## SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 83

## 51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL LAW; CLARIFYING THE CRIMES OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS AND EXTREME CRUELTY TO ANIMALS; PROVIDING ALTERNATIVE PUNISHMENTS; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; CLARIFYING THE APPLICATION OF THE PRACTICE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE; PROVIDING FOR PSYCHOLOGICAL COUNSELING; INCREASING THE PENALTY WHEN CRUELTY CAUSES DEATH OR GREAT BODILY HARM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 30-18-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 107, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-18-1. CRUELTY TO ANIMALS--EXTREME CRUELTY TO ANIMALS--PENALTIES--EXCEPTIONS--DEFINITIONS.--

[A. As used in this section, "animal" does not include insects or reptiles.

 $B_{\bullet}$ ] A. Cruelty to animals consists of a person: .193268.1

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	(	1) [ <del>neg</del>	<del>ligently</del> ]	recklessly	mist	reating,
injuring	[ <del>killing</del>	without	<del>lawful j</del>	ustification	or	tormenting
an animal	L; [ <del>or</del> ]					

- (2) recklessly or intentionally abandoning an animal under that person's custody or control; or
- (3) recklessly or intentionally failing to provide necessary sustenance to an animal under that person's custody or control.
- [C. As used in Subsection B of this section, "lawful justification" means:
- (1) humanely destroying a sick or injured animal; or
- (2) protecting a person or animal from death or injury due to an attack by another animal.
- D. B. Whoever commits cruelty to animals is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978. Upon a fourth or subsequent conviction for committing cruelty to animals, the offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
- C. Whoever commits cruelty to animals that causes death or great bodily harm to the animal is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.

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- $[E_{ullet}]$   $\underline{D}_{ullet}$  Extreme cruelty to animals consists of a person:
- (1) intentionally or maliciously [torturing, mutilating, injuring or poisoning] mistreating an animal; or
- (2) maliciously killing an animal <u>without</u> lawful justification.
- $[F_{\bullet}]$   $E_{\bullet}$  Whoever commits extreme cruelty to animals is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978].
- [6.] F. The court may order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals to participate in an animal cruelty prevention program or an animal cruelty education program. The court may also order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals [or extreme cruelty to animals] to obtain psychological counseling for treatment of a mental health disorder if, in the court's judgment, the mental health disorder contributed to the commission of the criminal offense. The court shall order a person convicted of extreme cruelty to animals to obtain psychological counseling. The offender shall bear the expense of participating in an animal cruelty prevention program, animal cruelty education program or psychological counseling ordered by the court.
- $[H \cdot ]$   $G \cdot$  If a child is adjudicated of cruelty to animals, the court shall order an assessment and any necessary psychological counseling or treatment of the child.

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	[ <del>I.</del> ] <u>H.</u>	The	provisions	of	this	section	do	not	app15
to:									

- (1) fishing, hunting, falconry, taking and trapping, as provided in Chapter 17 NMSA 1978;
- (2) the practice of veterinary medicine, as provided in Chapter 61, Article 14 NMSA 1978, when the practice is in accordance with commonly accepted veterinary practices;
- (3) rodent or pest control, as provided in Chapter 77, Article 15 NMSA 1978;
- (4) the treatment of livestock and other animals used on farms, [and] ranches and dairies for the production of food, fiber or other agricultural products, when the treatment is in accordance with commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practices;
- (5) the use of commonly accepted Mexican and American rodeo practices, unless otherwise prohibited by law;
- (6) research facilities [licensed] registered pursuant to [the provisions of] 7 U.S.C. Section 2136, except when knowingly operating outside provisions governing the treatment of animals of a research or maintenance protocol approved by the institutional animal care and use committee of the facility; or
- (7) other [similar] activities not otherwise prohibited by law.
- I. If there is a dispute as to what constitutes
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commonly	accepted ve	eterinary	practices,	the board	<u>of veterinary</u>
	-		_		
<u>medicine</u>	shall hold	a hearing	to determ	ine if the	<u>practice in</u>
					•
question	is a common	ly accept	ed veterin	ary practi	ce.
- <b>-</b>		<u> </u>			

J. If there is a dispute as to what constitutes commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practices or commonly accepted rodeo practices, the New Mexico livestock board shall hold a hearing to determine if the practice in question is a commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practice or commonly accepted rodeo practice.

## K. As used in this section:

(1) "abandoning" means leaving or casting out an animal and failing to provide or ensure necessary sustenance;

- (2) "animal" means all vertebrates except for humans and noncaptive snakes;
- (3) "great bodily harm" means an injury that creates a high probability of death, that causes serious disfigurement or that results in permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any member or organ of the body;

## (4) "lawful justification" means:

(a) humanely destroying a sick or

injured animal; or

(b) protecting a person or animal from death or injury due to an attack by another animal;

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1	(5) "mistreating" means torturing, mutilating
2	or poisoning;
3	(6) "recklessly" means acting with knowledge
4	that the person's actions create a substantial and foreseeable
5	risk, disregarding the risk and being wholly indifferent to the
6	consequences and to the welfare and safety of the animal;
7	(7) "sustenance" means food, water or shelter;
8	provided that shelter with regard to livestock shall be in
9	keeping with commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry
10	practices; and
11	(8) "tormenting" means causing great distress
12	or agitation or inflicting physical pain."
13	SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE The effective date of the
14	provisions of this act is July 1, 2013.
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