SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 96

53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO CAMPAIGN FINANCE; REQUIRING REPORTING OF
INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES; REDEFINING "POLITICAL COMMITTEE";
DEFINING "ADVERTISEMENT", "BALLOT MEASURE", "CAMPAIGN
EXPENDITURE", "COORDINATED EXPENDITURE", "INDEPENDENT
EXPENDITURE" AND OTHER TERMS; ADJUSTING CONTRIBUTION AND
EXPENDITURE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, LIMITS AND THRESHOLDS;
CHANGING PENALTIES; PROVIDING PENALTIES; AMENDING, REPEALING
AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Campaign Reporting Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES--REPORTING
REQUIREMENTS.--

A. A person who makes an independent expenditure .206794.2

not otherwise required to be reported under the Campaign Reporting Act in an amount that exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in an amount that, when added to the aggregate amount of the independent expenditures made by the same person during the election cycle, exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000), shall file a report with the secretary of state within three days of making an expenditure for which a report is required by this section, or, if an independent expenditure of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or more is made within fourteen days before a primary or general election, within twenty-four hours after making the expenditure.

- B. The report required by Subsection A of this section shall state:
- (1) the name and address of the person who made the independent expenditure;
- (2) the name and address of the person to whom the independent expenditure was made and the amount, date and purpose of the independent expenditure. If no reasonable estimate of the monetary value of a particular expenditure is practicable, it is sufficient to report instead a description of the services, property or rights furnished through the expenditure; and
- $\hbox{ (3) the source of the contributions used to} \\$ $\hbox{make the independent expenditure as provided in Subsections C} \\$ and D of this section.}

- C. A person who makes independent expenditures totaling three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or less that are required to be reported pursuant to this section shall report the name and address of each person who has made contributions of more than a total of two hundred dollars (\$200) in the election cycle that were earmarked or made in response to a solicitation to fund independent expenditures, and shall report the amount of each such contribution made by that person.
- D. A person who makes independent expenditures totaling more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) that are required to be reported pursuant to this section, in addition to reporting the information specified in Subsection C of this section, shall either:
- (1) establish a segregated bank account, consisting only of funds contributed to the account by individuals to be used for making independent expenditures, and report the name and address of, and amount of each contribution made by, each contributor who contributed more than two hundred dollars (\$200) to that account in the election cycle; or
- (2) report the name and address of, and amount of each contribution made by, each contributor who contributed more than a total of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to the person in the election cycle; provided, however, that a contribution is exempt from reporting pursuant to this paragraph if the contributor requested in writing that the

contribution not be used to fund independent or coordinated expenditures or make contributions to a candidate, campaign committee or political committee."

SECTION 2. A new section of the Campaign Reporting Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] DISCLAIMERS IN ADVERTISEMENTS.--

A. A person who makes a campaign expenditure, a coordinated expenditure or an independent expenditure for an advertisement in an amount that exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in an amount that, when added to the aggregate amount of the campaign expenditures, coordinated expenditures and independent expenditures for advertisements made by the same person during the election cycle, exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000), shall ensure that the advertisement contains the name of the candidate, committee or other person who authorized and paid for the advertisement.

- B. The requirements of Subsection A of this section do not apply to the following:
- (1) bumper stickers, pins, buttons, pens and similar small items upon which the disclaimer cannot be conveniently printed; or
- (2) skywriting, water towers, wearing apparel or other means of displaying an advertisement of such a nature that the inclusion of a disclaimer would be impracticable.
- C. The disclaimer statements required by Subsection .206794.2

A of this section shall be set forth legibly on any advertisement that is disseminated or displayed by visual media. If the advertisement is transmitted by audio media, the statement shall be clearly spoken during the advertisement. If the advertisement is transmitted by audiovisual media, the statement shall be both written legibly and spoken clearly during the advertisement."

SECTION 3. Section 1-1-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-3.1. ELECTION CYCLE.--Except as otherwise provided, as used in the Election Code:

- A. "election cycle" means the period beginning on [the day] January 1 after the last general election and ending on [the day of] December 31 after the general election;
- B. "general election cycle" means the period beginning on the day after the primary election and ending on [the day of] December 31 after the general election; and
- C. "primary election cycle" means the period beginning on [the day] January 1 after the last general election and ending on the day of the primary election."

