1	SENATE BILL 257
2	55TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2021
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Michael Padilla and Phelps Anderson
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO DELINQUENCY; EXPANDING THE SCOPE OF DELINQUENCY
12	PLACEMENTS; PROVIDING FOR PETITIONS FOR ALTERNATIVE PLACEMENTS
13	FOR DELINQUENCY PLACEMENTS; ENSURING THAT PLACEMENTS FOR INDIAN
14	CHILDREN PROVIDE ACCESS TO CULTURAL PRACTICES; ENACTING
15	REQUIREMENTS FOR COURT ORDERS FOR DELINQUENCY PLACEMENTS.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	SECTION 1. Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
19	Chapter 77, Section 32, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"32A-2-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Delinquency Act:
21	A. "delinquent act" means an act committed by a
22	child that would be designated as a crime under the law if
23	committed by an adult, not including a violation of Section
24	30-9-2 NMSA 1978, including the following offenses:
25	(1) any of the following offenses pursuant to
	.219149.1SA

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1 municipal traffic codes or the Motor Vehicle Code: 2 (a) driving while under the influence of 3 intoxicating liquor or drugs; 4 failure to stop in the event of an (b) 5 accident causing death, personal injury or damage to property; (c) unlawful taking of a vehicle or 6 7 motor vehicle; 8 receiving or transferring of a (d) 9 stolen vehicle or motor vehicle; 10 homicide by vehicle; (e) 11 (f) injuring or tampering with a 12 vehicle; 13 altering or changing of an engine (g) 14 number or other vehicle identification numbers; 15 (h) altering or forging of a driver's 16 license or permit or any making of a fictitious license or 17 permit; 18 (i) reckless driving; 19 (j) driving with a suspended or revoked 20 license; or 21 an offense punishable as a felony; (k) 22 buying, attempting to buy, receiving, (2) 23 possessing or being served any alcoholic liquor or being 24 present in a licensed liquor establishment, other than a 25 restaurant or a licensed retail liquor establishment, except in .219149.1SA - 2 -

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1 the presence of the child's parent, guardian, custodian or 2 adult spouse. As used in this paragraph, "restaurant" means an 3 establishment where meals are prepared and served primarily for 4 on-premises consumption and that has a dining room, a kitchen 5 and the employees necessary for preparing, cooking and serving "Restaurant" does not include an establishment, as 6 meals. 7 defined in regulations promulgated by the director of the 8 special investigations unit of the department of public safety, 9 that serves only hamburgers, sandwiches, salads and other fast 10 foods; 11 (3) a violation of Section 30-29-2 NMSA 1978, 12 regarding the illegal use of a glue, aerosol spray product or 13 other chemical substance; 14 a violation of the Controlled Substances (4) 15 Act; 16 escape from the custody of a law (5) 17 enforcement officer or a juvenile probation or parole officer 18 or from any placement made by the department by a child who has 19 been adjudicated a delinquent child; 20 a violation of Section 30-15-1.1 NMSA 1978 (6) 21 regarding unauthorized graffiti on personal or real property; 22 or 23 a violation of an order of protection (7) 24 issued pursuant to the provisions of the Family Violence 25 Protection Act; .219149.1SA - 3 -

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1 Β. "delinquent child" means a child who has 2 committed a delinguent act; "delinquent offender" means a delinquent child C. 3 4 who is subject to juvenile sanctions only and who is not a 5 youthful offender or a serious youthful offender; "detention facility" means a place where a child 6 D. 7 may be detained under the Children's Code pending court hearing 8 and does not include a facility for the care and rehabilitation 9 of an adjudicated delinquent child; 10 "felony" means an act that would be a felony if Ε. 11 committed by an adult; 12 F. "fictive kin" means a non-relative who has a 13 significant and familial relationship with a child or a child's 14 family that existed prior to the child entering foster care, or 15 a non-relative who developed a significant and familial 16 relationship with a child after the child entered foster care, 17 and who has been identified by the department as the child's 18 permanent connection. For an Indian child, "fictive kin" is 19 also a person defined according to tribal or pueblo law, custom 20 or tradition. "Fictive kin" may also be a person chosen by a 21 child fourteen years of age or older, without regard to when 22 the relationship was established or for how long, when it is in 23 the best interest of the child to identify that person as 24 fictive kin; 25

