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SENATE BILL 365

44TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2000

INTRODUCED BY

L. Skip Vernon

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES; AMENDING THE NEW MEXICO COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE ACT TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO DISQUALIFICATIONS; INCREASING PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 66-5-52 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989,

Chapter 14, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 66-5-52 through "66-5-52. [66-5-70] 66-5-71 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "New Mexico Commercial Driver's License Act"."

Section 2. Section 66-5-68 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 14, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read: "66-5-68. DISQUALIFICATION.--

The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less .131943.1

than one year if the person:

(1) refuses to submit to a chemical test when requested pursuant to the provisions of the Implied Consent Act; or

(2) is convicted of a violation of:

(a) driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of [alcohol or a controlled substance, pursuant to] intoxicating liquor or drugs in violation of Section 66-5-68.1 NMSA 1978, Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978, an ordinance of a municipality of this state or the law of another state;

(b) leaving the scene of an accident involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by the person in violation of Section 66-7-201 NMSA 1978 or an ordinance of a municipality of this state or the law of another state; or

- (c) using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony.
- B. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than three years if any of the violations specified in Subsection A of this section occur while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded.
- C. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two or more violations of any of the offenses specified in Subsection A of this section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more separate incidents, but

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the secretary may issue regulations establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under this subsection may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years. This subsection applies only to those offenses committed after July 1, 1989.

- D. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution or dispensing of a controlled substance or the possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.
- E. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious traffic violations, if the violations were committed while driving a commercial motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
- F. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one hundred eighty days nor more than two years if the person is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded pursuant to the federal Hazardous Materials

 Transportation Act or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than fifteen passengers, including the driver. The department shall disqualify a person from

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driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less
than three years nor more than five years if, during any tenyear period, the person is convicted of any subsequent
violations of out-of-service orders, in separate incidents,
while transporting hazardous materials required to be
placarded pursuant to that act or while operating a motor
vehicle designed to transport more than fifteen passengers,
including the driver.

[F.] G. When a person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, any commercial driver's license held by that person is invalidated without separate proceeding of any kind and the driver is not eligible to apply for a commercial driver's license until the period of time for which the driver was disqualified has elapsed.

[6.] H. After disqualifying, suspending, revoking or canceling a commercial driver's license, the department shall, within ten days, update its records to reflect that action. After disqualifying, suspending, revoking or canceling a nonresident commercial driver's privileges, the department shall, within ten days, notify the licensing authority of the state that issued the commercial driver's license.

[H.] I. For purposes of this section, the term "convicted" includes a license revocation pursuant to the Implied Consent Act or the implied consent act of another state."

Section 3. Section 66-5-71 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, .131943.1

Chapter 17, Section 5) is amended to read:

"66-5-71. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF OUT-OF-SERVICE ORDERS.--

- A. A driver who is convicted of violating an out-of-service order shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than [ten dollars (\$10.00)] one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more than [twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)] two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), in addition to disqualification as provided in Subsection C of this section.
- B. An employer who is convicted of a violation of Subsection C of Section 66-5-58 NMSA 1978 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than [twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)] two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more than [one hundred dollars (\$100)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- C. A driver who is convicted of violating an out-of-service order shall be disqualified for:
- (1) not less than ninety days or more than one year if the driver is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order;
- (2) not less than one year or more than five years if, during any ten-year period, the driver is convicted of two violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents; and
- (3) not less than three years or more than five years if, during any ten-year period, the driver is convicted of three or more violations of out-of-service

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