SENATE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 186

54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

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AN ACT

RELATING TO OIL AND GAS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE OIL AND GAS ACT CONCERNING POWERS OF THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION AND THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION OF THE ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT TO ADDRESS VIOLATIONS; PROVIDING FOR CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES; AMENDING AND ADDING DEFINITIONS USED IN THE OIL AND GAS ACT; MAKING TECHNICAL CONFORMING CHANGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 70-2-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1935, Chapter 72, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"70-2-4. OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION--MEMBERS--TERM-OFFICERS--QUORUM--POWER TO ADMINISTER OATHS.--There is created
an "oil conservation commission" [hereinafter in the Oil and
Gas Act called the "commission"] to be composed of a designee

of the commissioner of public lands, a designee of the
secretary of energy, minerals and natural resources and the
director of the oil conservation division. The designees of
the commissioner of public lands and the secretary of energy,
minerals and natural resources shall be persons who have
expertise in the regulation of petroleum production by virtue
of education or training. No salary or compensation shall be
paid any member of the commission for [his] services as a
member of the commission. The term of office of each member of
the commission shall be concurrent with the other office held
by [him] that member. The commission shall organize by
electing a [chairman] chair from its membership. Two members
of the commission shall constitute a quorum for all purposes.
The commission shall adopt a seal, and the seal affixed to any
paper signed by the director of the oil conservation division
shall be prima facie evidence of due execution. [The attorney
general shall be the attorney for the commission.] Any member
of the commission or the director of the oil conservation
division or any employee of the commission or division shall
have power to administer oaths to any witness in any hearing,
investigation or proceeding contemplated $[\frac{by}{y}]$ pursuant to the
Oil and Gas Act [or by any other law of this state relating to
the conservation of oil and gas]."

SECTION 2. Section 70-2-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1935, Chapter 72, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read:

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"70-2-28. ACTIONS FOR VIOLATIONS.--

A. Whenever it [shall appear] appears that any person is violating or threatening to violate [any statute of this state with respect to the conservation of oil and gas or both or] any provision of [this] the Oil and Gas Act or any rule, [regulation or] order [made thereunder] or permit issued pursuant to that act, the division [through the attorney general shall] may:

(1) bring suit against [such] that person for penalties in the county of the residence of the [defendant or] person, in the county of the residence of any [defendant] person, if there [be] is more than one defendant, [or] in the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred [for penalties, if any are applicable] or in the first judicial district and to restrain [such] the person from continuing [such] the violation or from carrying out the threat of violation. In [such] the suit, the division may obtain injunctions, prohibitory and mandatory, including temporary restraining orders and temporary injunctions, as the facts may warrant, including, when appropriate, an injunction restraining any person from moving or disposing of illegal [oil or illegal oil product or illegal gas or illegal gas] product, and any or all [such] commodities or funds derived from the sale thereof may be ordered to be impounded or placed under the control of an agent appointed by the court if, in the judgment of the

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2	(2) issue a compliance order stating with						
3	reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and:						
4	(a) requiring compliance immediately or						
5	within a specified time period;						
6	(b) assessing a civil penalty in						
7	accordance with Section 70-2-31 NMSA 1978;						
8	(c) suspending or terminating the permit						
9	allegedly violated; or						
10	(d) any combination of the foregoing.						
11	B. A compliance order issued pursuant to this						
12	section shall become final unless a person named in the						
13	compliance order submits a written request to the commission						
14	for a public hearing no later than thirty days after the						
15	compliance order was served. Rehearings and appeals of a final						
16	compliance order shall proceed in accordance with Sections						
17	70-2-25 and 70-2-26 NMSA 1978.						
18	C. The remedies provided by this section are						
19	cumulative and do not limit any other rights or remedies of the						
20	division or the commission with respect to any violation of the						
21	Oil and Gas Act or of any rule, order or permit issued pursuant						
22	to that act."						
23	SECTION 3. Section 70-2-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981,						
24	Chapter 362, Section 1) is amended to read:						
25	"70-2-31. VIOLATIONS OF THE OIL AND GAS ACTPENALTIES						