 $[F_{\bullet}]$ <u>G.</u> "misdemeanor" means an act that would be a .219149.1SA

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misdemeanor or petty misdemeanor if committed by an adult;

[Gr] H. "restitution" means financial reimbursement by the child to the victim or community service imposed by the court and is limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical, psychiatric and psychological treatment for injury to a person and lost wages resulting from physical injury, which are a direct and proximate result of a delinquent act. "Restitution" does not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering or other intangible losses. As used in this subsection, "victim" means a person who is injured or suffers damage of any kind by an act that is the subject of a complaint or referral to law enforcement officers or juvenile probation authorities. Nothing contained in this definition limits or replaces the provisions of Subsections A and B of Section 32A-2-27 NMSA 1978;

[H.] I. "serious youthful offender" means an individual fifteen to eighteen years of age who is charged with and indicted or bound over for trial for first degree murder. A "serious youthful offender" is not a delinquent child as defined pursuant to the provisions of this section;

[\overline{I} -] \underline{J} . "supervised release" means the release of a juvenile, whose term of commitment has not expired, from a facility for the care and rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent children, with specified conditions to protect .219149.1SA

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1 public safety and promote successful transition and 2 reintegration into the community. A juvenile on supervised 3 release is subject to monitoring by the department until the 4 term of commitment has expired and may be returned to custody 5 for violating conditions of release; and [J.] K. "youthful offender" means a delinquent 6 7 child subject to adult or juvenile sanctions who is: 8 fourteen to eighteen years of age at the (1)9 time of the offense and who is adjudicated for at least one of 10 the following offenses: 11 (a) second degree murder, as provided in 12 Section 30-2-1 NMSA 1978; 13 assault with intent to commit a (b) 14 violent felony, as provided in Section 30-3-3 NMSA 1978; 15 (c) kidnapping, as provided in Section 16 30-4-1 NMSA 1978; 17 (d) aggravated battery, as provided in 18 Subsection C of Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978; 19 (e) aggravated battery against a 20 household member, as provided in Subsection C of Section 21 30-3-16 NMSA 1978; 22 aggravated battery upon a peace (f) 23 officer, as provided in Subsection C of Section 30-22-25 NMSA 24 1978; 25 shooting at a dwelling or occupied (g) .219149.1SA - 6 -

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1 building or shooting at or from a motor vehicle, as provided in 2 Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978: 3 dangerous use of explosives, as (h) 4 provided in Section 30-7-5 NMSA 1978; 5 criminal sexual penetration, as (i) 6 provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; 7 robbery, as provided in Section (i) 8 30-16-2 NMSA 1978; 9 (k) aggravated burglary, as provided in 10 Section 30-16-4 NMSA 1978; 11 (1)aggravated arson, as provided in 12 Section 30-17-6 NMSA 1978; or 13 abuse of a child that results in (m) 14 great bodily harm or death to the child, as provided in Section 15 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 16 fourteen to eighteen years of age at the (2) 17 time of the offense, who is adjudicated for any felony offense 18 and who has had three prior, separate felony adjudications 19 within a three-year time period immediately preceding the 20 instant offense. The felony adjudications relied upon as prior 21 adjudications shall not have arisen out of the same transaction 22 or occurrence or series of events related in time and location. 23 Successful completion of consent decrees is not considered a 24 prior adjudication for the purposes of this paragraph; or 25 fourteen years of age and who is (3) .219149.1SA

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1 adjudicated for first degree murder, as provided in Section 30-2-1 NMSA 1978." 2 3 SECTION 2. Section 32A-2-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 77, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read: 4 5 "32A-2-12. PLACEMENT OR DETENTION .--6 Α. The department may place or detain a child 7 alleged or adjudicated to be a delinguent child [may be placed 8 or detained], pending a court hearing, in any of the following 9 places: 10 a licensed foster home or a home otherwise (1)11 authorized under the law to provide foster or group care; 12 a facility operated by a licensed child (2) 13 welfare services agency; 14 a shelter-care facility provided for in (3) 15 the Children's Shelter Care Act that is in compliance with all 16 standards, conditions and regulatory requirements and that 17 shall be considered a temporary placement subject to judicial 18 review within thirty days of placement; 19 (4) a detention facility certified by the 20 department for children alleged to be delinquent children; 21 any other suitable place, other than a (5) 22 facility for the long-term care and rehabilitation of 23 delinquent children to which children adjudicated as delinquent 24 may be confined pursuant to Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, 25 designated by the court [and] that meets the standards for .219149.1SA - 8 -

