-in absentee 14 ballot, the federal qualified elector may designate a 15 candidate by writing in the name of the candidate. In a 16 general election when voting for a specified office, a 17 federal qualified elector may in the alternate complete the 18 federal write-in absentee ballot by writing in the name of a 19 political party, in which case the ballot shall be counted 20 for the candidate of that political party.

C. A qualified federal write-in absentee ballot shall be processed during the county canvass in the same manner as a provisional ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot from a federal qualified elector shall not be qualified if the federal qualified elector voted on any other SB 180 SB 180

1 type of ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot of an 2 overseas voter shall not be qualified if the ballot is 3 submitted from any location in the United States." 4 SECTION 39. Section 1-6C-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, 5 Chapter 226, Section 2) is amended to read: 6 "1-6C-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Intimate Partner 7 Violence Survivor Suffrage Act: 8 Α. "administrator" means the person appointed by 9 the secretary of state to administer the election component 10 of the confidential substitute address program; 11 "appropriate county clerk" means the county B. 12 clerk of the county in which the residential address on a 13 voter registration certificate is located and includes the 14 elected official, the county clerk's chief deputy, an 15 appointed election board and employees or agents of the 16 county clerk with duties related to the Intimate Partner 17 Violence Survivor Suffrage Act; 18 C. "certification" means the procedure provided by 19 the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be 20 certified as a participant in the confidential substitute 21 address program; 22 "confidential substitute address program" means D. 23 the program administered by the secretary of state pursuant 24 to the Confidential Substitute Address Act; 25 Ε. "decertification" means the procedure provided

by the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be
 decertified as a participant in the confidential substitute
 address program;

F. "delivery address" means the address where a
voter-participant receives mail;

G. "election" means a statewide or special election called, conducted and canvassed pursuant to the provisions of the Election Code;

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9 H. "participant" means a person certified to
10 participate in the confidential substitute address program
11 pursuant to the procedures of the Confidential Substitute
12 Address Act; and

I. "voter-participant" means a participant who is
also a voter or a participant who is also a qualified
resident who may be considered a voter pursuant to Section
1-4-2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 40. Section 1-6C-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
Chapter 226, Section 6) is amended to read:

19 "1-6C-6. TRANSMISSION OF BALLOTS TO VOTER20 PARTICIPANTS.--

A. On the thirty-fifth day before an election, on
behalf of each voter-participant eligible to vote in that
election, the administrator shall request from each
appropriate county clerk the ballot to be used by each
voter-participant registered to vote in that county.

B. The request shall not reveal the name or address of the voter-participant. In place of a voter-participant's name and address, the administrator shall provide the appropriate county clerk the random identifier and verification code associated with the voter-participant for that election. The request made pursuant to this section is a record related to voting subject to the disclosure and retention procedures of Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978.

9 C. No later than thirty-two days before the
10 election, the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the
11 administrator the ballot for each voter-participant
12 registered to vote in that county.

13 Twenty-eight days before the election, the D. 14 administrator shall mail a ballot and balloting materials to 15 a voter-participant's delivery address, along with a return 16 envelope necessary to return the voted ballot to the 17 appropriate county clerk. The return envelope shall be the 18 same as for all other voters, except that in place of the 19 required voter identification to be written under the privacy 20 flap, the administrator shall provide the random identifier 21 assigned to that voter-participant for that election. The 22 return envelope for the voted ballot shall be postage-paid 23 and the return address shall be the address for the 24 appropriate county clerk.

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E. When a participant registers to vote or updates SB 180

a voter registration after the thirty-fifth day before an election but before the deadline to register to vote or to update an existing registration pursuant to Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978, the administrator shall:

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(1) request from the appropriate county clerk, and the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the administrator as soon as practicable, a ballot and balloting materials; and

9 (2) send a voter-participant the ballot and 10 balloting materials within twenty-four hours of receipt from 11 the appropriate county clerk.

F. When an unvoted ballot is transmitted to the administrator on behalf of a voter-participant, the appropriate county clerk shall note in the ballot register the random identifier in place of the voter-participant's name and the address of the confidential substitute address program in place of the voter-participant's address and shall not note the voter-participant's gender or year of birth.

19 G. A voter-participant needing a replacement
20 ballot may appear in person only at the office of the county
21 clerk and execute an affidavit stating that the voter
22 participant wishes to void any previous mailed ballot that
23 was mailed in that election. When completing the affidavit,
24 the voter-participant shall use the random identifier in
25 place of the voter-participant's name and the verification

1 code in place of the voter-participant's signature. Upon 2 receipt of the sworn affidavit, if the ballot register does 3 not show that a ballot from the voter-participant has been 4 received in that election, the county clerk shall void 5 the ballot that was previously issued and issue to the 6 voter-participant a replacement ballot and ballot materials, 7 which shall include the voter-participant's random 8 identifier, but the county clerk shall not provide to the 9 voter-participant the verification code when issuing a 10 replacement ballot pursuant to this subsection." 11 SECTION 41. Section 1-6C-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, 12 Chapter 226, Section 7) is amended to read: 13 "1-6C-7. RECEIPT OF VOTED BALLOTS FROM VOTER-14 PARTICIPANTS.--15 A. A voted ballot shall be returned by the 16 voter-participant to the appropriate county clerk. A voted 17 ballot from a voter-participant shall be considered timely if 18 it is received no later than the deadline for receiving 19 mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots pursuant to Section 20 1-6-10 NMSA 1978. 21 Β. When a voted ballot is received from a 22 voter-participant, the appropriate county clerk or election 23 board shall compare the random identifier provided by the 24 voter-participant under the privacy flap to the list of 25 random identifiers provided by the administrator for that

1 election. If the random identifier appears in both places, 2 the appropriate county clerk shall verify that the 3 verification code assigned to that random identifier for that 4 election matches the verification code provided by the 5 voter-participant under the privacy flap in lieu of the 6 voter's signature. If the verification code is on the list 7 provided by the administrator for use in that election and 8 matches the random identifier assigned by the administrator 9 to identify the voter-participant, the ballot shall be 10 qualified and processed in the same manner as mailed absentee 11 ballots or mailed ballots received and gualified in that 12 election.

C. If either the random identifier or the verification code is missing, or if the random identifier and verification code under the privacy flap do not match, the ballot shall not be qualified and shall be disposed of in the same manner as mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots received in that election and not qualified.

D. Following an election and within the time frames provided in the Election Code, the appropriate county clerk shall provide to the administrator using the random identifier for that election the voter credit information for each voter-participant who voted."

24 SECTION 42. Section 1-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
25 Chapter 240, Section 152, as amended) is amended to read: SB 180

"1-8-2. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--CONVENTION--DESIGNATED NOMINEES.--

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A. If the rules of a minor political party require nomination by political convention:

5 (1)the chair and secretary of the state 6 political convention shall certify to the secretary of state 7 the names of their party's nominees for United States 8 senator, United States representative, all elective state 9 offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty 10 districts, all elective judicial officers in the judicial 11 department and all offices representing a district composed 12 of more than one county; and

(2) the chair and secretary of the county political convention shall certify to the county clerk the names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and for legislative offices elected from a district located wholly within one county or that is composed of only one county.

B. The names certified to the secretary of state
shall be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary
election in the year of the general election and shall be
accompanied by a nominating petition containing the
signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of
the total number of votes cast for governor at the last
preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

1 (1)in the state for statewide offices; 2 provided that if there are fewer members of the minor party 3 registered to vote in the state for statewide offices or 4 registered to vote in the district for offices other than 5 statewide offices than the number of signatures required for 6 that office, a nominating petition shall contain the 7 signatures of voters totaling not less than the required 8 number of signatures of voters for independent candidates for 9 the same office; and provided further that for the public 10 education commission, a nominating petition shall be signed 11 by at least two-thirds of the number of signatures that would 12 otherwise be required, and for a judicial office, a 13 nominating petition shall be signed by two-thirds of the 14 number of signatures that would otherwise be required; and

15 (2) in the district for offices other than16 statewide offices.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters
signing the petition are residents of the area to be
represented by the office for which the person being
nominated is a candidate.

C. The names certified to the county clerk shall
be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary
election in the year of the general election and shall be
accompanied by a nominating petition containing the
signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of SB 180

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the total number of votes cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

(1) in the county for countywide offices; and

(2) in the district for offices other than
countywide offices; provided that if there are fewer members
of the minor party registered to vote in the county for
countywide offices or registered to vote in the district for
offices other than countywide offices than the number of
signatures required for that office, a nominating petition
shall contain the signatures of voters totaling not less than
the required number of signatures of voters for independent
candidates for the same office; and provided further that for
a judicial office, a nominating petition shall be signed by
two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise
be required.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

D. Except in the case of a political party certified in the year of the election, persons certified as candidates shall be members of that party on the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation.

E. When a political party is certified in the year  $$\operatorname{SB}$$  180  $$\operatorname{Page}$$  81

of the general election, and after the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation, a person certified as a candidate shall be:

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(1) a member of that party not later than the date the political party filed its rules and qualifying petitions pursuant to Sections 1-7-2 and 1-7-4 NMSA 1978; and

7 (2)a resident in the district of the office 8 for which the person is a candidate on the date of the 9 secretary of state's proclamation for the general election or 10 in the case of a person seeking the office of United States 11 senator or United States representative, a resident within 12 New Mexico on the date of the secretary of state's 13 proclamation for the general election. No person who is a 14 candidate for a party in a primary election may be certified 15 as a candidate for a different party in the general election 16 in the same election cycle.

No voter shall sign a petition prescribed by F. 18 this section for more persons than the number of candidates necessary to fill the office at the next ensuing general 20 election."

SECTION 43. Section 1-8-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 157, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-7. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--DEATH OF 23 24 CANDIDATE OR RESIGNATION OR DEATH OF OFFICE HOLDER BEFORE 25 PRIMARY.--

A. Vacancies on the general election ballot may be filled as provided in Subsection B of this section if after a primary election there is no nominee of a major political party for a public office to be filled in the general election and if the vacancy was caused by:

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(1) the death of a candidate after filing of the declaration of candidacy or after certification as a convention-designated nominee and before the primary election;

10 (2) the failure of a major political party 11 to nominate a candidate for lieutenant governor; provided 12 that the major political party nominated a candidate for 13 governor; or

(3) the resignation or death of a person
holding a public office after the last Friday before the
first Tuesday in March, when such office was not included in
the general election proclamation and is required by law to
be filled at the next succeeding general election after the
vacancy is created.

B. The vacancy may be filled subsequent to the
primary election by the central committee of the state or
county political party, as the case may be, as provided by
Subsection A of Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978.

24 C. Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a
25 party's nominees for the general election ballot shall be SB 180 Page 83 made and filed with the proper filing officer on the twenty-third day after the primary election using the form prescribed by the secretary of state, along with the declaration of candidacy subscribed and sworn by the selected nominee and the required form for candidates pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act.

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D. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided in this section, the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the party's candidate for that office."

SECTION 44. Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 158, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-8. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--OCCURRING AFTER PRIMARY.--

14 Α. If after a primary election, but ninety or more 15 days before the general election, a vacancy occurs, for any 16 cause, in the list of the nominees of a qualified political 17 party for any public office to be filled in the general 18 election, or a vacancy occurs because of the resignation or 19 death of a person holding a public office not included in the 20 secretary of state's general election proclamation and which 21 office is required by law to be filled at the next succeeding 22 general election, or a vacancy occurs because a new public 23 office is created and was not included in the secretary of 24 state's general election proclamation but is capable by law 25 of being filled at the next succeeding general election, the

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vacancy on the general election ballot may be filled by:

(1) the central committee of the state political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when the office is a federal office, state office, district office or multicounty legislative district office; and

(2) the central committee of the county political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when the office is a magistrate office, county office or legislative district office where the district is entirely within the boundaries of a single county.

B. Appointments made pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall qualify pursuant to Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

C. The county or state central committee members making the appointment pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall be as provided for in the rules of the respective party; provided that, at a minimum, the committee shall include those members residing within the boundaries of the area to be represented by the public office.

D. Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a party's nominees shall be made and filed with the proper filing officer on or before the seventieth day prior to a general election using the form prescribed by the secretary SB 180

1 of state, along with the declaration of candidacy form 2 subscribed and sworn by the selected nominee and the form for 3 candidates pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act. 4 Ε. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided 5 in this section, the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the party's candidate for that office." 6 7 SECTION 45. A new Section 1-8-10.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted 8 to read: 9 "1-8-10.1. SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1-8-10.1 through 10 1-8-52 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Primary Election Law"." 11 SECTION 46. Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 12 Chapter 240, Section 162, as amended) is amended to read: 13 "1-8-13. PRIMARY AND GENERAL ELECTION--CONTENTS OF 14 PROCLAMATION. -- The general election proclamation calling a 15 primary and general election shall contain: 16 the names of the major political parties Α. 17 participating in the primary election; 18 B. the offices to be elected at the general 19 election and for which each political party shall nominate 20 candidates; provided that if any law is enacted by the 21 legislature in the year in which the primary election is held 22 and the law does not take effect until after the date to 23 amend the proclamation but prior to the date to fill 24 vacancies pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 NMSA 1978, the 25 secretary of state shall conform the proclamation to the

intent of the law with respect to the offices for which each political party shall nominate candidates;

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C. the date on which declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions for United States representative, any office voted upon by all the voters of the state, a legislative office, the office of district judge, district attorney, public education commission or magistrate shall be filed and the places where they shall be filed in order to have the candidates' names printed on the official ballot of their party at the primary election or in order to have the candidates' names printed on the official ballot at the general election, as applicable;

D. the date on and place at which declarations of candidacy shall be filed for any other office and filing fees paid or, in lieu thereof, a nominating petition;

E. the final date on and place at which candidates for the office of United States representative and for any statewide office seeking preprimary convention designation by the major parties shall file petitions and declarations of candidacy;

F. the final date on which the major political parties shall hold state preprimary conventions for the designation of candidates;

G. the final date on and place at whichcertificates of designation of primary election candidates SB 180

shall be filed by political parties with the secretary of state;

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H. the date on which declarations of candidacy for minor party candidates shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the minor party candidate names printed on the official ballot of the general election;

8 I. the date on which declarations of candidacy for
9 unaffiliated candidates shall be filed and the places where
10 the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have
11 the unaffiliated candidate names printed on the official
12 ballot of the general election;

J. the date on which declarations of candidacy for nonpartisan judicial retention shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the judicial retention names printed on the official ballot of the general election; and

18 K. the date on which declarations to be a write-in 19 candidate are to be filed and the places where the 20 declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have 21 write-in votes counted and canvassed at the political party 22 primary or general election."

SECTION 47. Section 1-8-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 165, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-16. PRIMARY AND GENERAL ELECTIONS--PROCLAMATION-- SB 180

AMENDMENT.--The secretary of state may amend the proclamation 1 2 between the time of its issuance and the first Tuesday in 3 March to include a newly created public office that is 4 capable by law of being filled at the next succeeding general 5 election, or any existing office becoming vacant by removal, 6 resignation or death when such vacancy occurs no later than 7 the last Friday before the first Tuesday in March, or to 8 provide for any corrections or omissions." 9 SECTION 48. Section 1-8-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996, 10 Chapter 20, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 11 "1-8-21. PRIMARY ELECTION--METHODS OF PLACING NAMES ON 12 PRIMARY BALLOT. --13 A. All candidates seeking primary election 14 nomination to a statewide office or the office of United 15 States representative shall file declarations of candidacy 16 with the proper filing officer. Candidates shall file 17 nominating petitions at the time of filing their declarations 18 of candidacy. Candidates who seek, but do not obtain, 19 preprimary convention designation by a major political party 20 may file new declarations of candidacy and nominating 21 petitions pursuant to Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978. 22 Β. Except as provided in Subsection C of this 23 section, candidates for any other state or federal office 24 listed in the proclamation issued pursuant to Section 1-8-13 25 NMSA 1978 shall have their names placed on the primary

election ballot by filing declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions with the proper filing officer.

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C. Candidates for any county office listed in the proclamation issued pursuant to Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978 shall have their names placed on the primary election ballot by filing declarations of candidacy and paying a fifty-dollar (\$50.00) filing fee or filing a nominating petition containing no fewer than ten signatures for offices elected by district or twenty signatures for offices elected countywide at the time of filing declarations of candidacy with the proper filing officer."

SECTION 49. Section 1-8-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

14 "1-8-29. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF
15 CANDIDACY--FORM.--In making a declaration of candidacy by
16 nominating petition or by pre-primary convention designation,
17 the candidate shall submit substantially the following form
18 as approved by the secretary of state for that election:

## "DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY

BY PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATION

## (OR BY NOMINATING PETITION)

I, \_\_\_\_\_, (candidate's name on certificate of registration) being first duly sworn, say that I reside at \_\_\_\_\_, as shown by my certificate of registration as a voter of Precinct No. \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_\_SB 180

county of \_\_\_\_\_\_, State of New Mexico; I am a member of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ party as shown by my certificate of registration and I have not changed such party affiliation subsequent to the secretary of state's general election proclamation calling the primary in which I seek to be a candidate;

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I desire to become a candidate for the office of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the primary election to be held on the date set by law for this year, and that I actually reside at the address designated on my certificate of voter registration;

I will be eligible and legally qualified to hold this office at the beginning of its term;

If a candidate for any office for which a nominating petition is required, I am submitting with this statement a nominating petition in the form and manner as prescribed by the Primary Election Law; and

I make the foregoing affidavit under oath, knowing that any false statement herein constitutes a felony punishable under the criminal laws of New Mexico.

(Declarant)

(Mailing Address)

1	(Residence Address)
2	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 20
3	
4	(Notary Public)
5	My commission expires:
6	"."
7	SECTION 50. Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973,
8	Chapter 228, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
9	"1-8-33. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITION
10	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED
11	A. As used in this section, "total vote" means the
12	sum of all votes cast for all of the party's candidates for
13	governor at the last preceding primary election at which the
14	party's candidate for governor was nominated.
15	B. Candidates who seek preprimary convention
16	designation shall file nominating petitions at the time of
17	filing declarations of candidacy. Nominating petitions for
18	those candidates shall be signed by a number of voters equal
19	to at least two percent of the total vote of the candidate's
20	party in the state or congressional district, or the
21	following number of voters, whichever is greater: for
22	statewide offices, two hundred thirty voters; and for
23	congressional candidates, seventy-seven voters.
24	C. Nominating petitions for candidates for any
25	other office to be voted on at the primary election for which $SB$

nominating petitions are required shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least the greater of:

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(1) for the public education commission, two percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district; for judicial candidates, two percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district or division; and for all other candidates, three percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district; or

9 (2) for metropolitan court and magistrate
10 courts, ten voters; for the public education commission,
11 twenty-five voters; for state representative, ten voters; for
12 state senator, seventeen voters; and for district attorney
13 and district judge, fifteen voters.

14 D. A candidate who fails to receive the preprimary 15 convention designation that the candidate sought may collect 16 additional signatures to total at least four percent of the 17 total vote of the candidate's party in the state or 18 congressional district, whichever applies to the office the 19 candidate seeks, and file a new declaration of candidacy and 20 nominating petitions for the office for which the candidate 21 failed to receive a preprimary designation. The declaration 22 of candidacy and nominating petitions shall be filed with the 23 secretary of state either ten days following the date of the 24 preprimary convention at which the candidate failed to 25 receive the designation or on the date all declarations of

candidacy and nominating petitions are due pursuant to the provisions of the Primary Election Law, whichever is later."

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SECTION 51. Section 1-8-36.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-36.1. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A. Write-in candidates are permitted in the primary election only for the offices of United States representative, members of the legislature, district judges, district attorneys, public education commission, magistrates and any office voted upon by all voters of the state.

B. A person may be a write-in candidate only for nomination by the major political party with which the person is affiliated as shown by the certificate of registration, and such person shall have the same qualifications to be a candidate in the primary election for the political party for which the person is a write-in candidate.

17 C. A person desiring to be a write-in candidate 18 for one of the offices listed in Subsection A of this section 19 in the primary election shall file with the proper filing 20 officer a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, 21 accompanied by a nominating petition containing the same 22 number of signatures required of other candidates for major 23 party nomination for the same office. Such declaration of 24 intent shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the 25 third Tuesday in March.

D. A person shall not be a declared write-in candidate until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the nominating petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice by the Friday following the filing date. The determination by the proper filing officer that a person is a declared write-in candidate is subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

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12 E. If a person is notified by the proper filing 13 officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in 14 candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a 15 petition with the district court within ten days of the 16 notification. The district court shall hear and render a 17 decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is 18 filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to 19 the supreme court within five days after the decision is 20 rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision 21 on the appeal forthwith.

F. A write-in candidate shall be considered a
candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to
candidates in the Election Code, including the obligations to
report pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act, except that SB 180

1 the write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the 2 ballot."

SECTION 52. Section 1-8-51 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 322, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-51. INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES FOR GENERAL OR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE ELECTIONS -- NOMINATING PETITIONS --REQUIRED NUMBER OF SIGNATURES .--

Α. The basis of percentage for the total number of votes cast in each instance referred to in this section shall be the total vote cast for governor at the last preceding 11 general election at which a governor was elected.

12 Nominating petitions for an independent B. 13 candidate for president of the United States shall be signed 14 by a number of voters equal to the number of signatures 15 required to form a new political party.

Nominating petitions for an independent C. candidate for United States senator or any other statewide elective office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the state.

21 D. Nominating petitions for an independent 22 candidate for United States representative shall be signed by 23 a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total 24 number of votes cast in the district.

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SB 180 Nominating petitions for an independent Ε.

1 candidate for a member of the legislature, district judge, 2 district attorney or county office shall be signed by a 3 number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total 4 number of votes cast in the district, division or county, as 5 the case may be; provided that for the public education 6 commission, nominating petitions shall be signed by at least 7 two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise 8 be required, and for a judicial office, nominating petitions 9 shall be signed by at least two-thirds of the number of 10 signatures that would otherwise be required.

11 F. When a vacancy for any office occurs on the 12 general election ballot pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 13 NMSA 1978 in which all political parties may name a general 14 election candidate or when a vacancy occurs in the office of 15 United States representative pursuant to Section 1-15-18.1 16 NMSA 1978, an independent candidate may file a declaration of 17 candidacy on or by the same deadline applicable to the 18 political parties. The nominating petitions for an 19 independent candidate in such circumstances shall be signed 20 by the number of voters provided in this section, unless 21 there are fewer than:

(1) sixty days from the announcement of the vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to

two-thirds the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an independent candidate; or

thirty days from the announcement of the (2) vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to one-third the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an independent candidate.

9 G. A voter shall not sign a petition for an 10 independent candidate as provided in this section if the 11 voter has signed a petition for another independent candidate 12 for the same office."

13 SECTION 53. Section 1-8-66 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-66. GENERAL ELECTIONS--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A person desiring to be a write-in candidate in Α. a general election shall file with the proper filing officer 18 between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the twenty-third day after the primary election a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, accompanied by a petition signed by a number of voters equal to at least one percent of the total number of 22 votes cast in the area sought to be represented as were cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which 24 a governor was elected.

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SB 180 B. A person shall not be a declared write-in

candidate until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the nominating petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice on the Friday following the filing date. The determination by the proper filing officer that a person is a declared write-in candidate is subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

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11 C. If a person is notified by the proper filing 12 officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in 13 candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a 14 petition with the district court within ten days of the 15 The district court shall hear and render a notification. 16 decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is 17 The decision of the district court may be appealed to filed. 18 the supreme court within five days after the decision is 19 rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision 20 on the appeal forthwith.

D. A write-in candidate shall be considered a
candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to
candidates in the Election Code, including the obligation to
report under the Campaign Reporting Act, except that the
candidate shall not be entitled to have the candidate's name SB 180

printed on the ballot.

