1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO CRIME; REQUIRING A BACKGROUND CHECK WHEN
3	CONDUCTING SALES OF A FIREARM; PROVIDING PENALTIES.
4	
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
6	SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 30, Article 7
7	NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
8	"UNLAWFUL SALE OF A FIREARM WITHOUT A BACKGROUND
9	CHECK
10	A. Unlawful sale of a firearm without a background
11	check consists of the sale of a firearm without conducting a
12	federal instant background check, subject to the following:
13	(1) if the buyer of a firearm is not a
14	natural person, then each natural person who is authorized by
15	the buyer to possess the firearm after the sale shall undergo
16	a federal instant background check before taking possession
17	of the firearm;
18	(2) a prospective firearm seller who does
19	not hold a current and valid federal firearms license issued
20	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 923(a) shall arrange for a
21	person who does hold that license to conduct the federal
22	instant background check. A federal firearms licensee shall
23	not unreasonably refuse to perform a background check
24	pursuant to this paragraph; and
25	(3) a person who holds a current and valid SB 8 Page 1

1 federal firearms license issued pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 2 923(a) may charge a fee not to exceed thirty-five dollars 3 (\$35.00) for conducting a background check pursuant to this section. 4 5 Β. The provisions of Subsection A of this section 6 do not apply to the sale of a firearm: (1) by or to a person who holds a current 7 and valid federal firearms license issued pursuant to 8 18 U.S.C. Section 923(a); 9 10 (2) to a law enforcement agency; (3) between two law enforcement officers 11 authorized to carry a firearm and certified pursuant to 12 federal law or the Law Enforcement Training Act; or 13 (4) between immediate family members. 14 15 C. As used in this section: "consideration" means anything of value 16 (1)exchanged between the parties to a sale; 17 "federal instant background check" means (2) 18 a background check that meets the requirements of 18 U.S.C. 19 20 Section 922(t) and that does not indicate that a sale to the person receiving the firearm would violate 18 U.S.C. Section 21 922(g) or 18 U.S.C. Section 922(n) or state law; 22 "firearm" means any weapon that will or (3) 23 is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a 24 projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or 25

Page 2

SB 8

receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; and includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but shall not include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 921(16), a powder-actuated tool or other device designed to be used for construction purposes, an emergency flare or a firearm in permanently inoperable condition;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 (4) "immediate family member" means a
9 spouse, parent, child, sibling, grandparent, grandchild,
10 great-grandchild, niece, nephew, first cousin, aunt or uncle;
11 and

(5) "sale" means the delivery or passing of
ownership, possession or control of a firearm for a fee or
other consideration, but does not include temporary
possession or control of a firearm provided to a customer by
the proprietor of a licensed business in the conduct of that
business.

D. Each party to an unlawful sale in violation ofthis section may be separately charged for the same sale.

E. Each firearm sold contrary to the provisions of
this section constitutes a separate offense under Subsection
A of this section.

F. Two or more offenses may be charged in the same
complaint, information or indictment and shall be punished as
separate offenses.

SB 8 Page 3

1	G. Whoever violates the provisions of this section	
2	is guilty of a misdemeanor."	
3	SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	
4		38,
5	Pa	age 4
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		