SECTION 4. Section 1-19-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 360, Section 2, as amended by Laws 2009, Chapter 67, Section 1 and by Laws 2009, Chapter 68, Section 2) is amended to read:

"1-19-26. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Campaign Reporting .206794.2

Act:

[A. "advertising campaign" means an advertisement or series of advertisements used for a political purpose and disseminated to the public either in print, by radio or television broadcast or by any other electronic means, including telephonic communications, and may include direct or bulk mailings of printed materials]

A. "advertisement" means a communication referring to a candidate or ballot measure that is published disseminated, distributed or displayed to the public by print, broadcast, satellite, cable or electronic media, including recorded phone messages, or by printed materials, including mailers, handbills, signs and billboards, but "advertisement" does not include:

(1) a communication by a membership organization or corporation to its current members, stockholders or executive or administrative personnel;

(2) a communication appearing in a news story or editorial distributed through a print, broadcast, satellite, cable or electronic medium, unless the communication is paid for or the medium is controlled or owned by a candidate, campaign committee or political committee;

(3) a candidate debate or forum or a communication announcing a candidate debate or forum paid for on behalf of the debate or forum sponsor; provided that two or .206794.2

2	<u>participate; or</u>
3	(4) nonpartisan voter guides allowed by the
4	federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for Section 501(c)(3)
5	organizations;
6	B. "anonymous contribution" means a contribution
7	the contributor of which is unknown to the candidate or the
8	candidate's agent or the political committee or its agent who
9	accepts the contribution;
10	C. "ballot measure" means a constitutional
11	amendment or other question submitted to the voters in an
12	election;
13	[C.] $D.$ "bank account" means an account in a
14	financial institution [located in New Mexico] <u>chartered and</u>
15	regulated by the United States or a state of the United States;
16	$[\frac{D_{\bullet}}{E_{\bullet}}]$ "campaign committee" means an association
17	of two or more persons, authorized by a candidate to [raise,
18	collect or expend contributions] act on the candidate's behalf
19	for the purpose of electing the candidate to office; provided
20	that a candidate may not authorize more than one campaign
21	<pre>committee;</pre>
22	F. "campaign expenditure" means an expenditure that
23	is made by a campaign committee or by a candidate in support of
24	the candidate's campaign in an election;
25	[E.] $G.$ "candidate" means an individual who seeks
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more candidates for the same position have been invited to

or considers an office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act, including a public official, who either has filed a declaration of candidacy or nominating petition and has not subsequently filed a statement of withdrawal or:

- (1) for a nonstatewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of <u>more than</u> one thousand dollars (\$1,000) [or <u>more</u>] or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of <u>more than</u> one thousand dollars (\$1,000) [or <u>more</u>] for the purpose of seeking election to the office; or
- (2) for a statewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of [two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or] more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of [two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or] more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the purpose of seeking election to the office or for candidacy exploration purposes in the years prior to the year of the election;

[F.] H. "contribution":

(1) means a gift, subscription, loan, advance or deposit of money or other thing of value, including the estimated value of an in-kind contribution, that is made or received for a political purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election campaign [but "contribution"];

1	(2) includes a coordinated expenditure; and
2	(3) does not include the value of services
3	provided without compensation or unreimbursed travel or other
4	personal expenses of individuals who volunteer a portion or all
5	of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee
6	nor does it include the administrative or solicitation expenses
7	of a political committee that are paid by an organization that
8	sponsors the committee;
9	I. "coordinated expenditure" means an expenditure
10	that is made:
11	(1) by a person other than a candidate or
12	<pre>campaign committee;</pre>
13	(2) at the request or suggestion of, or in
14	cooperation, consultation or concert with, a candidate,
15	campaign committee or political party or any agent or
16	representative of such a candidate, campaign committee or
17	political party; and
18	(3) for the purpose of:
19	(a) supporting or opposing the
20	nomination or election of a candidate; or
21	(b) paying for an advertisement that
22	refers to a clearly identified candidate and is published and
23	disseminated to the relevant electorate in New Mexico within
24	thirty days before the primary election or sixty days before
25	the general election in which the candidate is on the ballot;