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E. The secretary of state shall, not more than ten days after the filing date, certify the names of the declared write-in candidates to the county clerks of every county affected by such candidacy.

6 F. No person shall be a write-in candidate in the 7 general election who was a candidate or who filed a 8 declaration of candidacy in the primary election immediately 9 prior to the general election. A write-in candidate for 10 governor or lieutenant governor in the general election shall 11 have a companion write-in candidate, and they shall be 12 candidates to be elected jointly by the casting by a voter of 13 a single vote applicable to both offices."

SECTION 54. Section 1-9-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
Chapter 240, Section 184, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-9-1. SECRETARY OF STATE--DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM DEFINED.--

18 Α. The secretary of state shall study, examine and 19 certify all voting systems used in elections for public 20 office in New Mexico. The secretary of state shall maintain 21 a current list of certified voting systems and copies of 22 filed testing and evaluation reports accessible by the public 23 on the secretary of state's website. Only certified voting 24 systems that are also approved for use by the secretary of 25 state and acquired pursuant to a competitive bid process in

accordance with the provisions of the Procurement Code shall be used in any election for public office in New Mexico.

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B. As used in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978, "voting system" means a combination of mechanical, electromechanical or electronic equipment, including the software and firmware required to program and control the equipment, that is used to cast and count votes, and also including any type of system that is designed to print or to mark ballots at a polling location; equipment that is not an integral part of a voting system but that can be used as an adjunct to it is considered to be a component of the system."

SECTION 55. Section 1-9-7.4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 28, Section 2) is amended to read:

"1-9-7.4. VOTING SYSTEMS--AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO RECERTIFY AND DECERTIFY.--

A. Each voting system certified for use in the state shall be reviewed for recertification by the secretary of state during the year following a presidential election. Tests and inspections conducted pursuant to this section shall begin no later than June 1 and shall follow the procedures in Section 1-9-14 NMSA 1978.

B. If at any time the secretary of state becomes
aware that a voting system certified for use in this state
does not comply with all requirements in the Election Code or
meet federal election standards, the secretary of state shall SB 180

1 undertake an investigation to determine if the voting system 2 should continue to be certified for use in the state. Tests 3 and inspections conducted pursuant to this section shall 4 commence upon the order of the secretary of state and shall 5 follow the procedures in Section 1-9-14 NMSA 1978. A voting 6 system that does not comply with all requirements in the 7 Election Code and the most recent voluntary voting system 8 guidelines adopted and implemented by the United States 9 election assistance commission shall be decertified for use 10 in this state." 11 SECTION 56. Section 1-9-7.10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 12 2010, Chapter 28, Section 8) is amended to read: 13 "1-9-7.10. VOTING SYSTEMS--BALLOT HANDLING AND 14 PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS. -- Voting systems certified for use in 15 state elections shall: 16 A. accept a ballot that is a minimum of six inches 17 wide and a maximum of twenty-two inches long, in dual columns 18 and printed on both sides; 19 B. accept a ballot in any orientation when 20 inserted by a voter; 21 C. have the capability to reject a ballot on which 22 a voter has made more than the allowable number of selections 23 in any contest; 24 D. be designed to accommodate the maximum number 25 of ballot styles or ballot variations encountered in the

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## largest New Mexico election jurisdiction;

E. be able to read a single ballot with at least four hundred twenty voting positions; and

F. tabulate as a vote only the human-readable marks in the voter response area of a ballot."

SECTION 57. Section 1-9-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 226, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-9-14. VOTING SYSTEMS--AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO TEST--CERTIFICATION.--

10 Α. The secretary of state shall provide for the 11 testing and evaluation of voting systems designed for the 12 purpose of recording and tabulating votes within polling 13 places in New Mexico. All voting systems certified for use 14 in the state shall be tested by an independent authority and 15 shall comply with all requirements in the Election Code and 16 the most recent voluntary voting system guidelines adopted 17 and implemented by the United States election assistance 18 commission.

B. Any person who has a voting system that is
designed for the purpose of recording and tabulating votes
within a polling place may apply on or before June 1 of any
odd-numbered year to the secretary of state to have the
equipment examined and tested for certification. At the time
application is made for initial certification, the applicant
shall pay for testing each system in an amount that reflects

the actual cost of such test. Upon receipt of the 1 2 application, the secretary of state shall examine and study 3 the voting system to ensure that it complies with all 4 requirements in the Election Code and the most recent 5 voluntary voting system guidelines adopted and implemented by 6 the United States election assistance commission. As part of 7 the examination, the secretary of state shall require the 8 system to be independently inspected by persons or testing 9 laboratories technically qualified to evaluate and test the 10 operation and component parts of voting systems and shall 11 require a written report on the results of such testing. The 12 secretary of state may authorize field testing of the 13 equipment in one or more polling places in any state or local 14 government election; provided that such field tests shall be 15 conducted at no cost to the state or any local government.

16 C. Upon completion of all tests and examination of 17 all written test reports, the secretary of state shall make a 18 written report of the result of the findings and shall file 19 that report, together with the written test reports, in the 20 office of the secretary of state and post them on the 21 secretary of state's website. The secretary of state shall 22 accept public comment during the twenty-one days following 23 the filing of the written report.

24 D. Following the period of public comment, the25 secretary of state shall submit the filed reports and any

public comments for consideration by the voting system certification committee. The voting system certification committee shall make recommendations regarding the suitability and reliability of the use of such equipment in the conduct of elections under the Election Code.

E. The voting system certification committee shall
recommend that a voting system be certified for use in the
state only if it complies with all requirements in the
Election Code and the most recent voluntary voting system
guidelines adopted and implemented by the United States
election assistance commission.

12 F. If the voting system certification committee 13 report finds that the voting system does not comply with all 14 requirements in the Election Code or does not meet federal 15 election standards, the secretary of state shall allow thirty 16 days for an appeal of the findings to be filed or for the 17 deficiencies to be corrected, following which the secretary 18 of state shall report back to the voting system certification 19 committee with a written final report.

G. The voting system certification committee shall reconvene to consider the final report of the secretary of state and shall make final recommendations regarding the suitability and reliability of the use of such equipment in the conduct of elections under the Election Code.

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H. If the voting system certification committee SB 180

recommends that the voting system is suitable for use in elections in New Mexico, within thirty days of receiving the recommendation, the secretary of state shall certify or recertify the equipment for use in elections in this state.

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I. If the voting system certification committee does not recommend that the voting system for recording and tabulating votes is suitable for use in elections in New Mexico, within thirty days of receiving the recommendation, the secretary of state shall deny the application or decertify the equipment for use in elections in this state."

SECTION 58. Section 1-10-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 27, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-10-4. BALLOTS--PREPARATION.--

A. In a primary election, not less than sixty days before the election, each county clerk shall group each candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer and a space for any offices with a declared write-in candidate, separated by political party and certify in writing a separate ballot for each precinct in the county for each major political party to be voted on at the primary election.

B. In a general election, not less than sixty days
before the election, each county clerk shall certify in
writing the ballot for each precinct in the county containing SB 180

the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer, a space for any offices with a declared write-in candidate and any ballot questions to be voted on at the general election.

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7 C. In a regular local election, not less than 8 fifty-six days before the election, each county clerk shall 9 certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the county 10 containing the name of each candidate who has been qualified 11 by a proper filing officer, a space for any offices with a 12 declared write-in candidate and any ballot questions to be 13 voted on at the regular local election.

14 D. In a special local election, not less than 15 sixty days before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the county containing any ballot questions to be voted on at the special 18 election.

Ε. In a special state election, not less than sixty days before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing any ballot questions 22 to be voted on at the special state election.

23 F. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office 24 of United States representative and except as provided in 25 Subsection G of this section, not less than fifty-three days

before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative.

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8 G. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office 9 of United States representative in extraordinary 10 circumstances pursuant to 2 U.S.C. Section 8(b), not more 11 than seventeen days after the announcement of a vacancy in 12 the office of United States representative, the secretary of 13 state shall certify in writing the ballot containing the name 14 of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a 15 qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who 16 has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in 17 candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in 18 the office of United States representative.

H. On the date specified for each election in this
section, each ballot certified pursuant to this section shall
be sent to the ballot printer or other person preparing the
ballot for use by voters and sent to the secretary of state
to keep on file for twelve months, after which the certified
ballot shall be transferred to be a permanent record at the
state records center. Upon request of the county chair of a S

political party participating in a partisan election, the county clerk shall furnish proof sheets or a copy of the proof sheets of the certified ballot as soon as they become available."

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SECTION 59. Section 1-10-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read:

7 "1-10-6. BALLOTS--NAME TO BE PRINTED--ORDER OF NAMES-8 SIMILAR NAMES--NAMES NOT TO BE PRINTED.--

A. In the preparation of ballots for a statewide
election, the candidate's name shall be printed on the ballot
as it appears on the candidate's certificate of registration
that is on file in the county clerk's office on the day the
secretary of state issues the proclamation for that election;
provided that:

15 (1) the last name printed on the ballot16 shall match the candidate's legal last name;

17 (2) academic, honorific and elected titles18 shall not be printed;

19 (3) periods after initials shall not be
20 printed;

21 (4) punctuation common to names, other than 22 a period, shall be printed as it appears on the candidate's 23 certificate of registration; and

24 (5) only letters and punctuation used in25 roman typefaces shall be printed.

The order of candidates for the same office in 1 Β. 2 a statewide election shall be determined using a 3 randomization method provided by rule.

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If it appears that the names of two or more C. candidates for any office to be voted on at the election are 6 the same or are so similar as to tend to confuse the voter as to the candidates' identities, the candidates shall be differentiated on the ballot in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary of state.

10 D. A candidate's name shall not be printed on the 11 ballot if at least seventy days before a general election, 12 sixty-three days before a primary election or regular local 13 election or seven days after the filing day for declarations 14 of candidacy for any other election:

15 (1)the candidate files with the proper 16 filing officer a signed and notarized statement of withdrawal 17 as a candidate in that election:

18 a judicial determination is made that (2) 19 the candidate does not qualify to be a candidate for the 20 office sought;

21 (3) the voter registration of the candidate 22 is updated by the candidate in such manner that the candidate 23 does not qualify to be a candidate for the office sought; or 24 (4) the voter registration of the candidate 25 is canceled for any reason provided in Chapter 1, Article 4

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NMSA 1978."

