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HOUSE BILL 166

46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2003 INTRODUCED BY

Mimi Stewart

FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION STUDY COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO PROPERTY TAXATION; REDUCING THE MAXIMUM RATES AUTHORIZED FOR COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GENERAL OPERATING PURPOSES; INCREASING THE MAXIMUM RATES AUTHORIZED FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL OPERATING PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 7-37-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 258, Section 40, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-37-7. TAX RATES AUTHORIZED -- LIMITATIONS. --

The tax rates specified in Subsection B of this section are the maximum rates that may be set by the department of finance and administration for the use of the stated governmental units for the purposes stated in that subsection. The tax rates set for residential property for county, school district or municipal general purposes or for the purposes

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authorized in Paragraph (2) of Subsection C of this section shall be the same as the tax rates set for nonresidential property for those governmental units for those purposes unless different rates are required because of limitations imposed by Section 7-37-7.1 NMSA 1978. The department of finance and administration may set a rate at less than the maximum in any In addition to the rates authorized in Subsection B of this section, the department of finance and administration shall also determine and set the necessary rates authorized in Subsection C of this section. The tax rates authorized in Paragraphs (1) and (3) of Subsection C of this section shall be set at the same rate for both residential and nonresidential Rates shall be set after the governmental units' property. budget-making and approval process is completed and shall be set in accordance with Section 7-38-33 NMSA 1978. 0rders imposing the rates set for all units of government shall be made by the boards of county commissioners after rates are set and certified to the boards by the department of finance and The department of finance and administration admi ni strati on. shall also certify the rates set for nonresidential property in governmental units to the department for use in collecting taxes imposed under the Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act, the Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad Valorem Tax Act and the Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act.

> The following tax rates for the indicated В.

purposes are authorized:

- (1) for the use of each county for general purposes for the 1987 and subsequent property tax years, a rate of [eleven dollars eighty-five cents (\$11.85)] ten dollars eighty-five cents (\$10.85) for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of both residential and nonresidential property allocated to the county;
- (2) for the use of each school district for general operating purposes, a rate of [fifty cents (\$.50)] two dollars fifty cents (\$2.50) for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of both residential and nonresidential property allocated to the school district; and
- (3) for the use of each municipality for general purposes for the 1987 and subsequent property tax years, a rate of [seven dollars sixty-five cents \$7.65)] six dollars sixty-five cents (\$6.65) for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of both residential and nonresidential property allocated to the municipality.
- C. In addition to the rates authorized in Subsection B of this section, there are also authorized:
- under provisions of law outside of the Property Tax Code that are for the use of the governmental units indicated in those provisions and are for the stated purpose of paying principal and interest on a public general obligation debt incurred under

those provisions of law;

- under provisions of law outside of the Property Tax Code that are for the use of the governmental units indicated in those provisions, are for the stated purposes authorized by those provisions and have been approved by the voters of the governmental unit in the manner required by law; and
- (3) those rates or impositions necessary for the use of a governmental unit to pay a tort or workers' compensation judgment for which a county, municipality or school district is liable, subject to the limitations in Subsection B of Section 41-4-25 NMSA 1978, but no rate or imposition shall be authorized to pay any judgment other than one arising from a tort or workers' compensation claim.
- D. The rates and impositions authorized under Subsection C of this section shall be on the net taxable value of both residential and nonresidential property allocated to the unit of government specified in the provisions of the other laws."
- Section 2. Section 22-8-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 176, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
- "22-8-25. STATE EQUALIZATION GUARANTEE DISTRIBUTION-DEFINITIONS--DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT.--
- A. The state equalization guarantee distribution is that amount of money distributed to each school district to .142763.1

ensure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined in this section, is at least equal to the school district's program cost.

B. "Local revenue", as used in this section, means the sum of:

(1) seventy-five percent of receipts to the school district derived from that amount produced by a school district property tax applied at the rate of fifty cents (\$.50) or such lower rate as required by the application of Section 7-37-7.1 NMSA 1978, to each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of property allocated to the school district and to the assessed value of products severed and sold in the school district as determined under the Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act and upon the assessed value of equipment in the school district as determined under the Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad Valorem Tax Act. The school district shall budget and expend twenty percent of the total revenue receipts for capital outlay; and

(2) one hundred percent of receipts to the school district derived from that amount produced by a school district property tax applied at the rate of two dollars (\$2.00), or such lower rate as required by the application of Section 7-37-7.1 NMSA 1978, to each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of property allocated to the school district and to the assessed value of products severed

and sold in the school district as determined under the Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act and upon the assessed value of equipment in the school district as determined under the Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad Valorem Tax Act.

- C. "Federal revenue", as used in this section, means receipts to the school district, excluding amounts that, if taken into account in the computation of the state equalization guarantee distribution, result, under federal law or regulations, in a reduction in or elimination of federal school funding otherwise receivable by the school district, derived from the following:
- (1) seventy-five percent of the school district's share of forest reserve funds distributed in accordance with Section 22-8-33 NMSA 1978. The school district shall budget and expend twenty percent of the total forest reserve receipts for capital outlay; and
- (2) seventy-five percent of grants from the federal government as assistance to those areas affected by federal activity authorized in accordance with Title 20 of the United States Code, commonly known as "PL 874 funds" or "impact aid". The school district shall budget and expend twenty percent of the grant receipts for capital outlay.
- D. To determine the amount of the state equalization guarantee distribution, the state superintendent shall:

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- (1) calculate the number of program units to which each school district is entitled using an average of the MEM on the fortieth, eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior year; or
- (2) calculate the number of program units to which a school district operating under an approved year-round school calendar is entitled using an average of the MEM on appropriate dates established by the state board; or
- (3) calculate the number of program units to which a school district with a MEM of two hundred or less is entitled by using an average of the MEM on the fortieth, eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior year or the fortieth day of the current year, whichever is greater; and
- (4) using the results of the calculations in Paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection and the instructional staff training and experience index from the October report of the prior school year, establish a total program cost of the school district;
- (5) calculate the local and federal revenues as defined in this section:
- (6) deduct the sum of the calculations made in Paragraph (5) of this subsection from the program cost established in Paragraph (4) of this subsection; and
- (7) deduct the total amount of guaranteed energy savings contract payments that the state superintendent

determines will be made to the school district from the public school utility conservation fund during the fiscal year for which the state equalization guarantee distribution is being computed.

- E. The amount of the state equalization guarantee distribution to which a school district is entitled is the balance remaining after the deductions made in Paragraphs (6) and (7) of Subsection D of this section.
- F. The state equalization guarantee distribution shall be distributed prior to June 30 of each fiscal year. The calculation shall be based on the local and federal revenues specified in this section received from June 1 of the previous fiscal year through May 31 of the fiscal year for which the state equalization guarantee distribution is being computed. In the event that a school district has received more state equalization guarantee funds than its entitlement, a refund shall be made by the school district to the state general fund."

Section 3. TEMPORARY PROVISION--2004 PROPERTY TAX YEAR.-For the purposes of calculating property tax rate limitations
pursuant to Section 7-37-7.1 NMSA 1978 for the 2004 property
tax year, the revenue due from the imposition on residential or
nonresidential property for the prior tax year shall be
calculated as if the same tax rates set pursuant to Subsection
B of Section 7-37-7 NMSA 1978 for the 2004 property tax year

were in effect during that prior year.

APPLICABILITY. -- The new tax rates authorized Section 4. in Section 1 of this act are applicable to property tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2004.

EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the Section 5. provisions of Section 2 of this act is January 1, 2004.

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