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	[G.] <u>J.</u>	"deliver"	or	"delivery"	means	to	deliver	by
certified	or regist	ered mail,	te:	lecopier, e	lectro	nic		
transmissi	on or fac	simile or 1	NV 1	nersonal se	rvice:			

- [H_{\bullet}] K_{\bullet} "election" means any primary, general or statewide special election in New Mexico and includes county and judicial retention elections but excludes <u>federal</u>, municipal, school board and special district elections;
- $[rac{ extsf{I.}}{ extsf{L.}}]$ "election year" means an even-numbered year in which an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act is held;
- [J.] M. "expenditure" means a payment, transfer or distribution or obligation or promise to pay, transfer or distribute any money or other thing of value for a political purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election campaign or pre-primary convention [but does not include the administrative or solicitation expenses of a political committee that are paid by an organization that sponsors the committee];
- N. "independent expenditure" means an expenditure that is:
- (1) made by a person other than a candidate or campaign committee;
- (2) not a coordinated expenditure as defined in the Campaign Reporting Act; and
 - (3) made to pay for an advertisement that:

2	defeat of a clearly identified candi
3	defeat of a clearly identified ballo
4	(b) is suscep
5	reasonable interpretation than as an
6	against a clearly identified candida
7	(c) refers to
8	candidate or ballot measure and is p
9	to the relevant electorate in New Me
10	before the primary election or sixty
11	election at which the candidate or b
12	<u>ballot</u> ;
13	[K.] <u>O.</u> "person" means a
14	[L.] <u>P.</u> "political commi
15	persons, other than members of a can
16	or campaign committee or a husband a
17	contribution out of a joint account,
18	appointed, chosen, associated, organ
19	for a political purpose; and "politi
20	(1) political parti
21	committees or similar organizations
22	members of any corporation, labor or
23	professional association or any othe
24	raises, collects, expends or contrib
25	thing of value for a political purpo

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tible to no other appeal to vote for or te or ballot measure; or a clearly identified

oublished and disseminated xico within thirty days days before the general allot measure is on the

n individual or entity;

ttee" means [two or more didate's immediate family nd wife who make a who are selected, ized or operated primarily .cal committee" includes:

ies, political action composed of employees or ganization, trade or r similar group that utes money or any other se;

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(2) a single individual whose actions
represent that the individual is a political committee; and
(3) a person or an organization of two or more
persons that within one calendar year expends funds in excess
of five hundred dollars (\$500) to conduct an advertising

(1) a political party;

campaign for a political purpose]:

(2) an association that consists of two or more persons whose primary purpose is to make contributions to candidates, campaign committees or political committees or make coordinated expenditures or any combination thereof; or

(3) an association that consists of two or more persons whose primary purpose is to make independent expenditures and that has received more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in contributions or made independent expenditures of more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the election cycle;

Q. "political party" means an association that has qualified as a political party pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-7-2 NMSA 1978;

[M.] R. "political purpose" means [influencing or attempting to influence an election or pre-primary convention, including a constitutional amendment or other question submitted to the voters] for the purpose of supporting or opposing a ballot measure or the nomination or election of a .206794.2

1	candidate

- $[N_{ullet}]$ S. "prescribed form" means a form or electronic format prepared and prescribed by the secretary of state;
- [0.] <u>T.</u> "proper filing officer" means [either] the secretary of state; [or the county clerk as provided in Section 1-19-27 NMSA 1978;
- P-] \underline{U} . "public official" means a person elected to an office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act or a person appointed to an office that is subject to an election covered by that act; and
- $[Q \cdot]$ V. "reporting individual" means every public official, candidate or treasurer of a campaign committee and every treasurer of a political committee."
- SECTION 5. Section 1-19-26.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
- "1-19-26.1. POLITICAL COMMITTEES--REGISTRATION-DISCLOSURES.--
- A. It is unlawful for [any] a political committee [that receives, contributes or expends in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500) in any calendar year] to continue to receive or make any contribution or expenditure for a political purpose [unless that political committee appoints and maintains a treasurer and registers with the secretary of state] if that committee fails to meet the requirements of Subsections B and C

- B. A political committee shall [register] appoint and maintain a treasurer and file a statement of organization with the secretary of state [within ten days of receiving, contributing or expending in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500)] by paying a filing fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) and filing a statement of organization.
- <u>C. A statement of organization required by</u>