2 SECTION 60. Section 1-10-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, 3 Chapter 212, Section 103, as amended) is amended to read: BALLOTS--ORDER OF OFFICES AND BALLOT 4 "1-10-8. 5 QUESTIONS.--6 Α. In the year in which the president of the 7 United States is elected, the ballot in a primary election 8 and general election shall contain, when applicable, partisan 9 offices to be voted on in the following order: 10 (1) in a presidential primary, president; 11 (2) in a general election, president and 12 vice president as a ticket; 13 (3) United States senator; 14 (4) United States representative; 15 (5) state senator; 16 (6) state representative; 17 (7) supreme court; 18 (8) court of appeals; 19 (9) public education commission; 20 (10) district attorney; 21 (11) district court; 22 (12) metropolitan court; 23 (13) county clerk; 24 (14) county treasurer; 25 SB 180 (15) county commission; and

1	(16) when applicable:	
2	(a) county sheriff;	
3	(b) county assessor; and	
4	(c) probate judge.	
5	B. In the year in which the governor is elected,	
6	the ballot in a primary election and general election shall	
7	contain, when applicable, partisan offices to be voted on in	
8	the following order:	
9	(1) United States senator;	
10	(2) United States representative;	
11	(3) in a major political party primary,	
12	governor;	
13	(4) in a major political party primary,	
14	lieutenant governor;	
15	(5) in a general election, governor and	
16	lieutenant governor as a ticket;	
17	(6) secretary of state;	
18	(7) attorney general;	
19	(8) state auditor;	
20	(9) state treasurer;	
21	(10) commissioner of public lands;	
22	(11) state representative;	
23	(12) supreme court;	
24	(13) court of appeals;	
25	(14) public education commission; SB 180 Page 112	

1 (15) district court; 2 (16) metropolitan court; 3 (17) magistrate court; 4 county sheriff; (18) 5 (19) county assessor; 6 (20) county commission; 7 (21) probate judge; and 8 (22) when applicable: 9 county clerk; and (a) 10 county treasurer. (b) 11 C. The ballot in a regular local election shall 12 contain, when applicable, nonpartisan offices to be voted on 13 in the following order: 14 municipal, with elective executive (1) 15 officers listed first, governing board members listed second 16 and judicial officers listed third; 17 board of education of a school district; (2) 18 (3) community college, branch community 19 college, technical and vocational institute district or 20 learning center district; and 21 (4) special districts listed in order by 22 voting population of each special district, with the most 23 populous listed first and the least populous listed last. 24 D. The ballot in a statewide election shall 25 SB 180 contain, when applicable, nonpartisan judicial retention and

1 in a statewide or special election, when applicable, ballot 2 questions to be voted on in the following order, unless a 3 different order is prescribed by the secretary of state: 4 (1)judicial retention; 5 (2)proposed state constitutional 6 amendments; 7 (3) other state ballot questions; 8 (4) county ballot questions; and 9 local government ballot questions listed (5) 10 in the same order as the list of local governments in Subsection C of this section. 11 12 When multiple positions for the same Ε. 13 nondistricted, nonjudicial office are to be elected on the 14 same ballot and the qualifications for each position are the 15 same, the nondistricted, nonjudicial district shall be 16 elected at large in a single contest on the ballot in which 17 voters shall be given the instruction to "vote for no more 18 than X". If two or more positions for the same office are to 19 be elected to represent the same area but with terms of 20 different lengths of time, the candidate receiving the 21 highest number of votes shall be elected to the position with 22 the longest term length, and the candidate receiving the next 23 highest number of votes shall be elected to the position with 24 the next longest term length, with additional candidates 25 elected to positions accordingly.

F. When multiple positions for the same districted, nonjudicial office are listed on the same ballot or the qualifications for one or more at-large positions are distinct from the qualifications of the rest:

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(1) offices designated by district number shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the districts; and

8 (2) offices not designated by district
9 number shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical
10 order of the position; provided that the secretary of state
11 shall numerically designate the positions on the ballot as
12 "position one", "position two" and such additional
13 consecutively numbered positions as are necessary, and only
14 one member shall be elected for each position.

G. When multiple positions for the same judicial office are listed on the same ballot, each position is to be elected or voted on individually as follows:

(1) district, metropolitan and magistrate court positions, either for partisan election or for nonpartisan judicial retention, shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the division number assigned to each position;

(2) supreme court and court of appeals for
partisan election shall appear on the ballot in ascending
numerical order of the position number designated by the

1 secretary of state for that election, based on the date of 2 the vacancy causing the position to be listed on the ballot; 3 provided that if multiple vacancies occurred on the same day, 4 the positions shall appear on the ballot based on the order 5 of seniority of the justice or judge who vacated the 6 position, with the highest seniority listed first; and 7 (3) supreme court and court of appeals for 8 nonpartisan judicial retention shall appear on the ballot in 9 ascending numerical order of the position number designated 10 by the secretary of state for that election, based on the 11 seniority of the justice or judge seeking retention, with the 12 highest seniority listed first." 13 SECTION 61. A new Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted 14 to read: 15 "1-11-4.1. VOTER NOTIFICATION.--16 A. At least forty-two days prior to each statewide 17 election, the secretary of state, on behalf of each county 18 clerk, shall mail a voter notification of the election. The 19 voter notification shall include: 20 the date and purpose of the election; (1)21 (2) an internet address where a voter may 22 apply for a mailed ballot; 23 (3) a telephone number where a voter may 24 call to request the paper form of the mailed ballot 25 SB 180 application; Page 116

1 (4) a list of the days and times and 2 addresses of early voting locations and voter convenience 3 centers where a voter may vote in person; and 4 (5) a list of the locations of monitored 5 secured containers where a voter may return a mailed ballot. 6 B. At least forty-nine days prior to each special 7 election, the county clerk shall mail a voter notification of 8 The voter notification shall include: the election. 9 the date and purpose of the election; (1)10 notification that the election will be (2) 11 conducted by mail and that no polling places will be 12 available for the special election; 13 (3) the deadline for voted mailed ballots to 14 be received by the county clerk and the recommended deadline 15 to deposit the voted mailed ballot with the United States 16 postal service for return by mail, which shall be seven days 17 before the election: 18 (4) the address and the telephone number of 19 the county clerk's office for a voter requiring a replacement 20 ballot or returning a mailed ballot; and 21 (5) a list of the monitored secured 22 containers where a voter may return a mailed ballot. 23 The voter notification shall be sent to each C. 24 voter, except the voter notification shall not be sent to a 25 SB 180 voter whose: Page 117

1 (1)election mail has been returned as 2 undeliverable and who has not updated the voter's certificate 3 of registration with a new address; 4 ballot is delivered pursuant to the (2) 5 provisions of the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act; 6 ballot is delivered pursuant to the (3) provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage 7 8 Act; or 9 ballot, in a statewide election, is (4) 10 delivered pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 11 1978." 12 SECTION 62. Section 1-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 13 Chapter 240, Section 215, as amended) is amended to read: 14 "1-11-5. VOTING DEVICE--PREPARATION--CERTIFICATION.--15 Α. Forty-two days before the election, the county 16 clerk may begin to prepare, inspect, certify and seal 17 electronic voting machines that are to be used in the 18 election, and such preparation, inspection, certification and 19 sealing shall continue until all machines are prepared, 20 inspected, certified and sealed. The process of preparing, 21 inspecting, certifying and sealing electronic voting machines 22 shall be open to observation by the public. 23 Β. The county clerk shall certify to the secretary 24 of state and the county chair of each political party 25 SB 180 represented on the ballot the type and serial number of each Page 118 1

voting machine to be used."

2 SECTION 63. Section 1-11-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 3 Chapter 79, Section 33, as amended) is amended to read: "1-11-19. COSTS OF ELECTIONS--ELECTION FUND.--4 5 Α. There is created in the state treasury the 6 "election fund" solely for the purposes of: 7 (1) paying the costs of conducting and 8 administering statewide elections required by the Election 9 Code; 10 (2)reimbursing the counties for the costs 11 of conducting and administering statewide elections required 12 by the Election Code; 13 (3) paying the administrative costs of the 14 office of the secretary of state for administering elections 15 required by the Election Code and for administering the 16 election fund; and 17 carrying out all other specified (4) 18 provisions of the Election Code not already covered by 19 another fund administered by the secretary of state. 20 The state treasurer shall invest the election B. 21 fund as other state funds are invested, and all income 22 derived from the fund shall be credited directly to the fund. 23 Remaining balances at the end of a fiscal year shall remain 24 in the fund and not revert to the general fund. Money in the 25 SB 180 fund is appropriated to the office of the secretary of state

1 for the purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section. 2 Money in the fund shall only be expended on warrants of the 3 department of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers 4 signed by the secretary of state or the secretary's designee. 5 C. Money received from the following sources shall 6 be deposited directly into the election fund: 7 (1) money appropriated to the fund by the 8 legislature; 9 reimbursements from the state or a local (2)10 government for elections costs; 11 federal funds received by the state that (3) 12 are designated by the federal government or the state 13 executive for elections or that have been appropriated by the 14 legislature for election purposes; 15 (4) grants or capital outlay funds received 16 by a county clerk for which the secretary of state has agreed 17 to serve as the fiscal agent; and 18 (5) grants or capital outlay funds received 19 by the secretary of state for the purposes of Subsection A of 20 this section and not designated for any other fund. 21 D. The secretary of state may submit a budget 22 adjustment request to use money in the election fund for the 23 purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section beyond a 24 five percent variance from the approved elections budget for 25 SB 180 the current fiscal year. Page 120

1 Ε. If the current year balances in the election 2 fund do not cover the costs of elections, the secretary of 3 state may apply to the state board of finance for an 4 emergency grant to cover those costs pursuant to Section 6-1-2 NMSA 1978." 5 6 SECTION 64. Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 7 2003, Chapter 356, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 8 "1-12-25.2. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--PROVISIONAL VOTING--9 INFORMATION TO VOTER--STATUS OF VOTER'S BALLOT .--10 Α. If a voter is required to vote on a provisional 11 paper ballot, the presiding judge or election judge shall 12 give the voter written instructions on how the voter may 13 determine whether the vote was counted and, if the vote was 14 not counted, the reason it was not counted. 15 Β. The secretary of state shall provide a free 16 access system, such as a toll-free telephone number or 17 internet website, that a voter who casts a provisional paper 18 ballot may access to ascertain whether the voter's ballot was 19 counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was 20 not counted and how to appeal the decision pursuant to rules 21 issued by the secretary of state. Access to information 22 about an individual voter's provisional paper ballot through 23 the free access system is restricted to the voter who cast 24 the ballot.

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C. Beginning with the closing of the polls on

election day through the tenth day following the election, the county clerk shall notify by mail each person whose provisional paper ballot was not counted of the reason the ballot was not counted. The voter shall have until the Friday prior to the meeting of the state canvassing board to appeal to the county clerk a decision to reject the voter's ballot. At any time up to and including the appeal, the voter may provide information or documentation to satisfy the reason the ballot was rejected."

SECTION 65. Section 1-12-65 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 68, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-65. PAPER BALLOTS--COUNTING AND TALLYING PROCEDURES.--

14 Α. The presiding judge and the election judges, 15 assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of 16 paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote 17 tabulator, write the number of such ballots on each copy of 18 the certificate of returns for that polling place and place 19 the paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic 20 vote tabulator in an envelope provided for that purpose. The 21 envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall 22 instead be sealed with either a numbered seal or a locking 23 device and transmitted directly to the county clerk for 24 machine-tabulation or hand-tallying of the ballots.

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B. The presiding judge and the election judges, SB 180

assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of machine-tabulated paper ballots with write-in votes, write the number of such ballots on each copy of the certificate of returns for that polling place and place those paper ballots with write-in votes in an envelope provided for that purpose. The envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall instead be sealed with either a numbered seal or a locking device and transmitted directly to the county clerk for manual counting of the write-in votes.

C. The tallying of paper ballots that were not 11 tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator at the polling 12 place and the counting of ballots with write-in votes shall 13 be in accordance with procedures prescribed by the secretary 14 of state.

15 D. If the county clerk receives a sealed envelope 16 pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section and the absent 17 voter election board has not adjourned, the sealed envelope 18 shall be logged and transmitted to the absent voter election 19 board to be opened and tallied immediately. If the sealed 20 envelope is received by the county clerk after the absent 21 voter election board has adjourned, the sealed envelope shall 22 be logged and transmitted to be opened and tallied by an 23 election board appointed to assist in the preparation of the 24 county canvass report."

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SB 180 SECTION 66. Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977,

Chapter 222, Section 72, as amended) is repealed and a new 1 2 Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 3 "1-12-69. DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS AND RECORDS 4 REQUISITE TO VOTING .--5 Α. Paper ballots marked by voters and records 6 requisite to voting in any election shall be retained and 7 preserved for the greater of: 8 (1) twenty-two months from the date of the 9 election for any election in which a federal office appears 10 on the ballot; 11 (2) ten months from the date of the election 12 for all other elections; or 13 four months following resolution of a (3) 14 contest or other judicial inquiry, including all appeals, for 15 any election, precinct or polling place that is the subject 16 of the contest or other judicial inquiry. 17 Following the retention period, paper ballots Β. 18 marked by voters and records requisite to voting retained and 19 preserved in the county may be destroyed at a time and in a 20 manner as determined by the county clerk; provided that the 21 county clerk shall use one of the destruction methods 22 approved by the state records administrator for destruction 23 of public records. Any interested person shall be permitted 24 to be present during the destruction of paper ballots marked 25 SB 180 by a voter and records requisite to voting by the county Page 124 clerk. At least seven days prior to a destruction, the clerk shall post on the county website a notice of destruction of paper ballots and records requisite to voting and shall provide notice to the county chair of each political party participating in that election. The notice shall include information regarding the election that is the subject of the records destruction and the date, time and place where marked ballots and records requisite to voting will be destroyed.

