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HOUSE BILL 291

**54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019**

INTRODUCED BY

Andrea Romero

AN ACT

RELATING TO UTILITIES; AMENDING THE EFFICIENT USE OF ENERGY  
ACT; PROVIDING UPDATED GOALS AND COST RECOVERY PERCENTAGES;  
ALLOWING THE ADOPTION OF RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISMS TO ADDRESS  
DISINCENTIVES; MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

**SECTION 1.** Section 62-17-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,  
Chapter 341, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"62-17-2. FINDINGS.--The legislature finds that:

A. energy efficiency and load management are  
cost-effective resources that are an essential component of the  
balanced resource portfolio that public utilities must achieve  
to provide affordable and reliable energy to public utility  
consumers;

B. energy efficiency and load management in New

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1 Mexico are resources that are currently underutilized and,  
2 because regulatory disincentives create barriers to public  
3 utilities that inhibit the development of these resources, it  
4 is necessary and appropriate to provide rate treatment and  
5 financial incentives to public utilities to develop all cost-  
6 effective and achievable energy efficiency and load management  
7 resources;

8 C. public and municipal utility energy efficiency  
9 and load management programs present opportunities to increase  
10 New Mexico's energy security, protect New Mexico energy  
11 consumers from price increases, preserve the state's natural  
12 resources and pursue an improved environment in New Mexico;

13 D. energy efficiency and load management programs  
14 by public utilities in accordance with the Efficient Use of  
15 Energy Act can bring significant economic benefits to New  
16 Mexico;

17 E. it serves the public interest to support public  
18 utility development of all cost-effective energy efficiency and  
19 load management by removing, to the extent possible, regulatory  
20 disincentives and allowing recovery of costs for reasonable and  
21 prudently incurred expenses of energy efficiency and load  
22 management programs and also allowing public utilities the  
23 opportunity to earn a profit on cost-effective energy  
24 efficiency and load management resource development that, with  
25 satisfactory program performance, is financially more

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1 attractive than developing supply-side resources, while at the  
2 same time ensuring it is done in a manner that balances the  
3 public interest, consumers' interests and investors' interests;

4 F. utility energy efficiency and load management  
5 programs for economically disadvantaged New Mexicans, in  
6 conjunction with low-income weatherization programs managed by  
7 the state of New Mexico, will reduce the burden of utility  
8 costs on low-income customers;

9 G. cost-effective energy efficiency and load  
10 management programs undertaken by public utilities can provide  
11 significant reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, regulated  
12 air emissions, water consumption and natural resource  
13 depletion, and can avoid or delay the need for more expensive  
14 generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure;

15 H. New Mexico should participate in regional  
16 efforts to reduce energy consumption by twenty percent by 2020  
17 through programs to reduce energy consumption;

18 I. public utility resource planning to meet New  
19 Mexico's energy service needs should be identified and  
20 evaluated on an ongoing basis in accordance with the principles  
21 of integrated resource planning; ~~and~~

22 J. it is necessary and appropriate to allow  
23 distribution cooperative utilities to participate in the  
24 implementation of energy efficiency programs in ways that  
25 differ from rules applicable to public utilities that are not

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1 customer owned; and

2 K. maintenance of fair returns on common equity is  
3 vital to investor-owned public utilities' incentive to  
4 efficiently invest in energy efficiency and to provide for the  
5 ability of utilities to prudently invest in electric service in  
6 New Mexico."

7 SECTION 2. Section 62-17-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,  
8 Chapter 341, Section 4, as amended by Laws 2013, Chapter 124,  
9 Section 1 and by Laws 2013, Chapter 220, Section 1) is amended  
10 to read:

11 "62-17-4. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Efficient Use of  
12 Energy Act:

13 A. "achievable" means those energy efficiency or  
14 load management resources available to the utility using its  
15 best efforts;

16 B. "commission" means the public regulation  
17 commission;

18 C. "cost-effective" means that the energy  
19 efficiency or load management program meets the utility cost  
20 test;

21 D. "customer" means a utility customer at a single,  
22 contiguous field, location or facility, regardless of the  
23 number of meters at that field, location or facility;

24 E. "distribution cooperative utility" means a  
25 utility with distribution facilities organized as a rural

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1 electric cooperative pursuant to Laws 1937, Chapter 100 or the  
2 Rural Electric Cooperative Act or similarly organized in other  
3 states;

4 F. "energy efficiency" means measures, including  
5 energy conservation measures, or programs that target consumer  
6 behavior, equipment or devices to result in a decrease in  
7 consumption of electricity and natural gas without reducing the  
8 amount or quality of energy services;

9 G. "large customer" means a customer with  
10 electricity consumption greater than seven thousand megawatt-  
11 hours per year or natural gas use greater than three hundred  
12 sixty thousand decatherms per year;

