AN ACT 2 RELATING TO RURAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS; CREATING THE 3 RURAL HEALTH CARE DELIVERY FUND TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO DEFRAY OPERATING LOSSES AND START-UP COSTS OF RURAL HEALTH CARE 4 PROVIDERS AND FACILITIES THAT PROVIDE NEW OR EXPANDED HEALTH 5 6 CARE SERVICES. 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: SECTION 1. RURAL HEALTH CARE DELIVERY FUND .--9 Α. The "rural health care delivery fund" is

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10 created as a nonreverting fund in the state treasury. The 11 fund consists of appropriations, gifts, grants, donations, 12 income from investment of the fund and any other revenue 13 credited to the fund. The department shall administer the 14 fund, and money in the fund is appropriated to the department 15 16 to carry out the provisions of this section. Expenditures shall be by warrant of the secretary of finance and 17 administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the secretary 18 of human services or the secretary's authorized 19 20 representative.

B. A rural health care provider or rural health 21 care facility may apply to the department for a grant to 22 defray operating losses, including rural health care provider 23 or rural health care facility start-up costs, incurred in 24 providing inpatient, outpatient, primary, specialty or 25

behavioral health services to New Mexico residents. The department may award a grant from the rural health care delivery fund to a rural health care provider or rural health care facility that is providing a new or expanded health care service as approved by the department that covers operating losses for the new or expanded health care service, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

8 (1) the rural health care provider or rural health care facility meets state licensing requirements to 9 provide health care services and is an enrolled medicaid 10 provider that actively serves medicaid recipients; 11

(2) grants are for one year and for no more 12 than the first five years of operation as a newly constructed 13 rural health care facility or the operation of a new or 14 expanded health care service; 15

(3) grants are limited to covering operating losses for which recognized revenue is not sufficient; 17

the rural health care provider or rural (4) 18 health care facility provides adequate cost data, as defined 19 by rule of the department, based on financial and statistical 20 records that can be verified by qualified auditors and which 21 data are based on an approved method of cost finding and the 22 accrual basis of accounting and can be confirmed as having 23 been delivered through review of claims; 24

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(5) grant award amounts shall be reconciled

1 by the department to audited operating losses after the close 2 of the grant period; 3 (6) in the case of a rural health care provider, the provider commits to: 4 a period of operation equivalent to 5 (a) the number of years grants are awarded; and 6 (b) actively serve medicaid recipients 7 8 throughout the duration of the grant period; and in prioritizing grant awards, the (7) 9 department shall consider the health needs of the state and 10 the locality and the long-term sustainability of the new or 11 expanded service. 12 C. As used in this section: 13 "allowable costs" means necessary and (1)14 proper costs defined by rule of the department based on 15 medicare reimbursement principles, including reasonable 16 direct expenses, but not including general overhead and 17 management fees paid to a parent corporation; 18 (2) "department" means the human services 19 department; 20 "health care services" means services (3) 21 for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a 22 physical, dental, behavioral or mental health condition, 23 substance use disorder, illness, injury or disease and for 24 medical or behavioral health ground transportation; 25

"medicaid" means the medical assistance 1 (4) 2 program established pursuant to Title 19 of the federal 3 Social Security Act and regulations issued pursuant to that act; 4 5 (5) "medicaid provider" means a person that provides medicaid-related services to medicaid recipients; 6 "medicaid recipient" means a person whom (6) 7 8 the department has determined to be eligible to receive medicaid-related services in the state; 9 "operating losses" means the projected (7) 10 difference between recognized revenue and allowable costs for 11 a grant request period; 12 (8) "recognized revenue" means operating 13 revenue, including revenue directly related to the rendering 14 of patient care services and revenue from nonpatient care 15 services to patients and persons other than patients; the 16 value of donated commodities; supplemental payments; 17 distributions from the safety net care pool fund; and 18 distributions of federal funds; 19 (9) "rural health care facility" means a 20 health care facility licensed in the state that provides 21 inpatient or outpatient physical or behavioral health 22 services or programmatic services in a county that has a 23 population of one hundred thousand or fewer according to the 24 most recent federal decennial census; 25

(10) "rural health care provider" means an 1 2 individual health professional licensed by the appropriate 3 board, a medical or behavioral health ground transportation entity licensed by the public regulation commission or a 4 health facility organization licensed by the department of 5 health to provide health care diagnosis and treatment of 6 physical or behavioral health or programmatic services in a 7 county that has a population of one hundred thousand or fewer 8 according to the most recent federal decennial census; and 9 "start-up costs" means the planning, (11)10 development and operation of rural health care services, 11 including legal fees; accounting fees; costs associated with 12 leasing equipment, a location or property; depreciation of 13 equipment costs; and staffing costs. "Start-up costs" does 14 not mean the construction or purchase of land or buildings.\_\_\_\_ 15 SFC/SB 7 16 Page 5 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25