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9 During the retention period, the county clerk C. 10 may determine that paper ballots marked by voters and 11 physical records requisite to voting from an election should 12 be retained and preserved by the state records administrator. 13 The state records administrator shall receive for storage 14 paper ballots marked by voters and physical records requisite 15 to voting and, following the retention periods required by 16 this section, may destroy the ballots and physical records 17 pursuant to the procedures used by the state records 18 administrator for destruction of public records following a 19 retention period. The state records administrator may enter 20 into a memorandum of understanding with the secretary of 21 state to cover the costs of storage through the election 22 The county clerk shall post on the county website a fund. 23 notice at least seven days prior to sending ballots and 24 physical records requisite to voting to the state records 25 administrator.

1 D. Paper ballots marked by voters, their digitized 2 equivalents and records requisite to voting are exempt from 3 third-party inspection except as otherwise provided in the 4 Election Code until the later of sixty days following 5 adjournment of the state or county canvassing board for that 6 election or sixty days following any recount, contest or 7 other judicial inquiry for any election, precinct or polling 8 place that is the subject of the recount, contest or judicial 9 inquiry. Thereafter, during the retention period and prior 10 to destruction of the ballots or records, a third-party 11 inspection not otherwise provided for in the Election Code 12 shall be conducted for good cause shown and upon order of the district court. When a third-party inspection is ordered, a 13 14 county clerk, the clerk's agent, the state records 15 administrator or the state records administrator's agent 16 shall be present during the inspection to ensure that all 17 ballots and records are properly catalogued and returned in 18 proper order. An inspection of paper ballots marked by 19 voters, their digitized equivalents or records requisite to 20 voting shall be conducted in such a manner as to secure the 21 secrecy of the ballot."

SECTION 67. Section 1-13-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 303, as amended) is amended to read:

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24 "1-13-1. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASSING
 25 BOARD.--

A. The board of county commissioners is ex officio
 the county canvassing board in each county.

B. The board of county commissioners may designate
the board of registration to serve as the county canvassing
board for the county. The designation shall be made in the
polling place resolution adopted pursuant to Section 1-3-2
NMSA 1978 and is valid for all statewide and special
elections conducted within the county until the expiration of
the resolution.

10 C. The county canvass report prepared by the 11 county clerk and approved by the county canvassing board 12 shall consist of:

13 (1) the certificate of canvass to be signed14 by the county clerk and the county canvassing board members;

(2) a report of the final vote counts for each candidate contest and ballot question voted on by voters of the county separated by mailed ballots, early voting and election day voting;

(3) a report of the total ballots requested,
returned, accepted and rejected from uniformed-service voters
or overseas voters; and

22 (4) a report of all provisional ballots23 accepted and rejected.

24D. Immediately after the meeting of the county25canvassing board, the county clerk shall transmit a copy ofSB 180

1 the county canvass report, along with any hand tally sheets, 2 to the secretary of state." 3 SECTION 68. Section 1-13-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 4 Chapter 240, Section 306, as amended) is amended to read: 5 "1-13-4. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASS--6 METHOD. -- The county clerk shall: 7 Α. appoint an election board to conduct a 8 machine-tabulation or hand-tally if the county clerk has 9 received and logged any: 10 paper ballots not previously tabulated; (1)11 (2) absentee ballots delivered to an 12 election board not previously tabulated; 13 (3) provisional paper ballots that have been 14 qualified and contain votes that are to be counted; or 15 (4) ballots with write-in votes not 16 previously counted; 17 B. prepare the report of the canvass of the 18 election returns by carefully examining the returns of each 19 precinct to ascertain if they contain the properly executed 20 certificates required by the Election Code and to ascertain 21 whether any discrepancy, omission or error appears on the 22 face of the election returns: 23 C. present the report of the canvass to the county 24 canvassing board for the board's consideration and approval; 25 SB 180 and Page 128 D. provide the county canvassing board a summary report of the ballots tallied by the election board pursuant to Subsection A of this section and deliver directly to the secretary of state a cumulative report to be used in the event of a recount."

SECTION 69. Section 1-13-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 310, as amended) is amended to read:

8 "1-13-8. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASS--SEARCH 9 FOR MISSING RETURNS.--If it is necessary to open a ballot box 10 on election night through the adjournment of the state 11 canvass to ascertain if missing election returns are enclosed 12 in the ballot box, the ballot box shall be opened in the 13 presence of the presiding judge and two election judges of an 14 election board that meets the requirements of Subsection B of 15 Section 1-2-12 NMSA 1978 by the county clerk or a deputy 16 clerk designated by the county clerk. The county clerk or 17 deputy clerk may remove the missing returns necessary to 18 canvass the election. The presiding judge and election 19 judges shall document the search for missing returns using a 20 form prescribed by the secretary of state."

SECTION 70. Section 1-13-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 313, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-13-10. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--VOTING MACHINE RECHECK--COST.--

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A. Before any recheck and comparison of returns SB 180

and voting machines is made pursuant to Section 1-13-9 NMSA 1978, the candidate making the request, or the petitioners, shall deposit a sum of money or a surety bond made in favor of the county to defray the cost of the recheck. The state canvassing board shall determine the estimated actual cost of a recheck per voting machine no later than March 15 of even-numbered years.

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8 B. If the recheck alters the winner of the 9 election, the deposit or surety bond shall be returned and 10 the cost of the recheck shall be paid by the county. If the 11 recheck does not alter the winner of the election, the 12 deposit or surety bond shall be forfeited and the money from 13 the deposit or bond shall be placed in the county general 14 fund."

15 SECTION 71. Section 1-14-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, 16 Chapter 249, Section 2) is amended to read:

17 "1-14-9. IMPOUNDING BALLOTS--APPLICATION FOR COURT ORDER--DEPOSIT REQUIRED.--18

Upon an order of the district court, ballots Α. may be impounded during the period of time between the 21 completion of the county canvass and the last day to file a 22 candidate contest in that election.

23 Β. Any candidate in an election may petition the 24 district court for an order impounding ballots in one or more 25 precincts or polling places within which the candidate's name

appeared on the ballot. The action shall be brought in the district court for the county in which the precincts or polling places are located. The petition shall state what specific items of ballots are requested to be impounded. Upon receipt of the petition, along with a sufficient cash deposit or a sufficient surety bond to cover the costs of each precinct or polling place for which impoundment is demanded, the court shall issue an order of impoundment.

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9 Ballots shall be impounded in the county C. 10 courthouse or secured in the county clerk's office. When 11 impounded ballots are being handled, a county clerk or the 12 clerk's agent shall be present to ensure that all documents 13 are properly catalogued and returned in proper order.

D. The state canvassing board shall determine the estimated actual cost of impoundment per polling place and for mailed ballots no later than March 15 of even-numbered years. The secretary of state shall post the impoundment cost determinations on the secretary of state's website when the state canvassing board issues its cost determinations."

SECTION 72. Section 1-14-13.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 21 2009, Chapter 233, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-13.2. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM CHECK.--

24 A. At least ninety days prior to each statewide 25 SB 180 election or as soon as practicable prior to an election to

1 fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative, 2 the secretary of state shall contract with an auditor 3 qualified by the state auditor to audit state agencies to 4 oversee a check on the accuracy of precinct electronic vote 5 tabulators, alternate voting location electronic vote 6 tabulators and absent voter precinct electronic vote 7 tabulators. The voting system check shall be conducted for 8 all federal offices, for governor, for contests in the 9 regular local election and for the statewide elective office, 10 other than the office of the governor, for which the winning 11 candidate won by the smallest percentage margin of all 12 candidates for statewide office in New Mexico. The voting system check is waived for any office for which an automatic 13 14 recount is conducted.

15 Β. For each selected office, the auditor shall 16 publicly select a random sample of precincts from a pool of 17 all precincts in the state no later than twelve days after 18 the election. The random sample shall be chosen in a process 19 that will ensure, with at least ninety percent probability 20 for the selected offices, that faulty tabulators would be 21 detected if they would change the outcome of the election for 22 a selected office. The auditor shall select precincts 23 starting with the statewide office with the largest winning 24 margin and ending with the precincts for the statewide office 25 with the smallest winning margin and then, in the same

1	manner, select precincts from	each congressional district.	
2	The size of the random sample	for each office shall be	
3	determined as provided in Tabl	e l of this subsection. When a	
4	precinct is selected for one o	office, it shall be used in lieu	
5	of selecting a different preci	nct when selecting precincts	
6	for another office in the same	e congressional district, or for	
7	any statewide office. If the winning margin in none of the		
8	offices for which a voting system check is required is less		
9	than fifteen percent, a voting system check for that general		
10	election shall not be required.		
11	Table l		
12	Winning margin between top	Number of precincts in the	
13	two candidates for the	state to be tested for that	
14	office according to the	office	
15	county canvasses		
16	Percent		
17	greater than 15	no precincts for that office	
18	greater than 14		
19	but less than or equal to 15	4	
20	greater than 13		
21	but less than or equal to 14	4	
22	greater than 12		
23	but less than or equal to 13	5	
24	greater than ll		
25	but less than or equal to 12	5	SB 180 Page 133

1	greater than 10	
2	but less than or equal to ll	6
3	greater than 9.0	
4	but less than or equal to 10	6
5	greater than 8.0	
6	but less than or equal to 9.0	7
7	greater than 7.0	
8	but less than or equal to 8.0	9
9	greater than 6.0	
10	but less than or equal to 7.0	10
11	greater than 5.5	
12	but less than or equal to 6.0	11
13	greater than 5.0	
14	but less than or equal to 5.5	13
15	greater than 4.5	
16	but less than or equal to 5.0	14
17	greater than 4.0	
18	but less than or equal to 4.5	16
19	greater than 3.5	
20	but less than or equal to 4.0	18
21	greater than 3.0	
22	but less than or equal to 3.5	22
23	greater than 2.5	
24	but less than or equal to 3.0	26
25	greater than 2.0	

1	but less than or equal to 2.5 32
2	greater than 1.8
3	but less than or equal to 2.0 37
4	greater than 1.6
5	but less than or equal to 1.8 42
6	greater than 1.4
7	but less than or equal to 1.6 47
8	greater than 1.2
9	but less than or equal to 1.4 54
10	greater than 1.1
11	but less than or equal to 1.2 59
12	greater than 1.0
13	but less than or equal to 1.1 65
14	greater than 0.9
15	but less than or equal to 1.0 73
16	greater than 0.8
17	but less than or equal to 0.9 82
18	greater than 0.7
19	but less than or equal to 0.8 93
20	greater than 0.6
21	but less than or equal to 0.7 109
22	greater than 0.5
23	but less than or equal to 0.6 130
24	0.5 or less 165.
25	C. After selecting the random sample of precincts

pursuant to Subsection B of this section or as required for a regular local election, the auditor shall also randomly select one precinct from each county where a precinct was not selected in the random sample.

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D. The auditor shall notify the appropriate county clerks of the precincts that are to be included in the voting system check upon their selection. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to open the locked ballot boxes and remove ballots from the selected precincts and:

(1) in a primary or general election, the
auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare
the original machine count precinct vote totals for
candidates for offices subject to the voting system check
from the selected precincts for each office with the
respective vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots
from those precincts;

17 in a regular local election, the size of (2) 18 the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts 19 that were used for the random sample in the previous general 20 election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county 21 clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote 22 totals for the three contests with the closest margin between 23 the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes 24 affecting the final outcome for an office from each of the 25 selected precincts with the respective vote totals of a hand

recount of the paper ballots from those precincts; provided that if there are fewer than three contested contests in a precinct, the auditor shall randomly select one or more contests so that three contests are included in the sample from that precinct; and

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6 (3) in an election called to fill a vacancy 7 in United States representative, the auditor shall direct the 8 appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine 9 count precinct vote totals for candidates for United States 10 representative from the selected precincts with the 11 respective vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots 12 from those precincts.