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1	detention facilities pursuant to the Children's Code and
2	federal law; [or]
3	(6) the child's home or place of residence
4	with a parent or guardian, under conditions and restrictions
5	approved by the court; <u>or</u>
6	(7) an approved home of a relative or fictive
7	<u>kin.</u>
8	B. When the child is an Indian child, the
9	department shall consider the Indian child's cultural needs
10	when making a placement pursuant to Subsection A of this
11	section, and the placement shall provide the Indian child with
12	reasonable access to cultural practices and traditional
13	treatment.
14	C. If a child's initial placement in the home or
14 15	C. If a child's initial placement in the home or place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any
15	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any
15 16	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an
15 16 17	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection
15 16 17 18	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection <u>A of this section</u> . Pursuant to the provisions of Section
15 16 17 18 19	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the department shall petition the court for
15 16 17 18 19 20	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection <u>A of this section. Pursuant to the provisions of Section</u> <u>32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the department shall petition the court for</u> an order authorizing the child's removal from the custody of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the department shall petition the court for an order authorizing the child's removal from the custody of the parent or guardian no later than three days from the date
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the department shall petition the court for an order authorizing the child's removal from the custody of the parent or guardian no later than three days from the date of the change in placement.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	place of residence of a parent or guardian is disrupted for any reason, the department may temporarily move the child to an alternative placement pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the department shall petition the court for an order authorizing the child's removal from the custody of the parent or guardian no later than three days from the date of the change in placement. D. At any stage in the proceeding to place or

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order authorizing the child's removal from the custody of the
 parent or guardian or otherwise modifying a previous placement
 order issued pursuant to Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978 and
 authorizing the department to make an alternative placement
 pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section.

E. When the court grants an order authorizing the 6 7 child's removal from the custody of a parent or legal guardian 8 pursuant to the provisions of Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, the 9 court shall specify in writing that the continuance of the 10 child in the home of the parent or legal guardian is contrary 11 to the welfare of the child and that reasonable efforts were 12 made by the department to prevent the need to remove the child 13 and order that the responsibility for temporary placement be 14 with the juvenile probation services office of the department 15 in accordance with the provisions of Section 32A-2-12 NMSA 16 1978.

 $[B_{\cdot}]$ <u>F.</u> A child alleged to be a youthful offender may be detained, pending a court hearing, in any of the following places:

(1) a detention facility, licensed by the department, for children alleged to be delinquent children; or

(2) any other suitable place, other than a facility for the long-term care and rehabilitation of delinquent children to which children adjudicated as delinquent children may be confined pursuant to Section 32A-2-19 NMSA .219149.1SA

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1978, designated by the court [and] that meets the standards for detention facilities pursuant to the Children's Code and federal law.

[G.] G. A child adjudicated as a youthful offender who is violent toward staff or other residents in a detention facility may be transferred and detained, pending a court hearing, in a county jail. In the event that a child is detained in a jail, the director of the jail shall presume that the child is vulnerable to victimization by inmates within the adult population because of the child's age and shall take measures to provide protection to the child. However, provision of protective measures shall not result in diminishing a child's civil rights to less than those existing for an incarcerated adult.

[Đ.] H. A child who has previously been incarcerated as an adult or a person who is eighteen years of age or older shall not be detained in a juvenile detention facility or a facility for the long-term care and rehabilitation of delinquent children but may be detained in a county jail. A child shall not be transferred to a county jail solely on the basis of attaining the age of eighteen while detained in a juvenile detention facility. In the event that a child is detained in a jail, the director of the jail shall presume that the child is vulnerable to victimization by inmates within the adult population because of the child's age, .219149.1SA

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and shall take measures to provide protection to the child. However, provision of protective measures shall not result in diminishing a child's civil rights to less than those existing for an incarcerated adult.