13 H. "load management" means measures or programs  
14 that target equipment or devices to result in decreased peak  
15 electricity demand or shift demand from peak to off-peak  
16 periods;

17 I. "program costs" means the prudent and reasonable  
18 costs of developing and implementing energy efficiency and load  
19 management programs, but "program costs" does not include  
20 charges for incentives or the removal of regulatory  
21 disincentives;

22 J. "public utility" means a public utility that is  
23 not also a distribution cooperative utility; and

24 K. "utility cost test" means a standard that is met  
25 if the monetary costs that are borne by the public utility and

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1 that are incurred to develop, acquire and operate energy  
2 efficiency or load management resources on a life-cycle basis  
3 are less than the avoided monetary costs associated with  
4 developing, acquiring and operating the associated supply-side  
5 resources. [~~In developing this test for energy efficiency and~~  
6 ~~load management programs directed to low-income customers, the~~  
7 ~~commission shall either quantify or assign a reasonable value~~  
8 ~~to reductions in working capital, reduced collection costs,~~  
9 ~~lower bad-debt expense, improved customer service effectiveness~~  
10 ~~and other appropriate factors as utility system economic~~  
11 ~~benefits.]"~~

12 SECTION 3. Section 62-17-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,  
13 Chapter 341, Section 5, as amended by Laws 2013, Chapter 124,  
14 Section 2 and by Laws 2013, Chapter 220, Section 2) is amended  
15 to read:

16 "62-17-5. COMMISSION APPROVAL--ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND LOAD  
17 MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS--DISINCENTIVES.--

18 A. Pursuant to the findings and purpose of the  
19 Efficient Use of Energy Act, the commission shall consider  
20 public utility acquisition of cost-effective energy efficiency  
21 and load management resources to be in the public interest.

22 B. The commission shall direct public utilities to  
23 evaluate and implement cost-effective programs that reduce  
24 energy demand and consumption.

25 C. Before the commission approves an energy

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1 efficiency and load management program for a public utility, it  
2 [~~must~~] shall find that the portfolio of programs is cost-  
3 effective and designed to provide every affected customer class  
4 with the opportunity to participate and benefit economically.

5 The commission shall determine the cost-effectiveness of energy  
6 efficiency and load management measures using the utility cost  
7 test. In determining life-cycle costs and benefits of energy  
8 efficiency programs, the commission shall not adjust for taxes  
9 when selecting a discount rate. In determining life-cycle  
10 costs and benefits for energy efficiency and load management  
11 programs directed to low-income customers, the commission shall  
12 either quantify or assign a reasonable value to:

- 13 (1) reductions in working capital;
- 14 (2) reduced collection costs;
- 15 (3) lower bad-debt expense;
- 16 (4) improved customer service effectiveness;

17 and

18 (5) other appropriate factors as utility  
19 system economic benefits.

20 D. The commission shall act expeditiously on public  
21 utility requests for approval of energy efficiency or load  
22 management programs.

23 E. Public utilities shall obtain commission  
24 approval of energy efficiency and load management programs  
25 before they are implemented. Public utilities proposing new

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1 energy efficiency and load management programs shall, before  
2 seeking commission approval, solicit nonbinding recommendations  
3 on the design, implementation and use of third-party energy  
4 service contractors through competitive bidding on the programs  
5 from commission staff, the attorney general, the energy,  
6 minerals and natural resources department and other interested  
7 parties. The commission may for good cause require public  
8 utilities to solicit competitive bids for energy efficiency and  
9 load management resources.

10 F. The commission shall:

11 (1) upon petition or its own motion, identify  
12 and remove regulatory disincentives or barriers for public  
13 utility expenditures on energy efficiency and load management  
14 measures [~~and ensure that they are removed~~] in a manner that  
15 balances the public interest, consumers' interests and  
16 investors' interests; [~~The commission shall also~~]

17 (2) upon petition by a public utility, remove  
18 regulatory disincentives through the adoption of a rate  
19 adjustment mechanism that ensures that the revenue per customer  
20 approved by the commission in a general rate case proceeding is  
21 recovered by the public utility without regard to the quantity  
22 of electricity actually sold by the public utility subsequent  
23 to the date the rate took effect. Regulatory disincentives  
24 removed through a rate adjustment mechanism shall be separately  
25 calculated for the rate class or classes to which the mechanism

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1 applies and collected or refunded by the utility through a  
2 separately identified tariff rider that shall not be used to  
3 collect commission-approved energy efficiency and load  
4 management program costs and incentives;

5 (3) provide public utilities an opportunity to  
6 earn a profit on cost-effective energy efficiency and load  
7 management resource development that, with satisfactory program  
8 performance, is financially more attractive to the utility than  
9 supply-side utility resources; and

10 (4) not reduce a utility's return on equity  
11 based on approval of a disincentive removal mechanism or profit  
12 incentives pursuant to the Efficient Use of Energy Act.