E. The county clerks shall report their results to the auditor within fourteen days of the notice to conduct the voting system check unless a county clerk is aware of a recount in any office that includes one or more precincts in the county, in which case the county clerk shall report the results of the post-election audit to the auditor within fourteen days following the conclusion of the recount.

F. Based on the results of the voting system check and any other auditing results, the auditor shall determine the error rate in the sample for each office. If the winning margin decreases and the error rate based on the difference between the vote totals of hand recounts of the paper ballots and the original precinct vote totals exceeds ninety percent

of the winning margin for an office, another sample equal in size to the original sample shall be selected and the original precinct vote totals compared to the vote totals of hand recounts. The error rate based on the first and second sample shall be reported, and if it exceeds ninety percent of the winning margin for the office, the state canvassing board shall order that a full hand recount of the ballots for that office be conducted.

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9 G. The auditor shall report the results of the
10 voting system check to the secretary of state upon completion
11 of the voting system check and release the results to the
12 public.

H. Persons designated as county canvass observers
may observe the hand recount described in Subsection D of
this section. Observers shall comply with the procedures
governing county canvass observers as provided in Section
1-2-31 NMSA 1978.

I. If a recount for an office selected for a voting system check is conducted pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 1, Article 14 NMSA 1978, the vote totals from the hand count of ballots for that office in precincts selected for the voting system check may be used in lieu of recounting the same ballots for the recount.

24J. All costs of a voting system check or required25hand recount shall be paid in the same manner as automaticSB 180

recounts.

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K. The secretary of state may issue rules to implement voting system checks."

SECTION 73. Section 1-14-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 343, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-14. RECOUNTS--RECHECKS--APPLICATION.--

A. Whenever any candidate believes that any error or fraud has been committed by any precinct board in counting or tallying the ballots, in the verification of the votes cast on the voting machines or in the certifying of the results of any election whereby the results of the election in the precinct have not been correctly determined, declared or certified, the candidate, within six days after completion of the canvass by the proper canvassing board, may have a recount of the ballots, or a recheck of the votes shown on the voting machines, that were cast in the precinct.

B. All applications for recount or recheck shall be filed with the secretary of state."

SECTION 74. Section 1-14-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 48, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-15. RECOUNTS--RECHECKS--COST OF PROCEEDINGS.--

A. An applicant for a recount shall deposit with
the proper canvassing board or, in the case of an office for
which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of
nomination or election, with the secretary of state

1 sufficient cash, or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the 2 cost of a recount for each precinct for which a recount is 3 demanded. An applicant for a recheck shall deposit with the 4 proper canvassing board or, in the case of an office for 5 which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of 6 nomination or election, with the secretary of state 7 sufficient cash, or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the 8 cost of the recheck for each voting machine to be rechecked. 9 The state canvassing board shall determine the estimated 10 actual cost of a recount per polling place and for mailed 11 ballots and a recheck per voting machine no later than March 12 15 of even-numbered years. The secretary of state shall post 13 the recount and recheck cost determinations on the secretary 14 of state's website when the state canvassing board issues its 15 cost determinations.

B. The deposit or surety bond shall be security for the payment of the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck in case the results of the recount or recheck are not sufficient to change the results of the election.

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C. If it appears that error or fraud sufficient to change the winner of the election has been committed, the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck shall be paid by the state upon warrant issued by the secretary of finance and administration supported by a voucher of the secretary of state, or shall be paid by the county upon warrant of the

county clerk from the general fund of the county, as the case may be.

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If no error or fraud appears to be sufficient D. to change the winner, the costs and expenses for the recount or recheck shall be paid by the applicant. Costs shall consist of any docket fees, mileage of the sheriff in serving summons and fees and mileage of election board members, at the same rates allowed witnesses in civil actions. If error or fraud has been committed by an election board, the board members shall not be entitled to such mileage or fees."

SECTION 75. Section 1-14-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2008, Chapter 41, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "1-14-24. AUTOMATIC RECOUNTS--PROCEDURES.--

A. An automatic recount of the vote is required 15 when the canvass of returns indicates that the margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for an office, the margin between those supporting and those opposing a ballot question or the margin affecting the outcome of a nonpartisan judicial retention election is less than:

21 (1) one-fourth percent of the total votes 22 cast in that election:

23 (a) for that office in the case of a 24 federal or statewide office;

> SB 180 (b) on a ballot question in the case of Page 141

1 a state ballot question; or 2 (c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention 3 election in the case of the supreme court or the court of 4 appeals; 5 (2) one-half percent of the total votes cast 6 in that election: 7 (a) for that office in the case of a 8 public education commissioner, district attorney or any 9 office elected countywide in a county with more than one 10 hundred fifty thousand registered voters; 11 (b) on a ballot question in the case of 12 a local ballot question; or 13 (c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention 14 election in the case of a district court or the metropolitan 15 court; or 16 one percent of the total votes cast in (3) 17 that election or five or fewer votes between the two 18 candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for that 19 office in the case of any other office. 20 B. For an office for which ballots were cast in 21 more than one county, the secretary of state shall file 22 notice with the state canvassing board upon the completion of 23 the state canvass that an automatic recount is required, and 24 the state canvassing board shall order a recount of the 25 SB 180 ballots for the specified office. For an office in which

ballots were cast solely within one county, the secretary of state shall file notice with the state canvassing board within seven days after receiving notice from the county clerk following the completion of the county canvass that an automatic recount is required, and the state canvassing board shall order a recount of the ballots for the specified office.

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C. Automatic recounts shall be conducted pursuant to the recount procedures established in Sections 1-14-16 and 1-14-18 through 1-14-23 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 76. Section 1-16-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
 Chapter 240, Section 377, as amended) is amended to read:

13 "1-16-4. BALLOT QUESTIONS--STATE CONSTITUTIONAL
 14 AMENDMENTS--PUBLICATION.--

A. The secretary of state shall cause the ballot
question for a proposed constitutional amendment to be
published as provided in Article 19, Section 1 of the
constitution of New Mexico.

B. The secretary of state shall post a proposed constitutional amendment beginning no later than seventy days prior to the election at which the amendment is to be submitted to the voters of the state for their approval or rejection.

24 C. Each county clerk shall post a proposed25 constitutional amendment beginning no later than sixty-seven SB 180

days prior to the election at which the amendment is to be submitted to the voters of the state for their approval or rejection."

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SECTION 77. Section 1-17-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 393) is amended to read:

"1-17-8. REFERENDUM PETITIONS--APPROVAL BEFORE CIRCULATION.--

8 A. Before any referendum petition is circulated 9 for signatures, the sponsors shall submit the original draft 10 thereof to the secretary of state to determine whether or not 11 it meets the requirements of law for referendum petitions. 12 At the same time the original draft is submitted to the 13 secretary of state, the sponsors shall also submit a 14 suggested popular name for the law that is the object of the 15 petition.

B. Within thirty days after submission of the
original draft and suggested popular name, the secretary of
state shall:

(1) approve and certify the original draft of the petition and approve and certify the suggested popular name or a more suitable and correct popular name; or

(2) disapprove the original draft and
specify each deficiency not in compliance with the law."

 
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 SECTION 78. Section 1-17-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,

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 Chapter 240, Section 395) is amended to read:
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1	"1-17-10. REFERENDUM PETITIONSSUFFICIENCY OR	
2	INSUFFICIENCYThe secretary of state shall ascertain and	
3	declare the sufficiency or insufficiency of each complete	
4	referendum petition within thirty days after it is filed in	
5	the secretary's office."	
6	SECTION 79. Section 1-19A-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,	
7	Chapter 14, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:	
8	"1-19A-7. GUIDELINES AND RESTRICTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS	
9	TO AND EXPENDITURES OF CERTIFIED CANDIDATES	
10	A. All money distributed to a certified candidate	
11	shall be used only for that candidate's campaign-related	
12	purposes in the election in which the money was distributed.	
13	B. Money from the fund received by a candidate	
14	shall not be used for:	
15	(1) the candidate's personal living expenses	
16	or compensation to the candidate or the candidate's spouse,	
17	domestic partner, children or stepchildren;	
18	(2) a contribution to another campaign of	
19	the candidate or a payment to retire debt from another such	
20	campaign;	
21	(3) a contribution to the campaign of	
22	another candidate or to a political party or political	
23	committee or to a campaign supporting or opposing a ballot	
24	proposition;	
25	(4) an expenditure supporting the election	SB 180 Page 145

of another candidate or the passage or defeat of a ballot proposition or the defeat of any candidate other than an opponent of the certified candidate; provided that a 4 certified candidate may purchase joint advertisements or 5 services with other certified candidates;

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(5) payment of a fine levied by a court or the secretary; or

8 a gift or transfer for which (6) 9 compensating value is not received.

10 C. A certified candidate shall return to the fund 11 any amount that is unspent or unencumbered at the time that 12 person ceases to be a candidate before a primary or general 13 election for which the fund money was distributed.

14 D. A certified candidate shall limit total 15 campaign expenditures to the amount of money distributed to 16 that candidate from the fund, money received from a political 17 party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 and contributions 18 collected pursuant to Section 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978. A 19 certified candidate shall not accept contributions from any 20 other source except the certified candidate's political 21 party, as specified in Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 and 22 contributions collected pursuant to Section 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 23 1978.

24 E. A certified candidate who does not remain a 25 candidate in the general election shall, within thirty days

after the primary election, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978 that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the primary election.

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F. A certified candidate shall, within thirty days
after the general election, transfer to the secretary for
deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a
political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from
private contributors pursuant to Section 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978
that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the
general election.

14 G. If a certified candidate ceases to be a 15 certified candidate for any reason, the previously certified 16 candidate or candidate's campaign committee shall, within 17 thirty days thereafter, transfer to the secretary for deposit 18 in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a 19 political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from 20 private contributors pursuant to Section 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978 21 that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date the 22 candidate ceases to be a certified candidate."

SECTION 80. Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 431) is amended to read:

"1-20-6. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF KEYS.--Unlawful SB 180

possession of keys consists of the possession at any time of any key to a voting machine, ballot box or monitored secured container, or possession of an imitation or duplicate thereof, or making or causing to be made any imitation or duplicate thereof, unless authorized by the Election Code. Whoever commits unlawful possession of keys is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

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SECTION 81. Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 111, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

10 "1-20-7. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ABSENTEE BALLOT.--11 Unlawful possession of absentee ballot consists of the 12 possession at any time of absentee ballot materials when not 13 authorized by the Election Code to be in possession of such 14 materials, or when such materials were obtained in an 15 unlawful manner, and includes the establishment, designation 16 or operation of any container or receptacle to receive voted 17 ballots by a person who is not authorized by the Election 18 Code and entering information into or altering the absentee 19 ballot register. As used in this section, "absentee ballot 20 materials" means an absentee ballot, absentee ballot 21 envelopes, the absentee ballot register or an absentee ballot 22 return. Whoever commits unlawful possession of absentee 23 ballot is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 82. Section 1-20-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 441, as amended) is amended to read: SB 180

