1	SENATE BILL 655
2	49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2009
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Richard C. Martinez
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CRIMINAL SENTENCING; REVISING THE BASIC SENTENCE OF
12	IMPRISONMENT FOR NONCAPITAL FELONIES TO ALLOW FOR A RANGE OF
13	TIME WITHIN WHICH A JUDGE CAN SENTENCE A FELON; REPEALING A
14	SECTION OF LAW THAT AUTHORIZES THE ALTERATION OF A BASIC
15	SENTENCE DUE TO MITIGATING OR AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	Section 1. Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977,
19	Chapter 216, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"31-18-15. SENTENCING AUTHORITYNONCAPITAL FELONIES
21	BASIC SENTENCES AND FINESPAROLE AUTHORITYMERITORIOUS
22	DEDUCTIONS
23	A. If a person is convicted of a noncapital felony,
24	the basic sentence of imprisonment is as follows:
25	(1) for a first degree felony resulting in the
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1 death of a child, life imprisonment; 2 (2) for a first degree felony for aggravated 3 criminal sexual penetration, life imprisonment; 4 for a first degree felony, [eighteen] not (3) 5 less than twelve and not more than twenty-four years 6 imprisonment; 7 for a second degree felony resulting in (4) the death of a human being, [fifteen] not less than ten and not 8 9 more than twenty years imprisonment; 10 (5) for a second degree felony for a sexual 11 offense against a child, [fifteen] not less than ten and not 12 more than twenty years imprisonment; 13 for a second degree felony, [nine] not (6) 14 less than six and not more than twelve years imprisonment; 15 (7) for a third degree felony resulting in the 16 death of a human being, [six] not less than four and not more 17 than eight years imprisonment; 18 (8) for a third degree felony for a sexual 19 offense against a child, [six] not less than four and not more 20 than eight years imprisonment; 21 for a third degree felony, [three] not (9) 22 less than two and not more than four years imprisonment; or 23 (10)for a fourth degree felony, [eighteen 24 months] not less than one and not more than two years 25 imprisonment. .177304.1SA - 2 -

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1 Β. [The appropriate basic sentence of imprisonment 2 shall be imposed upon a person convicted and sentenced pursuant 3 to Subsection A of this section, unless the court alters the 4 sentence pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing 5 Act.] The court shall impose a definite term of imprisonment 6 within the ranges prescribed in Subsection A of this section; 7 provided that when the offender is a serious youthful offender 8 or a youthful offender, the court may impose a sentence less 9 than the minimum sentence prescribed.

C. The court shall include in the judgment and sentence of each person convicted and sentenced to imprisonment in a corrections facility designated by the corrections department authority for a period of parole to be served in accordance with the provisions of Section 31-21-10 NMSA 1978 after the completion of any actual time of imprisonment and authority to require, as a condition of parole, the payment of the costs of parole services and reimbursement to a law enforcement agency or local crime stopper program in accordance with the provisions of that section. The period of parole shall be deemed to be part of the sentence of the convicted person in addition to the basic sentence imposed pursuant to Subsection A of this section together with alterations, if any, pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing Act.

D. When a court imposes a sentence of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of Section [31-18-15.1] 31-18-16 .177304.1SA - 3 -

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1	[31-18-16.1] or 31-18-17 NMSA 1978 and suspends or defers the
2	basic sentence of imprisonment provided pursuant to the
3	provisions of Subsection A of this section, the period of
4	parole shall be served in accordance with the provisions of
5	Section 31-21-10 NMSA 1978 for the degree of felony [for the
6	basic sentence] for which the inmate was convicted. For the
7	purpose of designating a period of parole, a court shall not
8	consider that the basic sentence of imprisonment was suspended
9	or deferred and that the inmate served a period of imprisonment
10	pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing Act.
11	E. The court may, in addition to the imposition of
12	a basic sentence of imprisonment, impose a fine not to exceed:
13	(1) for a first degree felony resulting in the
14	death of a child, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars
15	(\$17,500);
16	(2) for a first degree felony for aggravated
17	criminal sexual penetration, seventeen thousand five hundred
18	dollars (\$17,500);
19	(3) for a first degree felony, fifteen
20	thousand dollars (\$15,000);
21	(4) for a second degree felony resulting in
22	the death of a human being, twelve thousand five hundred
23	dollars (\$12,500);
24	(5) for a second degree felony for a sexual
25	offense against a child, twelve thousand five hundred dollars
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1 (\$12,500); 2 (6) for a second degree felony, ten thousand 3 dollars (\$10,000); 4 for a third degree felony resulting in the (7) 5 death of a human being, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); for a third degree felony for a sexual 6 (8) 7 offense against a child, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); or 8 for a third or fourth degree felony, five (9) 9 thousand dollars (\$5,000). 10 F. When the court imposes a sentence of 11 imprisonment for a felony offense, the court shall indicate 12 whether or not the offense is a serious violent offense, as 13 defined in Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978. The court shall inform 14 an offender that the offender's sentence of imprisonment is 15 subject to the provisions of Sections 33-2-34, 33-2-36, 16 33-2-37 and 33-2-38 NMSA 1978. If the court fails to inform an 17 offender that the offender's sentence is subject to those 18 provisions or if the court provides the offender with erroneous 19 information regarding those provisions, the failure to inform 20 or the error shall not provide a basis for a writ of habeas 21 corpus. 22 No later than October 31 of each year, the G.

G. No later than October 31 of each year, the New Mexico sentencing commission shall provide a written report to the secretary of corrections, all New Mexico criminal court judges, the administrative office of the district attorneys and .177304.1SA

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1	the chief public defender. The report shall specify the
2	average reduction in the sentence of imprisonment for serious
3	violent offenses and nonviolent offenses, as defined in Section
4	33-2-34 NMSA 1978, due to meritorious deductions earned by
5	prisoners during the previous fiscal year pursuant to the
6	provisions of Sections 33-2-34, 33-2-36, 33-2-37 and 33-2-38
7	NMSA 1978. The corrections department shall allow the
8	commission access to documents used by the department to
9	determine earned meritorious deductions for prisoners."
10	Section 2. REPEALSection 31-18-15.1 NMSA 1978 (being
11	Laws 1979, Chapter 152, Section 2, as amended) is repealed.
12	Section 3. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
13	provisions of this act is July 1, 2009.
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