13 G. Public utilities providing electricity and  
14 natural gas service to New Mexico customers shall, subject to  
15 commission approval, acquire maximum cost-effective and  
16 achievable energy efficiency and load management resources  
17 available in their service territories. This requirement,  
18 however, for public utilities providing electricity service,  
19 shall not be less than savings of five percent of [~~2005~~] 2020  
20 total retail kilowatt-hour sales to New Mexico [~~customers~~]  
21 customer classes that have the opportunity to participate in  
22 calendar year [~~2014 and eight percent of 2005 total retail~~  
23 kilowatt-hour sales to New Mexico customers in 2020] 2025 as a  
24 result of energy efficiency and load management programs  
25 implemented [~~starting in 2007~~] in years 2021 through 2025. No

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1 later than June 30, 2025, the commission shall adopt, through  
2 rulemaking, minimum energy savings targets for electric  
3 utilities for years 2026 through 2030 based on maximum cost-  
4 effective and achievable energy savings.

5 H. A public utility that determines it cannot  
6 achieve the minimum requirements established in Subsection G of  
7 this section shall report to the commission on why it cannot  
8 meet those requirements and shall propose alternative  
9 requirements based on acquiring cost-effective and achievable  
10 energy efficiency and load management resources. If the  
11 commission determines, after hearing, that the minimum  
12 requirements of Subsection G of this section exceed the maximum  
13 achievable amount of energy efficiency and load management  
14 available to the public utility or that the program costs of  
15 energy efficiency and load management to achieve the minimum  
16 requirements of Subsection G of this section exceed the program  
17 costs funding established in Subsection A of Section 62-17-6  
18 NMSA 1978, the commission shall establish lower minimum energy  
19 savings requirements for the utility based on the maximum  
20 amount of energy efficiency and load management that it  
21 determines can be achieved."

22 SECTION 4. Section 62-17-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,  
23 Chapter 341, Section 6, as amended by Laws 2013, Chapter 124,  
24 Section 3 and by Laws 2013, Chapter 220, Section 3) is amended  
25 to read:

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1 "62-17-6. COST RECOVERY.--

2 A. A public utility that undertakes cost-effective  
3 energy efficiency and load management programs shall have the  
4 option of recovering its prudent and reasonable costs along  
5 with commission-approved incentives for demand-side resources  
6 and load management programs implemented after the effective  
7 date of the Efficient Use of Energy Act through an approved  
8 tariff rider or in base rates, or by a combination of the two.  
9 Program costs and incentives may be deferred for future  
10 recovery through creation of a regulatory asset. Funding for  
11 program costs [~~for investor-owned electric utilities~~] shall be  
12 [~~three~~] as follows:

13 (1) for investor-owned electric utilities, no  
14 less than three percent and no more than five percent of  
15 customer bills, excluding gross receipts taxes and franchise  
16 and right-of-way access fees, or seventy-five thousand dollars  
17 (\$75,000) per customer per calendar year, whichever is less,  
18 for customer classes with the opportunity to participate.  
19 [~~Funding for annual program costs~~] The commission shall approve  
20 funding greater than three percent if requested by a utility  
21 and may consider funding greater than three percent if  
22 requested by an intervenor in an energy-efficiency filing; and

23 (2) for gas utilities, [~~shall not exceed~~  
24 three] no more than five percent of total annual revenues [not  
25 shall charges exceed] or seventy-five thousand dollars

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1 (\$75,000) per customer per calendar year.

2 B. Provided that the public utility's total  
3 portfolio of programs remains cost-effective, no less than five  
4 percent of the amount received by the public utility for  
5 program costs shall be specifically directed to energy-  
6 efficiency programs for low-income customers.

7 C. Unless otherwise ordered by the commission, a  
8 tariff rider approved by the commission shall:

9 (1) require language on customer bills  
10 explaining program benefits; and

11 [~~B. The tariff rider shall~~] (2) be applied on  
12 a monthly basis. [~~unless otherwise allowed by the commission.~~

13 ~~G.]~~ D. A tariff rider proposed by a public utility  
14 to fund approved energy efficiency and load management programs  
15 shall go into effect thirty days after filing, unless suspended  
16 by the commission for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty  
17 days. If the tariff rider is not approved or suspended within  
18 thirty days after filing, it shall be deemed approved as a  
19 matter of law. If the commission has not acted to approve or  
20 disapprove the tariff rider by the end of an ordered suspension  
21 period, it shall be deemed approved as a matter of law. The  
22 commission shall approve utility reconciliations of the tariff  
23 rider annually."