<ul> <li>"1-20-17. OBSTRUCTING THE POLLING PLACE</li> <li>A. Obstructing the polling place consists of</li> <li>a person other than an authorized individual approaching</li> <li>nearer than fifty feet from the door through which voters may</li> <li>enter to vote at a polling place or a person who willfully</li> <li>blocks access to a monitored secured container or the</li> <li>entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and</li> <li>egress.</li> <li>B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</li> <li>related business nearer than fifty feet from the door through</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>a person other than an authorized individual approaching</li> <li>nearer than fifty feet from the door through which voters may</li> <li>enter to vote at a polling place or a person who willfully</li> <li>blocks access to a monitored secured container or the</li> <li>entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and</li> <li>egress.</li> <li>B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>nearer than fifty feet from the door through which voters may</li> <li>enter to vote at a polling place or a person who willfully</li> <li>blocks access to a monitored secured container or the</li> <li>entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and</li> <li>egress.</li> <li>B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</li> </ul>	
5 enter to vote at a polling place or a person who willfully 6 blocks access to a monitored secured container or the 7 entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and 8 egress. 9 B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-	
<ul> <li>blocks access to a monitored secured container or the</li> <li>entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and</li> <li>egress.</li> <li>B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>7 entrance to a polling place so as to prevent free ingress and</li> <li>8 egress.</li> <li>9 B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</li> </ul>	
<pre>8 egress. 9 B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-</pre>	
9 B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-	
10 related business nearer than fifty feet from the door through	
11 which voters may enter to vote is not guilty of obstructing a	
12 polling place, provided the person does not willfully block	
13 access to a monitored secured container or the entrance to	
14 the polling place.	
C. As used in this section, "authorized	
16 individual" means an individual who is not electioneering and	
17 who is:	
18 (1) a voter offering to vote;	
19 (2) a member of the election board;	
20 (3) a lawfully appointed watcher, challenger	
21 or election observer;	
22 (4) an individual giving assistance to a	
23 specific person offering to vote;	
24 (5) an election official or contractor	
25 having business in the polling place; SB 18 Page	
Page	149

1	(6) an attorney representing the county or
2	state, a political party or a candidate having business in
3	the polling place; or
4	(7) a language translator where required by
5	federal law.
6	D. Whoever obstructs the polling place is guilty
7	of a petty misdemeanor."
8	SECTION 83. Section 1-20-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
9	Chapter 240, Section 445) is amended to read:
10	"1-20-21. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS
11	Unlawful possession of alcoholic liquors consists of the use
12	or possession of any alcoholic liquor by any member of the
13	election board while performing official duties on election
14	day.
15	Whoever commits unlawful possession of alcoholic liquors
16	is guilty of a petty misdemeanor."
17	SECTION 84. Section 1-22-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
18	Chapter 79, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"1-22-4. REGULAR LOCAL ELECTIONPROCLAMATION
20	PUBLICATION
21	A. Between one hundred twenty and one hundred
22	fifty days before the next regular local election, each local
23	government shall notify the county clerk of the county in
24	which the primary administrative office of the local
25	government is situate of all local government positions that SB 180 Page 150

are to be filled at the next regular local election. Each county clerk shall inform the secretary of state of all positions to be filled no later than one hundred twelve days before the regular local election.

5 Β. The secretary of state shall by resolution 6 issue a public proclamation in Spanish and English calling a 7 regular local election. The proclamation shall be issued and 8 filed by the secretary of state in the office of the 9 secretary of state ninety days preceding the date of the 10 regular local election, and upon filing the proclamation, the 11 secretary of state shall post the proclamation and certify it 12 to each county clerk. The proclamation may be amended no 13 later than eleven days before the filing date for the regular 14 local election.

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C. The proclamation shall specify:

16 (1) the date when the election will be held; 17 (2) each elective office, local governing 18 body and judicial position to be filled;

19 (3) the date on which declarations of 20 candidacy are to be filed;

21 (4) the date on which declarations of intent
22 to be a write-in candidate are to be filed; and

(5) the municipalities subject to a
ranked-choice voting runoff election and those subject to a
top-two runoff election and the date of the top-two runoff
SB 180

election should one be necessary.

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2 D. After receipt of the proclamation from the 3 secretary of state, the county clerk shall post the entire 4 proclamation on the county clerk's website and, not less than 5 seventy-five days before the date of the election, shall 6 publish portions of the proclamation relevant to the county 7 at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within 8 the county. The publication of the proclamation shall 9 conform to the requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act 10 of 1965, as amended, and shall specify: 11 the date when the election will be held; (1) 12 (2)for each local government situated in 13 whole or in part in the county, each elective executive, 14 local governing body and judicial position to be filled by 15 voters of any precinct in the county; 16 the date on which declarations of (3) 17 candidacy are to be filed and the date on which declarations 18 of intent to be a write-in candidate are to be filed; 19 the location, days and hours for voting (4) 20 at the office of the county clerk; 21 (5) the location, days and hours for early 22 voting at each alternate voting location and mobile alternate 23 voting location; 24 the location, date and hours for voting (6) 25 at each election day polling place; and

1 (7) the date certificates of registration 2 shall be subscribed and sworn as required by law." 3 SECTION 85. Section 1-22-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 4 Chapter 79, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read: 5 "1-22-7. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FILING DATE--6 PENALTY.--7 A. A candidate for a position that will be filled 8 at a regular local election shall file a declaration of 9 candidacy with the proper filing officer between 9:00 a.m. 10 and 5:00 p.m. on the seventieth day before the date of the 11 regular local election. B. A candidate shall file for only one position in 12 13 the same local government but may file for a position in more 14 than one local government on the same filing day. 15 C. A declaration of candidacy shall not be amended 16 after it has been filed with the proper filing officer. 17 Each declaration of candidacy shall be D. 18 accompanied by a nominating petition containing at least the 19 number of signatures as required by law for the specific 20 office. 21 Ε. Each declaration of candidacy shall be 22 delivered for filing in person by the eligible candidate or 23 by a person acting by virtue of written authorization. The 24 proper filing officer shall not accept for filing from any 25 one individual more than one declaration of candidacy.

1 F. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in a 2 declaration of candidacy is guilty of a fourth degree felony 3 and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978." 4 5 SECTION 86. Section 1-22-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 6 2018, Chapter 79, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read: 7 "1-22-8.1. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--8 A. Write-in candidates shall be permitted in 9 regular local elections. 10 A person may be a write-in candidate only if Β. 11 the person has the qualifications to be a candidate for the 12 position for which the person is running. 13 C. A person desiring to be a write-in candidate 14 for an office shall file with the proper filing officer a 15 declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate. The 16 declaration shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on 17 the sixty-third day preceding the date of the election. 18 D. The declaration of intent to be a write-in

19 candidate shall be accompanied by a nominating petition 20 containing the same number of signatures or the filing fee 21 required of other candidates for the same office.

E. A write-in candidate shall be considered a
candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to
candidates in the Local Election Act, except that the
write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot SB 180

nor posted in any polling place."

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SECTION 87. Section 1-22-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-22-10. CANDIDATE QUALIFICATION--CHALLENGES--BALLOTS.--

6 Α. The proper filing officer shall determine 7 whether a candidate filing a declaration of candidacy is 8 registered to vote within the area to be elected to represent 9 and, if required for the office being sought, whether the 10 candidate's nominating petition for that office has been 11 filed with a number of signatures that is equal to or greater 12 than the number required for that office. If the candidate 13 is so qualified and no withdrawal of candidacy has been filed 14 as provided in the Local Election Act, the proper filing 15 officer shall place the candidate's name on the ballot for 16 the position specified in the declaration of candidacy and 17 notify each candidate in writing no later than the 18 sixty-seventh day before the local election.

B. Any voter may challenge the candidacy of any
person seeking election at the regular local election for the
reason that the person does not meet the requirements for the
office sought by filing a petition in the district court
within seven days after the day for filing a declaration of
candidacy. The district court shall hear and render a
decision on the matter within ten days after the filing of

the petition. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith.

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C. Ballots for the regular local election shall be prepared by the proper filing officer and printed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-10-5 NMSA 1978.

8 D. The printed ballot shall contain the name of
9 each person who is a candidate and the position for which the
10 person is a candidate.

E. The ballot shall also contain all ballot questions that are to be submitted to the voters as certified by a local governing body to the county clerk in each county in which the local government is situate and shall conform to the requirements for ballot questions on the regular local election ballot as provided in Chapter 1, Article 16 NMSA 17 1978."

SECTION 88. Section 1-24-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
Chapter 212, Section 156) is amended to read:

"1-24-3. SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURES--CONDUCT.--

A. All special elections in this state shall be
conducted absentee. Mailed ballots shall be used exclusively
for voting in special elections. Except as otherwise
provided in the Special Election Act, all special elections
in this state shall be conducted and canvassed as provided in SB 180

the Election Code.

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B. Without requiring a voter to file an
application to receive a ballot, the county clerk shall send
a mailed ballot to every voter of the county or local public
body, except a voter:

6 (1) who was sent a notice pursuant to
7 Subsection C of Section 1-4-28 NMSA 1978 and who has not
8 returned the prepaid and pre-addressed return card sent
9 pursuant to that section and has not filed a new certificate
10 of registration with a new address;

11 (2) whose voter notification pursuant to 12 Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 or official election-related mail 13 sent through a uniform, nondiscriminatory process was 14 returned to the county clerk or the secretary of state as 15 undeliverable and the voter has not communicated with the 16 county clerk that the official voter notification or 17 election-related mail was returned as undeliverable in error 18 or filed a certificate of registration with a new address; or

19 (3) whose ballot is delivered pursuant to
20 the provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor
21 Suffrage Act.

22 C. Forty-two days before the election or in the 23 case of a voter notification returned to the county clerk, as 24 soon thereafter as practicable, the county clerk shall send 25 to each voter of the county or local public body described in SB 180

Paragraphs (1) and (2) of Subsection B of this section notice, sent by forwardable mail, that the voter will not be sent a ballot for the special election unless the voter updates the voter's address as provided by the Election Code or informs the county clerk that the address on the certificate of registration is valid. The notice shall include contact information for the office of the county clerk and an internet address where the voter may update the voter's address or communicate with the county clerk. The mailed ballot register shall note which voters were sent a 11 notice pursuant to this subsection.

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12 Between the twenty-seventh and twenty-fifth day D. 13 before the election, pursuant to Subsection B of this 14 section, the county clerk shall send to each voter a ballot 15 for the special election, along with a postage-paid return 16 envelope, a notice that there will be no traditional polling 17 places for the election, the recommended deadline to deposit 18 the voted mailed ballot with the United States postal service 19 for return by mail, the deadline for the ballot to be 20 received by the county clerk and a list of the times and 21 locations of monitored secured containers available in the 22 county.

23 Ε. Beginning twenty-two days before the election, 24 the county clerk shall issue replacement and provisional 25 ballots as provided in the Absent Voter Act for the mailed

ballot process. In addition, the county clerk shall send a ballot to any voter described in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of Subsection B of this section who has not previously been sent a ballot if the voter submits an application pursuant to Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978.

F. When required by federal law, if the voter has 6 7 on file with the county a valid certificate of registration 8 that indicates that the voter is a new registrant in the 9 state and who registered by mail without submitting the 10 required documentary identification, the county clerk shall 11 notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed 12 ballot the required documentary identification from the list 13 in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 14 1978. The county clerk shall note on the mailed ballot 15 register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed 16 ballot must be returned with the required documentary 17 identification."

SECTION 89. Section 2-11-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 23, as amended) is amended to read:

20 "2-11-8.1. RESTRICTIONS ON CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES AND
 21 CONTRIBUTIONS.--

A. A lobbyist shall not serve as a campaign chair,
treasurer or fundraising chair for a candidate for the
legislature or other state office.

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B. It is unlawful during the prohibited period, as SB 180 Page 159 that term is defined in Section 1-19-34.1 NMSA 1978, for any lobbyist or lobbyist's employer to contribute to or act as an agent or intermediary for political contributions to or arrange for the making of political contributions to the campaign funds of any statewide elected official or legislator or any candidate for those offices."