court, such action is advisable; or

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A. $[\frac{Any}{A}]$ A person who $[\frac{knowingly and willfully}{A}]$
violates any provision of the Oil and Gas Act or any provision
of any rule [or], order or permit issued pursuant to that act
shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than [one
thousand dollars (\$1,000)] fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)
for each <u>day of each</u> violation. [For purposes of this
subsection, in the case of a continuing violation, each day of
violation shall constitute a separate violation. The penalties
provided in this subsection shall be recoverable by]

- B. In assessing the penalty, the division or the commission may consider the extent of the violation's impact on waste, correlative rights, public health and the environment, any good-faith efforts to comply with the applicable requirement and any other relevant factors.
- C. If a penalty, including a penalty assessed pursuant to a compliance order, is not paid within thirty days after the order assessing the penalty becomes final or within the time frame prescribed by the order:
- (1) the division, commission or court may assess an additional civil penalty in an amount not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each day that the penalty remains unpaid; or
- (2) the penalty may be recovered by a civil suit filed by [the attorney general in the name and on behalf of] the commission or the division in the district court of the .213447.1

county in which the defendant resides or in which any defendant resides if there [be] is more than one defendant, [or] in the district court of any county in which the violation occurred or in the first judicial district.

D. If any final order, including a compliance order, assessing a penalty is appealed to the district court pursuant to Section 70-2-25 NMSA 1978, the division or the commission may seek recovery of the penalty by a counterclaim in that case.

<u>E.</u> The payment of [$\frac{a}{b}$] $\frac{a}{b}$ penalty shall not operate to legalize any [$\frac{a}{b}$] illegal $\frac{a}{b}$] illegal product involved in the violation for which the penalty is imposed or relieve a person on whom the penalty is imposed from liability to any other person for damages arising out of [$\frac{a}{b}$] the violation.

[B. It is unlawful, subject to a criminal penalty of a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or both such fine and imprisonment, for any person to knowingly and willfully:

(1) violate

F. A person is guilty of a third degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15

NMSA 1978 if the person knowingly violates any provision of the Oil and Gas Act or any rule, [regulation or order of the .213447.1

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1	commission or the division] order or permit issued pursuant to							
2	that act [or							
3	(2) do any of the following for the purpose of							
4	evading or violating the Oil and Gas Act or any rule,							
5	regulation or order of the commission or the division issued							
6	pursuant to that act:							
7	(a) make] or if the person knowingly:							
8	(1) makes or causes to be made any false entry							
9	or statement in a <u>required form</u> , report, [required by the Oil							
10	and Gas Act or by any rule, regulation or order of the							
11	commission or division issued pursuant to that act;							
12	(b) make or cause to be made any false							
13	entry in any record, account or memorandum required by the Oil							
14	and Gas Act or by any rule, regulation or order of the							
15	commission or division issued pursuant to that act;							
16	(c) omit] record, account or memorandum;							
17	(2) omits or [cause] causes to be omitted from							
18	[any such] a required form, report, record, account or							
19	memorandum full, true and correct entries; or							
20	[(d) remove]							
21	(3) removes from this state or [destroy,							
22	mutilate, alter or falsify any such] destroys, mutilates,							
23	alters or falsifies a required form, report, record, account or							
24	memorandum.							
25	[G .] G . For the purposes of Subsection [B] F of							

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this section, each day of violation shall constitute a separate 2 offense.

[Đ.] H. Any person who knowingly [and willfully] procures, counsels, [aides] aids or abets the commission of any act described in Subsection A [or B] or F of this section shall be subject to the same penalties as are prescribed [therein] for violations of those subsections."

SECTION 4. Section 70-2-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1935, Chapter 72, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

"70-2-33. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Oil and Gas Act:

"person" means: Α.

