6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

HOUSE BILL 150

51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

INTRODUCED BY

William "Bill" R. Rehm

5

1

2

3

11

AN ACT

RELATING TO REVOCATION OF A DRIVER'S LICENSE; PROVIDING FOR HEARINGS TO BE POSTPONED FOR ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS; ALLOWING A HEARING TO BE CONDUCTED BY ELECTRONIC MEANS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 66-8-112 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, SECTION 1. Chapter 35, Section 520, as amended by Laws 2003, Chapter 51, Section 15 and by Laws 2003, Chapter 90, Section 8) is amended to read:

"66-8-112. REVOCATION OF LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE--NOTICE--EFFECTIVE DATE--HEARING--HEARING COSTS--REVIEW. --

The effective date of revocation pursuant to Section 66-8-111 NMSA 1978 is twenty days after notice of revocation or, if the person whose driver's license or .190958.2SA

privilege to drive is being revoked or denied requests a

hearing pursuant to this section, the date that the department

issues the order following that hearing. The date of notice of

revocation is:

(1) the date the law enforcement officer

serves written notice of revocation and of right to a hearing

- serves written notice of revocation and of right to a hearing pursuant to Section 66-8-111.1 NMSA 1978; or
- (2) in the event the results of a chemical test cannot be obtained immediately, the date notice of revocation is served by mail by the department. This notice of revocation and of right to a hearing shall be sent by certified mail and shall be deemed to have been served on the date borne by the return receipt showing delivery, refusal of the addressee to accept delivery or attempted delivery of the notice at the address obtained by the arresting law enforcement officer or on file with the department.
- B. Within ten days after receipt of notice of revocation pursuant to Subsection A of this section, a person whose license or privilege to drive is revoked or denied or the person's agent may request a hearing. The hearing request shall be made in writing and shall be accompanied by a payment of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) or a sworn statement of indigency on a form provided by the department. A standard for indigency shall be established pursuant to regulations adopted by the department. Failure to request a hearing within ten

.190958.2SA

days shall result in forfeiture of the person's right to a hearing. Any person less than eighteen years of age who fails to request a hearing within ten days shall have notice of revocation sent to [his] the person's parent, guardian or custodian by the department. [A date for the hearing shall be set by the department, if practical, within thirty days after receipt of notice of revocation.] The hearing [shall] may be held in person or via electronic means in the county in which the offense for which the person was arrested took place.

- C. The department may postpone or continue any hearing on its own motion or upon application from the person and for good cause shown for a period not to exceed [ninety] one hundred twenty days from the date of notice of revocation and provided that the department extends the validity of the temporary license for the period of the postponement or continuation.
- D. [At the hearing, the department or its agent may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers.]

 The hearing shall be conducted by a hearing officer designated by the secretary. The powers of the hearing officer include issuing subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant documents and things, administering oaths or affirmations to witnesses, taking testimony, examining witnesses, admitting or excluding evidence and reopening any

.190958.2SA

1	hearing to receive additional evidence. A party or witness may
2	appear in person or via landline telephone or by other
3	appropriate electronic means; provided that the party or
4	witness is able to access a fax machine or is able to send and
5	receive electronic documents at the time of the hearing.
6	E. The hearing shall be limited to the following
7	issues:
8	(1) whether the law enforcement officer had
9	reasonable grounds to believe that the person had been driving
10	a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of
11	intoxicating liquor or drugs;
12	(2) whether the person was arrested;
13	(3) whether this hearing is held no later than
14	[ninety] one hundred twenty days after notice of revocation;
15	and either
16	(4) whether:
17	(a) the person refused to submit to a
18	test upon request of the law enforcement officer; and
19	(b) the law enforcement officer advised
20	that the failure to submit to a test could result in revocation
21	of the person's privilege to drive; or
22	(5) whether:
23	(a) the chemical test was administered
24	pursuant to the provisions of the Implied Consent Act; and
25	(b) the test results indicated an

alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath of eight one hundredths or more if the person is twenty-one years of age or older, four one hundredths or more if the person is driving a commercial motor vehicle or two one hundredths or more if the person is less than twenty-one years of age.

F. The department shall enter an order sustaining

- F. The department shall enter an order sustaining the revocation or denial of the person's license or privilege to drive if the department finds that:
- (1) the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the driver was driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
 - (2) the person was arrested;
- (3) this hearing is held no later than [ninety] one hundred twenty days after notice of revocation; and

(4) either:

(a) the person refused to submit to the test upon request of the law enforcement officer after the law enforcement officer advised [him] the person that [his] the person's failure to submit to the test could result in the revocation of [his] the person's privilege to drive; or

(b) that a chemical test was administered pursuant to the provisions of the Implied Consent Act and the test results indicated an alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath of eight one hundredths or more if .190958.2SA

2

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

the person is twenty-one years of age or older, four one hundredths or more if the person is driving a commercial motor vehicle or two one hundredths or more if the person is less than twenty-one years of age.

- G. If one or more of the elements set forth in Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection F of this section are not found by the department, the person's license shall not be revoked.
- A person adversely affected by an order of the department may seek review, pursuant to Rule 1-074 NMRA, Rules of Civil Procedure for the District Courts, within thirty days in the district court in the county in which the offense for which the person was arrested took place. [The district court, upon thirty days' written notice to the department, shall hear the case.] On review, it is for the court to determine only whether reasonable grounds exist for revocation or denial of the person's license or privilege to drive based on the record of the administrative proceeding.
- Any person less than eighteen years of age shall have results of [his] the person's hearing forwarded by the department to [his] the person's parent, guardian or custodian."
- SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2013.