 $[E_{\cdot}]$ I. A child alleged to be a serious youthful offender may be detained pending a court hearing in any of the following places, prior to arraignment in metropolitan, magistrate or district court: 8

a detention facility, licensed by the (1)10 department, for children alleged to be delinquent children;

(2) any other suitable place, other than a facility for the long-term care and rehabilitation of delinquent children to which children adjudicated as delinquent children may be confined pursuant to Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978, designated by the court that meets the standards for detention facilities pursuant to the Children's Code and federal law; or

a county jail, if a facility in Paragraph (3) (1) or (2) of this subsection is not appropriate. In the event that a child is detained in a jail, the director of the jail shall presume that the child is vulnerable to victimization by inmates within the adult population because of the child's age and shall take measures to provide protection to the child. However, provision of protective measures shall not result in diminishing a child's civil rights to less than those existing .219149.1SA

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for an incarcerated adult.

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2 $[F_{\cdot}]$ <u>J</u>. When a person who is eighteen years of age 3 or older is taken into custody and transported to an adult 4 facility on a juvenile warrant or an adult warrant or other 5 adult charges and an outstanding juvenile warrant exists, 6 notice shall be given to the children's court attorney and the 7 juvenile probation and parole office in the jurisdiction where 8 the juvenile warrant was issued within one day of the person 9 being taken into custody. The juvenile probation and parole 10 office shall give notice that the person has been taken into 11 custody to the children's court judge and the attorney who 12 represented the person in the juvenile proceeding.

[G.] <u>K.</u> In addition to the judicial review required by Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section, a child detained in an out-of-home placement pursuant to this section may request judicial review of the appropriateness of the placement."

SECTION 3. Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 77, Section 48, as amended) is amended to read:

"32A-2-19. DISPOSITION OF AN ADJUDICATED DELINQUENT OFFENDER.--

A. At the conclusion of the dispositional hearing, the court may make and include in the dispositional judgment its findings on the following:

(1) the interaction and interrelationship of.219149.1SA

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1	the child with the child's parents and siblings and any other
2	person who may significantly affect the child's best interests;
3	(2) the child's adjustment to the child's
4	home, school and community;
5	(3) the mental and physical health of all
6	individuals involved, including consideration of such factors
7	as the child's brain development, maturity, trauma history and
8	disability;
9	(4) the wishes of the child as to the child's
10	custodian;
11	(5) the wishes of the child's parents as to
12	the child's custody;
13	(6) whether there exists a relative of the
14	child or other individual who, after study by the department,
15	is found to be qualified to receive and care for the child;
16	(7) the availability of services recommended
17	in the predisposition report; and
18	(8) the ability of the parents to care for the
19	child in the home.
20	B. If a child is found to be delinquent, the court
21	may impose a fine not to exceed the fine that could be imposed
22	if the child were an adult and may enter its judgment making
23	any of the following dispositions for the supervision, care and
24	rehabilitation of the child:
25	(1) transfer legal custody to the department,
	.219149.1SA

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2 delinquent children, which shall receive the child at a 3 facility designated by the secretary of the department as a 4 juvenile reception facility. The department shall thereafter 5 determine the appropriate placement, supervision and rehabilitation program for the child. The judge may include 6 7 recommendations for placement of the child. Commitments are 8 subject to limitations and modifications set forth in Section 9 32A-2-23 NMSA 1978. The types of commitments include: 10 a short-term commitment of one year (a) in a facility for the care and rehabilitation of adjudicated 11 12 delinquent children. No more than nine months shall be served 13 at the facility and no less than ninety days shall be served on 14 supervised release, unless: 1) a petition to extend the 15 commitment has been filed prior to the commencement of 16 supervised release; 2) the commitment has been extended 17 pursuant to Section 32A-2-23 NMSA 1978; or 3) supervised 18 release is revoked pursuant to Section 32A-2-25 NMSA 1978; 19 (b) a long-term commitment for no more 20 than two years in a facility for the care and rehabilitation of 21 adjudicated delinquent children. No more than twenty-one 22 months shall be served at the facility and no less than ninety 23 days shall be served on supervised release, unless: 1) 24 supervised release is revoked pursuant to Section 32A-2-25 NMSA 25 1978; or 2) the commitment is extended pursuant to Section .219149.1SA