- (1) any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate or other entity; or
- the United States or any agency or (2) instrumentality thereof or the state or any political subdivision thereof;
- "pool" means an underground reservoir containing a common accumulation of crude petroleum oil or natural gas or both. Each zone of a general structure, which zone is completely separate from any other zone in the structure, is covered by the word "pool" as used in the Oil and Gas Act. "Pool" is synonymous with "common source of supply" and with "common reservoir";
- "field" means the general area that is underlaid .213447.1

or appears to be underlaid by at least one pool and also includes the underground reservoir or reservoirs containing the crude petroleum oil or natural gas or both. The words "field" and "pool" mean the same thing when only one underground reservoir is involved; however, "field", unlike "pool", may relate to two or more pools;

- D. "product" means any commodity or thing made or manufactured from crude petroleum oil or natural gas and all derivatives of crude petroleum oil or natural gas, including refined crude oil, crude tops, topped crude, processed crude petroleum, residue from crude petroleum, cracking stock, uncracked fuel oil, treated crude oil, fuel oil, residuum, gas oil, naphtha, distillate, gasoline, kerosene, benzine, wash oil, waste oil, lubricating oil and blends or mixtures of crude petroleum oil or natural gas or any derivative thereof;
- E. "owner" means the person who has the right to drill into and to produce from any pool and to appropriate the production either for [himself] the person or for [himself] the person and another;
- F. "producer" means the owner of a well capable of producing <u>crude petroleum</u> oil or natural gas or both in paying quantities;
- G. "gas transportation facility" means a pipeline in operation serving gas wells for the transportation of natural gas or some other device or equipment in like operation .213447.1

whereby natural gas produced from gas wells connected therewith can be transported or used for consumption;

- H. "correlative rights" means the opportunity afforded, so far as it is practicable to do so, to the owner of each property in a pool to produce without waste [his] the owner's just and equitable share of the crude petroleum oil or natural gas or both in the pool, being an amount, so far as can be practicably determined and so far as can be practicably obtained without waste, substantially in the proportion that the quantity of recoverable oil or gas or both under the property bears to the total recoverable crude petroleum oil or natural gas or both in the pool and, for such purpose, to use [his] the owner's just and equitable share of the reservoir energy;
- I. "potash" means the naturally occurring bedded deposits of the salts of the element potassium;
- J. "casinghead gas" means any gas or vapor or both indigenous to an oil stratum and produced from such stratum with oil, including any residue gas remaining after the processing of casinghead gas to remove its liquid components; [and]
- K. "produced water" means water that is an incidental byproduct from drilling for or the production of crude petroleum oil and natural gas;
- L. "commission" means the oil conservation
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M. "division" means the oil conservation division of the energy, minerals and natural resources department."

SECTION 5. A new section of the Oil and Gas Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] REPORTING REQUIREMENT. --

- No later than October 1 of each year, the Α. division shall report to the legislature and to the governor:
- the number of violations that the division has investigated pursuant to the Oil and Gas Act during the previous fiscal year;
- (2) the total amount of penalties imposed by the division for violations pursuant to the Oil and Gas Act during the previous fiscal year;
- the total amount of penalties collected by the division for violations pursuant to the Oil and Gas Act during the previous fiscal year;
- (4) for each penalty assessed, the following information shall be provided:
- (a) the name and location of the person penalized;
- (b) the actual penalty assessed, including the number of days for which the penalty was assessed and the amount of the penalty per day of the violation;
 - (c) the reasons underlying the

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determination	of	the	amount	of	the	penalty,	including
mitigating ci	rcur	nstar	nces;				

- (d) whether the violation was part of a pattern of violations by the same person; and
- (e) any other rationale used in determining the amount and duration of the penalty; and
- (5) the number and nature of lawsuits filed for a violation of the Oil and Gas Act, including the names of defendants, the nature of the violation and the outcome of the litigation.
- B. The annual report required pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall simultaneously be made available to the public, including on a website maintained by the division."
- **SECTION 6.** EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.

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