 <u>Subsection B of this section shall be made</u> under oath on a prescribed form showing:
- (1) the full name of the [political] committee, which shall fairly and accurately reflect the identity of the committee, including any sponsoring organization, and its address;
- (2) a statement of the purpose for which the [political] committee was organized;
- [(3) the name, address and relationship of any connected or associated organization or entity;
- (4)] (3) the names and addresses of the officers of the committee; and
- [(5)] (4) an identification of [the] any bank account used by the committee [for all expenditures or] to receive or make contributions [made or received] or make expenditures.
- [C. The provisions of this section do not apply to .206794.2

a political committee that is located in another state and is registered with the federal election commission if the political committee reports on federal reporting forms filed with the federal election commission all expenditures for and contributions made to reporting individuals in New Mexico and files with the secretary of state, according to the schedule required for the filing of forms with the federal election commission, a copy of either the full report or the cover sheet and the portions of the federal reporting forms that contain the information on expenditures for and contributions made to reporting individuals in New Mexico.]"

SECTION 6. Section 1-19-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-29. TIME AND PLACE OF FILING REPORTS.--

A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all reporting individuals shall file with the proper filing officer [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the second Monday in April and October a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in those months and not previously reported. The report shall be filed biannually until the [reporting individual's bank account has been closed and the other] provisions specified in Subsection F, G or H of this section have been satisfied.

B. In an election year, instead of the biannual reports provided for in Subsection A of this section, all

reporting individuals, except for public officials who are not candidates in an election that year, shall file reports of all expenditures made and contributions received or, if applicable, statements of no activity, according to the following schedule:

- (1) [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the second Monday in April, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in April and not previously reported;
- (2) [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the second Monday in May, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in May and not previously reported;
- (3) [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the second Monday in September, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in September and not previously reported;
- (4) [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the second Monday in October, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in October and not previously reported;
- (5) [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the Thursday before a primary, general or statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received by 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election and not previously reported. Any contribution or pledge to

before the election and that is for [five hundred dollars (\$500) or] more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in a [legislative or] nonstatewide [judicial] election, or [two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or] more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in a statewide election, shall be reported to the proper filing officer either in a supplemental report on a prescribed form within twenty-four hours of receipt or in the report to be filed [by 5:00 p.m. on] no later than the Thursday before a primary, general or statewide special election, except that any such contribution or pledge to contribute that is received after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday before the election may be reported by 12:00 noon on the Monday before the election; [and]

primary or general election, or within twenty-four hours of the independent expenditure, a report of each independent expenditure made after 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election that is for more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in a nonstatewide election or more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in a statewide election. Such expenditures shall be reported to the proper filing officer either in a supplemental report on a prescribed form within twenty-four hours of being made or in the report to be filed no later than the Thursday before a primary or general election, except that any such

expenditure that is made after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday before
the election may be reported by 12:00 noon on the Monday before
the election;

[(6) by 5:00 p.m. on] (7) no later than the thirtieth day after a primary [general or statewide special] election, a report by all reporting individuals, except those individuals that become candidates after the primary election, of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the primary election and not previously reported;

(8) no later than on the thirtieth day after a statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the statewide special election and not previously reported; and

(9) no later than January 7 after a general election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before December 31 after the general election and not previously reported.

C. If a candidate, <u>political committee</u>, <u>campaign</u>

<u>committee</u> or public official has not received any contributions and has not made any expenditures since the candidate's,

<u>committee's</u> or official's last report was filed with the proper filing officer, the candidate, <u>committee</u> or official shall only be required to file a statement of no activity, which shall not

be required to be notarized, in lieu of a full report when that report would otherwise be due and shall not be required to file a full report until the next required filing date occurring after an expenditure is made or a contribution is received.