an agency responsible for the care and rehabilitation of

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1 32A-2-23 NMSA 1978; 2 (c) if the child is a delinquent 3 offender who committed one of the criminal offenses set forth 4 in Subsection $[\pm]$ K of Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 1978, a commitment 5 to age twenty-one, unless sooner discharged; or if the child is a youthful offender, 6 (d) 7 a commitment to age twenty-one, unless sooner discharged; 8 place the child on probation under those (2) 9 conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe; provided 10 that when a child is placed on probation pursuant to this 11 paragraph, the court may: 12 (a) place the child in the custody of a 13 parent or guardian under conditions and limitations that are 14 appropriate for the welfare and rehabilitation of the child. 15 If the judge decides not to place the child in the custody of a 16 parent or guardian, the judge shall specify in writing that the 17 continuance of the child in the home of the parent or guardian 18 is contrary to the welfare of the child and that reasonable 19 efforts were made by the department to prevent the need for 20 removal of the child; and 21 (b) order that the responsibility for 22 temporary placement be with the juvenile probation services 23 office of the department in accordance with the provisions of 24 Section 32A-2-12 NMSA 1978; 25 place the child in a local detention (3) .219149.1SA

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1 facility that has been certified in accordance with the 2 provisions of Section 32A-2-4 NMSA 1978 for a period not to 3 exceed fifteen days within a three hundred sixty-five day time 4 period; or if a child is found to be delinquent solely on the 5 basis of Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 6 1978, the court shall only enter a judgment placing the child 7 on probation or ordering restitution or imposing a fine not to 8 exceed the fine that could be imposed if the child were an 9 adult or any combination of these dispositions; or 10 (4) if a child is found to be delinguent 11 solely on the basis of Paragraph (2), (3) or (4) of Subsection 12 A of Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 1978, the court may make any 13 disposition provided by this section and may enter its judgment 14 placing the child on probation and, as a condition of 15 probation, transfer custody of the child to the department for 16 a period not to exceed six months without further order of the court; provided that this transfer shall not be made unless the 17 18 court first determines that the department is able to provide 19 or contract for adequate and appropriate treatment for the 20 child and that the treatment is likely to be beneficial. 21 C. When the child is an Indian child, the Indian 22 child's cultural needs shall be considered in the dispositional

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D. A child found to be delinquent shall not be .219149.1SA

judgment and reasonable access to cultural practices and

traditional treatment shall be provided.

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committed or transferred to a penal institution or other
 facility used for the execution of sentences of persons
 convicted of crimes.

E. Whenever the court vests legal custody in an agency, institution or department, it shall transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of the clinical reports, predisposition study and report and other information it has pertinent to the care and treatment of the child.

F. Prior to any child being placed in the custody of the department, the department shall be provided with reasonable oral or written notification and an opportunity to be heard.

G. In addition to any other disposition pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the court may make an abuse or neglect report for investigation and proceedings as provided for in the Abuse and Neglect Act. The report may be made to a local law enforcement agency, the department or a tribal law enforcement or social service agency for an Indian child residing in Indian country.

H. In addition to any other disposition pursuant to this section or any other penalty provided by law, if a child <u>who is</u> fifteen years of age or older is adjudicated delinquent on the basis of Paragraph (2), (3) or (4) of Subsection A of Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 1978, the child's driving privileges may be denied or the child's driver's license may be revoked for a .219149.1SA

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period of ninety days. For a second or a subsequent adjudication, the child's driving privileges may be denied or the child's driver's license revoked for a period of one year. Within twenty-four hours of the dispositional judgment, the court may send to the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department the order adjudicating delinquency. Upon receipt of an order from the court adjudicating 8 delinquency, the director of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department may revoke or deny the 10 delinquent's driver's license or driving privileges. Nothing 11 in this section may prohibit the delinquent from applying for a 12 limited driving privilege pursuant to Section 66-5-35 NMSA 1978 or an ignition interlock license pursuant to the Ignition 14 Interlock Licensing Act, and nothing in this section precludes the delinquent's participation in an appropriate educational, counseling or rehabilitation program.

In addition to any other disposition pursuant to I. this section or any other penalty provided by law, when a child is adjudicated delinquent on the basis of Paragraph (6) of Subsection A of Section 32A-2-3 NMSA 1978, the child shall perform the mandatory community service set forth in Section 30-15-1.1 NMSA 1978. When a child fails to completely perform the mandatory community service, the name and address of the child's parent or legal guardian shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation, accompanied by a notice that .219149.1SA

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	1	the parent or legal guardian is the parent or legal guardian of
	2	a child adjudicated delinquent for committing graffiti."
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