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SECTION 90. Section 7-1-8.8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

9 "7-1-8.8. INFORMATION THAT MAY BE REVEALED TO OTHER 10 STATE AND LEGISLATIVE AGENCIES .-- An employee of the 11 department may reveal confidential return information to the 12 following agencies; provided that a person who receives the 13 information on behalf of the agency shall be subject to the 14 penalties in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if the person fails to 15 maintain the confidentiality required:

a committee of the legislature for a valid Α. legislative purpose, return information concerning any tax or fee imposed pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act;

B. the attorney general, return information 20 acquired pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act for purposes of 21 Section 6-4-13 NMSA 1978 and the master settlement agreement 22 defined in Section 6-4-12 NMSA 1978;

23 C. the commissioner of public lands, return 24 information for use in auditing that pertains to rentals, 25 SB 180 royalties, fees and other payments due the state under land

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sale, land lease or other land use contracts;

D. the secretary of human services or the secretary's delegate under a written agreement with the department:

5 (1) the last known address with date of all
6 names certified to the department as being absent parents of
7 children receiving public financial assistance, but only for
8 the purpose of enforcing the support liability of the absent
9 parents by the child support enforcement division or any
10 successor organizational unit;

(2) return information needed for reports required to be made to the federal government concerning the use of federal funds for low-income working families;

14 (3) return information of low-income 15 taxpayers for the limited purpose of outreach to those 16 taxpayers; provided that the human services department shall 17 pay the department for expenses incurred by the department to 18 derive the information requested by the human services 19 department if the information requested is not readily 20 available in reports for which the department's information 21 systems are programmed;

(4) return information required to administer the Health Care Quality Surcharge Act; and (5) return information in accordance with the provisions of the Easy Enrollment Act;

E. the department of information technology, by electronic media, a database updated quarterly that contains the names, addresses, county of address and taxpayer identification numbers of New Mexico personal income tax filers, but only for the purpose of producing the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts pursuant to Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978;

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8 F. the state courts, the random jury lists
9 produced by the department of information technology under
10 Subsection E of this section;

11 G. the director of the New Mexico department of 12 agriculture or the director's authorized representative, upon 13 request of the director or representative, the names and 14 addresses of all gasoline or special fuel distributors, 15 wholesalers and retailers;

H. the public regulation commission, return information with respect to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act required to enable the commission to carry out its duties;

I. the state racing commission, return information with respect to the state, municipal and county gross receipts taxes paid by racetracks;

J. the gaming control board, tax returns of
license applicants and their affiliates as provided in
Subsection E of Section 60-2E-14 NMSA 1978;

Κ. the director of the workers' compensation administration or to the director's representatives authorized for this purpose, return information to facilitate the identification of taxpayers that are delinquent or noncompliant in payment of fees required by Section 52-1-9.1 or 52-5-19 NMSA 1978; 6

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7 L. the secretary of workforce solutions or the 8 secretary's delegate, return information for use in 9 enforcement of unemployment insurance collections pursuant to 10 the terms of a written reciprocal agreement entered into by 11 the department with the secretary of workforce solutions for 12 exchange of information;

13 М. the New Mexico finance authority, information 14 with respect to the amount of municipal and county gross 15 receipts taxes collected by municipalities and counties 16 pursuant to any local option municipal or county gross 17 receipts taxes imposed, and information with respect to the 18 amount of governmental gross receipts taxes paid by every 19 agency, institution, instrumentality or political subdivision 20 of the state pursuant to Section 7-9-4.3 NMSA 1978;

21 N. the superintendent of insurance, return 22 information with respect to the premium tax and the health 23 insurance premium surtax;

24 0. the secretary of finance and administration or 25 SB 180 the secretary's designee, return information concerning a

credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act;

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P. the secretary of economic development or the secretary's designee, return information concerning a credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act;

Q. the secretary of public safety or the secretary's designee, return information concerning the Weight Distance Tax Act;

8 R. the secretary of transportation or the
9 secretary's designee, return information concerning the
10 Weight Distance Tax Act;

S. the secretary of energy, minerals and natural resources or the secretary's designee, return information concerning tax credits or deductions for which eligibility is certified or otherwise determined by the secretary or the secretary's designee;

16 T. the secretary of environment or the secretary's 17 designee, return information concerning tax credits for which 18 eligibility is certified or otherwise determined by the 19 secretary or the secretary's designee; and

20 U. the secretary of state or the secretary's 21 designee, taxpayer information required to maintain voter 22 registration records and as otherwise provided in the 23 Election Code."

24 SECTION 91. Section 8-4-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
25 Chapter 272, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: SB 180

1	"8-4-4. FEES OF SECRETARY OF STATE	
2	A. The secretary of state shall collect the	
3	following fees to be deposited with the state treasurer for	
4	credit to the general fund:	
5	(1) photocopies of records, per page	
6	twenty-five cents (\$.25);	
7	(2) each certification	
8	three dollars (\$3.00);	
9	(3) search of records where another fee is	
10	not prescribed, per hour of search	
11	ten dollars (\$10.00);	
12	(4) duplicate commission of office or	
13	certificate three dollars(\$3.00);	
14	(5) service of process where another fee is	
15	not prescribed	
16	twenty-five dollars (\$25.00);	
17	(6) computer printout of Uniform Commercial	
18	Code records, per page	
19	one dollar (\$1.00); and	
20	(7) computer generated records other than	
21	voter registration records, per record	
22	ten cents (\$.10).	
23	B. The secretary of state shall not collect a fee	
24	for the following documents when filed in the office of the	
25	secretary of state:	SE Pa

1 (1) oath of office; and 2 (2) notice of appointment to a vacancy in 3 office." 4 SECTION 92. Section 40-13B-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 40, Section 1) is amended to read: 5 6 "40-13B-1. SHORT TITLE.--Chapter 40, Article 13B NMSA 7 1978 may be cited as the "Confidential Substitute Address 8 Act"." 9 SECTION 93. Section 40-13B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 10 2018, Chapter 40, Section 3) is amended to read: 11 "40-13B-3. CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS PROGRAM--12 APPLICATION. --13 The "confidential substitute address program" Α. 14 is created in the office of the secretary of state to provide 15 a process by which a victim of domestic violence may protect 16 the confidentiality of the victim's residential and delivery 17 addresses in public records. 18 B. An applicant, with the assistance of an 19 application assistant, shall submit an application to the 20 secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of 21 state. The application assistant's signature shall serve as 22 recommendation that the applicant participate in the 23 confidential substitute address program. 24 C. An application shall be signed and dated by the 25 SB 180 applicant and the application assistant and shall include: Page 166

1 (1) the applicant's name; 2 (2) the applicant's statement that the 3 applicant fears for the safety of the applicant, the 4 applicant's child or another person in the applicant's 5 household because of a threat of immediate or future harm; 6 (3) the applicant's statement that the 7 disclosure of the applicant's residential or delivery address 8 would endanger the applicant, the applicant's child or 9 another person in the applicant's household; 10 (4) the applicant's statement that the 11 applicant has confidentially relocated in the past ninety 12 days or will relocate within the state in the next ninety 13 days; 14 (5) a designation of the secretary of state 15 as the applicant's agent for the purpose of receiving mail, 16 deliveries and service of process, notice or demand; 17 the names and ages of those persons in (6) 18 the applicant's household who will also be participants in 19 the program if the applicant is admitted into the program. 20 Each person in an applicant's household listed in the 21 application shall be considered a separate participant in the 22 program; 23 (7) the applicant's residential and delivery 24 addresses, if different, the confidentiality of which the 25 SB 180 applicant seeks to protect; Page 167

the applicant's telephone number and 1 (8) 2 email address; and 3 the applicant's statement under penalty (9) 4 of perjury that the information contained in the application 5 is true." 6 SECTION 94. Section 40-13B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 7 2018, Chapter 40, Section 6) is amended to read: 8 "40-13B-6. CHANGE OF PARTICIPANT NAME, ADDRESS OR 9 TELEPHONE NUMBER--REQUIREMENTS.--10 A participant shall notify the secretary of Α. 11 state within ten days of legally changing the participant's 12 name and shall provide the secretary of state with a 13 certified copy of documentation of the legal name change. 14 B. A participant shall notify the secretary of 15 state within ten days of a change to the participant's 16 residential address, delivery address, telephone number or 17 email address. 18 C. A participant shall notify the secretary of 19 state within ten days if a new person in the participant's 20 household needs to become a participant in the program." 21 SECTION 95. Section 40-13B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 22 2018, Chapter 40, Section 7) is amended to read: 23 "40-13B-7. PARTICIPANT DECERTIFICATION.--24 A. A participant shall be decertified from the 25 SB 180 confidential substitute address program if: Page 168

1 (1) the participant submits a request to 2 withdraw from the confidential substitute address program to 3 the secretary of state; 4 (2) the participant fails to notify the 5 secretary of state of a legal name change or a change to the 6 participant's residential address, delivery address, 7 telephone number or email address; 8 (3) mail that is forwarded by the secretary 9 of state to the participant's delivery address is returned as 10 undeliverable; or 11 the participant does not comply with the (4) 12 provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage 13 Act. 14 B. If the secretary of state determines that one 15 or more of the causes for decertification provided in 16 Subsection A of this section exist, the secretary of state 17 shall send notice of the participant's decertification to the 18 participant's delivery and residential addresses and shall 19 attempt to notify the participant by telephone and email. 20 The participant shall be given ten days from the date of 21 decertification to appeal the decertification. 22 C. A person who is decertified from the 23 confidential substitute address program shall not continue to 24 use the person's confidential substitute address. 25 D. For six months after a participant has been

decertified, the secretary of state shall forward mail and deliveries to an address provided by the former participant. Upon receipt of mail and deliveries pursuant to this 4 subsection, a former participant shall provide an updated address to the sender."

SECTION 96. Section 40-13B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 40, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: "40-13B-8. PARTICIPANT RECORDS--CONFIDENTIALITY--

DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED. --

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10 The secretary of state and an agency shall not Α. 11 disclose the residential address, delivery address, telephone 12 number or email address of a participant unless the 13 information is required to be disclosed pursuant to a court 14 order. A person or agency that receives a participant's 15 residential address, delivery address, telephone number or 16 email address pursuant to a court order shall not in turn 17 disclose that information unless pursuant to a court order or 18 unless the person who was a participant has been decertified.

The secretary of state shall maintain the Β. confidentiality of all records relating to an applicant for 21 or participant in the confidential substitute address program 22 while the person is a participant and shall:

(1) store all tangible copies of program records in locked equipment;

> SB 180 (2) store all electronic copies of program

1 records in a password-protected system; 2 (3) restrict access to all program records 3 to secretary of state staff members who are approved to 4 access the records as provided in this section; and 5 (4) release program records only on a 6 court's order. 7 C. The secretary of state shall establish a system 8 for restricting access to program records to approved staff 9 Before being approved and granted access to program members. 10 records, the staff member shall: 11 submit to a criminal background check (1) 12 performed by the department of public safety; 13 (2) not have a record of a sex offense, 14 felony or a misdemeanor violation related to domestic 15 violence or sexual assault on the results of the person's 16 criminal background check; and 17 complete forty hours of training, (3) 18 including a domestic violence training course provided by the 19 children, youth and families department and sexual assault 20 training provided by the department of health or the crime 21 victims reparation commission or its successor. 22 D. The secretary of state shall appoint a person 23 to be the administrator of the election component of the 24 confidential substitute address program in accordance with 25 The the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act.

administrator shall meet the requirements of Subsection C of this section, and administration of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act shall conform to the requirements of Subsections A and B of this section and Subsection E of Section 40-13B-5 NMSA 1978."

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6 SECTION 97. TEMPORARY PROVISION--2021 POLLING PLACE 7 RESOLUTION--VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTER FOR ALL STATEWIDE 8 ELECTIONS IN CALENDAR YEAR 2023.--Each election day polling 9 place established in the 2021 polling place resolution for 10 each county or any election day polling place established by 11 any subsequent amendment to such a resolution shall operate 12 as a voter convenience center for all statewide elections in 13 calendar year 2023.

SECTION 98. TEMPORARY PROVISION--RECOMPILATION.-Section 2-21-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 262,
Section 15) is recompiled as a section of the Campaign
Reporting Act.

SECTION 99. REPEAL.--Sections 1-6-9.2, 1-8-41,
1-10-8.1, 1-15A-8, 1-15A-10 and 1-15A-11 NMSA 1978 (being
Laws 1999, Chapter 267, Section 1; Laws 1973, Chapter 228,
Section 11; Laws 1981, Chapter 166, Section 1; Laws 1977,
Chapter 230, Section 7; Laws 1977, Chapter 230, Section 9
and Laws 1977, Chapter 230, Section 11; as amended) are
repealed.