- D. In an election year, a public official who is not a candidate shall file biannual reports of expenditures made and contributions received or statements of no activity in accordance with the schedule provided for in Subsection A of this section.
- E. A report of expenditures and contributions filed after a deadline set forth in this section shall not be deemed to have been timely filed.
- F. Except for candidates, <u>campaign committees</u> and public officials who file a statement of no activity, each reporting individual <u>candidate</u>, <u>campaign committee</u> or <u>public official</u> shall file a report of expenditures and contributions pursuant to the filing schedules set forth in this section, regardless of whether any expenditures were made or contributions were received during the reporting period. Reports shall be required until the reporting individual delivers a report to the proper filing officer stating that:
 - (1) there are no outstanding campaign debts;
- (2) all money has been expended in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-19-29.1 NMSA 1978; and
 - (3) the bank [account has] accounts have been

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G. [Each treasurer of a political committee shall file a report of expenditures and contributions pursuant to the filing schedules set forth in this section until the treasurer files a report that affirms that the committee has dissolved or no longer exists and that its bank account has been closed] If, during a nonelection year, a political committee has not received any contributions or made any coordinated or independent expenditures since it filed its last report pursuant to this section, it need not file any report under this section until the next reporting period, if any, in which it receives contributions or makes such expenditures. A political committee that has not received any contributions or made any coordinated or independent expenditures for a continuous period of at least one year may thereupon cancel its registration as a political committee by submitting an appropriate request in writing to the proper filing officer. The committee shall retain the obligation to submit a new registration pursuant to Section 1-19-26.1 NMSA 1978 in the event that its future activities should meet the requisites for registration under that section.

H. A reporting individual who is a candidate within the meaning of the Campaign Reporting Act because of the amount of contributions the candidate receives or expenditures the candidate makes and who does not ultimately file a declaration

of candidacy or a nominating petition with the proper filing officer and does not file a statement of no activity shall file biannual reports in accordance with Subsection A of this section.

- I. Reports required by this section shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate or the treasurer of the political committee or, in the case of candidates for judicial office, by the treasurer of the candidate's campaign committee. A report filed electronically shall be electronically authenticated by the candidate or the treasurer of the [political] committee using an electronic signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act. For the purposes of the Campaign Reporting Act, a report that is electronically authenticated in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be deemed to have been subscribed and sworn to by the candidate or the treasurer of the [political] committee who was required to file the report.
- J. Reports required by this section shall be filed electronically by all reporting individuals.
- K. Reporting individuals may apply to the secretary of state for exemption from electronic filing in case of hardship, which shall be defined by the secretary of state."
- SECTION 7. Section 1-19-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 360, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-31. CONTENTS OF REPORT[A.] Each required report
of expenditures and contributions shall be typed or printed
legibly, or on a computer disc or format approved by the
secretary of state, and shall include:

[(1)] A. the name and address of the person or entity to whom an expenditure was made or from whom a contribution was received, except as provided for anonymous contributions or contributions received from special events as provided in Section 1-19-34 NMSA 1978; provided that for contributors, the name of the entity or the first and last names of any individual shall be the full name of the entity or individual, and initials only shall not constitute a full name unless that is the complete legal name;

[(2)] <u>B.</u> the occupation [or], <u>name and</u> type of business, <u>as applicable</u>, of any [person] <u>individual</u> or entity making contributions of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or more in the aggregate per election;

 $[\frac{(3)}{C.}]$ the amount of the expenditure or contribution or value thereof;

 $[\frac{4}{1}]$ D. the purpose of the expenditure; $[\frac{1}{1}]$

(5)] <u>E.</u> the date <u>that</u> the expenditure was made or the contribution was received;

[B. Each report shall contain an]

 $\underline{\text{F.}}$ the opening and closing cash balance for the bank [account] accounts maintained by the reporting individual .206794.2

during the reporting period and the name of the financial institution <u>for each account; and</u>

[C. Each report shall specify the]

 $\underline{\text{G.}}$ the amount of each unpaid debt and the identity of the person to whom the debt is owed."

SECTION 8. Section 1-19-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 360, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-34. CANDIDATES--POLITICAL <u>OR CAMPAIGN</u> COMMITTEES-TREASURER--BANK ACCOUNT--ANONYMOUS CONTRIBUTIONS--CONTRIBUTIONS
FROM SPECIAL EVENTS.--

A. [It is unlawful for the members of any] A political or campaign committee or any candidate [to make any expenditure or solicit or accept any contribution for a political purpose unless] shall ensure that:

- (1) a treasurer has been appointed and is constantly maintained; provided, however, that when a duly appointed treasurer is unable for any reason to continue as treasurer, the candidate or [political] committee shall appoint a successor; and provided further that a candidate may serve as the candidate's own treasurer;
- (2) all disbursements of money and receipts of contributions are authorized by and through the candidate or treasurer;
- (3) a [separate] bank account has been established and all receipts of money contributions are .206794.2

deposited in and all expenditures of money are [deposited in
and] disbursed from [the] one or more bank [account] accounts
maintained by the treasurer in the name of the candidate or
[political] committee; provided that nothing in this section
shall prohibit investments from [the] a bank account to earn
interest as long as the investments and earnings are fully
reported. All disbursements except for disbursements made from
a petty cash fund of one hundred dollars (\$100) or less shall
be made in a form such that the date, amount and payee of the
transaction are automatically recorded or by check made payable
to the person or entity receiving the disbursement and not to
"cash" or "bearer"; and

- (4) the treasurer, upon disbursing or receiving money or other things of value, immediately enters and thereafter keeps a proper record preserved by the treasurer, including a full, true and itemized statement and account of each sum disbursed or received, the date of such disbursal or receipt, to whom disbursed or from whom received and the object or purpose for which it was disbursed or received.
- B. No anonymous contributions may be accepted [in excess of] for more than one hundred dollars (\$100). The aggregate amount of anonymous contributions received by a reporting individual during a primary or general election or a statewide special election shall not exceed two thousand

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dollars (\$2,000) for statewide races and five hundred dollars (\$500) for all other races.

- C. Cash contributions received at special events that are unidentifiable as to specific contributor but identifiable as to the special event are not subject to the anonymous contribution limits provided for in this section so long as no single special event raises, after expenses, more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in such cash contributions. For those contributions, due diligence and best efforts shall be made to disclose on a special prescribed form the sponsor, date, place, total amount received, expenses incurred, estimated number of persons in attendance and other identifiable factors that describe the special event. purposes of this subsection, "special event" includes an event such as a barbecue or similar fundraiser where tickets costing [fifteen dollars (\$15.00)] twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) or less are sold or an event such as a coffee, tea or similar reception; provided that no person shall contribute more than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) in cash at a special event.
- D. Any contributions received pursuant to this section in excess of the limits established in Subsections B and C of this section shall be donated to the state general fund or an organization to which a federal income tax deduction would be available under Subparagraph (A) of Paragraph (1) of Subsection (b) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of

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1986, as amended."

SECTION 9. Section 1-19-34.3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 14, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-34.3. CONTRIBUTIONS IN ONE NAME GIVEN FOR ANOTHER PROHIBITED--CONCEALING SOURCE OF CONTRIBUTIONS USED FOR

INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES . --

 \underline{A} . It is unlawful for a person to make a contribution in the name of another person, and no person shall knowingly accept a contribution made by one person in the name of another person.

B. No person may make contributions or expenditures with an intent to conceal the names of persons who are the true source of funds used to make independent expenditures or the true recipients of the expenditures."

SECTION 10. Section 1-19-34.6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995, Chapter 153, Section 19) is amended to read:

"1-19-34.6. CIVIL PENALTIES.--

A. If the secretary of state reasonably believes that a person committed, or is about to commit, a violation of the Campaign Reporting Act, the secretary of state shall refer the matter to the attorney general or a district attorney for enforcement.

B. With or without a referral from the secretary of state, the attorney general or district attorney may institute a civil action in district court for any violation of the .206794.2

Campaign Reporting Act or to prevent a violation of that act that involves an unlawful solicitation or the making or acceptance of an unlawful contribution. An action for relief may include a permanent or temporary injunction, a restraining order or any other appropriate order, including a civil penalty of [two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)] up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation not to exceed [five thousand dollars (\$5,000)] a total of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), and forfeiture of any contribution received as a result of an unlawful solicitation or unlawful contribution. Each unlawful solicitation and each unlawful contribution made or accepted shall be deemed a separate violation of the Campaign Reporting Act.

C. With or without a referral from the secretary of state, the attorney general or district attorney may institute a civil action in district court if a violation has occurred or to prevent a violation of any provision of the Campaign Reporting Act other than that specified in Subsection B of this section. Relief may include a permanent or temporary injunction, a restraining order or any other appropriate order, including an order for a civil penalty of [fifty dollars (\$50.00)] up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation not to exceed [five thousand dollars (\$5,000)] a total of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000)."

SECTION 11. Section 1-19-34.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, .206794.2

1	Chapter 68, Section 1) is amended to read:
2	"1-19-34.7. CONTRIBUTION LIMITATIONSCANDIDATES
3	POLITICAL COMMITTEES
4	A. [The following contributions by the following
5	persons are prohibited:
6	(1) from a person, not including a political
7	committee, to a:
8	(a) candidate for nonstatewide office,
9	including the candidate's campaign committee, in an amount that
10	will cause that person's total contributions to the candidate
11	to exceed two thousand three hundred dollars (\$2,300) during
12	the primary election or two thousand three hundred dollars
13	(\$2,300) during the general election;
14	(b) candidate for statewide office,
15	including the candidate's campaign committee, in an amount that
16	will cause that person's total contributions to the candidate
17	to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during the primary
18	election or five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during the general
19	election; or
20	(c) political committee in an amount
21	that will cause that person's total contributions to the
22	political committee to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
23	during a primary election or five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
24	during a general election; and
25	(2) from a political committee to:

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(a) a candidate for office, including the candidate's campaign committee, in an amount that will cause the political committee's total contributions to the candidate to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during the primary election or five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during the general election; or

(b) another political committee in an amount that will cause that political committee's total contributions to the political committee to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during a primary election or five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during a general election Except as provided in Subsections F and G of this section, a person, including a political committee, shall not make a contribution to a candidate, including the candidate's campaign committee, or to a political committee in an amount that will cause that person's total contributions to the candidate or political committee to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during a primary election cycle or five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during a general election cycle. A primary election candidate who does not become a candidate on the general election ballot shall remain subject to the contribution limits of the primary election cycle and shall not accept a contribution from a person who has contributed the maximum allowable amount during the primary election cycle to pay for primary election expenditures of the campaign.

- B. All contributions made by a person to a candidate, either directly or indirectly, including contributions that are in any way earmarked or otherwise directed through another person to a candidate, shall be treated as contributions from the person to that candidate.
- C. A person, including a political committee, shall not knowingly accept or solicit a contribution, directly or indirectly, including a contribution earmarked or otherwise directed or coordinated through another person, including a political committee, that violates the contribution limits provided for in this section.
- D. On [the day] January 1 after each general election, the contribution amounts provided in Subsection A of this section shall be increased by the percentage of the preceding two calendar [year's] years' increase of the consumer price index for all urban consumers, United States city average for all items, published by the United States department of labor. The amount of the increase shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100). The secretary of state shall publish by October 1 before each general election the adjusted contribution limits that shall take effect the day after the following general election.
- E. All contributions in excess of the limits imposed by the provisions of this section shall be deposited in the public election fund upon a finding by [the secretary of

state] a district court that the contribution limits have been
exceeded.

F. The limitation on contributions to a candidate provided for in Subsection A of this section shall not apply to a candidate's own contribution from the candidate's personal funds to the candidate's own campaign.

[G. For the purposes of this section:

- (1) "primary election" means the period
 beginning on the day after the general election for the
 applicable office and ending on the day of the primary for that
 office; and
- (2) "general election" means the period
 beginning on the day after the primary for the applicable
 office and ending on the day of the general election for that
 office.
- G. The limitations on contributions to political committees provided for in Subsection A of this section shall not apply to a political committee that makes only independent expenditures or to any contribution to a political committee that is deposited in a segregated bank account that may only be used to make independent expenditures."
- SECTION 12. Section 1-19-36 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 360, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "1-19-36. PENALTIES [CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT].--
- A. Any person who knowingly and willfully violates .206794.2

any provision of the Campaign Reporting Act is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment for not more than one year or both.

B. The Campaign Reporting Act may be enforced by the attorney general or the district attorney in the county where the candidate resides, where a political committee has its principal place of business or where the violation occurred."

SECTION 13. TEMPORARY PROVISION.--The secretary of state, in consultation with the attorney general, shall promulgate rules to implement the amendatory provisions of this act by August 1, 2017.

SECTION 14. REPEAL.--Sections 1-19-16 and 1-19-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 401, Sections 1 and 2) are repealed.

SECTION 15. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2017.

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